"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, warmer; tomorrow fair; light south winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,472. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1916.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

BOTH SIDES SURE OF VICTORY TODAY

McCormick Claims 364 Electoral Votes; Willcox a Majority of at Least 100.

MURPHY PREDICTS SUCCESS

Says Wilson Will Carry City by 75,000 and Up-State Republican Vote Will Be Cut.

WILLCOX'S FINAL WORD

Charges Democrats Have Aimed to Create Class Prejudice and Have Not Won Labor Vote.

Political managers of both the leading parties ended their work last night, expressing confidence as to the result of today's voting. Vance C. McCormick, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, insisted that President Wilson would get not less than 364 of the 531 votes in the Electoral College.

William R. Willcox of the Republican National Committee was just as certain that the majority for Charles E. Hughes would be not less than 100 electoral votes.

When the rival campaign headquarters closed up last night for the day the campaign was still in full swing, with orators addressing meetings in every part of this city and in many localities up-State. President Wilson and Charles E. Hughes, the Republican nominee, closed their campaigns on Saturday, but Governor Whitman and ex-Judge Samuel Seabury, the Gubernatorial candidates of the two old parties, were still out campaigning last night.

President Wilson played golf yesterday and Mr. Hughes took a long walk in the morning, motored in the afternoon, and went to the theatre in the evening.

Fair and warmer weather in New York and New Jersey is promised for today and tonight. There will be a moderate easterly wind during the early part of the day, which will veer to the South and become stronger at night. In the Great Lakes region and the upper Mississippi Valley the weather will be unsettled, but generally fair weather and moderate temperatures will prevail in practically the whole country. Rain is only probable in the North Pacific States and the Northern Rockies.

So sanguine was Chairman McCormick over the election's result that he said if the campaign had a few more days to go he would have to revise his figures and put still more States in the Democratic column. As it stands now, he has allotted only seventy electoral votes to Mr. Hughes. Nothing, he said, could now stop the re-election of the President. Late reports from mid-Western States, he said, convinced him that the President would carry most if not all of the so-called doubtful States.

Murphy Is Confident.

Tammany leaders did not give out any figures regarding New York City, but it was asserted at Tammany Hall that Charles F. Murphy was confident that the city would roll up a big Democratic plurality, and that New York State would go Democratic. Tammany's final expectations are that the city will give a plurality for President Wilson in excess of 75,000. Most of the leaders believe it will be 100,000 more. State Chairman Edwin S. Harris has made no prediction of the vote in the State. The Republicans, however, are positive that Mr. Hughes cannot come down to the Bronx line with less than 125,000. Only a Democratic tidal wave, they say, can keep the State out of the Republican column, and not a leader will admit that he has seen the slightest indication of such a wave. Tammany believes that the President will cut the normal Republican pluralities up-State to less than 100,000 and that, with a big Democratic vote in the city, this lead can be overcome. In any event they prognosticate that the State will be close.

Democratic National Headquarters was deluged yesterday with messages from all over the country forecasting the re-election of President Wilson by a sweeping plurality. Chairman McCormick said that the last-minute information from several of the States regarded as doubtful would indicate that the vote for the President would surpass expectations and that a landslide was probable. Perhaps the most confident news was furnished by William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce, who has just returned from a stumping tour through Indiana and Ohio. He removed both these States from the doubtful column.

Claims Indiana and Ohio.

"There is no doubt that President Wilson will carry both Indiana and Ohio," said Secretary Redfield, "and I know more about those places than I know about my home borough of Brooklyn. My opinion is based, not upon polls, not upon verdicts of leaders, but on personal talks on trains, in hotels, on the highways and byways. I am firmly of the opinion that the farmers and the laborers of this country are with the Democratic Administration this time, and in hundreds and thousands of cases Republicans are voting their first Democratic tickets."

Chairman McCormick left for Harrisburg, Penn., last night to vote. He will return in time to receive returns tonight at headquarters. Henry Morgenthau, who has had charge of the financing of the Democratic campaign, said last night that there would be a slight deficiency when the books were balanced, but he said this would be more than offset by the result at the polls.

Republicans Are Sanguine.

At the headquarters of the Republican National Committee everybody from Chairman William R. Willcox down displayed an air of supreme confidence in the result of today's election. Mr. Willcox said he would stand by his claim that Mr. Hughes would have a majority of 100 votes in the Electoral College. Some of the men who have been closely identified with the campaign, however, admitted that the result might be close.

It was apparent that the heretofore "safe" Republican States in the Middle

Continued on Page 4.

HUGHES PLANS TO VOTE EARLY THIS MORNING

Candidate Will Cast His Ballot in a Laundry—Cheered by Theatre Audience.

Messages which he received from various sections of the country yesterday made Charles E. Hughes, the Republican nominee, absolutely confident that he would be elected President of the United States today. Word from all the normally Republican States which the Democrats had laid claim to were of a most favorable nature. Of victory in New York State, he was told, there was not the slightest ground for doubt.

Mr. Hughes will cast his ballot at 7 o'clock this morning in a little laundry in Eighth Avenue between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Streets. After that he will return to the Hotel Astor and will remain there for the day. He may go for an automobile ride in the afternoon, but has made no definite plans.

Two private telegraph wires and two telephones connected with Republican National Headquarters have been installed in a room adjoining the suite where Mr. and Mrs. Hughes and their children, the Misses Helen, Catherine, and Elizabeth, and Charles E. Hughes, Jr., will await the returns. Dinner will be served in the rooms for the family party and there will be no guests.

In the morning Mr. and Mrs. Hughes walked up Fifth Avenue to Central Park. They were recognized by many in the streets and now and then there was a cheer. At noon they were escorted to the Republican Headquarters at Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street by National Chairman William R. Willcox. Their visit was unexpected and they found many of the men at work in their shirtsleeves, getting out material for the last day of publicity.

Mr. Hughes, with Mrs. Hughes, Major F. S. Crossett, and Travis H. Whitney of the Public Service Commission, attended a performance of "Major Pendennis" at the Criterion Theatre last night. Hand-clapping greeted the arrival of Mr. Hughes and his party, which Mr. Hughes acknowledged from the front of the box.

At the conclusion of the performance the audience rose and cheered Mr. Hughes as he was leaving the theatre. The Broadway crowd outside the theatre followed Mr. Hughes across the street to the Hotel Astor, cheering as he made his way through the traffic, with Mrs. Hughes on his arm. The crowd followed Mr. Hughes into the hotel and to the door of the elevator.

ITALIAN WAR CRAFT ENTER POLA HARBOR

Fire Torpedoes at Austrian Fleet and Escape—Another Raid Sinks Vessel at Durazzo.

ROME, Nov. 6, (via Paris.)—Exploits of Italian torpedo boats in entering the Austrian seaport of Pola and the Albanian port of Durazzo are told by an official bulletin issued today. It reads:

"Italian torpedo boats daringly penetrated the anchorage of the Austrian fleet at Pola and ineffectively fired two torpedoes at a large warship and returned unscathed after making a comprehensible reconnoissance under the guns of the fortress.

"Italian torpedo boats sank a large enemy steamer moored under the shelter of the defenses at Durazzo (Albania) the night of Nov. 3."

Pola is the great naval port and arsenal of Austria, at the extremity of the peninsula of Istria on the Adriatic, south of Triest.

CROWD HOOTS TAFT AND HE STOPS SPEECH

New Haven Munition Workers Jeer the ex-President—He Takes It Philosophically.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 6.—When ex-President William H. Taft attempted to make a political speech to a crowd of workmen at a local munitions factory today he was jeered and hooted to such an extent that he was obliged to abandon his speech, after talking a few minutes. Speaking of the affair afterward, Mr. Taft said:

"I have no complaint to make. Such demonstrations, I am disposed to think, make votes for the Republican Party."

Mr. Taft added that he did not care to strain his voice, as he was to speak at a rally later.

CREW BLEW UP THE U-20.

German Submarine Ran Ashore on Coast of Denmark.

BERLIN, Nov. 6, (via Sayville.)—The destruction of the German submarine U-20 by her own crew after the submersible had gone aground on the west coast of Jutland is reported by the German Admiralty today. The official announcement reads:

"On the evening of Nov. 4 the submarine U-20 in consequence of a fog ran aground at Bobjerg, on the west Jutland coast. All attempts to float the vessel being futile, she called for assistance, but efforts made by torpedo boats to drag her away were without success. The submarine at noon on Nov. 5, therefore, was blown up after her crew had been rescued by a torpedo boat."

SAY MINISTER SHOT BOY.

Vicar of Swedish Chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church Arrested.

The Rev. Dr. Hugo Holmgren, who has been vicar of the Swedish Chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church for twenty-four years, was locked up in the East 126th Street Police Station early last evening, charged with having shot a 10-year-old boy because the lad annoyed him. The clergyman was greatly excited, and friends suggested that he was temporarily deranged.

The wounded boy, James Long, whose home is at 164 East 127th Street, was not badly hurt, the bullet entering his right hip, and, after Dr. Jonaff had removed it at the Harlem Hospital, the lad was carried home. He said he had been playing in the street opposite Dr. Holmgren's home, which adjoins the chapel in East 127th Street, when "a man poked a revolver out the basement window and fired at me."

Policeman O'Callahan, who heard the shot, had the boy attended to, and then entered the rectory. He found Dr. Holmgren raking leaves in the back yard. According to the policeman, he admitted having shot the boy, who, he said, had annoyed him by his noise.

FLORIDA-CUBA-ATLANTA & S. W.—Via SEABOARD AIR-LINE RY. Direct thru service. Quick schedules. Booklets, information, 1184 B'way.—Advt.

MIDNIGHT BETTING IS AT EVEN MONEY

Earlier Odds of 10 to 8 on Hughes Wiped Out After Close of the Curb.

WEST SENDS BIG SUMS

Edward L. Doheny Said to Have Wagered $200,000 on the President in Wall Street.

After a day marked by fluctuating odds, during which those on President Wilson slowly but surely shortened, election betting on the Presidential race was at even money in the big uptown hotels at midnight. At the Waldorf Tex Rickard, a betting commissioner placed lots of Wilson money at that figure. One bet of $10,000 was recorded, and there were several $1,000 bets.

There excitement and not a little confusion marked the final betting.

At the finish of the greatest day's betting ever recorded in this city on a Presidential election, the Curb closed yesterday afternoon with odds of 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes. Between $300,000 and $500,000 was bet on the Curb. Some estimates were that, including large sums which were placed quietly by Stock Exchange firms, by betting commissioners in hotels and cafés, and large private bets, the total sum staked here yesterday was about $1,000,000.

The Wall Street betting favorite has always won a Presidential election, and at the close yesterday Hughes was the favorite, but the backers of President Wilson took comfort from the fact that the betting on the last day showed a trend in favor of their candidate. This never happened before. In 1892 the betting fluctuated on the last day before election, but had been uncertain all through the campaign, and ended virtually at even money.

Betting closed on Saturday, with Hughes supporters offering 10 to 7 and Wilson men asking 10 to 6½, and opened yesterday with offers of Wilson money at 7 to 10. A few bets were made at this figure. The first large bet was placed by Edward A. McQuade, $10,000 on Hughes to $7,500 on Wilson. It was quickly sensed that there was a huge stack of Wilson money playing for the best odds and that, while Hughes money was plentiful, there were no signs bearing out the advance story that $1,000,000 had been raised to bet on Hughes at any odds, with the purpose of discouraging the Democrats by closing the day at heavy odds against their candidate.

Lively Betting at Noon.

At noon a flood of Wilson money appeared. Forty or fifty thousand dollars were quickly placed at 10 to 8. The rumor started that Edward L. Doheny, the Mexican oil man, had scattered a total of between $200,000 and $300,000 to be placed on Wilson at 8 to 10.

Wherever the Wilson money came from it was in large quantities, and before 1 o'clock $200,000 was bet. The odds jumped to 10 to 8½, then to 10 to 9. For a period Hughes men were demanding even money. A few small bets were placed at even money. After hesitating for a few minutes, during which it appeared that the betting market would settle on a basis of even money, the betting was resumed at 10 to 9. Republican money began to pour in again, and the odds went to 10 to 8½ on Hughes. By 2 o'clock they were at 10 to 8, with some Wilson backers asking for 10 to 7½ and 10 to 7. A few minutes before and a few minutes after 2 o'clock, the usual closing time, however, a number of bets of sums from a few hundred dollars to one or two thousand were placed at 10 to 8.

One of the most interesting things about the betting yesterday was the fact that Wall Street was far more confident of the election of Hughes than other large cities. If Wall Street, meaning the New York financial district, were completely eliminated from the betting, the indications were that throughout the country the betting would be at even money or Wilson would be the favorite.

Announcement at the beginning of the campaign that 2½ to 1 and 2 to 1 on Hughes were being offered here took by surprise other cities where the first "feeler" bets had been at even. No such odds ever did prevail anywhere else, and they soon ceased to prevail here.

In the week before last a flood of Wilson money from Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus, St. Louis, Detroit, and other Middle Western cities, sent the odds up to 10 to 8 and 10 to 9, with a few scattering bets at even money.

The big odds on Hughes at the beginning represented Republican confidence after the Maine election and after the victory of Senator Martine of New Jersey, whom the Wilson Administration had opposed. The reaction was caused by the discovery that the Democrats had made an enormously effective campaign in Ohio and other Middle Western States.

All last week Wall Street was betting heavily against the rest of the nation that Hughes would be elected. After the closing yesterday there was a tendency all over the city to take the opinion of the other cities, especially the Middle Western cities, against that of Wall Street.

Heavy Betting on Ohio.

As in the financial district, much of the Wilson money bet at the hotels, especially at the Waldorf-Astoria, has come from other cities. Tex Rickard has placed more than $120,000 on Wilson to carry Ohio and between $20,000 and $30,000 on the general result, a large part of the money coming from Ohio. He began several weeks ago betting 10 to 10 that Wilson would carry Ohio, but was forced yesterday to give 10 to 7 on Wilson to carry that State, in order to get any bets.

There was comparatively little betting yesterday except on the result of the national election. Hughes was the favorite at 2 to 1 and 2½ to 1 to carry the State in the betting on the Curb and 2 to 1 and 8 to 5 elsewhere. On the Curb $1,000 was bet to $550 that Hughes would carry New Jersey, and $2,400 to $1,500 that he would carry Illinois. One thousand dollars was bet against $950 that Hughes would have a plurality in the popular vote.

At the Hotel McAlpin $500 was bet against $800 that Hughes would have 300 or more votes in the Electoral College. One bet of $5,000 at even money was reported on the Curb that Hughes would carry New York State by 60,000 or more.

More than $20,000 was bet at Fred Schumm's in Brooklyn last night at 10 to 9 on Hughes. One bet of $8,000 to $4,800 was made that Wilson would carry Ohio. The odds at the beginning of the betting at Schumm's were 10 to 7 on Hughes yesterday, so that Wilson had made a gain of two points at the close.

The betting public continued to look on Calder as a sure thing, and Whitman was favored almost as much. A few bets on Whitman at 4 to 1 were made on the Curb. Five thousand dol-

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Election Results to be Signaled from Times Tower

White Lights.....Wilson.
Red Lights.....Hughes.

Progress of the Presidential Election.

Two circles of powerful electric lamps, one circle of white and one of red, will blaze from the flagpole. If the white lights are on top, Wilson is leading. If the red lights are on top, Hughes is leading.

Result of Presidential Election.

WILSON ELECTED—White searchlight swings horizontally around the building and only white lights burn on the flagpole.
HUGHES ELECTED—Red searchlight swings horizontally around the building and only red lights burn on the flagpole.

Progress of Gubernatorial Election.

SEABURY IN THE LEAD—White searchlight to north, swinging up and down.
WHITMAN IN THE LEAD—Red searchlight to north, swinging up and down.
SEABURY ELECTED—White searchlight to north, steady horizontal shaft.
WHITMAN ELECTED—Red searchlight to north, steady horizontal shaft.

Besides the electric light signals, there will be two TIMES bulletin boards for election returns—one at the north end of the Times Building, Forty-third Street and Broadway, and the other at Forty-sixth Street and Broadway.

AMERICAN STEAMER IS SUNK BY U-BOAT

The Lanao, Carrying Rice to Havre, Is Halted Off Spanish Coast by Three Shots.

CREW PUT ON ANOTHER SHIP

Vessel Is Then Sent to the Bottom—Washington Likens Case to That of the Frye.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Lloyd's announces that the steamship Lanao, described by the shipping agency as an American vessel, was sunk on Oct. 28 by a submarine. Thirty men from the Lanao were landed at Barry by the Norwegian steamship Tromp.

German submarines have been active for some weeks off the Spanish coast, where the Lanao seems to have been sunk. One submarine commander was credited with the statement that he had received orders to sink all vessels bound for England. Spanish vessels, it is said, were later exempted on undertaking to carry nothing but fruit.

CARDIFF, Nov. 6. — The steamship Lanao was under Philippine registry and was flying the American ensign when destroyed, according to statements made here tonight by Captain Henry Mainland, the only American on board, after being landed by the Tromp.

Captain Describes the Sinking.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BARRY, Wales, Nov. 6. (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—The officers and crew of the United States steamer Lanao were landed by the Norwegian vessel Tromp at Barry Saturday night. The Lanao was bound from Manila to Havre with a cargo of rice. Captain Mainland, the commander; G. Godinez, chief officer, and William Munson, chief engineer of the Lanao were seen by me tonight and told me the story of their adventures.

"On the evening of Oct. 20," said Mainland, "we were passing St. Vincent on the Portuguese coast, when we encountered a German submarine. When we sighted her she was engaged in sinking a Norwegian vessel. She afterward endeavored to sink an English ship, but was driven off by the guns of the latter. We slackened speed and stood by the Norwegian steamer in case it should be possible to save any of the crew.

"The submarine, which seemed about 200 feet long, fired three warning shots across our bow. This, we understood as a signal that they wished us to stand by and communicate with them. Chief Officer Godinez and four of the crew rowed over in one of our boats, went aboard the submarine. He treated them with every courtesy. The commander of the submarine, who spoke excellent English, said he had ordered to sink all ships of whatever nationality carrying contraband for the Allies. He regretted that he was compelled to do this, but he informed us his orders were imperative.

"He sent an officer and four sailors from the submarine, who ordered us to get into the ship's boats and go aboard the submarine. Then he placed a bomb in the engine room of my ship. A terrible explosion followed. After we left the ship, but I did not see her sink. The Germans took away every article of value belonging to the ship, including the picture of my wife. They carried off the sextant and barometer.

"The submarine cruised about some time and finally the commander put us aboard the Norwegian steamer Tromp, which brought us to Barry. We saw no more of the German vessel after we left."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CARDIFF, Nov. 6, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—These additional particulars of the sinking of the Lanao are given by the chief engineer of the vessel:

"When we were about twenty-nine miles off the coast of Portugal a German submarine fired three shots across our bows. It was dark at the time. Chief Officer Godinez was rowed to the submarine in order to take the ship's papers and also to ascertain why the vessel had been stopped. He was detained aboard the submarine, the commander of which sent an officer to tell us we must abandon our ship and get into the boats. We did this, and then a bomb was placed in the hold. We were all crowded aboard the submarine, and therefore could not see what happened to our ship after the bomb exploded.

"While we were on board an Italian ship came into sight, and this was sunk, the commander making the remark, 'This is the fourth.' After this a large British ship passed us. She was attacked by the submarine, but returned its fire, and as the last the Germans drew off, and the British ship escaped."

According to the engineer, all on board the Lanao were American citizens except two officers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—At a late hour tonight no word had reached the State Department regarding the sinking of the steamer Lanao by a German submarine, as reported by cable from London today. At the same time, some doubt remains as to the registry of the vessel.

The Lanao was listed with the United States Bureau of Navigation as late as Nov. 1 as flying the American flag. On

Continued on Page 2.

You'll Like Deerfoot Sausage.
Ordinary sausage won't do after you've tasted Deerfoot. Get the genuine.—Advt.

WILSON IS SERENE ON EVE OF ELECTION

President Plays Golf and Will Cast His Vote in Princeton This Morning.

TUMULTY CLAIMS VICTORY

Expects 387 Electoral Votes, Which Exceeds Chairman McCormick's Estimate.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Nov. 6.—President Wilson spent the day before election quietly at Shadow Lawn. He played golf in the morning with Mrs. Wilson and saw few visitors. He will go to Princeton early tomorrow morning to vote, returning to Long Branch immediately, and will receive the election returns tomorrow night by telephone from the executive offices, with only the members of his family around him. The President is undisturbed by any doubt of the result, according to those who saw him during the day.

After careful consideration of the political situation as disclosed by reports from Democratic workers all over the country, Secretary Tumulty announced tonight that in his judgment the President would receive 387 electoral votes, or 121 more than enough to elect him, and more than the estimate made by National Chairman Vance McCormick. He did not make public the States on which he based this estimate.

Optimism, which has prevailed here throughout the past week, was higher than ever today. Messages poured in all day long with nothing but optimistic news, and, while the Administration officials were awaiting tomorrow's verdict with impatience, they were thoroughly confident of the result. The news that the betting odds had switched slightly, shortening the odds on the President, reached here this afternoon, and added to the general enthusiasm. Confidence fairly radiated from the executive offices in Asbury Park.

The messages which came into the executive offices were from every part of the country. In all the tenor was the same—confidence of victory and the opinion that some of the heretofore strongest Republican States were on the doubtful list.

Many States Put in Wilson Column.

Among the States claimed were Minnesota, Michigan, New York, Illinois, Kansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Nebraska, Washington, West Virginia, Oregon, Maryland, North Dakota and Montana. Although the more conservative Democrats hesitated about accepting all these at full face value, they were just as happy about them nevertheless, because they believe the telegrams are a good indication of the general sentiment throughout the country, and especially in the Middle West.

United States Marshal McCarthy of New York sent word that the President would carry New York City by more than 150,000, and the State by 90,000. Chairman Hurley of the Federal Trade Commission wired from Illinois: "The President will carry Illinois by a large majority. Many Republicans, farmers here and throughout Illinois, are going to vote the straight Republican ticket with the exception of Wilson. The large majority of women, particularly the mothers, will vote for the President."

Senator Thompson of Kansas wired: "Kansas no longer in doubtful column. Governor Capper admits this. President Wilson will sweep Kansas by over 20,000. Expect to re-elect six Democratic Congressmen." Senator Shafroth wired from Denver that Colorado was safe by 35,000, and Frank D. Cohen telegraphed from New Haven that Connecticut was going Democratic. National Committeeman Edward H. Moore sent word that confidential reports indicated a majority of 62,000 for the President in Ohio, and predicted twice that figure, listing as Democratic six out of the seven largest cities.

A. S. New of Greenfield, Ind., predicted a Wilson victory in Indiana and the country. Other messages gave the President 20,000 in Nebraska; a "safe majority" in West Virginia; 10,00 to 20,000 in Oregon; an "overwhelming majority" in Maryland, a "victory" in North Dakota, and 20,000 in Montana.

Encouraged Over California.

The President's advisers have been especially pleased, and at the same time somewhat surprised, by the number of optimistic messages about California which have come in during the last few days, and they are beginning to have genuine hopes of an overturn there. J. J. Scott, a Democratic leader in San Francisco, wired today that California was "certain" and that Senator Pittman would be re-elected in Nevada. The Executive Boards of the National

Continued on Page 3.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
60c. the case of six glass-stoppered bottles.—Advt.

VOTE OF MILITIA MAY CAUSE TROUBLE

Cast Today at Border, but Not Counted for Weeks, May Delay Knowledge of Results.

EFFECT IN CLOSE STATES

Should It Change Results, Would the Losers Contest Militia Vote as Not Cast "in Time of War"?

If the Presidential vote in New York State, as counted tonight, should show a narrow plurality one way or the other, say not more than 5,000 or 6,000, then it might not be known until Dec. 10 how New York's electoral vote is to be cast, and that involves the possibility that the result of the entire election might not be known until that date. Furthermore, in that event, a contest might be instituted by the losing side.

These possibilities arise out of the militia vote which is to be cast today by the men encamped along the Mexican border, but not counted until the sealed ballots can be sent to Albany and distributed thence to the Election Boards in the various districts in which the militia voters live. Similar possibilities in relation to the militia vote exist in other States that have troops on the border. So far as THE TIMES can learn the only State the vote of whose militiamen will be counted this evening is Iowa.

These are only possibilities, but they are possibilities which are giving a certain amount of quiet concern to the political leaders on both sides. Neither of the principal parties admits that it is considering these contingencies, but nevertheless it is known that both the Republican and Democratic leaders have fully studied the possibilities that lie in the vote of the National Guard.

New York, like most other States, has provisions in its election laws for the voting of its citizens who are in the military or naval service of the State or the United States "in time of war." The provisions of the New York law are included in a pamphlet entitled "Guide for Soldier Electors of the State of New York in the Service of the United States on the Mexican Border," issued by Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo.

Under the law as quoted in this pamphlet—Chapter 17, Article XV., of the election law—the Secretary of State procures a register of the voters absent on military service. Polls are held on Election Day in each troop, company, or other unit, with four voters, chosen viva voce, acting as election inspectors for each unit; and in case, "by reason of the exigencies of war," it is impossible to hold the polls on the day of the general election, they shall be held on the first possible day thereafter.

11,000 New Yorkers on Border.

When the polls are closed the inspectors of Election open the ballot boxes "and count and ascertain the number of voters voting." They do not open the envelopes in which the ballots are contained; they do not canvass the vote. They send the sealed envelopes containing the ballots, together with a poll book, to the Secretary of State at Albany, by mail or express. Another poll book is sent to the Governor.

The Secretary of State, without opening the envelopes, counts the ballots to see that they tally with the poll books, and then forwards them in due routine to the Inspectors of Election in the various election districts, so that each man's vote is counted where it would be counted if he voted at home. The Inspectors of Election meet on the sixth Tuesday after Election Day—this year, Dec. 19—and proceed to count the ballots.

It is expressly provided in section 312 that "no mere informality in the manner of carrying out or executing the provisions of this article shall invalidate the election held under the same or authorize the rejection of the return thereof, and the provisions of this article shall be liberally construed for the purposes herein expressed or intended."

Now comes the question as to the number of men affected by this ruling.

The Government authorities have been reticent as to the exact number of men on the border, and their estimates have usually been rather less than the actual number present. Information obtainable in Albany indicates, however, that on Nov. 1 nearly 11,000 New York guardsmen were in service on the border. The distribution was as follows:

AT McALLEN, TEXAS.

Headquarters Division	10
First Signal Corps Battalion	135
One battalion, 22d Corps Engineers	281
First Cavalry	1,259
Squadron A, Cavalry	120
Troop B, Cavalry	51
Second Field Artillery	1,122
Second Field Hospital	71
Third Field Hospital	71
Second Ambulance Company	84
Third Ambulance Company	84
Fourth Ambulance Company	80
Seventh Infantry	1,274
Twelfth Infantry	1,174
Third Field Artillery	721
Sixty-ninth Infantry	1,070
Division field train	189

AT PHARR, TEXAS.

Twenty-third Infantry	1,167
Seventy-fourth Infantry	1,020
Total	10,043

Question One of Phraseology.

Information furnished by regimental Adjutants to correspondents on the ground indicate that not more than 5,000 of these men have registered. But the testimony of the men who come back on furlough, of the members of the units which have been recalled, is unanimous that nearly all of them have registered, that there is a deep and lively interest in the election, and that nearly 10,000 votes will be cast.

But these are not the only votes that will be cast by guardsmen in Federal service. Any guardsman who is home on a furlough, but who has not been mustered out of the Federal service, and who has not registered from his residence, can vote from certain armories designated for that purpose.

The question as to the legality of these votes is raised by the title of the Secretary of State's memorandum, which reads, "Soldier Electors in the service of the United States on the Mexican Border"; whereas Section 500 of the law says expressly: "Whenever in time of war any qualified voter of this State shall be in the actual military service of this State or of the United States in the army or navy thereof, and by reason thereof absent from his election district such absent voter shall be entitled to vote as fully as if he were at his place of residence in the manner hereinafter provided."

It has never been decided whether the Mexican situation is "time of war." On Oct. 21 Brig. Gen. Crowder, Judge Advocate General of the army, gave an opinion that the regular troops of General Pershing's expeditionary force, actually on Mexican soil, were in "time of war," but this opinion was given in the course of an inquiry as to whether certain crimes committed by soldiers were punishable by court-martial or by civil courts.

This, of course, says nothing at all as to the guardsmen who are in Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona.

Attorney General Egbert E. Woodbury

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JUDGE OF GENERAL SESSIONS
RICHMOND WORKBLEN
Vote fourteen on ballot. Endorsed by Civic and Democracy and Independence League.—Advt.

REICHSTAG REFUSES TO HEAR CHANCELLOR

Objections to Speech Unless Followed by Debate Led to Sudden Adjournment.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Sunday, Nov. 5, (Dispatch to The London Times.)—The Reichstag was dismissed yesterday amid scenes of considerable indignation by one of those sudden autocratic decisions which prove its powerlessness.

The only full account of the proceedings in the German press is given by the Berlin correspondent of the Dusseldorfer Anzeiger, the other papers having apparently been muzzled. The correspondent says that until a late hour Friday both the Reichstag and the Government expected that the session would be continued until Thursday next. The Chancellor had promised to make a speech Wednesday, but on condition that there should be no debate on his speech. Party leaders were asked to promise abstention from all discussion. The Centre and Freisinnige consented, but all other factions announced their intentions to speak on the motion for adjournment and to discuss the Chancellor's speech.

The correspondent says:

"For reasons which we are precluded from mentioning publicly, the Government regarded such a debate as in the highest degree undesirable. The matter was argued until late in the evening, but as the party leaders declined to agree to the Government's proposal the Chancellor decided not to speak at all."

The correspondent adds that in these circumstances there is no longer any reason why adjournment should be postponed. All parties were agreed that this muzzling order was most undesirable, but "discipline and consideration for the interests of the State prevailed," and only the Socialists voted against the motion for adjournment.

GERMAN DREADNOUGHT IS HIT BY TORPEDO

British Admiralty Tells of Presence of Large Warship in the North Sea.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—A British submarine operating in the North Sea reports that she fired torpedoes at a German battleship of the dreadnought type yesterday, making a hit. The amount of damage inflicted is not known, the Admiralty announces. The announcement follows:

"One of our submarines operating in the North Sea reports that she fired torpedoes at a German battleship of the dreadnought type near the Danish coast yesterday. The vessel was hit. The amount of damage is unknown."

FRENCH WAR MINISTER ARRIVES AT SALONIKI

Tricolor of France Hoisted on Greek Flotilla—Allies Loan $1,000,000 to Venizelos.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—General Roques, the French Minister of War, who was reported by the Paris Official Journal last Wednesday to have left the capital on an important mission, has arrived at Saloniki.

Reuter's Athens correspondent says it is reported from Patras that the French flag was hoisted yesterday on the Greek light flotilla at Keratsini. The Greek Government last week refused to permit the Entente to use this flotilla for patrol purposes on the ground that it would be equivalent to a departure from neutrality.

The Entente powers have loaned 5,000,000 francs to the Provisional Government at Saloniki, according to an Athens dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The dispatch says that the Athens and Ionian Bank has received an order to advance a preliminary sum of this amount to the Venizelist officials, however, that on account of the Entente powers.

Greek Regiment Joins Revolt.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—A Havas dispatch from Athens says:

"Colonel Caïmenopoulos, commanding the Forty-third Regiment at Volo, with numerous officers and virtually all the soldiers, has joined the nationalist movement. He will refuse to General Sarrail, the French Commander of the allied forces, and make an effort to regain the Greek forts which were turned over to the Bulgarians."

DENIES THAT BRITISH LET U-BOAT MEN DROWN

Admiralty Says Auxiliary Rescued Two—Admits Flying a Neutral Flag.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The Admiralty tonight in a published communiqué again denies that it ever issued orders that survivors of German submarines need not be rescued. The communiqué states that the German press "is trying to make capital out of what they describe as a second Baralong case, possibly in order to incite American opinion against Great Britain or as a pretext for an unrestrained submarine campaign."

The communiqué cites the alleged facts of the case, showing that a British auxiliary flying a neutral flag on Sept. 24, 1915, approached a German submarine in the Western Channel engaging in sinking a British merchantman. When within range the auxiliary hoisted a white naval ensign and fired on and sank the submarine and then rescued the crew of the merchantman from their boats. When this was done she also rescued two of the submarine's crew, who had climbed into a drifting boat.

The communiqué asserts that the use of a neutral flag was justifiable, as shown by the German practice in the case of the Möwe and in other instances, and says that "nobody but a German could base an allegation of brutality on the lapse of a few minutes between the rescue of Britishers and Germans."

As the story was told by the German Admiralty, the submarine was engaged in the examination of a steamer in the neighborhood of the Scilly Islands, apparently an innocent merchantman, flying the American flag. The steamer, according to this account, ostensibly prepared to lower a boat, but when the submarine began approaching within 300 yards of the supposed merchantman suddenly opened concealed ports and began firing. The submarine was sunk, but two of the crew reached the water and swam for an empty boat. The German Admiralty alleges that the steamer attempted to ram the boat, and while Germans sprang from it and clung to wreckage for half an hour, when the steamer finally picked them up.

RUMANIANS FORCE MACKENSEN BACK

Begin Fierce Offensive Against the Bulgar-Turk-German Army in Dobrudja.

FOUR VILLAGES EVACUATED

But Invaders Set Fire to Them as They Begin Retreat to Southward.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN NORTH

Berlin Reports Continued Progress South of the Red Tower Pass and Predeal.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The Russo-Rumanian army in Dobrudja has assumed the offensive and driven Field Marshal von Mackensen's Bulgar-Turk-German forces out of four villages about forty miles north of the Cernavoda-Constanza Railroad line. The invaders in retreating burned the villages, according to the Rumanian official statement issued today, which follows:

Dobrudja—Our advance detachments forced the enemy to retire. During his retreat he set fire to the villages of Daeni, Gariot, Rosman, and Gaidar.

Northern and northwestern frontiers—On the frontier of West Moldavia the situation is unchanged.

In the Buzeu Valley at Table Butii and Bratocea artillery duels are proceeding.

In the Prahova Valley we repulsed enemy attacks from Rijes toward our centre and our left wing.

Fighting is proceeding to the north of the Cerbului Valley.

In the region of Dragoslavele there has been an artillery bombardment.

On the right bank of the Alt violent fighting continues in the region of Racovitza-Titesti.

In the Jiul Valley the enemy received reinforcements and we discontinued our pursuit.

At Orsova the situation is unchanged.

All along the Danube there has been artillery activity.

Following is the bulletin issued by the Russian Army Headquarters:

On the Transylvanian front, in the direction of Predeal, the Rumanians, after long and stubborn battles, were compelled to retire southward a little distance. In the region of Biresht, in the valley of the Tirgujiuly River, violent attacks by the enemy were repulsed. In the valley of the Jiul River the Rumanians continue to press the enemy to the north.

In Dobrudja, on the Danube front, our cavalry and advanced infantry detachments engaged in successful encounters.

BERLIN, Nov. 6, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—In Rumania, southwest of Predeal, the invading Austro-German forces yesterday captured Laomu Heigat, it is announced officially. Further progress was made southeast of Rothenthurm Pass. Rumanian attacks in the region of the Szurduk Pass were repulsed. The text of the statement reads:

Front of Archduke Charles Francis—Engagements in the Tulghes sector and between Altschanz and the Rooza Pass road proceeded without change in the situation.

Southwest of Predeal we captured Laomu Height and made further progress southeast of Rothenthurm Pass.

On both sides of the Szurduk Pass road Rumanian attacks were repulsed.

On the southern front we took more than 450 men prisoners.

VIENNA, Nov. 6, (via London.)—The following official communication was issued today:

Front of Archduke Charles Francis—Rumanian attacks in Northern Wallachia were again completely without result. We gained ground south of the Vorostoryny-Red Tower Pass region and captured Laomu Hill. In the Bodzaer frontier mountains and near Dekas and Tulghes fighting continues.

SEES RUMANIA CONQUERED.

Bulgar Premier Also Predicts Russia Will Have to Sue for Peace.

BERLIN, Nov. 6, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—Rumania in her present serious position is suffering because of the mistake she made in contracting an alliance at variance with her traditions and her geographical position, declared Premier Radaslavoff of Bulgaria in an interview published in the newspaper Az Est of Budapest, obtained by its S

to act by her own will. For this reason peace can only come when Russia is forced by the military situation to conclude it. Competent opinion uniformly asserts that this decision will come in 1917.

"If our enemies hope that we shall allow them to make preparations during the Winter they are mistaken. The war will go on in order to hurry a decision. I shall not prophesy as to the consequences which will arise from the menace to Bessarabia and the Ukraine, but I repeat that it is only in consequence of a hopelessly bad military situation that Russia will be forced to conclude peace, and not by the fact that Russia is now further from her goal, which is Constantinople, than at any time before."

BAYONETS HALT AUSTRIANS.

Rome Announces Severe Fighting on the Carso Front.

ROME, Nov. 6.—Austrian attacks on Italian positions on the Carso front were beaten off at the point of the bayonet, the War Office announced today. The Italians lines in this district, where the advance toward Trieste is being pressed, were straightened out at several points and a few prisoners taken. The official statement reads:

In the Concei-Ledro Valley enemy detachments attacked one of our advanced positions and were repulsed with loss. In the Astico Valley and on the Asiago Plateau the enemy artillery was very active. It was effectively answered by our batteries.

On the Carso during Saturday night the enemy attacked our positions in the direction of Lukatic. He was driven off at the point of the bayonet.

Yesterday there were artillery duels. Our batteries bombarded works in Castagnavizza. Our infantry advanced and straightened out the line at several points, taking about 50 prisoners.

An intense movement has been observed on the railway line from Trieste to Opicina.

Saturday evening enemy aircraft dropped bombs on Monfalcone without doing damage. Our guns brought down one of the airplanes in flames.

VIENNA, Nov. 6.—The Austro-Hungarian War Office had this to say of operations in the Italian theatre:

In the coastal region the attacking activity of the Italians has diminished considerably. Their losses during the last days of the battle were exceedingly extensive partly on account of the massed employment of their infantry.

Yesterday the artillery activity was more lively at Biglia, Hudilog and west of Jamiano only. Near Biglia the advancing enemy infantry was repulsed by our fire.

RUSSIANS REPEL ATTACKS.

Also Recapture Trenches and a Machine Gun Momentarily Lost.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 6.—German forces yesterday several times assumed the offensive on the Russian western front in the region east of the village of Lipitiza-Dolnaia and west of the village of Silaventin, with the object of capturing the commanding heights occupied by the Russians, but all in vain, according to an official statement issued today by the Russian War Office. It reads:

In the region east of the village of Lipitiza-Dolnaia and west of the village of Silaventin the enemy assumed the offensive several times with the object of capturing commanding heights which we occupied. All the enemy's attacks were frustrated by our violent rifle and artillery fire. The battle continues.

In the wooded Carpathians the enemy launched three successive attacks against our troops in the region of Hill 5,781, ten versts south of Mount Pneva. The enemy met with no success, being repulsed by our fire on each occasion.

In the region of Kirlibaba the enemy attacked the position of one of our gallant young regiments three and a half versts east of that place, but was repelled. The attack was repeated, and the enemy broke into our trenches and captured one machine gun, but was driven from the trenches by a counterattack. The machine gun was recaptured.

In the region south of Mount Lamuntela our troops as the result of an engagement occupied a series of heights, capturing eight officers, 396 men, six machine guns, 61 cases of shells, and 18 cases containing machine-gun belts.

VIENNA, Nov. 6.—The War Office today made public the appended bulletin:

East of Kirlibaba detachments of the brave Forty-second Theresienstadt (Bohemia) Infantry Regiment and other troop detachments took by a surprise advance Dedul Height, capturing 200 Russians and one machine gun.

Front of Prince Leopold—There is nothing to report.

BERLIN, Nov. 6, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—Today's official statement reports that there were no important developments on either the eastern or the Balkan front.

Removed from British Blacklist.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The firm of H. Kemper of Galveston has been removed from the British blacklist, said an official announcement today from the State Department. No reason was given, but it was understood the British Government is satisfied the firm was not dealing with the enemy. Of the thirty-six firms originally blacklisted, six have been removed.

AMERICAN STEAMER IS SUNK BY U-BOAT

Continued from Page 1.

the other hand, the American Consul General at London reported on July 28 that negotiations were under way with Findlay, Miller & Co. of Manila, owners of the vessel, to sell her to Hans Hannevig of Christiania and place her under the Norwegian flag, and it is believed here that the sale has been effected.

The last report of the movements of the Lanao was her arrival at Suez on Oct. 9 on a voyage from Saigon, French Cochin China, whence she departed on Aug. 30 for Havre. She was 692 gross tons, 190 feet long, 36 feet beam, and was built in 1912 at Bowling, Scotland.

Should the Lanao prove to have been under American registry at the time she was sunk, two issues will have been raised between the United States and Germany. An investigation will have to be made by the State Department to determine whether proper provision was made for the safety of the crew, if any of the members were Americans.

The second point at issue will be whether Germany had a right to sink an American merchantman—the same point involved in the case growing out of the sinking of the American grain ship William P. Frye.

No action will be taken by the State Department until an official report on the sinking of the Lanao has been received and the question of her registry has been determined.

VOTE EARLY!

The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning and remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Voters can find their voting places through the Election Notices printed elsewhere in THE TIMES this morning.

WARSAW CHEERS PROMISED FREEDOM

Imperial Manifesto Read to Representative Poles by von Beseler.

AUTONOMY FOR GALICIA

Francis Joseph to Extend Limited Independence to Austria's Polish Subjects.

WARSAW, Sunday, Nov. 5, (via Berlin, Nov. 5, and London, Nov. 6.)—The manifesto of Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph, again calling into existence the ancient kingdom of Poland, was read at noon today to the assembled Polish representatives in the Royal Palace by Governor-General von Beseler. Outside, in the great square before the castle and in the spacious courtyard of the venerable fourteenth century pile, inhabitants of the old Polish capital gathered by the thousands to attend the ceremony of what is designated as the re-birth of the Polish nation—a concept the importance and bearing of which are making their way into the minds of the people more or less rapidly after its long sleep of more than a century.

Quickest to realize the significance of the day are the academic youth of the country, students of the University of Warsaw, the polytechnic school, and other higher institutions of learning, who attended the ceremony in corporate units, bearing banners and wearing the gay student ribbons. This afternoon they are leading parades and demonstrations through streets bright with red flags. There are volunteers by the hundreds for the Polish army which, the manifesto announced, will be called into existence.

The ceremony was short and simple. Precisely at noon General von Beseler, wearing the decorations granted for the reduction of Antwerp and the Polish fortresses, mounted the dais in the gala ballroom of the old Jagellonian Castle, and in the name of Germany's sovereign read the imperial manifesto in ringing soldierly tones. When he ceased Polish Count Hutten-Czapski, the Palace Commandant, read from a leather-bound pamphlet to the Polish notables a translation of the manifesto in their own language.

Cheers for the Central Allies.

Then came cheers from the hitherto silent crowd—cheers for Poland, Emperor William, Emperor Francis Joseph, for Germany and for the Germans and for General von Beseler.

President Brudzinski of the recently elected City Council, who is rector of the University of Warsaw, advanced before the dais and in the Polish tongue gave thanks for the imperial decree. He said that the determination of the Poles would be found worthy of the liberties conferred and asked that, as the first step toward the formation of the Government, a regent be appointed for the kingdom, since the time was not ripe for the nomination of the hereditary sovereign promised in the manifesto. President Brudzinski, who was in plain civilian attire, without decorations, seemed to represent the spirit not of the ancient Poland and the Polish chivalry, but of modern intellectual Poland.

General von Beseler replied in crisp soldierly phrases that in the midst of the world war had come the moment of fulfillment of the long-cherished Polish wish for re-establishment of the Polish kingdom.

"Doubts as to the future," he said, "can find no place in Polish hearts. It will be our task, shoulder to shoulder with the residents of Poland, to carry the war to a victorious conclusion and to heal the wounds of the war. Take places at our side, in confidence which we repay by the magnanimous decision of the Austro-German monarchs, who place their seals on the plans for the unity of Poland. We hope that soon a Polish army will be fighting on our side in token of the sentiment for development of the new kingdom. May all good fortune attend the kingdom of Poland."

So far as an observer unfamiliar with the language could judge, there seemed to be a sentiment of genuine enthusiasm among the Polish representatives in the hall. In the assemblage were the members of the new city council, delegates from the university, the Faculties of the academies of science and arts, members of the Roman Catholic clergy, headed by the Archbishop in the brilliant robe of a Cardinal, which he was entitled to wear as primate of the Polish Church; the bearded Chief Rabbi and Jewish subordinates; leading representatives of the old Polish aristocracy, headed by Prince Lubomirsky and Prince Radziwill; a student deputation with banners, forming a guard of honor around the dais, and a little group of veterans of the insurrection of 1863. Mingled with the Austrian and German officers was a detachment of officers of the Polish Legion in gray field uniforms, the somberness of which was relieved only by decorations won in two years of campaigning on the battlefields of Galicia and Poland. They recalled by contrast the wearers of the picturesque uniforms who in past centuries assembled in the same halls, or followed the white eagle banner on many battlefields.

Text of the Austrian Decree.

BERLIN, Nov. 6, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The text of the letter sent by Emperor Francis Joseph to the Austrian Premier, Ernst von Koerber, regarding the Polish manifesto, is given by the Vienna Zeitung as follows:

"In accordance with my agreement with his Majesty, the German Emperor, a national State with an hereditary monarchy and a constitutional Government will be formed of the Polish districts conquered by our brave armies from Russian domination. On this occasion are remembered with deep emotion the many evidences of devotion and faith during my reign on the part of the land of Galicia and likewise of the great and heavy sacrifices which this land, while exposed to violent hostile attack, had to make for the victorious defense of the eastern frontiers of my realm, sacrifices which give Galicia everlasting title to my warmest paternal care.

"It is therefore my will, at the moment when the new State comes into existence, to grant in connection with this evolution the right to the land of Galicia to settle public affairs autonomously so far as is consistent with the welfare of that land; and thus to offer to the population of Galicia a guarantee of national and economic development.

"In notifying you of my purpose in this connection I request you to elaborate projects suitable for its legal realization and to place them before me."

Ask Guarantees of Independence.

A Vienna dispatch says that the Polish delegation who a few days ago visited the German Chancellor to request the granting of autonomy to Poles also called upon the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, Baron von Burian, and presented to him the following address:

"In time of war it is impossible to elect an authorized representative of the Polish nation in pursuance of the object to which we aspire. Meanwhile we consider that it is our right to give expression, in the name of the Polish nation, of its unshakable aspiration to the re-establishment of a permanent Polish State. Only the creation of a strong Polish State, with opportunity for free evolution and a guarantee of equal rights to all citizens, can give warrant of a firm basis for permanent peace in Europe.

"The establishment of a Polish State is in accordance with the interests of the Central Powers. Although at present it is not possible to determine the frontiers of the State on the east, the circumstances created by the war require that the rulers of the Central Powers by public act recognize and proclaim independent Poland and give it guarantees of independence."

The delegation expressed the conviction that among the necessary measures were the appointment of a Regent with full power to govern the State, establishment of the line of demarkation between the portions of Poland occupied by Germany and by Austria-Hungary, the calling of a provisional council composed of native elements, charged with the framing of a constitution, and measures necessary to organize an administrative establishment of a military department, in order to organize a Polish army, and, finally, after peace was concluded, the designation of a King and the delimitation of the frontiers.

Polish Flag Hoisted at Lublin.

The establishment of the new Kingdom of Poland also was proclaimed at Lublin in the palace of the Governor General, according to a dispatch from that city. The proclamation took place in the presence of the Administrator General, the clergy of the diocese, deputies from all Polish associations, veterans of 1863, the Vice President of the Central Relief Committee, and numerous officers. Accompanied by his associates, the Governor-General entered the room and read the proclamation. At its conclusion he said:

"The allied monarchs thus most solemnly guarantee the re-establishment of the Kingdom of Poland. This fact cannot be any more overturned."

He concluded with a cheer for Poland in the Polish language and was frantically applauded. At the same time the Polish flag was hoisted and the Austro-Hungarian troops rendered honors to it while the band played the national anthem amid the cheering of an immense crowd before the palace. Two aeroplanes dropped a large number of Polish banners, and the Polish flag was hoisted beside the Austro-Hungarian colors on all public buildings.

The Zeitung of Kovno, Lithuania, intimates that some decision may be reached later in regard to the future of the Lithuanian people. Commenting on the establishment of a Polish State, it says:

"The manifesto speaks of the future of districts of Polish nationality which formerly were under Russian dominion, but does not touch the question of the future of the Lithuanian people. This will be decided later. It is a fact, however, that during the German occupation a separate administration for the Lithuanians has been organized, indicating that Germany has decided to maintain and foster the individuality of the Lithuanian race."

AUSTRIA YIELDED AMBITION.

Was Once Anxious to Annex a Slice of Conquered Poland.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 6.—Today the German press was permitted to comment editorially on the Polish manifesto, and the institution of a new kingdom is treated as an accomplished fact.

This first step of the Imperial Government toward giving Poland independence is regarded with real satisfaction by the majority of the German people, including all the enlightened and Liberal Democratic elements, the Anti-Annexationists, the Pacifists, the Social Democrats, the Liberals, and the bulk of the Catholic Centre, while those opposed are the Pan-Germans and Ultra-Conservatives and the reactionary elements generally.

Reports from Warsaw indicate that the proclamation of eventual independence has made a favorable impression on the masses. It is possibly to be viewed as a device for gaining time, and as intended to reassure the Poles and dispose them favorably toward the Central Powers, while making a bid for the moral support of the neutral world on the one hand and postponing a solution of the difficult questions of the Kingship and the boundaries of the new kingdom.

One of the principal stumbling blocks in the way of even this provisional solution of the Polish question was Austria's desire to annex a slice of conquered Polish territory, and not until Austria gave up its claim on Poland was the agreement between the Central Powers regarding the unity of conquered Poland possible. In this connection the Tageblatt says:

"In recent weeks, after much hesitation, the decision finally ripened to give the Poles in solemn form a guarantee that Germany and Austria would create an independent Polish State. Quite a long time ago negotiations with Austria, without whose consent the realization of the plan would, of course, have been impossible, began. They gradually came to a head during the Chancellor's last visit to Vienna and Baron Burian's visit to German headquarters.

"Certain districts of conquered Poland are under Austrian military government, and the wishes of the Vienna Polish Club and of other political organizations are well known. The conciliatory attitude of Austria and her realization that the accomplishment of her Polish annexation ideas would not tend to strengthen the Dual Monarchy made the final agreement easier. Simultaneously they made up their minds in Vienna to a further important step in the whole future development of the situation, namely, to give full autonomy to Galicia."

The plan of the Vienna Polish Club and of other political organizations there was to form a Polish kingdom of the conquered territory, taking in Polish Galicia, with some thought of hitching it to Austria-Hungary, thus forming a triple monarchy.

NO RECOGNITION DURING WAR.

Washington Will Still Regard Poland as Conquered Territory.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—It will be the policy of this Government to await the issue of the war and the peace negotiations that must follow the cessation of hostilities before recognizing the new kingdom of Poland, which has been erected by the joint action of the German and Austro-Hungarian Emperors.

If no other reasons had force in the present condition of affairs in Europe, the United States would not be in haste to enter on any act of recognition. This has been the uniform rule of action in practically every Administration when new States have sought to enter the family of nations. An exception was the prompt recognition of a republican Government in Brazil. But in all other cases where, as a result of war, a new State has been set up, this Government has pursued the safe course of waiting until all danger of entangling consequences were well past. Any other course at this time would be regarded as sure to raise questions of gooo faith in the maintenance of a neutral attitude toward the belligerents who do not acquiesce in the erection of territory conquered by the Central Powers into a State entitled to independent and sovereign existence.

It will be the plain and settled policy of this Government to regard Poland, as well as Galicia, simply as conquered territory until the war is over and a treaty of peace is concluded. It will then in all probability be many months before actual recognition is extended in any definite manner.

The War Situation.

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Another major attack has been made in the battle of the Somme. The French struck the German lines between Les Boeufs and Sailly, pushing their lines well to the east of the Bethune highway. Further south, their activities were directed against the woods of St. Pierre Vaast, the western part of which was occupied.

The object here, as in so many of these attacks, seems to have been to drive past the village of Transloy until its defenders were flanked out and threatened with capture, so that it would be necessary for them to vacate the position.

Sunday night fell with the French in possession of all the ground which they had taken during the day. Early Monday morning, however, the Germans reacted. Just to what extent they recovered the lost territory does not appear. The French report gives them the eastern end of the village of Saillisel and the southwestern corner of the woods. The German report is not sufficiently clear as to details to say just what has happened. All that we can be sure of therefore is that in the counterattack, which was delivered almost immediately, part at least of the lost ground was retaken and that the French were forced back toward their original positions.

This has been a most unusual action in the Somme fighting. The Germans have hitherto been very slow to react, and when they did, their attacks have lacked the force and persistence which have been so characteristic of their fighting since the war began. Just why this is no one knows. Several explanations might be advanced without any surety which is the full truth.

The probabilities are that there were a number of contributory causes, all of which had influence. The explanation given by the Germans, is that a temporary shortage of shells, occasioned by the unexpected demand, prevented their artillery from being used with its customary efficiency in the first months of the fighting. The same source of information tells us that this defect has now been remedied.

Of all the possible causes this is probably the least likely to be true. Nations at war do not give out such details where, as in this case, they might be useful to their opponents. If, for instance, the Germans had weakened the western front to prosecute their plans in the east, either against the new enemy or against Russia, an explanation of this sort, if believed by the Allies, would most certainly lead them astray. This the Germans would naturally count upon. We may discard as improbable that information of such value and so pertinent to the general manufacturing situation in Germany would be given out officially so that the Allies might become aware of it.

The next point is the possibility that the Germans have recently strongly reinforced their front by withdrawals from other fields. This is not improbable. We have seen the ease with which the French wrested important positions from the Germans at Verdun, positions which, had they attempted to take them under the usual conditions prevailing in the west, could only have been won at a cost equal to that which the Germans expended to get them. This certainly indicates a weakening of this section of the front to a remarkable degree. It is also noticeable that the success of the French attacks at Verdun was coincident in point of time with the increasing German resistance on the Somme. This may be only a coincidence, but it lends color to this theory.

Whatever the reason may be, however, one thing seems fairly well demonstrated. The German attempts to discount the importance of the work of the Allies have not been altogether sincere. This again is good politics. To depreciate the efforts of one's opponents in public, while appreciating their true character in private, has a beneficial effect on one's friends, and is rather disheartening to the opponents if the statements are believed. This is a common practice which both sides, for good political reasons, indulge in frequently.

The Somme attack is a menace to the Germans. Their inability to cope with it successfully was a cause of worry and dissatisfaction at home, and was encouraging Germany's opponents. The Germans appreciated, in spite of their statements ridiculing the allied campaign, that the situation was becoming serious and saw the necessity of bringing the advance to a halt. They know, as does every student of the war, that while the village of Bapaume, for instance, bears as one place only a small relation to the war as a whole, yet at the same time it controls all that is left of the old Albert salient. They know that if by a sudden thrust the Allies should take Bapaume all the troops and guns in this salient would be in danger of capture before they could be withdrawn. This would mean the retirement of the German line, as it now exists, to a line due south of Arras, which, while it would mean little, as far as the entire war area was affected, would, nevertheless, create uncertainty at home and inspire courage in the camp of the Entente.

There is an even more extended danger. If the steady creeping forward of the allied line should continue, the time would come sooner or later when some truly important line would be cut. There are such lines, as we know. When this came it would not be a question of vacating a small salient, but a considerable section of the front would be adversely affected. Such a thing is a long time off, but it was a contingency which the German Staff had to face. Out of this grew the importance of discouraging the allied advance and permitting it to go no further.

In the British part of the latest spurt, that part of the front between Guedecourt and le Sars received the full force of the blow. As in the case of the French effort, the German line recoiled on Sunday, only to come back and recover part of the ground lost. The reasoning in the case of the British section of the line is even more compelling than in the case of the French.

The general result of the British fighting has been to narrow the angle of the salient. At present it is a right angle, which is dangerous enough. But the danger would be increased, as the angle became sharper since with guns of a given range the sharper the angle, the greater the length of the German line which could be taken in the rear. This would not only extend the area of fighting further across the Ancre, but in that fighting would put the German line at a disadvantage, due to the many angles at which it could be attacked. Therefore the sharper the angle, the harder the German task in preserving their position in the salient.

CALLS NORWAY UNNEUTRAL.

Cologne Gazette Resents Proposal to Arbitrate Ban on U-Boats.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 6. — The Cologne Gazette, commenting on the Norwegian proposal to submit to an arbitration court the international law aspect of Norway's order against submarines, says the matter is not suitable for arbitration, asserting that with or without arbitration German public opinion will continue to see in Norway's action against submarines an unfriendly act and consequently a departure from neutrality.

The paper goes on to say that Norwegian papers announce that the measures against submarines were taken because German submarines continue to sink Norwegian contraband-carrying merchantmen, and that this proves that Norway's action is directed specifically against Germany. Also that no verdict of a court of arbitration could alter this act.

The Cologne Gazette, which believes that direct negotiations between the Norwegian and German Governments would be far more useful contrasts Norway's attitude toward submarines with "the objective and just attitude of the United States."

FRENCH CREEP ON EAST OF COMBLES

Lose Ground Before Violent German Attacks at Night, but Resume Progress in Daylight.

BRITISH ADVANCE CHECKED

Haig's Men Give Up One Captured Position Southwest of Bapaume, but Hold Other Gains.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Heavy fighting has been in progress since last night on the Somme front from near the Butte de Warlencourt, southwest of Bapaume, where Haig's troops face the Germans, to the Sailly-Saillisel region and St. Pierre Vaast Wood, east of Combles, where the French are contesting the ground with the Teutons.

A particularly heavy counterattack was delivered by the Germans at several points on this front, where the Allies gained ground during yesterday, and it was successful in part. The British were forced to give up part of the ground they had captured in the neighborhood of Butte de Warlencourt, while the French were driven from some of their new positions in St. Pierre Vaast Wood and in the village of Saillisel. At other points on the French front the Germans were beaten off with heavy loss, according to the bulletin of the French War Office.

Today the Germans shelled heavily the British front from the Ancre to the Somme, especially near Les Boeufs and Le Sars. No infantry attack was made, however, up to late afternoon, and the British troops spent most of their time consolidating the gains of the day before.

The French meanwhile again took the aggressive today and continued to make progress in the northern part of St. Pierre Vaast Wood. More than 300 prisoners have been taken since yesterday, Paris says.

A correspondent with the French Army, describing yesterday's fighting between Saillisel and St. Pierre Vaast Wood, says:

"The battle was fought without the assistance of aeroplanes. The wind, blowing eighty miles an hour, prevented the planes from ascending, and consequently the artillery fire from a hundred German batteries as well as from the French and British could be uncontrolled aerially. Every inch of the battle ground was a danger spot, and correspondents were compelled to take shelter in a dugout.

Raced Into French Lines.

"When the French infantry attacked a powerfully defended series of trenches with trench mortars and grenades, they found a strong garrison, which in one portion surrendered in a body with their officers, more than 500 running at a racing pace into the French lines and for two miles and a half to the rear, accompanied by only half a dozen French guards. It was a strange sight when they ran the gauntlet of the German barrage fire.

"St. Pierre Vaast Wood is more than two kilometers square, with many positions enfilading each other, and proved a most difficult problem for the French. But French infantry finally rushed the place and held it with slight losses. The battle continued into the night."

The night report of the French War Office reads:

North of the Somme we continued our progress during the day in the northern part of St. Pierre Vaast Wood. We have taken in this sector since yesterday over 600 prisoners.

It is confirmed that the enemy in the course of his violent counterattacks last night on our positions in the St. Pierre Vaast Wood suffered very heavy losses.

On the Verdun sector there has been only an artillery struggle which continued in the Douaumont - Vaux-Damloup region.

In the Vosges a sudden attack on one of our small posts in the Fecht Valley failed.

On the remainder of the front calm prevailed.

The day report of the French War Office reads:

North of the Somme we made some progress between Les Boeufs and Sailly-Saillisel, as far south as St. Pierre Vaast Wood. All attacks delivered against our new trenches on the northern spur and western edges of the wood withered under our machine-gun and artillery fire, which inflicted heavy losses on the enemy. Southwest of the wood and in the village of Sailly-Saillisel the enemy succeeded in gaining a little ground.

On the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) there was active artillery firing in the region of Damloup. No infantry action took place.

Everywhere else the night was calm.

The British War Office communication issued this evening says:

Our front between the Ancre and the Somme was heavily shelled today, especially in the neighborhood of Les Boeufs and Le Sars. On our right we continued the consolidation of the ground occupied yesterday.

Our artillery and trench mortars successfully bombarded hostile trenches south of Armentières.

Yesterday, in spite of the gale, our aircraft did useful work observing for the artillery. One machine was in the air more than three hours.

The day report of the British War Office says:

During the night a strong enemy counterattack forced us to relinquish a portion of the ground we had won in the neighborhood of Butte de Warlencourt.

East of Les Boeufs we secured yesterday's gains.

We conducted three successful raids on trenches in the Armentières and Ypres areas.

BERLIN, Nov. 6, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The British and French, using the strongest forces, made continuous attacks yesterday on the Somme front. The War Office announces that the German troops withstood these attacks unshaken. The official bulletin reads:

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht—In the continuous battle on the Somme, the 5th of November was another fighting day of the first class. The British and French, with the strongest forces and employing the whole firing capacity of their artillery, made a powerful advance against the front of General von Below's army. Troops from different parts of Germany under the command of Generals Baron Marshal von Delling and von Garnier withstood the attack unshaken, and inflicted a severe defeat upon the enemy. Portions of the Strassburg Corps and troops from Saxony, Baden, Berlin, and Hanseatic and Meiningen Infantry Regiments won special distinction. The allied enemy on the entire front from Le Sars to Bouchavesne, a distance of twenty kilometers, along which they attacked, suffered the heaviest sanguinary losses and accomplished nothing except a small local gain in the north part of St. Pierre Vaast Wood. Wherever the enemy at other places pushed his way into our line he was immediately ejected, and left ten officers, 310 men, and booty in our hands. Northeast of Le Sars more than seventy prisoners and eleven machine guns were brought in.

Near Solsons, an attack by a weak French detachment was repulsed.

Army Group of the German Crown Prince—On the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) in the Hardaumont sector there was violent artillery and hand grenade fighting.

ELECTION INTEREST IN GERMANY SLIGHT

Sentiment Against Wilson Less Hostile Since the Deutschland's First Voyage Here.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 5. — Except among a handful of Americans left in Germany, the Presidential election in the United States is arousing little popular interest here, the feeling amounting almost to apathy. To the German people, much concerned to the exclusion of almost all else with their own immediate problems, the question of Wilson or Hughes seems something very remote and of no importance to them as in any way affecting Germany or the outcome of the war.

Lack of interest probably is largely due to the fact that little campaign news has been coming over wires and wireless into German papers, and that little is mostly unintelligible, even to Americans here.

In the German press there has been a conspicuous lack of editorial comment as to the relative merits and demerits of Hughes and Wilson from a German viewpoint. A few guarded comments recently appear to favor Wilson. In political and diplomatic circles one encounters a certain academic interest in the outcome of the election, and here the sentiment, originally inclining to prefer Hughes, has seemingly veered to Wilson. The war psychology of the Germans has shown nothing more curious than a gradual growth of pro-Wilson sentiment. They are rather shy on Hughes, and suspicious of him because of his policies. It is not that the Germans love Wilson more but that they fear Hughes's champions, particularly Roosevelt.

It was a popular delusion here, engendered by several submarine crises and stiff Wilson notes, that "Wilson wants war," and that he was only looking for an opportunity to pick a quarrel with Germany. This opinion appears largely to have passed away. Conversely, there is today undeniably a certain amount of apprehension in many German minds that if Hughes is elected it might prove detrimental to continued good German-American relations. The change in favor of Wilson here dates from recognition by the American Government of the submarine Deutschland as a merchantman, and has been accelerated by the most recent stand of the American Government on the submarine question, particularly in contrast with Norway's, attitude, and in this latter regard the German undoubtedly credit Wilson with having acted justly and fairly. The polite ordering away of British warships patrolling the American coast and the President's Cincinnati speech also left a residue of better feeling here, though slight hopes are entertained among Germans today that if Wilson is re-elected he will take effective action against the alleged illegal blockade, particularly of neutral countries.

It is perhaps significant that as between Hughes and Wilson one notes a kindlier feeling toward Wilson not only in such liberal organs as the Frankfurter Zeitung, but even in the Vossische Zeitung, which leans politically toward the Right. On the other hand, such scant scraps of Hughes's recent campaign speeches as reached here made a decidedly unfavorable impression among Germans who, while not doubting his high personal character, fear that pressure of powerful financial interests, which they believe to be back of Hughes and for the Entente Allies, might prove too strong for him if elected President and result in a sharper and more one-sided anti-German policy.

If Germany were to elect the next American President, most Teutons probably would be hopelessly puzzled, but would end up by arguing that Hughes would not be any better from a German viewpoint than Wilson and might prove far worse for the Fatherland. The conservative "safety first" instinct of Germans leads them to prefer Wilson to Hughes in the absence of any specific reasons for arriving at a choice. In conversation with not a few Germans I have heard the argument advanced that "Wilson is thoroughly known now, while Hughes is an unknown quantity as President."

PARIS INCLINES TO HUGHES.

Press Comment Seems to Favor His Election to Replace Wilson.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—Interest in the outcome of the American Presidential election is increasing as Election Day approaches. The press sets forth the situation, contrasting the personal ideas of rival candidates, but generaly refraining from direct comment or criticism, although the impression remains that the election of Mr. Hughes would not be unwelcome. The recent declarations of President Wilson regarding the causes of the war, which were severely criticised at the time, still find an echo in the editorials coupled with "too proud to fight," a phrase which, doubtless, has not enhanced his popularity here.

The Gaulois, which is one of the few papers to utter outspoken comment, remarks, after referring to the latest American submarine victims, which rise to bear witness against President Wilson's politics:

"It would seem that Germany herself is posing before the 100,000,000 inhabitants of the United States the conditions of their choice. The Yankees have one more night to reflect and decide between the terms of the following alternative: Are we partisans of a man who sees patriotism vanish when the food gives out, or are we descendants of those who, ragged and barefoot in the snow, fought for an ideal—of those soldiers who had more hunger for honor than bread?"

Inquiries from Americans for the latest election news are frequent, and the general impression is that tomorrow's result may have a far-reaching influence on the history of the world conflict.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A Vote for Hughes Is a Vote for War See Puck Out To-day and Be Convinced

SAYS GERMANY MUST REPLACE SHIPS SUNK

British Navy League Will Insist Also Cargoes and Earning Power Be Paid For.

MANY SUPPORT DEMAND

Over 200 Chambers of Commerce Favor Plan to Prevent Loss of Sea Supremacy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Robert Yerburgh, President of the British Navy League, which has been foremost in the conduct of agitation for full payment by Germany for the destruction of allied and neutral ships, today said he had the support of 217 Chambers of Commerce in the British Isles and the most influential men in business life.

"The destruction of British and allied merchant shipping by Germany has unquestionably the object of giving Germany the dominant position as competitor for the ocean-going trade of the world after the war," said Mr. Yerburgh to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent. "It would be equivalent to an act of national suicide that the Allies should allow Germany to retain her merchant shipping intact after peace is declared in the face of the unlawful indiscriminate destruction of allied ships for which Germany is responsible. In torpedoing all allied merchant ships in sight she hopes so to destroy the strength of the allied merchant marine as to enable her immediately to jump into the leading place of the world's carrying commerce.

"The only basis of compensation which could conceivably give satisfaction to the Allies is that Germany must hand over from her mercantile marine ship for ship, ton for ton of equivalent values to those sunk by her war vessels against the laws of war. This means that Germany must agree before any possibility of talking peace terms that she deliver her own ships to the Allies until every one illegally sunk is replaced by a German ship. It will not be enough for Germany to declare her willingness to pay for the torpedoed ships. It is handing over sufficient ships to make up for allied losses that we demand. Nothing short of that will do. The demand of the Navy League, supported by every sphere of commercial life, is that our Government shall refuse to consider any negotiations for peace until Germany's undertaking to replace all destroyed vessels is given.

"At the same time it must be distinctly understood and made part of the basis for peace negotiations that this ton for ton exaction must not preclude legitimate claims of shipowners for losses of their cargoes and loss of the earning power of their ships since they were destroyed. To put it succinctly, take the instance of the Lusitania. Great Britain would demand that Germany give one of her own ships of equal tonnage of the Lusitania, besides which she must pay in full for the loss of cargo, which runs into millions of dollars; also the profit the Lusitania, as a merchant ship, would have earned for her owners if she had stayed in service for the period of the war. The payment of loss to the owners will be an entirely different matter from replacing the ship. Up to now Great Britain has lost approximately 2,000,000 tons of shipping through the illegal torpedoing of her ships. This must all be replaced in actual tonage, together with any further losses that may occur, besides reimbursing every shipowner for what the ship would have earned and giving an indemnity for the lost cargo.

"If this is not done by the allied Governments they will simply be playing into the hands of Germany by handing over to her world commercial supremacy. This matter is of vital importance not only to the Allies but to neutrals. It is important to America, for if Germany gets the upper hand in the shipping of European commerce, America, with fewer ships, will be at the mercy of Germany. It would mean that Germany, owning a superior mercantile marine, would be able to dominate the whole situation. It would mean that transatlantic shipping rates would be governed entirely from Hamburg without New York, Buenos Aires, or London having a word to say. The feeling in Great Britain is that in taking this attitude the British Government would be doing a service of incalculable value not only to the Allies but for all neutrals in protecting the rights of shipping on the high seas.

"Since the earliest manifestation of German submarine activity against merchant ships the Navy League has strenuously maintained that the German methods of warfare were an outrageous violation of the laws of nations. We have stoutly opposed Germany's intolerable pretension that submarines should be treated as ordinary vessels of war, and we insist that they ought not to be recognized by the allied nations from the same standpoint as surface fighting war craft. We have supported the reasons set forth in the memorandum recently submitted by the Allies to neutral Governments respecting submarines' freedom to neutral ports. Germany must realize that the consequences of the illegal sinking of merchant ships are on her own head. The British Government must force the issue and let its voice be heard now."

Ambassador Sharp Back in Paris.

PARIS, Nov. 6. — William Graves Sharp, the American Ambassador to France, returned to Paris today after a visit to the United States.

Eastman Kodak Co., New York City. McKim, Mead & White, Architects.

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Turner has 42 concrete buildings, including five 12-story buildings, under way *right now*. Nearly as many buildings as the whole year 1915.

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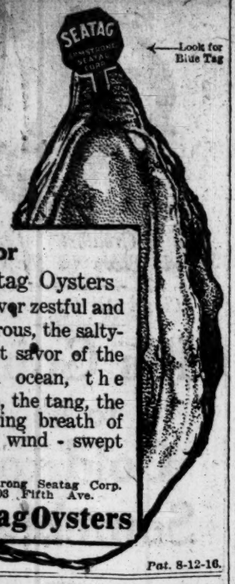

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Pat. 8-12-16.

LIKED WOMEN'S TALK BETTER THAN MEN'S

"You Make Your Point," Said "Uncle Joe" Cannon to Hughes Train Speakers.

PRAISED IN EVERY STATE

Experiences of the Air Campaigners on Trip Related to Alliance Committee at Hotel Astor.

The speakers from the Women's Campaign Train for Hughes held an experience meeting yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Astor under the auspices of the Women's New York City Committee of the Hughes Alliance. They told of all the things they had done, including thirty-two special dinners and luncheons eaten in the thirty-three days in which they were on tour, and threw nice little verbal bouquets at themselves and told of the bouquets that had been thrown them by other persons.

It was the "last meeting before Hughes is elected," Miss Alice Carpenter said in introducing the speakers. Each said the trip had been a gloriously successful one.

"My friends wrote me from the South," said Mrs. Frank McBane, "that they were glad to hear I was having a good time personally, but they sympathized with me because I was having such a bad time politically. I spent all my money in telegraphing them from the West that I was having a splendid time politically and that they must be reading the wrong newspaper."

Mrs. McBane explained how, as a politically inexperienced Southern woman, she had gone into the campaign because she believed there should be no sectional feeling in a great country. She told of going to "Uncle Joe Cannon" as a fellow North Carolinian—he was born in that State—and being told that the campaign train had been the best move in politics the women had ever made. "You don't orate," he said of the women speakers, "but you make your point."

"It showed what the enemy thought of us," said Mrs. Maud Howe Elliott. "They took so much pains to criticise. They called us the 'Poodle Dog Special,' and some of the Western papers even went so far as to say that the poodle dog wore a diamond collar. We have been told in every State that it was the best campaign work done. Even in Montana, which is a doubtful State, they were glad to have us come and give them a little comfort.

"They liked our speeches better than they did those of the men. In Butte, Mon., one woman who had heard a man talk for over two hours the night before, said to us: 'I suppose it is because of their oratory the men find it so hard to say what they mean.'

"Another woman in Kansas told me how she had decided to vote for Hughes. 'I heard Wilson,' she said, 'and he looked as if his trousers had been pressed that morning and he had the right flower in his buttonhole, and he talked beautifully. Then I heard Hughes. His trousers didn't look as though they had been pressed that morning, and he didn't look as if he had come out of a bandbox, but I liked the things he said. Then I thought of when I was going to be married. Two men asked me and one was all dressed up and the other was kind of careless. I asked myself which would be the best provider, and I didn't take the one who was all slicked up. I think I'll act on the same principle now.'"

"I have found that there is a psychological difference between men and women," said Miss Carpenter. "I think a certain kind of oratory which doesn't affect the women carries away the men, and I believe it is because they are more emotional."

Dr. Katherine B. Davis told one of the stories the women used in the women's campaign to illustrate the way she did not feel. It was the view of Professor Gidding of Columbia of the way men and women students take up ideas. "The men," he said, "regard an idea as they do a woman—ardently, but there are others. The women take up an idea uncritically but forever."

"I am not like that," said Dr. Davis. "I followed Roosevelt"—vigorous handclapping by a woman in a front seat—"and I didn't know that I cared about any one else. But I realized that we had to have a President. There were two men to choose from, and I compared them and made up my mind.

"The Republicans are pulling the eagle's tail trying to make it squeal, and the Democrats are using sob stuff. We ought not to be obliged to do either. We should begin by studying conditions the day after election."

MAY VOTE FOR DEAD MAN.

Candidate for Presidential Elector in Missouri Commits Suicide.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 6.—Frank B. Ruhr, Republican candidate for Presidential elector from the Tenth Missouri District, committed suicide today, thereby leaving a vacancy on the Republican ballot. The Republican State Committee met and nominated Henry Kersting to fill the vacancy.

The nomination of Kersting was too late to get on the official ballot, and Republican voters will be urged to write in the name. It is not thought possible, however, that this information will reach all the voters of the State, and it is predicted that thousands will vote for the dead man.

The death of Ruhr and the eleventh hour nomination of Kersting, it is thought, may result in a division of the Republican vote for elector from the Tenth District, and even if Hughes carries the State it is possible that a Democrat will be elected in that district. In that event Missouri would cast seventeen votes for Hughes and one for Wilson. Should the State go Democratic, the death of Ruhr will have no effect in the Electoral College.

VOTE EARLY!

The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning and remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Voters can find their voting places through the Election Notices printed elsewhere in THE TIMES this morning.

SEABURY WINDS UP WITH 14 SPEECHES

Ends His Campaign at a Meeting on the Lower East Side After Midnight.

WILL CAST HIS VOTE EARLY

All-Day Democratic Rally Held in Times Square—15,000 Persons Hear the Orators.

Carrying his fight for the Governorship almost up to the time the polls opened, Samuel Seabury, the Democratic candidate, spoke at fourteen meetings yesterday, the last at Avenue C and Third Street, where he addressed about 2,000 persons after midnight.

During the day Mr. Seabury made a dash into Rockland County to speak at two big meetings. Returning by automobile he made twelve stops from 181st Street to Third Street to speak at outdoor meetings, among them a twelve-hour meeting in Times Square at Forty-seventh Street, under the auspices of the Wilson-Seabury League.

Enthusiastic crowds greeted the Democratic candidate, at some stops the crowd being so large it was necessary to make two speeches. Mr. Seabury continued to attack the Whitman administration as "wasteful, extravagant, and incompetent." He spoke in favor of repealing the Stivers bill, recommended by Governor Whitman, which gives the Governor the power to draft men into the National Guard for three years.

Mr. Seabury spoke first at Nyack, addressing 1,200 people in a theatre and 500 at an overflow meeting. He accused Governor Whitman of making partisan appointments and using State departments for political purposes.

"I am not in this fight as the candidate of any individual, any group, or any party," Mr. Seabury said at Haverstraw, "but as the candidate of those who want to see an end put to invisible government at Albany."

He spoke here last night at 181st Street and Broadway, 157th Street and Broadway, the W. L. Marcy Tammany Association, 507 West 145th Street; 137th Street and Broadway, 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, 116th Street and Lenox Avenue, 110th Street and Broadway, Ninety-sixth Street and Broadway, Columbus Circle, Times Square, and Avenue C and Third Street.

Mr. Seabury closed his campaign confident of his election. He said that he expected to cut down materially the normal Republican majority up-State and get a big vote in the city.

He will go to the polls from his home, the Hotel Grosvenor, before breakfast, and will receive the returns tonight at Seabury headquarters in the Hotel Breslin.

About 15,000 persons, according to Democratic leaders, attended the Wilson-Seabury meetings in Times Square, at Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets, from noon until midnight last night.

Benjamin C. Marsh, a social worker, who had charge in the afternoon, censured Jeremiah A. O'Leary.

A man in the front of the crowd cried: "I am an ex-Sergeant in the United States Army. I am a German-American and a member of the American Truth Society. I do not intend to vote for President Wilson because as he was the son of a rebel he hasn't the right to call me a disloyal American." The crowd hooted and jeered, but policemen restored order.

Last night Ferdinand Pecore, a lawyer and Vice Chairman of the New York County Progressive Committee, was cheered when he said, "Theodore Roosevelt, the word battler, was a coward. He was afraid to head his own party when we offered him the standard of leadership at the Chicago convention."

Among the speakers were: Cornelius M. Sheehan, President of the People's Forum; H. M. Hitchcock, Dr. John Lovejoy Elliot, President of the Hudson Guild; J. W. Arnold, Dante Barton, Professor E. A. Delany, Durbin Van Kleeck, George Lloyd, Frederick C. Leubuscher, Kenneth Mayer, August Weymann, Maurice P. Davison, and Wesley P. Barker.

STOCKS' PRE-ELECTION RISE

Flood of Buying Indicates Street's Confidence in Hughes.

The stock market seemed to take its cue yesterday from the partiality shown toward Mr. Hughes's chances in betting operations on the Curb, and moved upward with vigor throughout the session. The Republicans asserted that the rising tide of prices indicated a Republican victory, ignoring the evidence supplied to them from various quarters that stocks have displayed strength frequently in the past on days immediately preceding a Presidential election.

From the closing prices of Saturday to the top of yesterday's swing, from 2 to 5 points were covered by numerous industrial issues. Steel common stood in the foreground, advancing to a new high record of 123¾, and Central Leather was another to bulge far above its best price of the year. Buying was especially heavy in the morning, to the accompaniment of prophecies that if Hughes were elected a sharp upturn would follow on Wednesday, while if President Wilson should be returned to the White House against Wall Street's wishes the underlying prosperity of business would prevent much of a break.

The stocks presented in this table were the more prominent of those dealt in:

	High.	Low.	Gain.
American Locomotive	94	90⅝	2¾
American Smelting	113⅝	112¼	1¼
Central Leather	103¾	99½	3½
Crucible Steel	94⅞	92½	1⅞
International Paper	64½	60⅝	2¾
N. Y. Central	109⅝	108⅜	1⅜
Reading	111⅛	109⅝	1½
Republic Iron & Steel	80⅝	78½	2¼
U. S. Steel	123¾	120⅝	2⅞

After the day's maximum prices were reached around 1 o'clock, in most issues, excepting Steel, a lull occurred for a time. It was only a breathing spell, however, as the market closed in a burst of new buying of such volume that the ticker was nineteen minutes late in recording all the transactions after the closing gong rang. The day's turnover was well above 1,000,000 shares, and bonds shared substantially in the demand for securities.

DU PONT MEN MAY VOTE.

Salem County Court Rules the Fifty Were Properly Registered.

SALEM, N. J., Nov. 6.—The Salem County Court today ruled that fifty registered voters, attacked by Democratic leaders as having been colonized from the du Pont Powder Works at Carney's Point, had been properly registered, and are entitled to vote at tomorrow's election. Thirteen of the men who had been arrested charged with having illegally registered were discharged. Republican leaders in the county had witnesses on hand to testify that the men had worked and lived at Carney's Point for more than a year.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 6.—Judge Klenert this morning ruled that fifty-one men registered by affidavit from the Second District of Pompton, which takes in Haskell, were eligible to vote. The affidavits were made out with lead pencil, and because of that were objected to by Edward Murphy, representing the Democratic County Committee.

Judge Klenert said that if the Democrats find that any of the men registered by affidavits are not legal voters they can challenge them at the polls tomorrow.

Woman Commands 75 Wilson Votes

Special to The New York Times.

QUINCY, Ill., Nov. 6.—Mrs. Sara Leirliey, 87 years old, has command of more than seventy-five votes for Wilson tomorrow. The votes will come from her daughters, sons, sister, brothers, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren, who have pledged her their support for Wilson. She will also cast her first vote.

WHITMAN SPEAKS UNTIL MIDNIGHT

Makes a Windup Tour of the City and Tells Voters He's Sure He'll Win.

SPECIAL PLEA FOR HUGHES

Governor Asks His Hearers to See That Head of the Ticket Is Elected Before Any One Else.

Governor Whitman made the last speech of the Republican campaign in this city last night. He spoke until midnight, just six hours before the opening of the polls. On the ground that by yesterday the voters had made up their minds as to how they would cast their ballots, the campaigners for the national ticket devoted their time to getting eleventh-hour reports and discussing today's prospects, and let the day go without speechmaking. The Governor, however, made a final tour of the city, speaking to more than 10,000 persons.

He was confident that he would be re-elected, he said.

"Justice Hughes will carry this State by more than 150,0000 votes" he told newspaper reporters as he was starting out on his evening's speaking tour. "There is not a doubt in the world now that New York is for Hughes by that much. I expect to see Hughes lead the ticket in this State, as has always happened, but I do not believe that there will be a substantial difference between my own and the Presidential majorities."

"Election Day is now only a couple of hours off," he said in his talk to the voters, "and I know that every man within the sound of my voice has probably made up his mind on just how he is going to vote. In my two years at Albany I and every man under me in the great departments has striven to give this State an efficient and an honest Administration. We have been honest, that I know. There has not been the slightest word breathed of corruption or graft at the State Capitol. I ask you to remember the last four years when I say this. Now, whether we have been efficient or not is a matter for you to judge.

"There is one point I would like to make while I am here, and that is in reference to something that Judge Seabury has been saying in this campaign I understand that he has promised every borough in the city that he will give it one or two Public Service Commissioners if he is elected. Now it is fine argument in theory, and it really deserves consideration that this great borough should have representation on the Commission. But what I have tried to do is to get the very best men possible for the place, no matter which side of the Harlem River they have lived on.

"Do you not all agree with me in this? Do you believe that Oscar Straus would do anything but what was right and just in regard to every question that came before him to be settled for the Bronx or for Manhattan?

"It has been said that Mr. Straus became my friend because I gave him a job. Just think of it—because I gave him a job! Why, I had the hardest time making him accept a place on the commission. He only took it after his wife and friends had persuaded him that it was his duty to take it."

The Governor closed his campaign with a plea to the voters to elect a Republican Legislature to uphold his hands during the next two years. He asked that Justice Hughes be elected before any one else on the whole ticket was chosen.

Governor Whitman will vote from the Hotel St. Regis, where he stays while he is in the city. After casting his ballot, he will go to Albany, where he will get the returns.

DENIES WILSON SHOWED DISRESPECT TO GIBBONS

Secretary Tumulty Says President Never Called Cardinal 'Mr. Gibbons,' as Charged

Democratic leaders in the Bronx yesterday charged some of their political opponents with attempting to inject a religious issue in the last days of the campaign there by an appeal to voters of the Catholic faith, in which it was sought to turn their support to the Republican ticket by spreading the report that President Wilson had not shown proper courtesy to Cardinal Gibbons when he went to the White House in 1915, and discussed peace matters and incidentally the Mexican situation. This telegram was sent to the President's secretary on Sunday, asking for his version of the report:

New York, Nov. 5, 1916.

Mr. Joseph Tumulty, Secretary to the President, Asbury Park, N. J.:

Catholics friendly to President Wilson desire to learn the truth of report circulated by opponents that Cardinal Gibbons was treated discourteously when seeking an interview with the President on Mexican troubles, and that the President addressed the Cardinal as Mr. Gibbons. False and misleading circulars are being mailed to Catholic voters at this late hour.

CHARLES V. HALLEY, JR.

This reply was received yesterday from Mr. Tumulty:

Executive Offices.
Asbury Park, N. J., Nov. 6.

Charles V. Halley, Jr., New York.

Telegram received. There is no truth in the statement that the President did not recognize Cardinal Gibbons as Cardinal, but called him Mr. Gibbons. Mgr. Russell, in an interview printed in the Baltimore Catholic Review for March, 1915, made the following statement:

"We called at the White House because the Cardinal desired to pay his respects to the President. I was present at the whole interview. I can say, if the President addressed the Cardinal as Mr. I did not hear him, and furthermore, I am convinced that he did not do so, as I was not more than two feet away from the President during the whole interview, and I heard all the conversation that took place. I do not believe the President would consciously do anything that might be considered as a lack of courtesy or consideration for any Catholic priest or prelate."

Cardinal Gibbons, according to this article, made the following statement:

"There is absolutely no truth in the statement that I have been persona non grata at the White House, and that President Wilson addressed me as Mr. Gibbons."

Mr. Halley said yesterday that none of the Democratic leaders and workers for the ticket in the Bronx had believed the report when they first heard it, but decided it was best to get an official denial of the report to prevent voters being misled by the petty political trick.

WILSON IS SERENE ON EVE OF ELECTION

Continued from Page 1.

Association of Drug Clerks and the Chicago Association of Drug Clerks wired to the President today that in joint session they had indorsed his candidacy for re-election, and were circularizing the membership of the two organizations in his behalf. John J. Scully, Secretary of the American Association of Masters, Mates, and Pilots sent word that his organization also had indorsed the President's candidacy, and predicted his re-election.

F. D. Shelley, President of the Young Men's Democratic League, sent word to the President that a canvass by his organization showed that 80 out of every 100 first voters throughout the country would vote the Democratic national ticket, and predicted that Mr. Wilson would get at least 450,000 votes from this source.

The President continued to receive many telegrams today congratulating him in advance on his anticipated victory. One of the messages came from Thomas J. Emery of Atlantic Highlands, N. J., who recalled that he had done the same thing before the 1912 election.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

COOL RECEPTION TO O'LEARY

Police Save Hoboken Meeting from Riot After Criticism of Wilson.

By the time Jeremiah A. O'Leary rose to speak last evening in St. Mary's Hall, Fifth and Willow Avenues, Hoboken, N. J., the meeting of the "American Truth Society," which some seven hundred attended, had been saved from a riot only by the arrival of the police reserves. John D. Moore had enraged the audience by his reflections on President Wilson and, with order restored, O'Leary, who followed Moore, seemed to take pains to avoid mention of the President's name. He appealed to the Irish-Americans not to permit dictation by Great Britain and was developing this theme when the janitor of the hall started down a side aisle.

The janitor is a big, broad-shouldered person, and he had business on the back of the stage, but neither O'Leary nor the others on the platform knew this. Consequently they were apprehensive, especially when the janitor, finding the door to the stage locked and supposing it merely stuck, put his shoulder to it.

"Watch that man. Watch him," yelled O'Leary, and there was a laugh that resounded through the hall when the janitor burst onto the stage, much to his own astonishment, and then retired at once in confusion.

"I'm not afraid of being shot," O'Leary explained, when the laugh had subsided, "but you can't blame me for being careful. I know there are a lot of persons here tonight who are against me and my principles."

The crowd laughed again. He finished his speech presently and resumed his seat in complete silence. There was not even a handclap.

DENIES NEGRO COLONIZING.

Manager Hert Says Only Farmers Have Brought Men from South.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—Alvin T. Hert, manager of Western Republican National Headquarters, issued a statement today denying that Republican leaders have any knowledge of the alleged attempt to colonize negroes brought from the South in certain northern States.

"The only negro voters from the South who have come into the North have been brought here by farmers and manufacturers to work and there are only a few of the negroes who have made the migration," Mr. Hert said. "These few, if they have been in the North long enough to establish a residence, probably will vote, as they have a right to do."

VOTE EARLY!

The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning and remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Voters can find their voting places through the Election Notices printed elsewhere in THE TIMES this morning

ADVERTISEMENT.

Store Open All Day Today

Literally Thousands of

Saks Overcoats

Single Breasters—Double Breasters
Button Throughs and Fly Fronts
Montagnacs and Trench Coats
Loose Backs and Shapelies
Ulsters and Ulsterettes

All ready for you today before or after voting at the polls

$17.50 all the way to $60

¶Clothing with us is a business, not a side line. And this magnificent array of Saks-made overcoats shows it in more ways than one. It shows it, first, in the Variety, which is typically Metropolitan in the range and beauty of its color schemes. It shows it, second, in the Tailoring, which reveals all those fertile touches found in the individual productions of the accepted Fifth Avenue tailors. And it shows it most in the Values, which are unimpaired by middlemen's profits and yield a correspondingly bigger return for your money.

But we purposely emphasize VARIETY as the leading plank in our platform today, because it is the weakest plank in most overcoat selections.

¶Buying our fabrics months ahead of the game, TO ENSURE DELIVERIES, and buying thousands of dollars' worth more than ever before, has put us in the enviable position of having the greatest assortments of overcoat fabrics in town. And we have extended ourselves similarly with respect to models, introducing into each type of coat style variations as numerous as the improvisations on a musical theme.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT:

An eleventh hour attack addressed to voters of German descent has been made on Ogden L. Mills. We who know Senator Mills and his views are in a position to state that the attack is entirely without justification or basis in fact. Senator Mills is first and last an American, and his public acts and words have been actuated solely with a view to promoting the safety and interests of the United States.

The progressive social legislation which Senator Mills has introduced in the Senate and passed through the Legislature shows him to be particularly qualified for the office he holds and in sympathy with he most progressive legislative thoughts of European countries. We do not hesitate to say that he has rendered the most unselfish and patriotic service of any Senator for the State of New York. We consider him as exceptionally fitted for the office of Senator and urge that he eleventh hour attack above mentioned should be ignored.

OTTO BANNARD	JAMES R. SHEFFIELD
CURT REISINGER	RALPH FOLKS
CHARLES STRONG	CHARLES M. BERNHEIMER
S. WALTER KAUFMANN	FELIX WARBURG
ISAAC M. SELIGMAN	PERRY OSBORN

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Re-elect Wilson To-day!

TO MEN WHO THINK!

For weeks your intelligence has been insulted by false statements contained in page advertisements paid for by the Republican National Committee and by members of the Republican Old Guard who waxed fat under a Republican tariff that worked all the time for their Republican pocketbooks and against yours.

These high priests of special privilege are trying to make you forget.

They want you to forget that they themselves were responsible for the Republican panics, the inevitable results of years under Republican tariffs—the panics of 1873, 1893, 1903, 1907, and 1913.

They want you to forget the want, the misery, the despair caused by these Republican panics!

They want you to forget the strikes and lockouts at Homestead, at Paterson, at Lawrence, at Fall River, at Cripple Creek, at Wilkesbarre under Republican rule.

They want you to forget the days when Republican tariffs worked with machine-like precision, when men and women who longed to do right were driven to acts of desperation in order to keep body and soul together.

Or—If You *Will* Remember—

They hope by talking of business disaster and unemployment to make you afraid to vote as your conscience and common sense dictate —FOR PRESIDENT WILSON.

But facts knock their misstatements cold.

If there was the slightest danger of a business let-up following the return of peace,

Would Henry Ford, a Republican and head of an industry employing 45,000 men, be supporting President Wilson?

Would George F. Johnson and H. B. Endicott, of The Endicott-Johnson Company, Republicans and owners of the largest shoe manufactory in the world, be supporting President Wilson?

Would Isador Jacobs, Independent and President of the California Canneries Company, the largest concern of its kind in America, be supporting President Wilson?

Would F. D. Underwood, Republican and President of the Erie Railroad, be supporting President Wilson?

Would Thomas A. Edison, Republican, the world's greatest inventor and employer of thousands of men, be supporting President Wilson?

Would the Iron Age, in its November, 1916, issue, say:

"The pig iron market of the past two weeks is practically without a parallel in the experience of present-day producers. The advances are unprecedented, in being due, not to a clamorous demand for iron for quick shipment, as in all previous excited markets, but to a simultaneous effort of buyers to cover far forward requirements—in many cases through the second half of 1917."

If you want War and Panics,
Vote for Hughes with Roosevelt.

IF YOU WANT PEACE WITH HONOR AND CONTINUED PROSPERITY

Vote for Wilson!

It's Up To You and Your Conscience

Democratic National Committee.

MIDNIGHT BETTING IS AT EVEN MONEY

Continued from Page 1.

bars on Whitman at 8 to 1 and $5,000 on Calder at 6 to 1 were offered at Schumm's with no takers.

BETTING IN OTHER CITIES.

Offers of Wilson Money Obliterates Odds in Some Places.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Even money on the Presidential election was bet freely in Buffalo today. The betting at one place was on Hughes at 10 to 9. A favorite bet is $50 to $100 that Hughes gets 50 more electoral votes than Wilson. Among the others are $20 to $240 Wilson carries Greater New York by 100,000, $25 to $100 Wilson gets 100 more electoral votes than Hughes, $100 to $100 Hughes carries Erie County, $100 to $25 Whitman carries New York State.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 6.—Hughes-Wilson betting today was all in small amounts, with even money prevailing. Bets were made, 10 to 7, that Hughes would carry Wisconsin. One bet of $1,500 to $500 was made that Hughes would have over 20,000 plurality in the State.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 6.—Betting on the national result was even today, with 6 to 5 Wilson carries Ohio and even money on the State ticket, including Governor and Senator. Claude Meeker, a broker, tried vainly to place $9,000 against $10,000 Hughes money. A $5,000 even money bet that Wilson would carry Ohio went begging

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 6.—Democratic money poured in today, forcing the odds up to 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes, and even less. One prominent business man who last week bet $10,000 even on Wilson today bet $10,000 to $7,000 on Hughes, and immediately posted another bet on Wilson of $7,000 to $10,000. Thousands of dollars were accepted by Democrats at 10 to 7½, and all such odds were practically swept off the boards. The betting has been practically the same on the result in Indiana.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 6.—With odds of 4 to 1 that Wilson would win Missouri and 3 to 1 that Gardner, Democrat, for Governor, would carry the State, only a few wagers were made today. A flood of Democratic money was offered. On the general result Hughes continued a 10 to 8 favorite, with no large bets placed. Reed for the Senate continues to command 3 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 6.—The betting today was even money that Wilson would carry San Francisco by from 15,000 to 17,000 and 10 to 7 that Hughes would carry California. There is no record of any large betting.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 6.—Betting, which had been at even money among Philadelphia brokers in the last three days, turned to 10 to 9 today, with the Hughes supporters putting up the long end. Then Chandler Brothers, brokers, offered $5,000 at 10 to 9 on Hughes and the odds broke to 10 to 8 and to 10 to 7, at which more than $5,000 was placed on Hughes. At Chandler's it was said that the $5,000 still awaited takers at 10 to 9. There appears to be no Wilson money excepting at long odds.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 6. — Late bets posted today showed Wilson the favorite at 10 to 9. Hughes money was scarce, as most of it had been placed at odds of 10 to 9 on Hughes to win. Wilson men offered $100 to $70 that Wilson would carry Ohio, but there were no takers. The odds on this previously had been even. Republicans offered 100 to 80 that Governor Willis would be re-elected, and even money was asked on Herrick, (Republican,) for Senator.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 6.—Betting continued light here today, in amounts of less than $100, with a few wagers above that figure at odds of 10 to 7 on Hughes, and some bets at even money. There was no big Wilson money.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—Betting on the Presidential election was brisk today, with Hughes the favorite. About $200,000 was placed at 10 to 7 on Hughes. Among the Board of Trade men $20,000 was put up. Early in the day many bets were made at 10 to 7 in favor of Hughes, later 10 to 8, and finally even money was given, $4,000 being placed at the latter figure. At the last it was 10 to 8 in favor of Hughes bid. A Bloomington, Ill., man was here offering to bet $10,000 or any part, 2 to 1, that Hughes would carry Illinois.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 6.—It was announced at Republican State Headquarters here early this morning, that odds of 100 to 75 on Hughes to carry Minnesota would be offered. The Hughes supporters also offered odds of 10 to 7½ that Hughes would be elected. Wilson money came strong also, and $10,000 was covered.

RESTAURANTS TO BE FILLED.

Tables Reserved Far in Advance by Those Who Will Hear Returns.

For any one who hasn't already done so, the eleventh-hour warning of the restaurant proprietors to reserve a table for tonight will probably come too late. Up and down Broadway tables were reported at a premium last night. For two weeks and more the restaurant folk have been preparing for the biggest night of the year, or of four years—bigger even than New Year's Eve.

Some few acknowledged that tables were still to be had, but they didn't seem alarmed at this situation, asserting that tonight would see their rooms jammed to capacity.

Most of the restaurants have installed a ticker service, so that the election returns can be announced tonight as quickly as they are known, and announcement of the standing of the candidates will take precedence over the attractions of the cabaret.

Splendid Showing of Lighting Fixtures

THE very latest designs are now on display at our show rooms. Artistic effects in lighting fixtures and portables, all attractively priced. Something exciting for every room in the house.

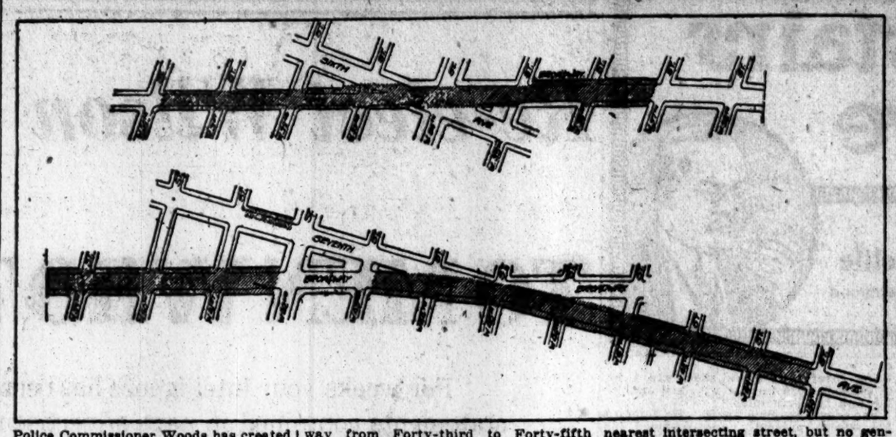
See for yourself.

VISIT OUR SHOW ROOMS.

Write today for Booklet "B."

SHAPIRO & ARONSON
20 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK
One Block East of Brooklyn Bridge.

Parts of Broadway, Sixth and Seventh Avenues on Which Election Crowds May Not Gather—Shading Shows Restricted Areas.



Police Commissioner Woods has created several restricted areas over which the election crowds may not roam at will tonight. These sections comprise streets beneath which the new subway is under construction, and include parts of Broadway and Seventh Avenue.

Thus, Broadway from Thirtieth Street to Thirty-seventh Street will be one zone; Broadway from Thirty-ninth to Forty-second Street another, and Broadway from Forty-third to Forty-fifth Street a third. Seventh Avenue will be open to pedestrians except for the west side of the thoroughfare between Forty-first and Forty-second Streets, the east side between Forty-fifth and Forty-Sixth Streets, and both sides between this point and Fiftieth Street.

Persons wishing to enter restaurants, hotels, theatres, or places of business within these zones will be permitted to do so, passing the police lines at the nearest intersecting street, but no general promenade will be permitted. The usual street crossings may be used to east and west except at Forty-fourth Street and street car and vehicular traffic will not be halted throughout the restricted zones.

At the request of Commissioner Woods, the Public Service Commission has arranged to have several engineers present to see that the limit of safety is not exceeded.

BOTH SIDES SURE OF VICTORY TODAY

Continued from Page 1.

West, which in this campaign have shown alarming leanings toward President Wilson, were responsible for some anxiety at Republican Headquarters.

Recent reports, however, have indicated a vast improvement in conditions in such States as Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin. The Republican campaign managers in those States have assured Chairman Willcox that the Wilson tide was checked a couple of weeks ago and that the situation by this time was approximately normal, which would presage a Republican victory.

Everywhere there seemed to be a realization that Illinois would play a fateful part in today's election. Everywhere, also, there seemed to be a recognition of the fact that with half a million women's votes as a factor in a Presidential election in the State for the first time the situation was beyond the bounds where acurate prognostication was possible. The Republican campaign managers at headquarters were not venturing any predictions as to how the woman vote would go beyond expressing an opinion that it ought to divide along the same lines as does the vote of the men.

Less anxiety prevailed regarding the outcome in Indiana, Michigan, and even Wisconsin. The Republican campaign managers regard the Hoosier State as "safe," and believe that Michigan, outside of Wayne County, which takes in Detroit, would give a good account of itself from a Republican point of view. The latest reports from Wisconsin, according to all accounts, have been such as to leave room for hopes that the State would be at least as likely to go for Hughes as for Wilson. The situation in Minnesota was said to be not quite so good on the eve of election.

Just before he closed up his desk at headquarters for the day Mr. Willcox issued this final statement:

Willcox Sure of Success.

"On this closing day of the campaign I confidently state that the battle has been won for Hughes and Fairbanks, who will be elected by a majority of not less than 100 in the electoral college.

"The American people are not to be deceived by spacious explanations as to the failure of the present Administration, nor are they to be cajoled by the promises of those who have failed so lamentably during the last three years. In these closing days of the campaign efforts have been made on the part of the Democratic managers to array one class of our people against other classes, but this will fail as such appeals always have failed in this country. We have made our appeal not upon racial or religious lines, but solely to the good sense and patriotism of the American people.

"The desperate condition into which the campaign of our opponents has fallen is shown by their continued publication of statements known by them to be false and by their continued striving to incense one part of our people against another part.

"Their efforts to deliver the vote of the laboring men of this country by giving a mess of pottage to a comparatively few men has failed in its design. Our people will resent the attempt on the part of a few self-constituted leaders to enter into legislative bargain with the Administration for the delivery of votes.

"The voters of this country can be relied upon to render proper judgment upon the methods to which I have referred. This will be demonstrated by the overwhelming character of the defeat that will be the fate of the Administration at the polls in the election tomorrow."

3,822,000 BALLOTS READY.

16,900 Election Officers on Duty in City—Polls Open at 6 A. M.

The polls will be opened at 6 o'clock this morning and closed at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. When the polls are closed it will not mean that the doors of the polling place will be shut. Those men standing in line at the hour officially designated for closing the ballot boxes will be allowed to cast their votes. Not until the last of these has cast his vote will be canvassers begin work. As a general rule, the counting will be begun within fifteen minutes or half an hour after closing.

The Board of Elections finished its pre-election work yesterday, one of its greatest tasks being the delivery of approximately 3,822,000 ballots to the 2,123 election districts in the five boroughs. In addition to the regular ballots 800,000 sample ballots were distributed. In the city's sixty-three Assembly districts there will be 16,900 election officers at work today. The Police Department will assign at least two men to each polling place.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday assigned Justices Weeks, Philbin, and Finch to sit at the County Court House to hear election disputes. For the accommodation of voters in the neighborhood, Justice Lehman will sit at his residence, 37 West Sixty-ninth Street; Justice Ford at the Belnord, Eighty-sixth Street and Broadway, and Justice Platzek at 15 East Forty-eighth Street. Justices Giegerich and Tierney will hear cases at the Bronx County Court House.

There are 534 polling places in public buildings this year, most of them in public schools. The Board of Elections decided to use no voting machines. Each voter will be handed three ballots, one for the national ticket, one for the State ticket, with names of Congressional, Senatorial, judicial, and Assembly candidates, and one containing the question of a referendum for the holding of a Constitutional Convention and the question of having a bond issue of $10,000,000 with which to buy more land for the Adirondack and Palisades Park reservations.

Arrangements for the casting of ballots by soldier voters in this city were completed by the Board of Elections yesterday. Three places, all in Manhattan, have been designated as polling places. They are: First Field Artillery, Sixty-eighth Street and Broadway, from 7 A. M. to noon; First Field Hospital, 56 West Sixty-sixth Street, from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Twenty-second Engineers' Armory, 168th Street and Fort Washington Avenue, from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Any National Guardsman of the State of New York who is home on a furlough or who has returned to the city but has not been mustered out of the Federal service and who has not registered from his residence may go to any one of these armories and cast his vote. This does not apply to soldiers in the regular army.

The Police, Fire, and Street-Cleaning Departments and the Borough Presidents' offices have been co-operating for weeks on a plan to suppress election night bonfires. Borough President Marks sent a letter to every public school in Manhattan calling attention to the matter and thousands of schoolboys have promised to build no fires. For a week the Street-Cleaning Department has been collecting boxes, barrels, and other bonfire material from cellars and odd corners. Under the various bridges large caches of firewood collected by boys have been found and carted off.

Tonight about 250 workers of the Street-Cleaning Department, in addition to fifty-one assistant foremen and 175 pieces of apparatus, with hose and sprinkling carts, will be ready to extinguish fires. The Fire Department has arranged to detail two firemen with apparatus in every police station in the city.

To be "in style" doesn't always mean to be comfortable. But style and comfort are twins in every pair of Fownes gloves . . .

Good to look at—
Good to wear.

It's a FOWNES

that's all you need to know about a GLOVE

Frederick Loeser & Co. Inc.
BROOKLYN—NEW YORK

A Noteworthy Sale of Standard Authors in Sets

ORIGINATING in a large purchase of Sets made before the price of white paper reached its present exalted figure. The present cost of these well printed, neatly bound Books can hardly be approached in future, we think, and the opportunity is, therefore, one which should appeal to all Book lovers who wish to make additions to their libraries or who have Books to buy for Christmas.

Title.	Vols.	Binding.	Price.
Aldrich	9	cloth	$6.75
Balzac	18	cloth	7.95
Dickens	20	cloth	14.75
Dickens	20	½ leather	22.50
Dumas	32	buckram	17.50
Emerson	5	cloth	4.75
Hugo	10	½ leather	4.25
Hawthorne	10	cloth	7.25
Ibsen	6	cloth	7.00
Stevenson	10	cloth	7.50
Smollett	12	full leather	16.50
Thackeray	26	cloth	19.00
Turgenieff	7	cloth	6.75

Other Sets in Half Calf at an Average Price of $1.10 a Volume Sold in Full Sets Only.

The Store will be closed all day to-day (Election Day)

B. Altman & Co.

A Sale of Women's Winter Coats
(all silk-lined)
to be held to-morrow (Wednesday)

will present new and very desirable models at decidedly advantageous prices.

Velour Cloth Coats, in burgundy or brown; with coney collar and cuffs . . $38.00

Vicuna Cloth Coats, in green or brown; with collar of Hudson seal . . . $58.00

Black Velour Velvet Coats, with collar of natural raccoon; a very smart semi-fitted model $62.00

Reductions have been effected in the prices of many Coats and Wraps of higher cost.

(Third Floor)

Women's Button Boots
at $4.75 per pair

will constitute an unusually interesting Sale for to-morrow (Wednesday).

This offering comprises practical Walking Boots in two smart styles, one of black gunmetal calfskin and the other of black patent leather, both having black cloth tops and Spanish-Louis heels of leather.

(Women's Shoes, Second Floor)

Excellent Values in Men's & Women's Handkerchiefs
(all of linen)

will be obtainable to-morrow (Wednesday) at the low prices quoted.

MEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS
Initialed . . . per dozen $2.35 & 2.80
Plain, hemstitched,
per dozen . . $2.50, 3.45 & 4.65
With tape border . . per dozen 2.45

WOMEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS
Initialed, per dozen $1.35, 1.90 & 2.50
Plain, hemstitched, per dozen, 1.35 & 1.80
Hand-hemstitched . . per dozen 6.00
Hemstitched, with embroidered corner, per dozen $2.10
With hand-embroidered scalloped edge, per half-dozen, in box $1.85

In the regular stock of the Handkerchief Department a special feature is made of Fine Handkerchiefs for Men. In addition to the latest novelties in white and colored linens, there is a complete assortment of the staple styles, made of the fine linens that never fail to appeal.

Orders for the embroidering of initials or monograms on handkerchiefs intended for holiday gifts should be placed as early as possible.

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue, New York

A New Industrial City
MANUFACTURERS

SATISFIED LABOR

is the one big key to industrial success. The Degnon Terminal conduces to success because the conditions under which the operatives in its many prominent factories perform their tasks make for perfect sanitation, incomparable light, air, health and safety, and because the location is accessible, at a five-cent fare, from all parts of the city. Modern housing facilities are keeping pace with the industrial development.

For Illustrated Booklet
Write 30 E. 42d St., New York
Phone Murray Hill 7866.

DEGNON TERMINAL

BROOKLYN

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.
Fulton and Bridge Sts., Brooklyn

Announce an Unusual Sale
Tuesday, in the
New Shoe Department

The unusual values heretofore offered are only emphasized by the extreme moderation in price of this boot.

The "Tailleur" Boot
For Smart Women

This all black model is 9 inches high, Patent leather vamp and foxing, glace kid top, welted sole, straight tip and all leather L. XV heel.

Regular Value 8.00

6.00

TO CLOSE OUT
225 Pairs of Smart Boots

Taken from Regular Stock
High Cut Tan Lace Boots
All Black Buttoned Boots
In Broken Sizes

Regular 6.00 Value

4.50

Centemeri

Nothing but gloves since 1870
46 years of constant improvement

Centemeri Gloves harmonize with the Paris gown because they, too, express the artistry of French design in the finished product.

Among our new styles on the S. S. Rochambeau, just arrived, is a new Van Dyke model—a fine French Kid, trimmed with fancy designs in contrasting color. 2.50 per pair

296 Fifth Ave. One door below 31st Street NEW YORK

The average net paid circulation of The New York Times, daily and Sunday, for six months ended September 30th, 1916, was 340,904—a circulation which represents in one grouping the largest number of intelligent, discriminating and responsive readers ever recorded by a newspaper.

A&F

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

(Closed All Day Tuesday)

It's Going to be Cold for Somebody

About this time, every four years, *look out for snow!*

Latest indications are that the moose will carry Maine, the pheasants are sweeping New Jersey, and there are lots of geese in Long Island.

Vote early to-day—then enjoy the heritage of American sportsmen.

To the fields with your gun, to the motor lanes with your machine, or to the links with your golf bag.

As long as the red blood of true sportsmanship remains America is safe.

The Coat That Makes the Sportsman

Go well clad to the gridiron, to the country club or to the field.

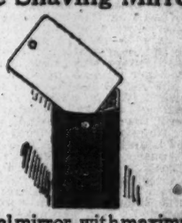
Big, comfortable, leather-lined ulsters, made in London to Abercrombie & Fitch specifications, $55 to $110.

The new Peary aviation suit, as warm as a Polar outfit, $75.

Suits for the country club—from the largest line of imported tweeds and homespuns in America, $35 up.

Sheepskin lined coats for the duck hunter—Uyak suits for shooting in chilly weather—Thorntweed suits for shooting in Southern fields—boots for town and country wear—shirts, caps and sweaters.

The "Helio" Unbreakable Shaving Mirror



Metal mirror, with maximum reflector power—rust-proof, tarnish-proof and durable.

For sportsmen and officers.

In serviceable, handsome leather case, $1.25, postpaid, to any address.

New shrapnel dice boxes and door stops—games and game tables of every variety—luncheon kits for fall motor trips, with vacuum bottles and food cases—flasks and motor tea sets.

Topcoats and Suits for Women

The big, enveloping, sporting shapes in motor and country ulsters, from the latest English designs.

From $19.50 to $110.

Suits of the imported English, Irish and Scotch sporting tweeds and homespuns, not obtainable in any other establishment.

Write for New Booklet on Women's Autumn and Winter Sporting Apparel.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President.
53-57 West 36th St., New York

COLONEL FIRES HIS LAST CAMPAIGN GUN

Final Shots at Wilson Are Reserved for Oyster Bay Audience.

HIS REMEDY FOR MEXICO

"Man of Leonard Wood's Calibre" Should Have Been Sent There to Restore Order.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Before a gathering of his fellow-townsmen and hundreds who motored from all parts of Long Island to hear him, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt fired his last shots of the campaign in the Opera House here tonight. His target was President Wilson.

It has always been the Colonel's custom to devote the night before election to his home town. Robert Bacon presided, and the Colonel lost no time getting the range of the White House.

"At this moment," he said, "I believe there is no way we can increase the jeopardy of this country and absolutely be warred upon more than by electing Woodrow Wilson. This is so because the great military nations of the earth are making up their minds that they can treat America with contempt as long as Wilson is President. Mr. Wilson has followed a most dangerous course, submitting to wrongs from everybody instead of doing right and exacting justice from everybody."

The Colonel next turned his attention to the operations of the German submarine U-53 off the American coast, and pointed to them as a result of Administration "spinelessness."

"I have just read that an American ship was torpedoed off Wales and sunk," he said. "Only last week another ship was torpedoed and five American lives lost. I think Mr. Wilson wrote his usual note concering it, with the usual contempt his notes receive. Only several weeks ago a German military submarine came here, entered our port, and notified our Government that it purposed to go outside the three-mile limit and sink certain ships.

"Now, Mr. Wilson claimed great credit last Spring on the ground of German promises to him that no ships should be sunk in a way putting the non-combatants aboard in jeopardy. When the German submarine over here notified our State Department of its intentions, our Government sent American warships out with it to take care of the non-combatants. In other words, we sent our ships out to help them to get around the promise of safety to non-combatants, and dodge rebuke. Such an action not only gains contempt for the United States, but bitter animosity."

The speaker next criticised the Administration's Mexican policy. He told of the outrages committed there and related alleged instances of American soldiers' ears being cut off while they were alive, and whose heads were cut off after they had been tortured to death, so that they could be shown through the Mexican village as proof of an American defeat.

"A man of Leonard Wood's calibre should be put in there," he said, "with orders to secure order and peace. It is my belief that if the American troops had been properly backed up when they went into Mexico there would have been less bloodshed than there has been."

Concerning the Democratic slogan, "Wilson kept us out of war," Colonel Roosevelt told of how he was confronted by Germany, backed up by Great Britain, in the Venezuelan controversy when he was President.

"I had a fair chance of getting embroiled with those two nations," he said, "at a time when they were not tied up with other matters. I should have followed the course I took even had it led to war with those countries, because I believe it was the only upright course to take."

PUTS BLAME ON ROOSEVELT.

"King of All Quitters," Says Progressive Leader in Letter to Perkins

John Clinton Parker of Philadelphia, civil engineer and inventor, who represented Pennsylvania at the Indianapolis conference held by the Progressives to decide what action that party would take, sent an open letter yesterday to George W. Perkins in which he accused Colonel Roosevelt of quitting the Progressive Party and leaving it in Pennsylvania, in a worse condition than when he started. In part he said:

"I found John M. Parker a gentleman and not a quitter. I visited Roosevelt after the Progressive fiasco, and if I ever saw a quitter he was the king of them all. I do not believe he will be any better satisfied with Hughes than he was with Taft.

"If Hughes is elected will you oppose him should he direct his ferreting ability to uncover the money power that used Roosevelt, dropped him with a dull thud, supported Hughes to beat a President who has balked it, and will make a fool of Hughes if he attempts to fight the people's battle as the President has done? Can we attain the respect of Europe or clean up Mexico if we allow ourselves to be rotted by the wealth which you represent?"

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue 46th and 47th Sts.

For the accommodation of Patrons, this establishment will remain open today—alterations will be made on short notice, and whenever possible, garments purchased will be delivered for the evening's wear.

Fashions of the Hour

For Theatre-Restaurant wear
Afternoon Calling-Receptions
Formal or Informal Affairs

The most complete presentation of highest Character Apparel offered by any Specialty House in America

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue 34th Street

Election Day Specials for Men

Unusual Values in Shirts, Neckwear, Pajamas, Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear, Bathrobes, Dressing Gowns—a few of which are listed below

"KENREIGN" COATS
12.75
Suitable for Top, Rain or Auto Coats

A very large assortment of Coats that are worth a great deal more than they are offered for in this extraordinary sale. Many serviceable materials, in various colors; light, medium and heavy weights. Also Gabardine in Tan or Gray.

3,200 Shirts, Each 1.00

Made of Flannel, Madras and mercerized materials; various models and sleeve lengths

Silk Shirts
5.95
Exquisitely colored heavy broadcloth Silks and fine quality Crepe; custom finished.

Madras Shirts
1.65
Madras and mercerized materials, made with soft cuffs; also of Madras with laundered cuffs.

Silk Shirts
3.25
Heavy quality Tub Silks, with attractive bold or conservative stripes.

Gloves
pair 1.85
Heavy quality Gray Mocha Gloves, in regular and cadet sizes.

Blanket Robes
4.95
Made of heavy Blanket Cloth.

Silk Neckwear
1.65
Four-in-hands of heavy foreign and domestic silks and satins in new patterns and colors.

Silk Neckwear
55c
An extremely large assortment of large Four-in-hand Ties in striped and figured patterns; also plain shades.

Pajamas
1.10
Made of Domet Flannel, Madras or mercerized materials.

Pajamas
1.45
Made of Madras and mercerized materials, with silk loops and pearl buttons.

Pajamas
2.95
Silk mixtures in handsome plain colors; also white grounds with colored stripes.

Sweaters 7.50
V-neck Model, Made of Fine Quality Brushed Wool, in Attractive Heather Mixtures.

Men's Underwear
Balbriggan Union Suits,—long sleeves; ankle length. 1.10
Worsted Union Suits,—medium weight; long sleeves; ankle length. 2.25

Men's Half Hose
Pure Thread Silk Half Hose with reinforced heels, soles and toes. Black and colors. pair 95c
Silk and Lisle Half Hose,—Black and plain or fancy colors. pair 29c

Established Nearly A Century
Balch, Price & Co.
BEHIND our Furs stands the Balch Price Prestige, dating back to the Foundation of this Institution in 1832.
Fulton & Smith Streets.
Brooklyn.
15 Minutes from Grand Central to Borough Hall Subway Station.

Gimbels
32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.
Store Open All Day (Today—9 to 6)
ELECTION DAY

Any Way You Look at It!
FROM THE STANDPOINT OF STYLE—
FROM THE STANDPOINT OF QUALITY—
FROM THE STANDPOINT OF MATERIALS—
GIMBEL Men's Clothes Featured for Today at
$15
(Suits and Overcoats)
are by all odds the most satisfactory clothes proposition in New York today.
The answer is tremendous buying influences plus the creative genius of a Clothes Chief conceded by the trade to be the "livest wire" in the business.
You choose today from part of a stock bought for three great Metropolitan GIMBEL Stores—a stock so big that a catalog of the styles, colors, materials and values would look like the Telephone Book.

The Men's Suits at $15
Talk about value at $15! Listen to this! Graceful 2 and 3 button sack suits that are decidedly New Yorkish.
Natty Pinch Back models that make the young fellows say: "Where did you get such 'class' at $15?" Beautiful plain blues and blacks; old faithful blue serges, browns, plaids, stripes, fancy mixtures and many grays.
How about sizes? We believe we can satisfactorily fit and please every man and young man in New York at this price, Election Day, because, remember, we bought an enormous addition to our own regular stocks for that very purpose.

The Men's Coats at $15
Any store might well be proud to show such a variety of overcoats at any price, which we have assembled for Election Day at $15.
Fall weight coats of a character that give $15 a new dress possibility. Full silk lined coats; think of it! Chesterfields, loose fitting and semi-fitted models quarter silk lined.
Then there are swagger winter coats, just the right weight for warmth without sacrifice of style. Semi-fitting, loose fitting, form-fitting, ¼ silk lined, and Chesterfields lined with serge.
Oxford grays, plaids, browns and fancy mixtures, and any man can be fitted at the price.

Election Day—GIMBELS—Main Store, Fourth Floor.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices
On Sale Today
Macy's
Herald Square. B'way, 34th to 35th St.
On Sale Today

Elected on a "Service and Economy" Platform
Winter Overcoats
Special for Election Day
$20.75
Chesterfield Models with Silk Lining that are Guaranteed for One Year.
Even a modern Diogenes with an electric torch would fail to discover a better offer than this—yes, even as good a one—in Greater New York.
The American Public Knows that Macy's Clothes Fulfill All Pledges Made Before Their Purchase.
Prosperity, elegance and good taste are evident in every silk sewn seam. The Oxford or Black Vicuna finished material of which they are made, the soft velvet collars and comfortable knee lengths, all help to return these coats as winners on the first ballot.
Every Vote for Macy's Overcoats is a Vote for Economy and Service.

Suits & Overcoats $19.75
Standard Styles
Excellent Fabrics
Dependable Tailoring are the chief characteristics you will always find in Macy's Clothing.

Suits & Overcoats $14.75
The man who wants a moderately-priced Suit or Overcoat, and wants the very best he can find in town, at the price, will be delighted at this extensive assortment of styles and patterns.

Macy's Clothes Cannot Be Equalled Elsewhere At the Price
Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway.

They Are Supporting Macy's Many Successful Men
Macy's Shoes for Men, $4.96
These shoes have many enthusiastic followers, for they are leaders in shoe fashions.
They combine, cleverly and successfully, the two features most looked for in a good shoe—comfort and style.
Smart Flat Lasts Blind Eyelets Dark Tan Calf Black Gun Metal
100 Specials for 100 Lucky Men
We have selected, from our regular stock, 100 pairs of Men's Shoes, and have marked them down to
$3.24
Many shapes in many leathers, and *almost* all sizes. Even if you're only moderately lucky, you will find a pair to suit—and your saving will be considerable.
Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 35th St., Rear

CAMMEYER
STAMPED ON A SHOE MEANS STANDARD OF MERIT
6TH AVE. AT 20TH ST.

For Election Day Only
Tuesday, Nov. 7
A Sale of Men's Fine Shoes at $3.95
Mahogany Russia Calf and Gun Metal Calf Lace Shoes, built on an English Last, with blind eyelets. Also a Broad Toe Blucher Model in Gun Metal Calf.
¶A most unusual one-day sale, affording men an opportunity to buy shoes at much less than their present market worth.
¶Please note carefully that this sale is for Election Day only.
All styles carried at our 6th Av. at 20th St. Store also sold at our Newark Branch, 645-649 Broad Street

VOTE OF MILITIA MAY CAUSE TROUBLE

Continued from Page 1.

last Summer decided that the New York troops were in a state of "imperfect war," and on Aug. 4 he declared that a conference of the Secretary of State, Secretary of War, and Judge Advocate General had agreed that the interpretation of the State Constitution in this respect was purely a State affair. But in case New York, for instance, should be carrieds today by a majority of 4,000 or 5,000 either way, there is no doubt that the status of the 10,000 soldier votes to be counted Dec. 19 would come up at once for a dispute which would probably be pushed to the Supreme Court.

The leaders of neither party will admit such a possibility, partly because they will not admit that the State could be carried by their side by so small a margin that 10,000 votes will make any difference.

EXPECT LIGHT VOTE IN NEW YORK CAMP

Predicted That About 6,000 of 10,000 Guardsmen at McAllen Will Cast Ballots.

Special to The New York Times.

McALLEN, Texas, Nov. 6.—Little interest in the national and State elections was shown by the troops of the New York Division until today, when Lieut. Col. Percy Nagel of the Quartermaster Corps and Captain Patrick J. Walsh of the Twenty-second Engineers arrived to open headquarters under the auspices of the Democratic National Committee. This lack of interest was ascribed partly to the failure of campaigners to come to the militia camps in numbers, it having been urged that electioneering would impair the morale of the regiments, and partly to the presence of the soldiers in a solid Democratic State.

Although the names of about 10,000 voters in the New York Division are on the poll lists in Albany, according to Henry G. Adams, head of the Election Bureau, it is not believed that the number of ballots cast will exceed 6,000. Mr. Adams says he thinks 7,000 a high estimate.

Straw votes indicate that Hughes will poll a majority of the votes here, but the sentiment for Wilson is growing, and it is expected that not many hundred will separate the totals. When a Brownsville paper was sold on the streets of McAllen tonight with a story that 25,000 troops were to be withdrawn from the border at once, about 300 soldiers "snake-danced" through the streets, cheering for President Wilson.

In all the border camps where soldiers are to vote tomorrow, the issue of any early return home has been urged by campaigners. Portraits of President Wilson, with the words, "Peace with honor, he kept us out of war," have been posted in all the villages. A handbill given out by representatives of the New York Republican State Committee read:

"Vacillation is weakness. A weak policy will never settle the conditions which brought the National Guard to the border. The President wrote Governor Whitman last month that he could not let the New York regiments go home, because the conditions which made it necessary to bring them down here still exist. That is true. It is also true that if you stay here until the Democratic Administration settles the question you will be bald-headed old men before you see New York again. Vote for Hughes, a strong man."

Approximate figures furnished by regimental Adjutants here showed that little more than half the total number of voters had put their names on the poll lists, but any soldier may vote, even if his name is not on the list.

Mr. Adams says interest in the election was exceedingly light in the Sixty-ninth and Twelfth Regiments, known as Democratic units. Colonel Nagel, a former officer in the Sixty-ninth, today urged all men of the unit to go to the polls. Similar efforts were made in the Twelfth.

Even if Election Day were not a legal holiday, commanders here would have been forced to give their men hours off to vote, because of the difficult job of casting a ballot. On the strip of paper eight feet long only the offices to be filled are printed. Voters must write in the names of the candidates or paste on a strip the names, the strips being furnished by the committees of both parties. To get the names of the candidates in his ward, district, and county the voter must consult two pamphlets of about 200 pages, and it may be necessary for him to consult the "Guide for Soldier Electors," containing 115 pages, and a map in addition.

Outside of the New York Division fewer than 10,000 militia votes will be cast in the Brownsville district. Of the 2,500 votes to be cast by the Iowa troops in the camps at Brownsville and Donna it is asserted that between 1,500 and 1,800 will be cast for Hughes. The Iowa votes are the only militia ballots to be counted here.

The Minnesota system requires that the 2,000 soldier voters cast their ballots in the same way as in the New York camps, although the count is to be made as soon as the boxes reach the Secretary of State. It is believed that the Minnesota totals will be close.

Troops from Louisiana, Oklahoma, Indiana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, and Colorado encamped in the Brownsville district have no votes. About seventy-five New Jersey voters in the Seventh Regiment already have mailed their marked ballots to attorneys, to be cast in their respective districts in the home State tomorrow.

Colonel Nagel today caused a portrait of Mr Hughes to be removed from the military Post Office here.

It is alleged that Democratic campaign literature has been withheld from the soldiers and Republican literature rushed out. The McAllen Postmaster denies the assertion.

Some Troops Have Already Voted.

Several hundred guardsmen in the Brownsville district have already cast ballots for tomorrow's election, and the votes, under seal, are on their way to the home States. Among the guardsmen who have voted are the Virginia troops, who have been balloting several days by mail.

Other guardsmen who have voted are Troop A, Kansas cavalry, stationed at Donna, Texas, the Fourth South Dakota Infantry, stationed at San Benito, and the Fourth Dakota guardsmen at Llano Grande.

EDISON HOPES FOR WILSON.

Inventor Says He Fears the Men Behind Hughes.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Nov. 6.—Averring that President Wilson ought to be reelected, Thomas A. Edison this morning contended that his success was not certain because too many persons in the United States did not think for themselves, following others "like a lot of sheep." There were 6,000,000 of them in the case of Bryan, declared Mr. Edison.

"Hughes may be all right but it is the men behind him," asserted Mr. Edison. "The business outlook is good for another year, but if Hughes is elected there will probably be some reactionary methods. We know what Wilson has done and what he will do, but I hope he will go more into preparedness. He has done enough humane things; now give us some war machinery and policemen to protect ourselves. We are not going fast enough on preparedness. I have been looking around at our forts and other things, and it is absurd. The naval program is all right, but they are slow in carrying it out."

Asked for his opinion regarding the European war, Mr. Edison said that the Germans were good for another year, but that the Allies would be the victors ultimately.

VOTE EARLY!

The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning and remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Voters can find their voting places through the Election Notices printed elsewhere in THE TIMES this morning.

JACKSON HEIGHTS

has been brought in closer communication with the heart of the city by the operation on November 5th, of the

Queensboro Subway

to the Bridge Plaza. The next and final step will take place about December 15th, when trains will be operated from Jackson Heights direct to Grand Central Subway Station, running time 15 minutes, with transfers to entire Interboro Subway system.

Send for Descriptive Folder of New Apartments

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION

Bridge Plaza, L. I. City, N. Y.

"A dress rehearsal of a dull failure that is never going to be produced," is what Rupert Hughes calls a hike in his graphic account of the mental and physical agonies of the Guardsmen on the march—"The Big Hike" in this week's

Collier's

THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

Robes Manteaux Fourrures

La Maison Charles Klein

à Paris 13 Rue Royale

Monte Carlo

a l'honneur d'informer sa clientéle qu'elle vient d'ouvrir une succursale

40 WEST 57TH STREET

sous la direction personnelle de Madame Charles Klein

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE"

Meet me at the Fountain

SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

Store Open All Day Today

We have planned a series of most attractive special sales, designed to interest every member of the family.

And after "Mr. Man" has cast his ballot for his favorite candidate he will find a visit to Greenhut's "Big Store" most profitable.

Madam will likewise do well to supply her needs for the coming Winter months at Greenhut's.

Greatest Sales of Men's Clothing Ever Planned for Election Day

This is the event that we have been preparing for months. There are scores of specials in high-class, splendidly tailored, fashionable clothing for men, youths and boys. In this limited space we must necessarily confine ourselves to the briefest details.

We head the list with an offering of:

Men's Suits and Overcoats at $13.95

Superior in Quality and Style

The Suits at $13.95

Handsomest plain and fancy back models in favorite materials, embracing most popular effects in Grays, Browns, Blue, Greens, Stripes, Checks, Overplaids, Worsteds, Cassimeres, Silk Mixtures and Blue Serges. All sizes.

The Overcoats at $13.95

Newest Plain Black or Gray Kerseys and Meltons, Scotch Mixtures.

Plain Black Overcoats | Velvet Collar Overcoats | Form-fitting Overcoats | Pinched Back Overcoats
Self-Collar Overcoats | Fancy Back Overcoats | Box-Back Overcoats

Such a wealth of colors as you have never before seen at so moderate a price: Browns, Greens and Heather Mixtures. Double-breasted Ulsters also offered at $13.95. Most of these coats are made with satin yoke and sleeve linings. Scores of styles and patterns with which everybody is sure to be pleased.

Men's Suits and Overcoats at $9.95

The best collection of garments any store in New York has offered at this price this season. Popular styles and materials. All sizes.

There will also be a special lot of

Men's Suits and Overcoats at $7.95

These represent garments from higher priced lines.

1,200 Men's Soft Hats and Derbies Will Be Sold Today at $1

Men's Knit Underwear—shirts and drawers; per garment, special at 49c.

BRING YOUR BOYS HERE TODAY

In the Boys' Store you will be pleasantly surprised with wonderfully attractive sales of Suits and Overcoats at $3.95 and $5.

Extensive, Carefully Selected Stocks of

Coats, Suits, Dresses, Blouses and Furs

For Women, Misses, Juniors and Girls

These entire sections are crowded with special offerings for today's shoppers.

And Don't Overlook Your Homefurnishing Needs

For today we have planned sales in all departments devoted to these goods.

The Furniture Store offers:

A BRASS BED OUTFIT—complete with mattress and spring, for $15.75

(All sample Brass Bedsteads have also been reduced to make room for Holiday Goods.)

The great Downstairs Store features.

Stoves of All Kinds, Fireplace Fixings, Refrigerators, Enamel Ware, Wooden Ware, Tinware, Galvanized Ware, China and Glass Ware, Lighting Fixtures of All Kinds.

The World's Greatest Grocery offers an Exceptionally Attractive List of Specials in Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Whatever else you do, be sure to include a visit to Greenhut's in your Election Day "doings."

Men's $4 and $4.50 "Foot-Mould" Shoes Today at $3.45

GREENHUT'S—THIRD FLOOR

Brand New Auto Tires and Tubes

Regular Prices of Tires, $10.35 to $37.50 each; Our Sale Prices **$6.10 to $28.15**

Regular Prices of Tubes, $2.30 to $7.10 each; Our Sale Prices **$1.35 to $4.20**

We have been requested not to mention the names of the Tires and Tubes offered at these astonishingly low prices. But every man who is familiar with the best known standard makes will instantly realize the importance of this distribution when he sees the marvelous display.

These Tires and Tubes are classified by the makers as "Seconds" or "Blemished," but most of them will give mileage service as satisfactory as "Firsts." We are offering these Tires and Tubes without a guarantee, but at the prices the bargains are matchless. The tires are in Clincher, Straight Side and Quick Detachable styles, with both Non-Skid and Plain Tread. Sizes from 28x3½ up to 40x4½. Sizes of tubes from 28x3 up to 35x5.

We Give "Sperry" Gold Stamps

Redeemable in full books for $2.50 worth of merchandise as selected by you in any department of this store or for $2 in cash at the "S. & H." office on the Fifth Floor.

Double 2½c Green Trading Stamps Forenoons—Single 2½c Stamps Afternoons

Finish "Sperry" Gold Stamps ALL DAY.

GO TO BRILL BROTHERS "GET THE HABIT" GO TO BRILL BROTHERS "GET THE HABIT" GO TO BRILL BROTHERS "GET THE HABIT"

All Day To-day At The Brill Stores

The polls will be open for the thousands of Men, Young Men and Youths who will take advantage of the Election Day Holiday to cast a ballot for Economy by selecting their new Winter Overcoats from among the most remarkable assortment we have ever collected in these Busy Stores and from among the most wonderful values that can be had anywhere in clothes for men.

Overcoats of Every Good Kind SPECIALLY PRICED—

About 8,000 of Them Are the Greatest Values Obtainable At $15

Scotch mixtures, heather mixtures, plaid-back gray meltons, black kerseys, neat grays, brown, tan and dark green mixtures. Ulsters, Ulsterettes, double-breasted Oxford and blue Overcoats, Scotch Balmaroons, Box Coats, Belted Coats, Form-Fitting Coats, Chesterfield models and lightweight blacks and Oxfords, well made and extremely serviceable.

About 3,500 Overcoats Offer Remarkable Savings Opportunities At $10.75

A wonderful variety; plain grays, browns, fancy overcoatings, overplaids, fancy cassimeres, brown meltons, gray and brown mixtures, gray and brown plaids and overplaids, with velvet or self collars; quarter or full lined, and with flap or patch pockets. Double-breasted models, single-breasted models, Balmaroons, form-fitting coats and Ulsterettes.

1,800 Splendid Overcoats Will Make a Wonderfully Strong Appeal At $20.00

Twenty smart models and more than one hundred stylish and serviceable fabrics. Big, warm, cozy ulsters in grays, browns, plaids, overplaids, fancy mixtures and heather mixtures, double-breasted and single-breasted, most of them with satin yokes and satin sleeve linings, and smart blacks and Oxfords in form-fitting and Chesterfield models.

Wonder Values in Winter Suits

At $15.00

This season's newest and smartest models—butternut browns, regimental stripes, Dublin greens, gunmetal grays, Autumn browns, silver striped blues, dapple grays, two-tone worsteds, blue, gray, brown and green flannels, blue serges, pencil and pin stripes, overplaids, checks, two-tone grays and browns, fancy cassimeres, silk mixtures and worsteds.

At $10.75

At least fifty fabrics, designs and weaves, and numerous smart, snappy models—browns, grays, tans, greens and heather mixtures, two and three button sack coats or pinchbacks. Suits which will surprise most men who are unacquainted with Brill Values. Every Suit wonderful value at $10.75.

At $20.00

Smart, snappy, wonderfully well tailored Suits for Fall and Winter wear, for young men and men who feel young; and a host of neat, conservative, dignified designs and models for men of more moderate taste and temperament, many of them silk lined; all of them wonderfully good value at $20.

Brill Brothers

47 Cortlandt Street, 279 Broadway | 44 East 14th Street, 2 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn | 1192 Main Street, Bridgeport, 791 Broad Street, Newark | 125th Street at 3d Ave. Open Evenings until 9

These 5 Brill Stores Open Saturday evenings: 14th Street—125th Street—Brooklyn—Newark—Bridgeport

"GET THE HABIT" GO TO BRILL BROTHERS "GET THE HABIT" GO TO BRILL BROTHERS

BISHOP PROPHESIES VICTORY

Guest of Pilgrims, He Says Neutrals Will Aid in Peace.

The Right Rev. H. W. Yeatman-Biggs, Bishop of Worcester, who has been attending the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in St. Louis as the representative of the Church of England, was the guest yesterday at a luncheon given by the Pilgrims in the Bankers Club, 120 Broadway.

Of the war the Bishop said: "Some day we shall win. If you could only see how those at home bear their sorrows and how those in the trenches take their work in a confident and sportful way, you would not doubt the outcome."

The Bishop said he doubted whether the temper of the Allies would suffer any nation to make any suggestion of peace yet, but he added:

"When peace comes, it will be helpful if neutral countries will lend a hand in the adjustment of all of those social conditions which will make for the commonwealth. We are tired of the word 'empire' in England. We want to talk of the British Brotherhood or the Commonwealth. And we want you to support us in our ideal. I shall go home this week assured that whatever may be right and true and self-sacrificing in the cause of the Allies has the support of the best and most thoughtful people in America."

The Bishop said that he had been shocked since coming to America to hear some men suggest that in England there was a growing dislike of the United States.

"I have never seen any indication of anything of the sort," he said. "I have no doubt that we could wish that your Government, or certain officers of it, had handled certain matters differently, but we have no distrust of or dislike for the American people. I speak for a large number of Englishmen when I say that we have no wish to see you at war. We know too much of the horror of war to wish to see your nation embroiled in it. But I do know that no nation can be sure of peace, if it is not willing to fight, and does not prepare for war."

The Bishop was introduced by Chauncey M. Depew, who said that, despite President Wilson's proclamation of neutrality, the moral force of the heart and mind of the vast majority of the people of the United States was with the cause of the Allies.

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West 42nd Street — *Bet. 5th and 6th Avenues* — *West 43rd Street*

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Men's High-class Furnishings,
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Important Announcement to
AUTOMOBILE OWNERS
CHAUFFEURS AND TAXICAB OWNERS

A Clearance Sale

Beginning Today, Election Day

Of Automobile Merchandise
At Phenomenally Low Prices

An inventory of our Automobile Apparel stock has disclosed a large collection of broken lots of sizes, materials, colors, etc., which we have decided to place on sale at a great sacrifice in price in order to effect a quick and absolute clearance.

To avoid misunderstanding and possible disappointment to those who respond to this announcement, we give below a chart showing exactly the sizes, quantities, prices they have been and the sale prices, with brief descriptions of materials, etc.

Chauffeurs' Suits, Formerly $25.00 to $55.00, **Now $15.00 to $32.50**

Description	Former Prices	Sale Prices	34	35	36	37	38	40	42	44
Gray Whipcords and Serges. Several Models.	$25.00	$15.00		1		1			1	1
	$32.50, $37.50	$20.00		2					2	
	$40.00, $42.50 $45.00, $50.00	$32.50	4		5	1	3	5	7	1
Blue and Black Serges. Several Models.	$40.00, $42.50	$32.50	4		3		2	5	3	2
Blue and Black Broadcloth. Several models.	$40.00, $50.00	$25.00	2	2			2	2	2	
Blue and Green Livery Suits.	$40.00, $42.50 $45.00, $50.00 $55.00	$32.50	6	4			6	4	7	
		Totals.....	17	9	8	3	13	16	22	4

Chauffeurs' Overcoats, Formerly $25.00 to $70.00, **Now $18.50 to $45.00**

Description	Former Prices	Sale Prices	34	35	36	37	38	40	42	44
English Livery Coats, Blue and Green Broadcloth.	$30.00	$18.50					2			
Gray Whipcord Overcoats, convertible or military collar.	$25.00	$18.50			1		1			1
	$32.50	$25.00	2							
	$50.00	$32.50	1				1	1	1	1
Black, Blue, Maroon and Green Broadcloth.	$35.00, $37.50 $47.50, $50.00	$25.00			4		3	8	6	1
Serge Overcoats. Convertible or military collar.	$40.00, $45.00 $50.00	$32.50			3	1	3	5	8	1
Russian Great Coats and Livery Coats. Black and Blue Box Cloth.	$60.00, $65.00	$40.00			2	3	3	5	3	1
	$70.00, $75.00	$45.00						4	1	
		Totals.....	3		10	4	13	23	19	5

Automobile Rain Shirts, Formerly $6.00 to $25.00, **Now $3.00 to $12.50**

Caps, Goggles, Lunch Sets, Gloves, etc., at proportionate reductions.

(None of the goods in this sale will be sent C. O. D. or on approval.)

Fourth Floor

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No matter who wins—our "next president" will use the Britannica

Both President Wilson and Mr. Hughes read and rely on the new

Encyclopaedia Britannica

and almost every President, beginning with George Washington, has used some earlier edition of the Britannica.

Great responsibility rests on the President of the United States. He must have an accurate knowledge of affairs, domestic and foreign. He must keep well informed generally, and must either know things or know where to find out about them.

Therefore the fact that the "next President" (whoever wins) *uses* the Britannica, *relies on it and quotes it* (as did most of his predecessors), is concrete evidence of the practical value of this great work.

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You need it just as much as do the leading statesmen, the captains of industry and successful men of affairs.

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When Washington was inaugurated the first President of the United States, 127 years ago, he already owned a set of Encyclopaedia Britannica (2nd Edition). He used it and relied on it through the eight years of his presidency.

President Wilson and Mr. Hughes use the new Britannica (11th Edition).

Almost every President since Washington has owned and read one of the earlier editions of the Britannica. Here is the list:

George Washington, 1789-1797.
Thomas Jefferson, 1801-1809.
James Madison, 1809-1817.
John Quincy Adams, 1825-1829.
Martin Van Buren, 1837-1841.
William Henry Harrison, Mar. 4 to April 4, 1841.
John Tyler, 1841-1845.
James K. Polk, 1845-1849.
Millard Fillmore, 1850-1853.
James Buchanan, 1857-1861.
Abraham Lincoln, 1861-1865.
Ulysses S. Grant, 1869-1877.
Rutherford B. Hayes, 1877-1881.
James A. Garfield, Mar. 4 to Sept. 19, 1881.
Grover Cleveland, 1885-1889 and 1893-1897.
Benjamin Harrison, 1889-1893.
William McKinley, 1897-1901.
Theodore Roosevelt, 1901-1909.
William H. Taft, 1909-1913.
Woodrow Wilson, 1913—

What is true of the Presidents is generally true of our great statesmen. Alexander Hamilton, first Secretary of the Treasury, bought a set and used it constantly. Secretary Lansing, the present head of the State Department, also uses the Britannica. Daniel Webster, James G. Blaine and Elihu Root, all eminent as Secretaries of State, relied on the Britannica and quoted from it.

You need the Britannica as much as the Presidents do

You regard yourself fairly intelligent—but isn't it true that you could be more intelligent in your citizenship? The Britannica will help you be an abler citizen. It will fortify you with facts about the political development of our country and illuminate your understanding of the aims and purposes, the inspiration and motives of American politics and statesmanship.

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The Britannica covers the widest range of knowledge. It is *complete* as well as *authoritative* on all subjects—historical, scientific, educational—it is interesting, practical, useful. It spans human thought and activity from the commonplace things, such as pins and pens, to the most striking events in the progress of civilization, such as the wars of nations and the discovery of new planets. It answers every question of child and grown-up.

The Britannica is a great library of facts and information. Its 41,000 separate articles—comprising 44,000,000 words and 15,000 illustrations and maps—include something about everything under the sun—philosophy, religion, finance, science and invention, industry and manufacture, commerce, war and peace, the fine arts, literature, electricity, steam, mechanics and engineering, sociology, education, geography, biography, geology, astronomy and all other branches of knowledge.

This wonderful book—which cost $1,500,000 to write and edit—is the masterpiece of master minds, the work of 1500 experts in their chosen fields. Yet it is sold at a price so reasonable that

any one of moderate means can easily own a set. For a payment of only $1 to be followed with monthly payments of $3, you can have an entire set of the "Handy Volume" Issue delivered to your home or office. Or for a first payment of $5 and monthly payments of the same amount you can obtain a set of the larger-type, larger-page Cambridge Issue.

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Some Political Questions the Britannica Answers

What is democracy?
From what colony did the idea of Senate and House representation come?
Do you know that 9 of the 13 original states had to be forced to ratify the Constitution?
Do you know it took 12 years to decide whether our government would be democratic or monarchic in principle?
Do you know that Washington issued the first proclamation of American neutrality?
What is a tariff?
What are the cardinal principles of the Republican party?
Of the Democratic party?
What state first passed laws respecting child labor?
When the first legislation was enacted fixing maximum railroad rates, and what influence brought it about?
What President sent the first message to Congress on labor?
What was the political effect of the development of the West?
What progress has prohibition made?
Which states have complete woman suffrage?
What did Lincoln say about equal suffrage?
When did American women first demand a voice in government?
Do you know that a Democratic split elected Lincoln?
What state once declared a Federal high tariff law null and void?
What two years of American history had the greatest political influence as a result of material development?
What is the history and program of Socialism? In theory?
What were the real causes of the panic of 1893 and what was the political effect?

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War has cut off the supply of India paper and the raw material out of which it is made. No more India paper can be procured for printing the Britannica—and the sets now in stock are *all the India paper sets that can be offered.* Instead of selling at an advance in price—which would be justified by the India paper shortage—these remaining sets are offered at the present low prices, payable in small monthly amounts for a limited period.

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An American visitor to the late Yuan Shih-K'ai, the first president of the Chinese republic, found him having the Britannica read to him, translated from the English into Chinese. President Yuan Shih-K'ai interrupted the reading and said to his visitor in regard to the Britannica's article on China:

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If this is true in regard to China, it is just as true in regard to your own country.

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4 KILLED WHEN TRAIN HITS A JITNEY BUS

Bushes Atop a Deep Cut Hide Cars from Driver of an Auto Near Camden.

HURLED BENEATH PLATFORM

Driver's Body Found Under Approach to Station—Dead Youth Killed as Family Was.

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 6.—Three men and a woman, passengers in a jitney bus, were killed by a Pennsylvania railroad train which struck the car in which they were riding at Freeman Station near here today. The bus was being driven from Berlin to Haddonfield by Thomas Hampton of East Berlin. The passengers were killed instantly and Hampton died while he was being taken to a hospital in this place.

One of the passengers was identified as Edward Stahlknecht, an insurance inspector of Philadelphia, and the others were Thomas Hampton and Mrs. Anna Whiteman, and Wesley Cook, all of Berlin, N. J.

The accident occurred at an unprotected crossing which goes through a deep cut in which the railroad runs. The train was hidden from the driver of the jitney by a line of underbrush on top of the embankment, and the auto struck the engine near the cab. Hampton, the driver of the jitney, was hurled beneath the station platform. Mrs. Whiteman was thrown against a sign board twenty feet from the tracks.

Young Cook was the third of his family to be killed in a railroad accident in eight months. His mother and sister, with the sister's fiance, Harry Myrtetus, were killed on March 11 when their carriage was struck by a train on the Reading Railway. Coroner Cook of Berlin began an investigation of the accident immediately. Two persons were killed at the place of today's accident about eighteen months ago.

7 KILLED BY RUNAWAY TRAIN

Pennsylvania Freight Crashes Into Locomotives—47 Cars Demolished.

ALTOONA, Penn., Nov. 6.—Seven men were killed and three were injured when a heavy freight train ran away for ten miles on the New Portage branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad and crashed into four locomotives standing at New Portage Junction, near here, today.

The dead are: A. L. Rising, Derry, Penn., engineer; R. C. Schrum, Conemaugh, Penn., conductor; Frank Fry, Conemaugh, Penn., brakeman; W. M. Thompson, East Altoona, fireman; R. C. Jackson, Altoona, engineer; J. N. Gorton, Altoona, fireman, and W. A. Baker, Juniata, Penn., engineer, died in Altoona Hospital.

The runaway train, composed of an engine and sixty cars, was coming down the grade ten miles from the scene of the accident when the engineer lost control. Gaining momentum at every moment, the long train soon attained an unheard-of speed, but kept to the rails. Clyde Hall, a flagman, and Oliver Baumgardner, brakeman, were in the caboose, but kept their seats and were not hurt, while the fireman leaped from the train at Muleshoe Curve and escaped with slight injuries.

The four light engines were standing at New Portage Junction and directly in the path of the onrushing freight. There was nothing to stop the runaway, and before the men on the engines were aware the impact came. Forty-seven of the loaded coal cars followed the engine in its mad plunge, and were reduced to a mass of twisted steel. A few minutes later fire broke out in the coal, and firemen were hurried from neighboring towns.

Seek Peace in Carpenters' Union.

William L. Hutchinson, the International President, and members of the General Executive Board of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, opened headquarters in the Hotel Continental yesterday and announced that they would remain in the city about a week. It was explained that the purpose of the gathering was to bring about peace in the ranks of the Carpenters' local unions in New York City, and endeavor to arrange for the return to the Brotherhood of the 12,000 members who were dismissed from the ranks last Spring owing to internal disputes.

DOG AT MOTOR CAR WHEEL.

White Collie Smoking a Pipe Thrills Automobile Row.

A novel advertising scheme gave Automobile Row a new thrill yesterday morning until the row, suspicious of all thrills, solved the puzzle. The thrill was provoked by a white collie dog in the driver's seat of an automobile, with its paws on the steering wheel, apparently piloting the car through the Broadway traffic. For a few minutes it looked like a new solution of the chauffeur problem, for the dog, with chauffeur's cap on its head and a pipe in its mouth, seemed to control the machine with the nonchalance of an expert.

Then the row said it couldn't be, and investigation showed that the dog could hardly be trusted alone with a car. By a set of levers hidden from view, the owner of the car, Irving Weed of Poughkeepsie, who sat next to the dog, really did the steering, though in straightaway driving he said the dog actually held the car to its course and assisted with its paws at the turns.

Mr. Weed has arranged to enter the employment of a motor car sales agency at Poughkeepsie.

VOTE EARLY!

The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning and remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Voters can find their voting places through the Election Notices printed elsewhere in THE TIMES this morning.

SHIRT SALESMAN MISSING.

A. L. Hoffman Put Baggage on Boston Boat and Then Vanished.

A. L. Hoffman, 26 years old, of 555 West 184th Street, a salesman for the American Shirt Company of 103 Fifth Avenue, has been missing from his home since Oct. 28, and efforts to get in touch with him have been unavailing so far. He left the office where he was employed at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon, saying he intended to take a boat for Boston, and that he would stop in Providence to visit an uncle.

His wife became uneasy when she had no word from him and tried to get in touch with him by telegraph on Nov. 3. It then developed that he had placed his baggage aboard the Fall River Line steamer Priscilla, but there was nothing to indicate that he had taken the boat. The police here and in Boston, Fall River and Providence were notified, but had been unable to get any trace of the missing man last night.

Birth Control Advocates Face Trial.

Mrs. Margaret Sanger, her sister, Mrs. Ethel Byrne, and Miss Fannie Mindell, who were arrested for giving information regarding birth control at 46 Amboy Street, Brooklyn, were arraigned before Magistrate Steers in the Adams Steeet Court yesterday, and held for trial in the Court of Special Sessions. Bail was continued in all three cases. Jonah J. Goldstein, who represented the three women, said that he would surrender his clients on Wednesday, and ask the Supreme Court for a writ of habeas corpus. When he obtains the writ he will ask that the court conduct an investigation on the ground that yesterday's hearing was not properly conducted. He will also ask that if there is to be a trial that it be conducted in the County Court.

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Election Results

Flashed To-night from the

WOOLWORTH TOWER

by The New York Tribune

CUT THIS OUT FOR REFERENCE

Red Light here → WHITMAN Elected

← White Light here SEABURY Elected

HUGHES Elected WILSON Elected

HOW TO TELL

STEADY WHITE SEARCHLIGHT RAY

ZIG-ZAG WHITE SEARCHLIGHT RAY

From the Tower of the Woolworth Building to-night The Tribune's powerful searchlights, reinforced by a new Edison storage battery searchlight, will announce the next President of the United States.

Should The Tribune searchlight throw a straight, steady beam, Hughes will have been elected.

Should the searchlight flash in a zig-zag direction, Wilson will be in the White House four years more.

Above the searchlight will flare steady lights that will indicate New York's choice for Governor.

Should these lights be red, Whitman will remain in the Executive Mansion in Albany.

Should the lights be white, Seabury will be the next Governor.

Look in the direction of the Woolworth Building to-night. The Tribune will flash the results of the election as quickly as the reports indicate the winners without a reasonable doubt.

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BEST FOR SKIN

Because it cleanses, purifies and beautifies, while the Ointment soothes and heals irritations, blackheads, etc. Do not confound these fragrant, delicate emollients with coarsely medicated soaps and ointments.

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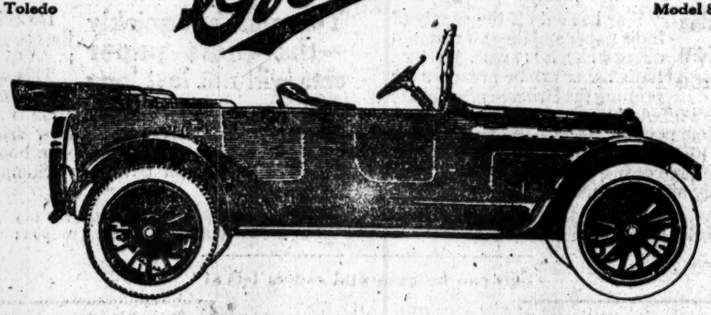

Now for a Healthy Active Winter

Wade through the slush, stay at home and miss out, or get this car and go in warm, dry comfort.
Which?
Now's the time to decide.
This summer delight is a winter necessity.
Why not have it now—today?
It will mean a healthy active life for the whole family all winter long, and when the warm weather comes—more real joy than you ever knew before.

This is the big, roomy, comfortable Overland with the famous 35 horsepower Overland Motor developed to perfection in the building of more than 250,000 now in every-day use.

It is absolutely dependable, as thoroughly reliable in Winter as in Summer.

Come in and get one today and go about your winter duties and pleasures in comfort and without risk.

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1826-28 Broadway, New York City. Telephone—Columbus 1070
Service Station: 150th St. and Gerard Ave., Bronx. Telephone, Melrose 9991.

Brooklyn, N. Y. 328 Flatbush Ave. Telephone, Sterling 2146. Service Station: [illegible] Place. Telephone, Decatur 2311.

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Newark, N. J. 35-37 Halsey St. Telephone, Mulberry 2646. Service Station: 248-45 Central Ave. Telephone, Mulberry 2646.

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You Can't Fool Labor, Mr. Calamity Howler!

Read the Republican advertisements in today's papers for your own amusement.

Then Consider These Facts:

Peace and Prosperity under the Wilson Administration have brought wages to the highest level reached in the history of this or any other country, according to the cold, indisputable facts recorded in the books of the United States Labor Department.

About 20,000,000 wage-earners of the country are now in the full enjoyment of an increase of close to $5,000,000,000 annually over any period of the "protected" tariff rule under Roosevelt's and Taft's Administrations.

During both of these Administrations common labor received as low as 14 cents an hour, and the wages of "one-tenth of the workers of the country were not more than $1,000 a year, the wages of one-half of the workers less than $500 a year, or considerably under what has been computed to be a living wage."

The average earning now of the unskilled worker is from $965 to $1,110 annually.

The average annual earnings of the skilled worker is from $1,250 to $2,100. The highest average for skilled workers is $2,250 a year.

WHAT OUR FOREMOST TARIFF EXPERT SAYS:

Prof. Irving Fisher, head of the Department of Economics at Yale University, and a famous authority on the tariff, in a signed statement says:

" 'Foreign Competition' after the war is a good bogey to frighten children with.

"The truth is that the wage earner has in general made less progress when our tariff has been high than when it has been low, and that wages in 'protected' industries have ranked with the lowest in the country.

"In Europe we find the countries with the highest tariff having the lowest wages.

"Who are these would-be champions of labor who ask its votes for another Payne-Aldrich tariff? Not the laboring men themselves, not disinterested students of economics. They are those whose "special" interests would be served by another Payne-Aldrich tariff. In some instances, at least, as I happen to know, these interests are trying to coerce their employes to vote for Hughes."

Democratic National Committee.

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KOLYNOS
Dental Cream

Every ingredient of Kolynos has a distinct, scientific purpose, well understood by the dentist. In their combination, these ingredients are *very pleasant* to the taste.

There is no suggestion of the confection, nor attempt to cajole with artificial flavors.

Its use produces an immediate sensation of genuine cleanliness, more delightful and refreshing by far than any fictitious flavoring.

The Kolynos user never finds brushing the teeth a perfunctory, tedious task. It is a pleasure looked forward to morning, noon and night.

"IT CLEANS THE TEETH AND THE TOOTH-BRUSH, TOO"

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SPECIAL SUPPER AND ENTERTAINMENT
In the Broadway Restaurant—After 9 o'Clock.

ELECTION RETURNS ANNOUNCED IN ALL OF THE DINING ROOMS.

RESERVATIONS SHOULD BE MADE.

Jansen wants to see you—DANCE

HOFBRAU HAUS
30TH STREET & BROADWAY 30TH
Quaintest Place in America
FINEST TABLE D'HOTE IN TOWN
FAMOUS FOR ITS LUNCHEONS AND DINNERS
Telephone Madison Square 3207-8
RESERVE YOUR TABLES NOW FOR ELECTION NIGHT.
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SPECIAL ELECTION DAY DINNER $1.50
SERVED IN THE HAWAIIAN ROOM.
Elaborate Entertainment and Dancing Between Courses.
SERVED FROM SIX TO NINE P. M.

SPECIAL ELECTION DAY DINNER, $1.50.
Served from 6 to 9 P. M.
MENU.
Blue Points; Chicken Gumbo; Celery; Radishes; Olives; Filet of Sole au Vin Blanc; Pommes Persillade; Roast Turkey, Cranberry Sauce; Cauliflower au Gratin; Mixed Salad; Ice Cream in Cases; Assorted Cakes; Coffee.

Gala Entertainment
ELECTION RETURNS By Special Wire.
Elaborate Production, Featuring Raymond Wylie
"1916 REVUE" TWICE NIGHTLY AT 7:30 & Midnight
Served To-day 6 to 9 P. M. BEEFSTEAK DINNER, $1.50
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A quiet, luxurious Residential Hotel affording the Exclusiveness and Elegance of a private Residence. Opposite the Metropolitan Club and the 5th Ave. Entrance to Central Park. Apartments, single or en suite, for long or short periods.
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BROADWAY 85TH TO 86TH ST.
Offers All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Reasonable Rates.
SUBWAY STATION AT DOOR.
Rates for either one or two persons; Room with private bath, $2.50 and $3 day. Parlor, bedroom and bath, $5 to $7.50 day.
ALSO EXCEPTIONALLY DESIRABLE APARTMENTS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, UNDER YEARLY LEASE, FROM 2 TO 6 ROOMS WITH 1, 2 OR 3 BATHS.

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RATES
Room with use of Bath..... $1.00
Room with Private Bath..... 1.50
Parlor, Bedroom and bath..... 2.50

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Broadway and 32nd St.
Nearer to Everything Than Anything.
600 Rooms, single or en suite. Single Rooms, $1.50 per day up. With Bath, $2.00 per day up.
IMPERIAL HOME DINNER SERVED DAILY 6 to 9 P. M. $1.25 per cover.
WILLARD D. ROCKEFELLER, Manager.

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Excellent Food and Service. Entertainment—Dancing.
Music by Europe's Celebrated Orchestra, with "BUDDIE."
Under Direction of SUSSKIND BROS.

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Rooms with running water, $1.50 per day, $8.75 week. Rooms with bath, $2.00 per day, $12.00 per week.
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Fifth Ave. at 30th St.
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TAUGHT IN 9 LESSONS $5
4 CLASS LESSONS $1
All quickly learned by the REMEY METHOD. (PRIVATE LESSONS $1.) All other Ball Room Dances Guaranteed $5.00.

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'THE CENTURY GIRL' A HUGE SUCCESS

Dillingham-Ziegfeld Dynasty Is Happily Inaugurated at the Century Theatre.

SPECTACLE AND VAUDEVILLE

Handsome Entertainment, Like a Much-Magnified "Follies," Opens the Greatest of Music Halls.

THE CENTURY GIRL.—A musical revue in three acts. Music by Victor Herbert and Irving Berlin. Book by "Everyman." At the Century.

THE PRINCIPALS—Elsie Janis, Sam Bernard, Marie Dressler, Frank Tinney, Hazel Dawn, Leon Errol, Doyle and Dixon, Maurice and Walton, Van and Schenck, Irving Fisher, Gertrude Rutland, the Barr Twins, Myles McCarthy, Gus Minton, Joe Sparks, Al Stuart, Arthur Cunningham, John Slavin, Louis Harrison, Jack Roche, Billie Fisher, Catheryn Rowe Palmer, Arthur Hill, Billie Allen, Yvonne Shelton, Vera Maxwell, Simone d'Herlys.

The rule of Charles Dillingham and Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr. over the Century Theatre was gorgeously and auspiciously inaugurated last evening when "The Century Girl" was presented there for the first time on any stage. This is a lavish and vastly entertaining mixture of spectacle and vaudeville. It is something like a production of the "Follies" magnified past calculation; it is altogether like nothing else to be seen anywhere in America.

The world and his wife attended last evening's brilliant première and will be there all the rest of the season. For "The Century Girl" has all the marks of a great popular success. Unquestionably the director of the Globe and Hippodrome and the master of the "Follies" have, by joining forces, transformed the Century into what is at present—and probably long will be—the greatest music hall in the world.

This is the mightiest and the happiest attempt yet made to take the curse off the great, cavernous playhouse which overlooks Central Park from the west. There—inappropriately housed and impossibly planned—the New Theatre movement lived and died. And more and more since then has a blight seemed to afflict the succeeding transient ventures. Folks shook their heads. They said the Century was too big and too far from the beaten track; actually they began to speak of it spookily, as though the Century were haunted by the ghosts of disappointed adventurers under its roof.

Yet there has remained with all concerned a deep conviction that if some thoroughly attractive entertainment were to be housed there, the huge and costly theatre would draw people from the ends of the earth, and soon seem not too large, but too small, to accommodate the clamorous multitude. Obviously, it was the Dillingham-Ziegfeld creed that the entertainment offered there should be more than merely attractive. It must, they said, be irresistible. And "The Century Girl" is just that. The quondam home of the New Theatre is now more than merely a place to go. It is *the* place to go. The curse is off the Century.

How long any management not royally endowed and not altogther mad can afford to give such prodigal entertainment on so staggering a scale is not for us to ask.

"Ho, ho!" Frank Tinney darkly observed last evening, "Dillingham and Ziegfeld, they says to me, they says: 'Frank, if we do the business we should do, we won't lose more than $2,000 a week.'

And that remains to be seen. It remains to be calculated at the end of the season when some actuarial soul can count the cost and the noses. In the meantime all the theatregoers in New York will want to see "The Century Girl," and most of them tried to do so last night.

The recipe followed has been fairly simple. Whatever the cost and whatever the labor, transform the interior of the whilom temple of the drama. Make it gay, not grave. So decorate the walls that they will give forth an atmosphere of frivolity. Provide places to dance and things to drink. Let the men smoke; even down in the first row of the orchestra, let them smoke. So much for the building. Then take all the feasts for the eye that have glorified the Follies in these later years. Set some magician of paint and light—preferably Joseph Urban—to work in the great spaces of the stage. Assemble a dazzling chorus. Gather together a company of famous entertainers like that which held the secret of Weber & Fields in days gone by—only more so. Add, as Mr. Dillingham always does, something to please the children. Provide some jaunty music and, above all, provide some moments of magnificent spectacle such as only the Century, with its revolving stage, can handle. And there you are.

You need no book. As it happens, the acoustics of the Century have been elaborately improved, but you would not have had to strain your ears to catch the dialogue for there is none worth mentioning. The method is simpler than that. You just send Elsie Janis and Doyle and Dixon out onto the stage and tell them to dance. Who wants to hear anything then? You send out Marie Dressler, Leon Errol, and Harry Kelly (who has deserted his dog) with instructions to play a stone age romance in burlesque of the Russian ballet, the while the orchestra moans weird Stravinsky dissonances. Or you plant the amiable Tinney at the footlights and tell him to do his worst. They need no book at the Century.

For the most part these stars do their old tricks. Elsie Janis does a few dances, sings a song or two, gives her internationally famous and charming simulation of a Piccadilly nut, and winds up with her blessed imitations of Bernhardt, Ethel Barrymore, Cohan, Will Rogers, Fred Stone, Eddie Foy, and Frank Tinney. Doyle and Dixon and Maurice and Walton dance. Hazel Dawn, as fair a vision as ever and in far better voice, plays the title rôle without a struggle, and is abetted by an agreeable young tenor named Irving Fisher.

Sam Bernard (importing his political harangue from vaudeville) explodes to good effect, and Marie Dressler and Leon Errol go to heroic lengths to amuse us. They must have to be paid a King's ransom to be willing every night to slide headlong down that mountain slope like two delirious avalanches. And sometimes you have such riches as Elsie Janis, Sam Bernard, Marie Dressler, and Doyle and Dixon all playing together in one no-account sketch. Van and Schenck, favorite singers from the two-a-day, quite captured the audience last evening. Indeed, inveterate patrons of vaudeville have seen and heard much of what is going on in "The Century Girl," but they have not seen the long succession of ensemble numbers and stage spectacles which are the wonder of the Century.

Take, as an example, the use of the revolving stage at the end of the second act, when a patriotic pageant weaves its way on broad staircases that swing lazily around under a sky of limitless blue. It is a little like dancing a Paul Jones on an escalator. Or take the moment when a small army of white-clad tap dancers threatens to run away with the entertainment. Or the submarine spectacle. Or the grand finale, when the last curtain falls on a wedding scene set in a dazzling crystal palace, on, and within, and beneath which the lights play brilliantly.

It was 8:25 last evening when Victor Herbert—who, with Irving Berlin, composed the music—stepped into the conductor's place in the orchestra. It was uncomfortably near to 12:45 when the final curtain fell. And this was due to no clumsy or slackened pace as so often happens on first nights. It was due to the overabundance of material, most of it so good that no one envies the task of those who must decide what parts of "The Century Girl" must be lopped off before it can settle down for the season.

Of such stuff is "The Century Girl," spectacle and vaudeville, glorified beyond anything we have had in the music hall world and multiplied by ten. It is a show of many stars. It would be a difficult and delicate task to pick the bright particular star. Probably it is Elsie Janis. Perhaps — and there is something to this theory—perhaps it is Joseph Urban, the artist from Vienna, who has wrought such wonders in the great heights and depths of The Century.

SOCIETY AT CENTURY PLAY.

Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel in Mr. and Mrs. Donn Barber's Party.

Many society people attended the première of "The Century Girl" at the Century Theatre last night. In Otto H. Kahn's party were Captain Ian Hay Beith, who wrote, under the nom de plume of Ian Hay, "The First One Hundred Thousand," and also Captain Guy Gaunt, British Naval Attaché, and from Paris the Marquis de Polignac, Baron Neuflize, and the Messrs. Casenov, Bloch, and Groscland. In another box was Billie Burke, (Mrs. Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr.). Captain Koenig of the Deutschland was also in the audience.

Among those giving parties were Mr. and Mrs. Donn Barber, who had the Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel in their party; Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Cary, Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Bull, Mr. and Mrs. David Wagstaff, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lewisohn, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tilford, Mr. and Mrs. Jules Glaenzer, and Mrs. William Guggenheim.

MONTCLAIR'S NEW THEATRE.

Mrs. Lang Gives High School $10,000 for Outdoor Structure.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Nov. 6.—Montclair is to have a ten-thousand-dollar outdoor theatre, which will be built adjacent to the new $500,000 high school. Union Noble Bethell, President of the Board of Education, at the assembly of the high school students this morning, made the announcement that Mrs. Henry Lang had made a gift of $10,000 to defray the cost of building the theatre. The gift was made through Miss Louise C. Hinck, the only woman member of the Montclair Board of Education, and sister of Ernest C. Hinck, former Mayor of Montclair.

Miss Hinck conceived the idea of an open-air theatre for the high school, following the presentation of the students' Shakespearean pageant on the natural amphitheatre on the grounds of the high school. Mrs. Lang several years ago gave $50,000 to defray the cost of building the Montclair Art Museum. The new outdoor theatre is to be of concrete construction. It will be completed in time for the Spring outdoor festivals, which are conducted by the high school student body and several of the women's organizations of the town.

Frances Ingram's Recital.

Frances Ingram, a contralto who has sung with the Chicago Opera Company, gave a recital yesterday in Aeolian Hall for the first time in New York. There were interesting features in it, both in the program and her way of singing it. Her voice is powerful and somewhat heavy, her style dramatic. Her vocal technique is not in all respects finished. There is, for instance, often a conspicuous lack of legato in her delivery of a phrase. She does not command a great variety of expression, and in songs where a lighter touch is needed the quality of the voice is apt to suffer and to lose beauty. She is most successful in music where she can liberate her dramatic powers, as in Jean Paul Kursteiner's "Invocation to Eros" and "The Soul's Victory," which she made effective. Such things as Raff's "Sei Still" and Hugo Wolf's "Die Zigeunerin" do not show her at her best. Airs by Marcello and Gluck (who was not "C. Gluck," as the program would have it,) a group of German lieder and other songs in Italian, French, and Swedish, were among her other numbers. Two of the Swedish songs she sang in their original tongue. In none of the tongues she used was her enunciation easily intelligible.

Harold Henry's Recital.

Harold Henry, a pianist who has several times been heard in New York, gave a recital yesterday in the Comedy Theatre. His program was unusual and good: there was Bach's Toccata in G, (three movements ending with a fugue,) and Mr. Henry should be thanked for playing Bach's clavier music as he wrote it; a gigue from one of Vivaldi's concertos that Bach transcribed for clavier; Schumann's Novelette in F sharp minor, a fine piece little troubled by pianists; MacDowell's "Norse" sonata, and other things less extensive. Mr. Henry's musical and unaffected playing has been praised before. He was not wholly fortunate yesterday in the quality and vibrancy of his tone, nor in the accuracy of his technique.

Louis Gouget Appears in "Pierrot."

"Pierrot the Prodigal" was transferred from the stage of the Booth to that of the Little Theatre last night. The French pantomime, with music, will remain in Winthrop Ames's miniature playhouse indefinitely. Last night's presentation took on added interest because of the first appearance in this country of Louis Gouget, a French pantomimest, who created the rôle of the Baron when the piece was originally done at the Bouffes Parisiennes twenty-six years ago. He has mimed the part approximately 1,500 times, and during the London engagement last season won great favor by his performance.

'Ben-Hur' Comes to the Manhattan.

The dramatization of Lew Wallace's novel, "Ben-Hur," which has been presented in some part of the country ever since it was first acted eighteen years ago, began a limited engagement last night at the Manhattan Opera House. The present production is on a very spectacular scale. There are 350 persons in the company, and in the famous chariot race scene twenty horses plunge along the treadmill.

VOTE EARLY!

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G. B. SHAW COMEDY IS A MIXED FARE

"Getting Married" Has Moments of Intellectual Delight and Others of Tedium.

A SPLENDID PRODUCTION

Wm. Faversham, Henrietta Crosman, and Charles Cherry Give Delight in Comedy Roles.

GETTING MARRIED.—A comedy in three acts, by George Bernard Shaw. At the Booth.

Mrs. Bridgenorth.....Mrs. Edmund Gurney
Collins.....John Harwood
General Bridgenorth.....Lumsden Hare
Leshia Granthan.....Hilda Spong
Reginald Bridgenorth.....George Fitzgerald
Mrs. Leo Bridgenorth.....Arlean Hackett
The Bishop of Chelsea....William Faversham
St. John Hotchkiss.....Charles Cherry
Nell Sykes.....Hugh Dilliman
Edith Bridgenorth.....Virginia Fox Brooks
Oliver Cromwell Sqames.....Edwin Cushman
Mrs. George.....Henrietta Crosman
The Beadle.....Herbert Belmore

William Faversham leaped from Shakespeare to Shaw last night, when he presented for the first time in America George Bernard Shaw's comedy "Getting Married," at the Booth Theatre. Until last night this was one of the few plays by the brilliant author that had not been acted here. The comedy was produced in London shortly after it was written some seven years ago, and the fact that it did not meet with the favor usually accorded plays from the same pen may have deterred its presentation here.

It is nevertheless familiar to all ardent Shawites, for it has long been published as one of a group that also includes "The Doctor's Dilemma" and "The Shewing Up of Blanco Posnet." The play is accompanied by a preface in the volume that is easily one of the most interesting essays in all of Shaw, a preface that is, in fact, more famous than the play itself.

"Getting Married" is neither Shaw at his best nor Shaw at his worst. It is mixed fare, with many moments of sheer intellectual delight and others of tedium when the author insists on repeating again and again. It is essentially for admirers of Shaw; it falls too far short of being a good play to appeal to a larger public. But for those who find delight in having their brains cudgeled by the amazing mental gymnastics of this author there is much joy in store at the Booth. If Mr. Faversham might only be allowed the actor's privilege of pruning still others might find pleasure there, but, of course, there can be no tampering with the sacred word.

Even the captious author would be forced to admit that Mr. Faversham has done handsomely by his play in the matter of assembling a cast of players worthy of its brilliance. He might suggest a minor change or two, but he could find no serious fault with it. The performances of Charles Cherry in the rôle of St. John Hotchkiss and that of Henrietta Crosman as that delightfully Shavian character, Mrs. George, were rare specimens of high comedy acting. Many of the longest speeches fell to Mr. Cherry, but he brought such a nice sense of humor to them and acted with such poise and grace that they did not seem artificial. Miss Crosman arrived just in time to lift the second act, which was beginning to sag under the weight of words, and from then until the end of the play her bubbling personality and her fine skill did much to give a semblance of reality to some of the maddest of Shavian conceits.

Mr. Faversham showed rare generosity in allotting the rôle of Hotchkiss to Mr. Cherry and reserving the less spectacular one of the Bishop for himself. His fine, resonant voice and clear enunciation stood him in good stead, and except for a monotony of gesture and posture his performance was an attractive one. John Harwood, who will be recalled as Grumpy's valet, was a capital Collins, the green grocer "god from the machine." He gave a characterization so excellent, in fact, as to dispel a preconceived notion that no one except O. P. Heggie could possibly play the part.

No less praiseworthy was George Fitzgerald, the Reginald Bridgenorth of the cast. In a Shaw comedy there is a great deal of listening to be done, and Mr. Fitzgerald proved himself the best listener of the company. There should be a word, too, for Hilda Spong's impersonation of Leshia. Lumsden Hare's General Bridgenorth, and Edwin Cushman's portraiture of a curate.

A setting more solid and less obviously a thing of painted canvas might have been more successful in creating the atmosphere of a Norman palace, but, after all, the scenery is not the thing in a Shaw play. The point of primary importance is that Mr. Faversham has presented a highly amusing discussion in dramatic form on marriage and divorce with a corps of splendid artists, and has thus provided an intellectual evening's entertainment not so common a thing on the local stage just now.

SYNDICATE AIDS RED CROSS.

Brooklyn "Friend" Sending Relief Now Joined by Five Others.

The American Red Cross publishes in its November bulletin the story of "Two Brooklyn Friends" who for more than a year have been sending to the Bush Terminal, foreign shipping headquarters of the Red Cross, large gifts of useful things to be sent to France for war sufferers and soldiers. The story, which is told by Albert W. Staub, Superintendent of the Red Cross foreign shipping department in Brooklyn, is as follows:

"While looking over my mail at the Bush Terminal one morning shortly I saw our receiving clerk tugging away at five huge manufacturers' cases, which were by far the largest things that ever came on the floor, with the exception of an occasional boxed motor ambulance. 'One hundred dozen pairs of woolen socks in each case,' he reported, 'marked for France from a B— friend.' As I could get no further information concerning them, off they went in the regular weekly French shipment, consigned to the American Relief Clearing House, Paris. The next week five other similar cases were unloaded at our door marked in the same strange way, but from 'Two B— Friends.'

"The following week the consignment was marked from 'Three B— Friends,' and then I began to get suspicious and asked everybody I could think of for an explanation. The five cases continued to appear regularly—each one containing 100 dozen pair of perfectly good woolen socks—until the syndicate grew to 'Five B— Friends,' where it remained for a long time. Up to date that generous group of people has sent abroad eighty of these cases, each containing 100 dozen pairs of woolen socks, which have been scattered all over the French Republic, among hundreds of hospitals and relief organizations. An army of 96,000 men found comfort in this wonderful gift; not in the trenches, but an army of men with bruised and tired feet whose fate it was to be sent into the hospitals.

"But the work of this syndicate did not stop here; in addition, it placed at the disposal of the Red Cross $1,000 weekly for emergency purchases, which amount during the last four months was increased to $2,500 weekly. With these funds there were purchased and forwarded to the French and Belgium hospitals the very supplies that were most needed, according to frequent cable advices. Occasionally money was sent to Paris to be invested in supplies that could be secured more advantageously there.

"Every package containing the above supplies went out labeled 'From Five B— Friends.' A recent note states: 'Although there are now six in the "syndicate," we shall continue to be "Five B— Friends," so as not to change the stencil plate which was made. In addition, we are hoping to receive and send soon some more of those high-grade woolen socks. It has been difficult for the makers to find the yarn which gave such satisfaction when made into socks a year ago, as you may remember.' And now comes the announcement that 1,700 dozen pairs more are on the way.

BERNSTORFF IN NEW LONDON

May Visit the Deutschland, Which Is Taking on Cargo.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Nov. 6.—Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, accompanied by his wife, arrived here tonight from Wilmington and may visit tomorrow the undersea freighter Deutschland, now being loaded for her homeward trip. The Ambassador it is understood, brought a suitcase filled with official mail for the Kaiser.

Count von Bernstorff said his errand is entirely a social one. He decided to take advantage of Washington's official inactivity on Election Day, he said, by giving the Countess an opportunity to inspect the Deutschland. Tomorrow forenoon the countess will be taken through the submersible as Captain Koenig's guest.

The Ambassador said that as he visited the Deutschland at Baltimore after her first transatlantic voyage, he was undecided whether he would make another inspection. He and the countess plan to take a late afternoon train tomorrow for New York.

The work of loading the submarine's cargo of nickel and crude rubber went forward steadily today, and indications continued to point to a start for Germany on Friday.

Arrangements have been completed for a complimentary dinner here Wednesday night to Captain Koenig and his crew. Governor Holcomb has promised to make an effort to be present and speak.

According to information received yesterday at the office of John K. Sague, Appraiser of the Port, the value of the dyestuffs brought over in the Deutschland was $600,000. From what the local Customs officials have learned, the colors comprise highly concentrated colors in the form largely of powder, although dyestuffs in paste form may be included. Customs officials said they also understood the German manufacturers had sent over substitutes for some regular colors. It was stated at the Appraiser's office that the consignment of colors probably would be forwarded from New London, and appraised here. As in the case of the earlier shipment, the consignment will be appraised on the basis of the German market price rather than at the highly inflated values prevailing in the American market. The colors will be apportioned among the members of the so-called "big six" group of importers, who in normal times act as selling agents for the German manufacturers.

DANCE AND HEAR RETURNS.

Suffragists to Give Annual Ball—Map to Show Vote News.

Election returns will be flashed tonight from a big 20 by 30 electric map at the Grand Central Palace, where the New York State Woman Suffrage Party will hold its annual ball. There will be no grand march, but in its place there will be a chorus in which the dancers will join as the clock strikes the hour of midnight. Four thousand copies of "The Star-Spangled Banner," "America," and several suffrage songs are to be distributed among the dancers.

Thousands of letters were sent out to voters by the suffragists yesterday, signed by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the National Association; Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, head of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, and Miss Mary Garrett Hay of the City Party. The letters asked the men, as they went to the polls, to remember the "thousands of voteless women arbitrarily and unreasonably denied the privilege of the vote." It also thanked the men who voted for woman suffrage in 1915, and reminded them that in 1917 they would have another opportunity.

MISS HERFORD AT PALACE.

Three of Her Monologues in This Week's Overgrown Program.

Beatrice Herford and little Nan Halperin are the bright lights in this week's bulging program at the Palace. Miss Herford, who has been graduated successfully from the gloved applause of select recitals to the thunderous approval of vaudeville, is now introducing to the two-a-day two of her happiest monologues. One of them presents a gabbling bevy of rattle-pated girls at a matinée; another suggests, by his fond mother's conversation, the presence of an insufferable hotel-bred boy. She also revives the cash-girl in the five-and-ten cent store. With uncanny art, she brings these characters to life; it is real creation.

Miss Halperin, who has the faculty of taking complete and immediate possession of an audience, airs her small accomplishments with great cunning and so makes much of them. Then there is comic Billie Montgomery, (late of Montgomery and Moore;) Frank Hale and Signe Patterson, who dance like whirlwinds to wailing music; Gus Edwards, the persistent singer; and an elaborate Hallowe'en fantasy with settings by Livingston Platt. William H. Thompson loses his best with "The Interview," an unusually chaotic and clumsy one-act play.

SUICIDE FOUGHT ON TRAIN.

Brakeman Could Not Hold Negro Who Jumped from Platform.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 6.—An unidentified negro committed suicide today by leaping from a New York-Washington express as the train was passing through this town. He was seen to make his way to the rear platform by a brakeman, who followed him. The latter came up to the passenger just as he was preparing to jump. The men struggled on the platform, but the negro broke lose and jumped. He was instantly killed.

The suicide was about 34 years old. He carried an accident policy with the name torn off and the address, "166 Dixwell Avenue," left. His ticket was a single way one between New York and Baltimore. In one pocket Coroner J. V. Hubbard found a key with a Yale emblem and believes the man was a valet or servant at Yale on his way to Baltimore to vote.

WIFE SUES J. E. WINGATE.

Action for a Separation Brought Against Advertising Man.

Jay Elwood Wingate, an advertising man at 1 West Thirty-fourth Street, whose wife said he had an income of $10,000 a year, was sued for a separation in the Supreme Court yesterday by Mrs. Amelie Mildred Wingate. She alleged that he had been guilty of cruelty and had abandoned her. She attached to her complaint a letter in which her husband wrote her on July 17 that he wouldn't live with her again under any consideration, but would pay her $20 a week alimony.

Mrs. Wingate alleged that her husband left her finally on Oct. 29 after she had found him at the Holland House with another woman. She said he was compelled to leave the hotel without his baggage. The defendant declined yesterday to discuss the case.

GET FOURTH WAGE RAISE.

Phoenix Iron Company Announces It Will Pay 10 Per Cent. More.

PHOENIXVILLE, Penn., Nov. 6.—Notices posted at the plant of the Phoenix Iron Company today announced another increase of 10 per cent. in wages, effective Nov. 20. This is the fourth general increase in wages made by the concern within the last two years.

Approximately 2,500 men are affected.

B'WAY AND 50TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 2330 EVGS AT 8; MATS TUES, THURS & SAT 2

WINTER GARDEN

MATINEE TODAY 50¢ TO $1.50

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ALL STARS

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GREATEST LAUGHING SHOW EVER SEEN IN A THEATRE

SHOW OF WONDERS

IT PUTS ALL OTHER WONDERS UNDER

WALTER C. KELLY, TOM LEWIS, MARILYNN MILLER, DAISIE IRVING, JOHN T. MURRAY, GRACE FISHER, Alexis Kosloff, James Watts, White & Clayton, Marie Lavarre, George Baldwin, Dan Quinlan, Sidney Phillips, James Grant, Eleanor Brown, Virginia Smith, Mabel Elaine, Ernest Hare.

SHIMMERS LIKE MOONLIGHT ON DANCING WATERS

HERALD: "A WONDER OF A SHOW IS THE 'SHOW OF WONDERS'"
SUN: "THE MOST ASTONISHING ASSEMBLY OF COMEDIANS THE NEW YORK STAGE HAS EVER KNOWN"
POST: "TOPS ALL PREVIOUS EFFORTS AT THE WINTER GARDEN"

WORLD'S GREATEST COLLECTION OF BEAUTIES

A 12 HOUR SHOW SQUEEZED INTO 3

THE BEST MAN WINS

JUST AS THE WORLD'S BEST SHOW WAS BEEN ELECTED BY UNANIMOUS POPULAR ACCLAIM WILLIAM FOX Presents A DAUGHTER OF THE GODS WITH ANNETTE KELLERMANN "THE PICTURE BEAUTIFUL"

LYRIC THEATRE 42 W'AY AND 42 ST

MATINEE TO-DAY AND EVERY DAY INCLUDING SUNDAYS 2:30

EVERY NIGHT AT 8:30

IN ONE PERFORMANCE OF THE CENTURY GIRL DILLINGHAM-ZIEGFELD HAVE MADE THE CENTURY THE THEATRICAL CENTRE OF NEW YORK

First Matinee Tomorrow

ELECTION NIGHT

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FULL ELECTION RETURNS
ELECTRICAL MAP
SPECIAL WIRE SERVICE
Grand Central Palace
8 o'CLOCK
TICKETS FIFTY CENTS
on sale at
BOX OFFICE.
OPEN ALL DAY.

RIALTO B'way & 42 DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in "AMERICAN ARISTOCRACY" 15—25—50 and Kreisler, 'Cellist; Soloists & Incomparable Rialto Orchestra.

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PLATTSBURG MADE WITH THE OVAL BUTTON-HOLE AND NEW REINFORCED EDGE.

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15¢ EACH 2 FOR 25¢

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VOTE EARLY!

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Opening Night Mon. Nov. 13, at 8:15 (1st time) PEARL FISHERS
Hempel; Caruso, De Luca, Rothier, Cond., Polacco.
Seats for OPENING PERFORMANCE can be secured ONLY BY MAIL. Orders must be accompanied by check or money order.
WED. EVE., NOV. 15, at 7:45. TRISTAN und ISOLDE
Kurt, Homer; Urlus, Weil, Braun, Schlegel, Reiss, Cond., Bodanzky.
THURS. EVE., NOV. 16, at 8:15. MANON LESCAUT
Aida, Perini; Caruso, Scotti, Segurola, Bada. Reiss, Cond., Papi (debut.)
FRI. EVE., NOV. 17, at 8. ROSENKAVALIER
Ober, Hempel, Mason; Goritz, Weil, Althouse. Reiss, Cond., Bodanzky.
SAT. MAT., NOV. 18, at 2. PRINCE IGOR
POP. PRICES, 75c to $3. AIDA
Rappold, Homer; Martinelli, De Luca, Rothier, Rossi, Cond., Papi.
SEAT SALE for all performances EXCEPT OPENING NIGHT, begins at BOX OFFICE Thursday, 9 A. M. Tel. Bryant 10031-10032.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
This Eve., Nov. 14, at 8. Boris Godounow. Ober; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Segurola, Bada, Cond., Polacco. Seats now on sale.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

SYMPHONY
Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r
Fri. Aft., Nov. 10.
Sun. Aft., Nov. 12.
SOLOIST HAROLD BAUER
"Lenore" Symphony, Raff; "Les Djinn" and Symphonic Variations, C. Franck.
Seats at Box Office, Aeolian Hall.
NEW SERIES AT CARNEGIE HALL
FIVE THURSDAY AFTERNOONS
FIVE SATURDAY EVENINGS
Schumann-Heink, Gluck, Leginska, Elman, Novaes, Choir Cathedral St. John.
SUBSCRIPTIONS, $1 to $6, for either series, at Room 1203, Aeolian Hall.

Second Biltmore
FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Biltmore Hotel, Nov. 10 at 11
FRANCES ALDA, JOHANNES SEMBACH
PASQUALE AMATO, JASCHA BRON
Res. Seats, $3; Box Seats, $5, now on sale at Biltmore Friday Morning Musicale Box Office. Management R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

PHILHARMONIC
Society of New York.
1916—SEVENTY-FIFTH SEASON—1917
JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR.
CARNEGIE HALL.
Next Thurs. Eve., 8:30; next Fri. Aft., 2:30.
SOLOIST MISCHA ELMAN
All TCHAIKOVSKY Programme
Tickets at Box Office, Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

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Artists Miura, Martin, Chalmers, Leveroni, Ananian, Boscacci; Cond., Guerrieri.
Prices $1 to $5.00. (Steinway Piano.)

Maxine Elliott Theatre, 39th St., nr. B'way.
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Friday Aft., Nov. 10, at 3.
Sunday Eve., Nov. 12, at 8:30.
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Carnegie Hall Sat. Aft., Nov. 11, at 2:30
ONLY RECITAL THIS SEASON
ALMA GLUCK
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AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:15.
ADELE MARGULIES TRIO
Seats $1.00 to $2.00 at Box Office.
Adele Margulies.....Piano
Leopold Lichtenberg.....Violin
Alwin Schroeder.....'Cello

AEOLIAN HALL, Wed. Aft., Nov. 8, at 3.
LEROY GRAINGER
ONLY PIANO RECITAL UNTIL SPRING
Mgt. A. Sawyer. Steinway Piano

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3, Piano Recital, PAQUITA
MADRIGUERA
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MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2:15.
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"Fragrant, diverting, appealing."—World.

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The Play That Puts Joy Into Living.

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Full of Laughs.

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JOHN DREW in Langdon Mitchell's Comedy.
MAJOR PENDENNIS

BELASCO West 44th Street. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY, Thur. & Sat. 2:20
HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY 2:20.
SEVEN CHANCES

FULTON 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY, Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
AND Aris THE Girl

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOV. 7, 1916.

THE NATION AT THE POLLS.

Today some 17,000,000 men and women will settle at the polls the one question into which all major and minor issues raised in the campaign have consolidated: Shall the Administration of WOODROW WILSON be approved, ratified, continued? The old sound and fury, the drum and fife and flambeau and red fire, have been mostly silent and quenched. The quieter methods of electioneering correspond to the evident thoughtful deliberation of the electorate.

While the chief figures of the canvass, and especially Mr. WILSON, have been greeted by the crowds with the demonstrations which a conspicuous personality, a President, a former President, a great party's candidate, is sure to stir, the currents of popular feeling have run strong and deep, "too full for sound and foam." Not that old stock figure "apathy," but an intellectual interest, an appreciation of the momentous matter to be determined, a serious pondering of the public interest, of the course of the Government since March 4, 1913, of the welfare of the country in the next four years, is denoted by this desirable absence of undue excitement; and the people, spectators so long of the theatre of brutalities and heroisms abroad, are unconsciously graver, less excitable. The ancient hectic, neurotic partisanship is little seen. The election will turn upon the votes of men and women independent of party. Shiftings of party allegiance, deserters and recruits, are uncommonly common. Loved or hated, detested or admired, the force, the intellect and eloquence, most of all the constructive labors, of Mr. WILSON, have broken party lines and made him friends or opponents by the sheer, inevitable impression of his salient character and personal and political genius.

It is a noble testimony to popular government, none the less noble for being mostly unnoticed on account of familiarity, this orderly march of millions to choose their President. When in Europe, Asia, and Africa 25,000,000 men are in arms or training camps, this peaceful army of 17,000,000 Americans is peculiarly impressive. To those of us who believe that the war of nations is before all a war of democracy against absolutism, against mediaeval and feudal privilege, against military caste and irresponsible governments, the power of dynasties and the divine right of kings, this march of equal democracy to the ballot boxes is a symbol and prefiguration of a reconstructed Europe, founded on freedom and equality.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.

The control of the Sixty-fifth Congress will be decided at today's election, when its House of Representatives and one-third of its Senate will be voted for. If the Democrats elect the President they will presumably retain control of Congress. If the Republicans win the Presidency they will probably win the House, but may not win the Senate, in which case they will not have a free hand in legislation, or even in administration.

In the present House the Democrats have 227 members and the Republicans 198, a Democratic plurality of 29; but the Democratic majority over all is only 19, for there are 3 Progressives, 2 "Progressive Republicans," 1 independent, 1 Socialist, 1 Prohibitionist, 1 "Progressive Protectionist," and 1 "Progressive Democrat."

In the Senate the Democratic majority is 16, there being 56 Democrats and 40 Republicans. Two vacancies have been caused by death. The Maine election filled two of the 34 seats in contest at this election, the Republicans holding one seat and gaining another. Seventeen Democratic seats and 15 Republican seats remain to be filled. Of the Republican seats the only ones where there is much prospect of a turnover are in Washington and Utah. The Republicans must, however, hold all their own seats and gain eight Democratic seats to control the Senate. They say they expect to win in Indiana, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, and West Virginia, and if they carry all these States and one other, and hold all their own, they will have a majority, for Indiana will elect two Senators instead of one, and both will succeed Democrats. Even if they fail to win another State, there will be a tie and, if they elect the Vice President, he will have the casting vote. The prospect of their carrying all, however, is so doubtful, even in the event of a Hughes victory, that their chance of controlling the Senate hangs by a hair.

NOT TRUE.

We invite attention to certain assertions which are published as "facts" by the Republican Campaign Committees. In a statement issued by the Congressional Committee the following may be found:

> Custom House records show that under the Underwood tariff law prior to the beginning of the European war our manufactured imports increased enormously. Our factories began to close down. Our workmen were thrown out of employment.

But Custom House records and other official reports of the Government show nothing of the kind. In the Monthly Summary published by the Department of Commerce, the value of the imports of "manufactures ready for consumption" and "manufactures for further use in manufacturing," both the free and the dutiable, is set forth. It was less in the first ten months of the Underwood tariff (up to the beginning of the war) than in the corresponding ten months of the preceding year, when the Payne-Aldrich tariff was in force. Here are the figures:

Manufactures ready for consumption, and manufactures for further use in manufacturing, both dutiable and free, in the ten months beginning with October, 1913	$624,041,400
The same, in corresponding ten months of the preceding year	$631,840,800

There was, therefore, no "enormous increase" of "manufactured imports," but a reduction. No flood of foreign goods closed factories and threw men out of work.

In statements addressed to the public by the Republican National Committee there are similar misrepresentations of the official record. One of them says that President WILSON "knows it is a fact" that in the first six months of 1914 "larger and larger" imports of manufactures were "driving American industries out of business." But imports of manufactured goods, $64,000,000 in January, declined to $61,000,000 in April, $58,000,000 in May, and $60,000,000 in June, rising in July to $64,000,000 again.

The American people should not be deceived and misled by such statements from party committees. Very few ever see the official reports. All have a right to ask that party committees shall tell the truth.

A PAPER KINGDOM OF POLAND.

The student of irony must regret that the Holy Alliance never "came out" for universal suffrage. Wanting such a needed companion picture to the affecting tableau of Germany and Austria-Hungary proclaiming the freedom and independence of the part of Russian Poland occupied by the Teutons, he must content himself with the thought of ABDUL HAMID proclaiming the Constitution of Freedom, Equality, and Justice in 1876. That sublime charter lasted for a month or two, to be renewed a generation afterward. Kurd and Armenian embraced in Constantinople in 1908. The Armenian soon found his equality in death.

A reformed pirate is a beautiful character, especially when he restores the "swag" of a former associate and keeps his own. Two partitioners of Poland turn against the third, partly as a "gesture," mainly for military purposes. Prussia hangs on to Posen and West Prussia. Austria-Hungary allows autonomy to Galicia, where the Poles have been useful in checking the Ruthenians, but she doesn't surrender it.

"Under Russian domination," says that inveterate "semi-official" organ of Wilhelmstrasse, the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, "no Polish administration, no Polish schools, and no Polish army were admitted." Exactly as in Prussian Poland. The Polish provinces have been for years a thorn in the flesh of the Prussian Government. At the time of the insurrection of Russian Poles in 1863, BISMARCK, incurring the hostility of the Liberals, then liberals in something more than name, sided with the Russian Government against the insurrection, and remonstrated with France, England, and even Austria. Ever since the '80s the contest between Poles and Germans has been acute in Posen, and even the previously contented Poles of Silesia, a million in number, have since been drawn into the movement for a Greater Poland or autonomy.

A social and economic war, reinforced on the part of the Poles by a lavish use of the boycott, has prevailed. The Government has settled some 100,000 Germans in those provinces. The Landtag has passed restrictive and oppressive laws, a law of expropriation, a law forbidding the settling of Poles without the consent of the authorities. German colonization societies have sent in and helped German immigrants, farmers and artisans. The Poles, by banks of their own, by refusing to sell to Germans, by many devices, have gained more land than they have lost, in spite of the millions spent by the Prussian Government.

This struggle for the land is only a part of the bitter fight between Poles and Germans. For seventy years a Polish endeavor, which gathered great strength since the beginning of this century, has been going on. One of the weaknesses of Poland, one of the causes of its anarchy, violence, and feebleness, was the want of a middle class. A landholding oligarchy of nobles, the clergy, a mass of peasants, that was Poland. When one remembers how oppressively a minority of Poles ruled Russians, Germans, Lithuanians, Jews, one's enthusiasm for a restored Poland, for "the noble Pole" of the '30s, cools a little; nor does the Polish treatment of Ruthenians and Jews indicate a regard for any other nationality than the Polish.

It is impossible not to praise, however, the skill and the zeal with which the program of Polish economic betterment, of the encouragement of Polish culture, has been carried. A popular literature has been created, a powerful press, a wide ramification and intertwisting of societies, athletic, charitable, social, literary, musical. The Polish insurrections of 1831, 1846, 1863, were of the nobility. The Polish movement of today is of the people, of a people steadily rising in the economic scale. "I had rather "give up Westphalia than the Polish "provinces," said BISMARCK. The Germanization of those provinces was a task regarded as of vital importance by BUELOW. Pole calls to Pole, the Russian Pole to the Prussian. The "Slavic peril" in a sharp form is right in these provinces of the marshes. Is it likely that FRANCIS JOSEPH and WILLIAM II., those strangest "zwei Polen aus der Polacker," want to set up in earnest, and as a buffer State, a Polish kingdom which could be but a stimulation of Polish nationalism in Prussia?

The paper kingdom of Poland is of course a reply, or counterbid, to the Czar's manifesto promising self-government and civil and religious freedom to the Poles. The Russian treatment of Poles has been most blameworthy, yet before the devastation of the war the Russian Poles were thriving agriculturally and industrially. Their cities were growing. A middle class was coming up. And it is said that the Jews would prefer Russian to Polish rule.

Finally, it is to be said that the Zwei-Kaiserbund had better wait till its chickens are hatched before counting them. It is somewhat too early to hold a private Congress of Vienna, and the two Emperors have as much right to settle the fate of a part or all of Russian Poland as the Devil to give away the kingdoms of the world.

The Berlin account of the enthusiasm of Warsaw students to volunteer in the army, the stress laid in all the accounts on the army and military administration, seem to make it clear that the purpose of the sham kingdom is Polish soldiers to fight for the Central Powers, perhaps an extension of the Teuton lines to the eastward.

By the way, if the Kaiser wishes to demonstrate that he is reformed and a freedom lover, why doesn't he reestablish the kingdom of Belgium?

SAFEGUARDS.

In his brief message to the State and County Chairmen, President WILSON says that "steps have been taken "to protect our commerce and indus- "try in any emergency after the Eu- "ropean war." Here he refers to safeguards which have been ignored or belittled by the Republican leaders, who assert that there will be no defenses against "the flood of foreign "products which will overwhelm us "after the war," unless their party is empowered to make a new high protective tariff.

What are these safeguards? The new law to prevent the dumping of foreign goods in our markets; the Tariff Commission, which will soon be at work making inquiries that may lead to new legislation, if this should be needed; and the Federal Trade Commission, which has already carefully studied the methods used by European exporting manufacturers before the war.

What more could have been done? Will the Republican leaders say that Congress, at its recent session, ought to have enacted high tariff duties which would bar out or tax heavily the materials that we have been using in manufacturing the great quantities of goods which have been exported?

WILLIAM GEDNEY BUNCE.

Much of the English repute of WILLIAM GEDNEY BUNCE, the American landscape painter who died in Hartford on Sunday, was directly due to Queen VICTORIA'S fondness for his brilliant sunsets. The favor of a monarch has ever been valuable to an artist. But the often perplexing taste of the amiable Queen did not go astray in her appreciation of our great colorist. BUNCE was no Marie Corelli of the fine arts, but a painter who deserved all the distinction he received in his lifetime. Whether the present ownership of a Bunce or two will turn out in the future to be equivalent to having something laid away for a rainy day remains to be seen. Some English dealers have been storing Bunces for many years.

This painter ranks with BLAKELOCK, the tragedy of whose life has been so lately a matter of wide public comment, and RYDER, but the only strong similarity in the work of the three is due to their inborn sense of color and the frequently turbulent splendor of it in their paintings. BUNCE'S pictures were not designed to be likenesses of nature, but they expressed the feelings which possessed him under the influence of some of nature's most glowing moods. The circumstances of his death are sad. When such a man is killed in a street accident which need not have happened, it causes a general feeling of resentment against the perilous condition of the thoroughfares. But Mr. BUNCE had lived long, had accomplished his task, and delivered his message.

VOTE FOR CURRAN.

Voters in this city who desire to discourage the hope of Tammany for victory in next year's municipal election will cast their votes for HENRY H. CURRAN, the candidate of the Republicans and Progressives for President of the Board of Aldermen. A large vote for Mr. CURRAN would be proof of a general disposition to encourage a businesslike and unpartisan management of the city's affairs. His election would indicate the settled determination of a majority of the citizens to prevent a return to the old bad conditions of political mismanagement in New York.

Mr. CURRAN is thoroughly equipped for the office for which he is running. Do not forget that the President of the Board of Aldermen casts three votes in the Board of Estimate. Mr. CURRAN, if he is elected, will always cast those votes with a clear understanding of the needs of this city.

NEW JERSEY'S DEFENSE OF NEW YORK.

The President of the Board of Commerce of New Jersey writes to THE TIMES to explain that "New Jersey "seeks to do away with the discrimination which is now in effect "against the Port of New York because of the differentials which "are allowed Philadelphia, Baltimore, "and Newport News." Nobody had asked that New Jersey should do New York this service, and it is not clear that anybody will thank the volunteer. No doubt the abolition of the differentials would bring more commerce to New York, but the cost would be greater than the profit to either New York or New Jersey.

The differentials were established to end the ruinous wars of rates by which the railways sought to divert commerce by cut-throat competition. The differential system is incompatible either with regulation according to strict statute law or with uneconomic competition. It costs less to haul freight over the New York water levels than over the mountains. So long as the New York railways remained solvent they could survive in unregulated competition, but they would be the last survivors. When the differentials were abolished there would be no diversion of commerce from New York, because there would be no opposition to the New York railways. All the other railways would have surrendered.

That issue has been fought to a finish, to the satisfaction of all the railways and of all the ports, except the New Jersey half of the Port of New York. Even the Interstate Commerce Commission shares the opinion of the railways. The Commission has acquiesced in the differential system for the apparent reasons that it is unable to suggest one more reasonable and that it is prudent to let sleeping dogs lie. The Commission has other troubles more than enough. Now comes New Jersey to ask that the differentials shall be abolished for the benefit of New York. If that were done would New Jersey abandon its request that the rate to the Port of New York should be divided, and made less to the New Jersey part of the port? If that request were not abandoned it would give trouble hereafter. There could be no better time than now to settle it.

The Port of New York is a small zone within which the rates are the same throughout. The seaboard ports constitute a single zone, including Atlantic tidewater terminals. The rates, while different in figures, are the same in economic equivalence. All the factors have been valued and balanced. The proposal to reconsider the differentials and reapportion the traffic to all the ports would be an invitation to a battle royal which could not be settled for years. It may be doubted whether any new settlement would give better satisfaction. New Jersey's present proposal would add to this disturbance of the entire rate structure the question of division of the rates to each port individually. The proposal to reopen the Atlantic differential question antagonizes all Atlantic ports and offers no attraction to New York.

THE TWO QUESTIONS.

Voters in the city and State of New York will have put before them two questions today. Both should be answered.

The first question is: Shall a convention for amending the Constitution be held next year? Nobody wants a convention in 1917. The Constitution can be amended by acts of the Legislature, submitted to the people for approval. Vote "No."

The second is whether a bond issue of $10,000,000 to extend and improve the people's parks and forests shall be approved. The money will be spent for the benefit and pleasure of the people. They should approve the bond issue. Vote "Yes."

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

They Went with Open Eyes.

According to one of THE TIMES'S correspondents—and critics—the federalized militia officers on the border who have been resigning by the hundreds are not deserving of censure. The great majority of them, he writes, as well as the rank and file in the National Guard regiments, were strongly opposed to the passage of the law under which they were ordered to Texas. According to their defender, it was only a small group of the highest officers that did the lobbying in Washington.

The latter statement is easily admitted—must be admitted, indeed—but the other awakens doubt. Antagonism to a change that might mean long periods of active service far from home did exist among the privates and minor officers, but it was antagonism of the mild sort that is created by a contingency believed to be remote, and it found no voice that was audible outside of the armories, and the rank and file were not held under a discipline so stern by the officers chosen by themselves that they could not have made themselves heard if their desire to speak had been strong. Theirs was the silence that gives consent and thereby assumes responsibility for what is done.

The privates and the minor officers also had another chance to express their opinion of federalization when the time came for them to take the new oath. Instead, they allowed themselves to be persuaded, and they were bitterly scornful of regimental associates who, in those earlier days, made against entering exactly the arguments now presented in defense of quitting a service which they did not have in mind when they joined the National Guard. The arguments had weight then and they have it now, but there is more, rather than less, reason for ignoring them now than there was then, for the task of meeting a national need was accepted, and it makes no difference whether the acceptance was made willingly or not, or with full understanding or not. At least it was not compulsory.

Our correspondent said that the militia had been destroyed. If so, the destruction was very largely the militia's own work, and the misfortune, if it be one, is not for them to lament, but for the rest of us.

An Epidemic Makes an Opportunity.

Attention is called by American Medicine to the fact, revealed by the city's vital statistics, that the death rate here, even among children, was not increased by the fatalities due to the epidemic of infantile paralysis. On the contrary, the rate fell a little, and the decrease is not without explanation.

Owing to the unfamiliarity of poliomyelitis, and what may be called its dramatic features, it attracted general notice and led to such vigorous action in the various ways by which child life is protected that more were saved from the usual scourges than died from the unusual one. That, as American Medicine points out, is a frequently attained result of epidemics like that of last Summer, and in spite of their terrors there is in them an element from which a solid and permanent advantage can be derived.

They educate the public on sanitary and health protective matters as nothing else does, and with this education comes a more or less willing submission to beneficent restrictions and regulations that are resented as irksome or needless when the appreciation of danger is less. The health board that does not profit by the opportunity to increase its efficiency which is created by its successful handling of a rare epidemic can fairly be regarded as negligent, for at no other time is it so nearly free to issue any orders it pleases, or so nearly sure that its orders will be obeyed.

There are not a few diseases that cannot be cured, but there is hardly one that could not be prevented by the use of knowledge already available. Poliomyelitis is as yet an apparent exception. Its mysteries, however, are by no means as dark as they were a year ago. Its method of conveyance, if not exactly known, has been approximated by an elimination of several suspected avenues of approach, and the correct treatment of its surviving victims has been definitely ascertained. These are considerable advances from the state of almost complete ignorance that existed with respect to this malady a year ago.

Waiting for an Explanation.

In the State of Washington there is probably some definite knowledge as to the causes that brought about the sanguinary little battle at Everett on Sunday, but for the rest of the country it comes with the shock of surprise, and even now we only know that some men on a steamer and some others on a wharf used guns on each other in an encounter that looks alarmingly like civil war.

That the I. W. W. was ranged on one side, and that a posse led by a Sheriff had been gathered to drive the invaders away, indicates who fought for, and who against, law and order; but, as has happened so often when the I. W. W. was concerned, denial of "free speech" is charged, and none of us is quite happy when that accusation is made by men willing to risk and lose their lives in vindication of their grievance.

Uneasiness thus caused would be greater, however, if experience had not taught what it is that the organization in quesion wants to be free to say and do. In a civilized community, of course, absolute freedom of speech is as inconceivable as is absolute freedom of religion or of anything else. Only a man alone on an island that nobody else cares to visit can either talk or act exactly as he pleases. As soon as he has a companion, the mere fact that both cannot sit at the same time on the same stone necessitates compromises and restrictions, and we all know what restraints we must put on our tongues if life is to be anything except constant war.

The I. W. W. conception of liberty does not work in practice, since it makes no allowance for the feelings and preferences, the rights and privileges, of neighbors.

A Mexican on the Election.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am a Mexican, and therefore love my country, as a good Mexican ought to do. It ensues that I detest American intervention. However, I would rejoice if Mr. Hughes were elected on Nov. 7, 1916. My reason: That Mexico would be safer from aggression, notwithstanding his announced policy of "firmness."

Mr. Hughes does not mean what he says. He tells the American people that he is against disloyal aliens, but privately tells the truth to German-American politicians. Why should we not have a right then to think that when he says he stands for the protection of Americans in Mexico he is not telling the Mexicans the truth about it, that it is all for the sake of politics? It is more logical, to my mind, to believe in facts than in words.

L. MACEDO.
New York, Nov. 3, 1916.

SHIPBUILDERS' PATRIOTISM.

Their Willingness to Sacrifice Merchant Work to Help Build a Navy.

Quincy, Mass., Nov. 4, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an editorial entitled "A Short-Sighted Policy," you criticise the shipbuilders for not offering to deliver a dreadnought ready for commission in thirty-six months. You state that "the trouble is, of course, that all the yards are overrun with private orders, that they have enough work on hand to keep them busy for a long time, and the owners are not inclined to put themselves to any inconvenience for the benefit of the Government. Their position is easily explainable, but it is not admirable." This characterization is unfair.

Though there is the greatest possible pressure on all shipbuilding yards to undertake contracts for the construction of merchant ships, we have, at the sacrifice of our own private interests, reserved for the last eight months a portion of our capacity for the building of men-of-war. This was done in recognition of the national exigency, and of the probability of the Secretary of the Navy desiring to avail himself of our facilities for the carrying out of the naval program. Should any of these ships be awarded to us, therefore, just so much of capacity would be absorbed, and it would be to our own interest, even if there were no elements of patriotism involved, to complete the ships at the earliest possible date.

Congress appropriated $11,500,000 for the construction of each one of these ships. The Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation offered to build two of these ships for $10,716,000 each, basing the price upon the present cost of wages and materials, and providing that the Government should enjoy the benefit or take the risk in the event that unit prices of materials and wages should be reduced or increased before the contract was completed.

It is said that foreign Governments are building warships in two years; therefore, why cannot we do the same? The answer is that foreign shipbuilders are constructing their warships under war conditions. Every consideration is being sacrificed to speed. Every order for material takes preference over every other kind of order. The labor is controlled by the Government; there are no strikes or wage disputes to interfere with work. Union labor has been induced to waive all of its union rules. The question of economical construction is eliminated. The Government pays what it costs to do the work, no matter what the cost may be.

In building battleships we are obliged by law to work only eight hours a day, and numerous other onerous restrictions must be adhered to.

If the American Government will offer any one of the three yards that have been constructing battleships a contract for one of the new battleships, and insure the maintenance of the conditions prevailing in the British shipyards, the American shipbuilders would undoubtedly be willing to beat the British record as to time. But to do so would probably cost $14,000,000 instead of the sums that have been actually bid, and this does not represent one cent of additional profit for carrying out the work under these conditions.

Far from the bid submitted showing an unwillingness on the part of private builders to push construction of new battleships, far from their consulting their own convenience, the fact is that all the bids submitted have been upon a very small margin of profit and at the sacrifice of very profitable merchant work. Indeed, the fact that any bids at all were made is due to the patriotism and loyalty of the shipbuilders, than whom no class of Americans is more eager to do its share in bringing about adequate national defense.

J. W. POWELL,
President Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation.

In Victory or Defeat.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In my humble but unqualified opinion this nation owes you a debt of gratitude it can never reimburse. You have hammered away incessantly, persistingly, insistently, and so convincingly in true American spirit to show the people why Hughes should not be elected and why Wilson should be elected. Now should President Wilson go down in defeat at the polls tomorrow the magnificently unbiased colors of his Administration as so vividly and correctly shown by you will stand out prominantly always as the brightest and best pages of history.

GEORGE P. WATKINS.
Lynchburg, Va., Nov. 6, 1916.

Australian Submarines' Long Trip

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue, replying to a correspondent, you gave several instances in which submarines other than the Deutschland had made considerable journeys under their own power. You omitted, however, the lengthiest journey of all, namely, that made by the Australian submarines A E-1 and A E-2. These boats, built in England, made the trip from Barrow to Sydney, a distance of 13,000 miles, under their own power and without convoy. This was over two years ago.

ALEXANDER DUANE.
New York, Nov. 3, 1916.

Carlstrom's Flight.

From The Harvard Illustrated.

The Harvard Illustrated congratulates THE TIMES on its inauguration of the Chicago-New York aeroplane flight. It is significant that the progressive TIMES originated the idea and carried it through so successfully. There are those of us who remember a paper that sent Stanley to Africa to find Livingstone, but there will be a great many more who will remember that THE NEW YORK TIMES made possible the first aeroplane flight from Chicago to New York.

Carlstrom is to be congratulated. He will make more flights. He will make speed records and non-stop records. We predict much for this daring young man. We wish him great good fortune. More flights and more records for Carlstrom.

Fifty Harvard students have pilot licenses. Many students here have spent Summers flying. Will Harvard take to running down to New York with HER for a dinner, a little dance, and back the same evening? Why not? The time will be under two hours, the trip like a roadster wide open and "hitting it up."

NOVEMBER.

There's a dream in your eyes, November—
When the wild duck wing their way,
From the blue north lakes to the cypress brakes,
Where the Spanish moss is gray—
Of roads that the winds remember
From the first dim dawn of day!

There's a speech on your lips, November,
That your migrant children know!
Ere the buried veins of the rock moraines
Were sunk in glacial snow,
They learned—and the wilds remember—
The Law of the Long Ago!

There's the hush on your heart, November,
Of a Mesozoic year!
From the Winyah, south, to the Cooper, mouth,
Do the iris wings appear—
For the Oolite spawn remember
That flight from the frozen fear!

KADRA MAYSI.

NO WARNING TO MEXICO.

British Embassy and Our State Department Contradict Reports.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Two denials were made today of the statement appearing in dispatches from Mexico City and also in an official statement by the Mexican Secretary of Relations, Candido Aguilar, to the effect that the British Embassy in Washington had warned the Mexican Government that a base was to be established for German submarines on the Mexican coast and Mexico would be held responsible for violation of neutrality if such a base should be permitted.

The State Department denied that such a warning had been forwarded to the Mexican Government from the British Embassy as was asserted. The British Embassy here denied that any warning or statement of any kind in regard to German submarines had been sent directly to the Mexican Government or had been given by the British Embassy in Mexico.

The only phase of the report that bears resemblance to fact is that this Government has suggested to the Mexican Government that precautions might well be taken to prevent a violation of neutrality on the part of Mexico by the operations of German submarines in the territorial waters of Mexico, or by the establishment of a naval base for maintaining submarine operations there. It was explained at the State Department that the purpose on the part of this Government was simply to convey in a friendly manner the information that an attempt might be made to conduct submarine operations against vessels of the belligereft countries now drawing oil fuel supplies from the Mexican oil fields. This seemed a wise course to take, in view of the disordered condition of affairs in Mexico and the wholly helpless state of the Mexican naval and military force in the face of such operations to prevent infringement of the rights of a neutral.

All information in the possession of this Government is to the effect that the Mexican authorities have no intention to allow Germany or any belligerem to undertake in Mexican waters submarine operations or any form of hostilities that would involve the maintenance within the Mexican boundaries of a naval base.

Mexico was a signatory to The Hague treaty defining the rights of neutrals, and will insist strictly on compliance with that agreement. It is expected that the Mexican Government will enforce against any wireless station attempting to communicate military intelligence to German vessels the same censorship that the United States Government has maintained over German wireless stations in this country. There are indications also that the Carranza Government, in an enlightened interpretation of strict neutrality, would enforce a censorship over not only wireless, but cable communication, which is susceptible of even more aggravated violations of neutrality.

Inquiries have been made of the Carranza Government, and of British and French Consuls in Mexico regarding the fate of the Americans reported murdered at Parral by Villista bandits, the State Department announced today. American Customs Collector Cobb at El Paso telegraphed the department today the killing of Dr. H. C. Fisher at Santa Rosalia had been reported to him as "rumor." No further dispatches regarding the fate of the Americans were received today.

Commenting on the reported murder of Dr. Fisher, department officials said he had been personally warned several times that it was unsafe for him to remain in Mexico, but that he had refused to heed the advice to leave.

NEW DEMANDS BY MEXICO.

Commission to Receive Another Request for Pershing's Recall.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 6.—Members of the Mexican section of the American Mexican Commission returned here suddenly today for an informal conference. The change of the original plans for a vacation until Friday was caused, it was believed, by the authorization from the Carranza de facto Government to make stronger demands for the withdrawal of the troops of General Pershing from Mexico. The proposals are now being drafted in more positive terms and will be placed before the American section when the commission reconvenes on Friday morning. Luis Cabrera refused to discuss the new turn of affairs tonight, declaring that the news would come from the Secretary of the Interior, Franklin K. Lane, at the proper time.

On being questioned about the reported German U-boat base off Mexico, Mr. Cabrera stated that his first knowledge of the charge came through newspapers tonight. He declared further that the matter was outside the province of the commission, although he expressed surprise that advices from Great Britain came through Mr. Lansing to Mexico rather than direct.

The Mexican Commissioners tonight said that the deliberations would come to an abrupt close with the election of Charles E. Hughes. One member of the party declared his belief that the defeat of President Wilson would bring trouble to Mexico.

DR. DEAN TALKS UPON ARMOR

Curator of Art Museum Uses a Model for Knight of Old.

Dr. Bashford Dean, curator of arms and armor of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, began a series of talks upon armor at the museum yesterday afternoon. He had as a model, one of the museum men, who was dressed in costumes of the different periods of the armor shown. The costumes were made for the occasion. The armor was put on over it and the living model showed how the knight in days of old was able to mount his horse, and he threw himself down upon the stage to illustrate to the audience the ease with which it was possible for an armored man to move. The costumes were made to resist the pressure of the armor when its wearer was in action.

The next lecture, on Thursday afternoon at 4:15, will be upon the making of armor, with an exhibition of the old tools, of which the museum has a fine collection. These belonged to a master armorer and were handed down in one family for generations. The lectures are free to the public.

VON BATOCKI SUPERSEDED.

Gen. Groener, Dictator of Economics, Will Handle Food Question.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—A Berlin dispatch forwarded by way of Copenhagen says the Berlin Post announces that General Groener, who, according to a recent report, was to become head of the Department of Munitions, will be made dictator of economics, with absolute power to deal with exports and imports and have control of the appointment of all officials connected with food questions.

According to the Post, Adolph von Batocki, President of the Food Regulation Board, probably will be placed under General Groener unless, "as expected," he prefers to retire.

SHACKLETON OFF TOMORROW

Explorer Will Sail for Australia on His Rescue Mission.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—Sir Ernest Shackleton, antarctic explorer, arrived here today. He will take passage Wednesday for Australia on his way to the south polar regions to rescue ten men of his shipwrecked expedition there.

With Shackleton is Captain Frank Worsley of New Zealand, Captain of the wrecked polar ship Endurance.

Judge Malone Back on the Bench.

Judge James T. Malone of General Sessions returned to the bench yesterday after an absence of a year due to illness, which confined him to St. Vincent's Hospital for a part of the time. He was received by District Attorney Swann and his staff, many of the members of which he had never met. It is believed that Judge Malone contracted his illness in Part VI., which is popularly known as "the pneumonia court," where he sat after several other judges had refused to occupy it. This courtroom has been condemned because of its dilapidated and unsanitary condition.

THE SECRET SERVICE BEGINS COAL INQUIRY

New York Police Aiding Federal Agents in Effort to Fix Price Rise Blame.

DETECTIVES VISIT DEALERS

All Information Obtained to be Given to District Attorneys of City—Collusion Suspected.

The Federal authorities in this district, under the direction of United States Attorney Marshall, and the local police, under the direction of Police Commissioner Woods, began yesterday an investigation of the sudden rise of the price of coal to $10 and $13 a ton, figures that are practically prohibitive to many of the poor. Mr. Marshall would not discuss his part of the inquiry, but it was learned that William M. Offley, who superintends special investigations for the Government, had a number of his men out making a survey of conditions in the coal market.

Other men were engaged in examining the books of the big coal-carrying railroads for the purpose of discovering how much coal had arrived here within the last two weeks, whether any attempt had been made to reduce the supply so that an excuse might be found for famine prices, whether there had been any shortage of coal at the source, and whether there was a scarcity of cars for carrying coal to this market.

Mr. Marshall is especially anxious to find out whether there has been any meeting of coal dealers here prior to the rise in the price. The Department of Justice, in an investigation made under similar conditions in 1886, discovered that a meeting of dealers had preceded the increase, and that the jump in price had been the result of an agreement. It was said that sufficient information had already been obtained to indicate that the rise in the price of coal was the result of a conspiracy.

Up to late yesterday afternoon it appeared to be certain that the big coal companies were not in any way responsible for the situation. The prices at the mines remain the same as before the retail prices were raised, and, so far as is known, there has been no increase in the freight rates. These facts were discovered by interrogating representatives of the companies and by investigations in the Newark, Trenton, and other New Jersey cities where the prices remain normal.

Commissioner Woods instructed his men to interview big and little coal dealers and to find out if possible whether any had taken part in a meeting of the trade within the last month, also to ascertain the condition of their coal supply as compared with the corresponding date last year, and any other information that might assist in accounting for the increase. When all of the facts are gathered they will be laid before the District Attorneys in each county of the city for such action as the facts warrant.

District Attorney Swann said yesterday that if any evidence was presented to him indicating a conspiracy on the part of the coal dealers he would proceed against the guilty ones immediately. In the meantime he will wait.

"It is not my business," he said, "to investigate a raise in the price of coal. But if it is shown that the raise in price was the result of a conspiracy it will be my duty to proceed against the conspirators and I will do so."

Assistant District Attorney Markewich, who will have charge of any prosecutions that may be begun against the dealers in this county, said information that had come to him indicated that both coal miners and distributers had violated the Federal anti-trust laws, particularly the Clayton act.

District Attorney Lewis of Kings County is conducting an inquiry of his own, and any evidence of a tangible nature that he uncovers will be submitted to a new Grand Jury, to be impaneled today.

There were signs yesterday that the coal dealers were disposed to put responsibility for conditions up to the jobbers. Frederick W. Saward, manager of The Coal Trade Journal, said there was no reason for the increase in price except the shortage in the supply, and that many of the dealers in this city whose storage facilities were limited had been obliged to pay whatever price was asked in order to meet the demands made upon them.

About twenty thousand tons of coal daily are shipped from Buffalo by water to points in the West. Mr. Saward did not think that the price in this city would become normal until navigation closed and these shipments ceased.

MAY INDICT COAL MEN.

Federal Investigators Find Evidence of Price-Raising Combination.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Attorney General Gregory today issued directions to United States District Attorneys in every part of the country to press vigorously their inquiry into the possible attempt by distributers and dealers in coal to increase prices in view of the alleged shortage of deliveries. The Department of Justice is intent on getting evidence of any attempt to manipulate the coal market at the expense of the consumer. Investigations already under headway have shown that dealers in many cities are endeavoring to force prices upward on the basis of the dearth of coal cars and the scant deliveries.

In some instances it has been shown that there were scores of coal cars standing for nearly a week in freight yards unloaded, and dealers were paying demurrage rather than expedite unloading. The inference has been that they were able to make more money by the delay than the demurrage cost them. In certain districts the reports received at the Department of Justice indicate that there is not such a shortage of coal cars as has been alleged, and that the congestion of eastbound freight due to shipment of war supplies has had no effect whatever on the number of available coal cars. Coal cars are not used in moving war supplies or general freight, and they are usually run in fixed circuits in a season, and are not likely to be diverted to far distant points, as box cars are.

It was said at the department today that it was not unlikely that indictments would be brought in some communities on evidence tending to show that dealers and shippers were in a combination to raise the price to the consumer.

The Department of Justice is also keeping a sharp watch on plans to increase the retail price of milk and bread in the large cities. The reports to the department do not indicate so clearly as in the case of coal that local dealers are making use of increased prices required by producers to put up the price to the consumer. There have been advances, it was said, but they are thus far apparently within the bounds of reason.

PLANS FOR MILK INQUIR

THE BOSTON OPERA COMPANY APPEARS

Giordano's "Andrea Chenier" Given at the Lexington Theatre.

A VOCIFEROUS PERFORMANCE

Excellent Singing of Zenatello and Baklanoff—Mme. Villani Makes Her First Appearance.

The Boston Opera Company, the organization formed by Mr. Max Rabinoff that bestowed a fortnight of opera on New York last season before the opening of the Metropolitan Opera House, will oblige in a similar manner this year, but the offering is reduced one-half. The company opened last evening at the Lexington Theatre an engagement of a week, with Umberto Giordano's "Andrea Chenier." The choice, both of the place and of the opera, may well have caused some surprise to those who could not wait for the opera to begin in Broadway, The Lexington Theatre is the house which Mr. Oscar Hammerstein built when the directors of the Metropolitan cruelly compelled him to keep his contract not to give opera at the Manhattan, and he announced that he would again give opera there. But he never gave opera there, and it was reserved for the Boston Opera Company to do so. It is an excellent auditorium for opera, though so inaccessible, for the acoustics are unusually good.

A large audience was provided for the opening night, and there was abundant enthusiasm, although those who have observed opening nights with judgment would not draw hasty conclusions therefrom as to the success of the Boston Opera Company's short season in New York.

"Andrea Chenier" is not well known to New York operagoers, though it has been performed here—first at that opera season at the Academy of Music, in 1896, that marked the end of Colonel J. H. Mapleson's long career as an impresario in New York; then, once only, at Mr. Hammerstein's Manhattan Opera, on the last night but one of the season of 1907-08. "Andrea Chenier" once seemed a conspicuous embodiment of the bold and unsettling innovations of the "young Italian school." The young Italian school of those days has become the middle-aged Italian school of these; and the opera makes considerably less stir now than it did then. The quickly pulsing, voluble, often violent utterance was not yet common operatic speech. The manner that once seemed strange, mordant, subtle, and telling in harmony, eloquent in melody is now familiar.

"Andrea Chenier," however, is still a work that can interest and attract; a better opera than the composer's "Fedora" or "Siberia" or "Mme. Sans-Gêne (heard here last season) in spontaneity and amplitude of musical expression. The libretto is well made and has points of emotional climax and dramatic effectiveness. The composer shows that variety, expeditiousness, and quickly shifting color in his orchestral treatment that his school cultivates. But he takes not infrequent opportunity to allow for development and enlargement in the lyric vein, which is not always the case in productions of this kind. There are a number of such passages that create an agreeable impression. Giordano's music is not remarkably original in this, any more than in his later operas; but there is a dramatic instinct in his treatment of the most significant scenes that make them uncommonly effective. The opera, on the whole, is worth hearing oftener than it is heard.

The performance last evening was more notable for energy and vociferation, and a certain crude dramatic vigor, than for any realization of the finer effects of the score. For this Mr. Moranzoni, the conductor-remembered for his conducting of last season's performances—was largely responsible. The orchestra under his baton often overpowered the singers, who made corresponding efforts to be heard.

There were several members of the cast who are known in New York. Chief among these is Mr. Zenatello, whose voice has gained in richness and quality, and who, as Andrea Chenier, sang with immense fervor, and also, whenever occasion offered, with discrimination. His efforts were most appreciated and most applauded; which was a pity, for the voice, when more artistically employed, is an extremely fine one, and encouragement should be given to such employment of it. George Baklanoff, now as last season, the principal baritone of the company, achieved some of the most artistic results of the performance, both in singing and acting, in his part of Gerard.

Luisa Villani, who took the leading soprano's part of Madeleine, was heard for the first time in New York, and disclosed a voice possessing several excellent qualities besides the prevailing one of power. It has a substantial dramatic fibre as well as an agreeable timbre; but unfortunately it is invaded by a strongly marked tremolo, greatly to its injury. Mme. Villani acted with the skill of experience and routine, if not often with the marks of genuine dramatic power.

THREE MILITARY WEDDINGS.

Misses Glover and Dulin and Mrs. Hill Among Brides of Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Three fashionable weddings of the week will be military affairs, with the usual prenuptial entertainments for the brides and bridegrooms. Major Thomas Holcomb, Jr., U. S. M. C., entertained a large company at dinner this evening at the Army and Navy Club. The marriage of Major Holcomb to Miss Beatrice Clover, daughter of Rear Admiral Richardson Clover, U. S. N., will take place at noon on Saturday at St. John's Church, Lafayette Square, in the presence of a large company.

Captain Ridley McLean, U. S. N., and Mrs. Olive Gale Hill, whose marriage is to take place Wednesday afternoon, were entertained at dinner this evening by Mr. and Mrs. George T. Dunlop.

Miss Beatrice Dulin, whose marriage to Lieutenant Herman Edward Fischer, U. S. N., will take place Wednesday in St. Thomas Church, was the honor guest this afternoon at a tea given by Mrs. Edgar J. Orme at the New Willard, and tomorrow will be entertained at luncheon at the Army and Navy Club by Miss Margaretta Tillman, daughter of Commander Edwin H. Tillman, U. S. N., Lieutenant Fischer, who is stationed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, will not arrive in town until tomorrow. Tomorrow evening Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Blair will entertain a large dinner party of young people, which is expected to include Miss Beatrice Clover and her fiance, also the Prince and Princess Boncompagni, the latter formerly Miss Margaret Draper, who are passing this week with Mrs. Draper, prior to sailing for Europe on Saturday.

Prince Boncompagni and his bride purpose going to Paris for a short stay and expect to arrive in Rome by Dec. 1, when the Prince will resume his service with the Cross of Malta, from which he received leave of absence to come to America to be married.

Brazilian Ambassador and Mme. da Gama have arrived from their Summer home at Long Branch and re-established their Embassy on Massachusetts Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Jordan Stabler, the former late of the American Embassy staff in London, have arrived in Washington to pass the winter. They have leased the residence on Jefferson Place.

Mr. and Mrs. James P. Paddock of California have leased the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George S. Becker, 1,700 Rhode Island Avenue, where they will be established in the present week.

Mrs. George Vanderbilt returned to town today from New York and is established for the Winter at her home, 1,112 K Street.

Mrs. George Merrill has arrived from New York, and, pending the reopening of her house on K Street, is at the Grafton.

General and Mrs. Medorem Crawford, who have returned to their home, 1,312 Nineteenth Street, after a residence abroad, will entertain at a large afternoon reception on Dec. 9 to present their daughter, Miss Dolores Crawford, to society.

Dr. and Mrs. Monroe Hopkins have issued invitations to a supper party on Nov. 30 following the debut reception of their daughter, Miss Anne Hopkins.

HASTEN THEIR MARRIAGE.

G. F. Gardner and Miss Solvay Wed Without Consulting Her Parents.

Guy Franklin Gardner, aged 23, and Miss Lucie Angele Solvay, aged 20, of Brooklyn, who had been engaged for some time, were married on Oct. 26, without consulting the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Solvay, who live in Borough Park. The latter knew of the engagement, but of late had opposed the match. So on Oct. 26 Miss Lucie walked into the office of the M. Garuner Pattern Model Works in Brooklyn, where her fiancé was in business with his father, and they decided to wed at once. They took Mr. Gardner, Sr., into their confidence, jumped into an automobile and went to the City Hall in New York and were married there, the bridegroom's father and one of the City and officials being the witnesses.

They then motored to the Gardner home at 160 Ocean Parkway, where they got a few articles of wearing apparel and then motored up the coast, returning the following Sunday. On Monday Mrs. Garuner, Sr., and her daughter-in-law went shopping for a new bridal outfit and the bride and bridegroom resumed their honeymoon by starting on a long motor tour through the northern part of the State.

Mrs. Gardner was educated chiefly in Brussels, Belgium, and was noted for her accomplishments as a harpist and paniste. She played before King Albert, who presented her with a gold medal as a token of his appreciation. Coming to Brooklyn with her parents three years ago she entered the Erasmus Hall High School and was graduated last June. She was the President of the French class, and also of the German. Her parents were informed by telephone of the wedding shortly after it took place.

Duchess de Richelieu's Recital.

The Duchess de Richelieu is to give a song recital for the benefit of the French tuberculous soldiers tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. H. McK. Twombly, Convent, N. J. Many prominent people are among the patronesses. Adrian Iselin of 36 Wall Street, is Treasurer of the relief committee.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 4th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 10.89 cents per pound.—Advt.

PRESIDENT INDORSES CIVIL SERVICE RULE

Would Include Postmasters of All Classes in the Law's Application.

PROMOTIONS TO FILL RANKS

Wilson Points to Reports of Mr. Burleson as Giving Views of the Administration.

In a letter to the National Civil Service Reform League, made public yesterday, President Wilson declared himself as favoring legislation providing for the appointment of Postmasters of all classes through competitive civil service examination. This is the President's letter:

Shadow Lawn, Nov. 4, 1916.

My Dear Sir: In reply to your letter of Sept. 26, I wish to state that the Postmaster General in his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, recommended to Congress the enactment of legislation which would permit of the extension of the classified civil service so as to include the position of Postmaster at offices of the third class. The following year he not only renewed this recommendation, but asked that the position of Postmaster at offices of the second class be included as well, but no action has ever been taken by Congress on these recommendations. In his annual report for the fiscal year just ended he will not only renew his recommendation for the legislation mentioned, but will ask that it be extended to offices of the first class as well.

I am thoroughly in accord with the recommendations of the Postmaster General, and they have my hearty approval. You understand, however, that the classification of the position does not classify the incumbent, and the person holding the position at the time it is classified will be subject to the same competitive test as others who may apply. When these positions are classified, the Postmaster General will be able to fill many of them by promotion from the clerical grades, also by the promotion of Postmasters who have demonstrated their ability from a smaller office to one of greater importance. Sincerely yours,

WOODROW WILSON.

Mr. George T. Keyes, Secretary, Civil Service Reform League, New York City.

Last week Charles E. Hughes, Republican nominee for President, indorsed the same legislation.

MOB A WOMAN CAMPAIGNER.

Broadway Hoodlums Tear Down Mrs. Zeisloft's Hughes Posters.

Mrs. Elizabeth Zeisloft of 51 East Twenty-fifth Street, Chairman of the Volunteer Women's Hughes League, started what she termed a silent Hughes demonstration at Broadway and Forty-seventh Street yesterday afternoon while a Wilson-Seabury meeting was in progress on the opposite corner. She had stood large boxes, surrounded by a high framework, on which hung pictures of Charles E. Hughes and painted inscriptions advancing reasons why Hughes should be elected.

A crowd soon gathered about the platform, and many came from the other meeting, but they seemed to be hostile to the placards which Mrs. Zeisloft held up, one after another, for them to read. Several hundred persons yelled, screamed, whistled and uttered catcalls for half an hour. As the crowd grew its political enthusiasm got the better of its chivalry and men and women rushed to the stand to pull down the placards, and Mrs. Zeisloft was thrown to the street.

She fell screaming, while men and boys tore at the pictures of the Presidential candidate, the placards, and the framework. The crowd then noticed that from an office on the second floor of the Strand Building a motion picture operator had been recording the scene, and with cheers of "Vote for Wilson, not for Hughes," the demolition of the stand was completed.

Reserves from the West Forty-seventh Street Station arrived, but Mrs. Zeisloft was unable to identify her assailants. She had a better-humored audience last night, however, when she addressed the crowd.

Miss Marshall to Wed Nov. 23.

Miss Sarah Elliott Marshall, daughter of S. Duncan Marshall of 150 East Eighty-first Street, and Charles Van Zandt Dirichsen of this city are to be married on Thursday afternoon, Nov. 23, at 4 o'clock, in the Church of the Transfiguration. The Rev. Dr. George C. Houghton is to officiate. Ferdinand Van Zandt Didrichsen is to serve as his brother's best man.

The wedding is to be a quiet one, and will be followed by a reception at the home of the bride for the immediate families.

On returning from their bridal trip Mr. Didrichsen and his bride will reside at 61 West Tenth Street.

Miss Ida Gottlieb Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Gottlieb of 207 West 110th Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ida Gottlieb, to Alexander Blau of the firm of Berger & Blau. Mr. Blau is the son of Julius Blau. Mr. Gottlieb is a retired manufacturer. The marriage will be celebrated at an early date.

Ullman-Wolburg Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. David I. Ullman of 485 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Ullman, to David B. Wolburg, son of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Wolburg of 61 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn. No date has been set for the wedding.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Some of the Passengers for Liverpool—The Arrivals.

The steamship Finland, sailing today for Liverpool, will have among her passengers:

H. D. Arnold, Frank Baer, Charles B. Bazzoni, F. Ha Beach, Harold W. Beardsley, Mr. and Mrs. William Cameron, W. D. Caruso, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Conner, C. W. Cook, C. L. Daly, Richard Dennison, Donald E. Dodge, Mrs. A. Z. Drake, Miss Frances Dwyer, P. E. Eyres, G. E. Folk, G. M. Fame, Captain S. Gowan, S. S. Hayes, J. H. Kearsley, Clement T. Lauer, George McIntosh, H. S. McKeag, Mrs. W. D. McDougall, Mrs. D. L. S. Maclaren, J. J. Murphy, Mrs. James Hope Nelson, Mrs. Edgar Paxton, P. A. Rieschke, S. C. Sofio, J. R. Sofio, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Irwin Taylor, William C. Taylor, Miss M. E. Thornhill, M. C. Van Amberg, Major and Mrs. S. H. Wadhams, John I. Waterbury, Miss Gladys F. Waterbury, James G. Whitelaw, A. C. Wood, and the Misses K. and T. Wylde.

The steamship California arrived yesterday from Glasgow, and among the passengers were:

Mrs. Eliza Jamison, Mrs. Helen Douglas, Thomas Davie, James Wood, Miss Marion Bain, Mrs. Janet Barclay, Miss P. L. Butcher, Mrs. M. H. Butcher, Miss Ina G. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Scott Dickson, Mrs. A. R. Donaldson, Miss Elizabeth Ferguson, Mrs. M. H. Hinchcliffe, Miss Helen C. Imrie, Mrs. Jane Martin, Mrs. Elizabeth Nell, Mrs. Ellen Ralph, Mrs. Marjory Rodger, John Stinson, and Miss Annie W. Swankie.

Election Day Only--

A Special Sale of New Player-Pianos

The several styles and makes of players offered at the special price of $440 for today are worth up to $550. They are the very latest style, with every improvement, and are especially recommended for their excellent tone and perfect player mechanism..... $440

12 Rolls of Music and Fine Bench with Player

Terms to suit your convenience

A Limited Number of NEW PIANOS $210

Every instrument was selected for its tone quality, handsome case design and beautiful veneer.

$1.50 Weekly

Liberal Allowance for Old Pianos Taken in Exchange

KNABE

Warerooms, 5th Ave. & 39th St.

Victor Records—Rythmodik Music Rolls

DIAMONDS

The finer grades only

Theodore A. Kohn & Son

JEWELLERS 221 Fifth Avenue at 26th Street

18,176 COLUMBIA STUDENTS.

Enrollment Exceeds Expectations of Faculty by More Than 3,000.

A registration of 18,176 students at Columbia this Fall again makes the university the largest in the world. The official figures, as of Nov. 1, were announced yesterday. They exceeded all expectations, and the Trustees admitted last night that, in their budget, they provided for only 15,000 students.

The total enrollment includes the Summer session registration of 8,023. There are, however, 11,912 students attending the Fall term of the various departments of the university, including the College of Physicians and Surgeons and the College of Pharmacy.

The registration of Columbia College has made such rapid gains that now Hamilton Hall will hardly accommodate the college students, the enrollment there this year being 1,294 students, as against 1,118 last Fall. In Barnard College 699 students are enrolled, as compared with 656 last Fall. A new building is being erected for Barnard students.

The Trustees announced an anonymous gift of $25,000 to the Columbia Dental School, which will be applied to the $1,000,000 endowment fund the university is endeavoring to raise. Other gifts brought the total announced to $41,000.

AGNES ROBERTSON DEAD.

Once Famous Actress, the Widow of Dion Boucicault, Dies at 83.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Mrs. Dion Boucicault, the British actress, who played under her maiden name of Agnes Robertson and appeared often in the United States, died in London today.

Mrs. Boucicault was born in Edinburgh on Christmas Day and was in her eighty-fourth year. She was a daughter of Thomas Robertson, an art publisher, and made her début at the age of 10. Later she played in Edinburgh and Manchester, where she appeared with Fanny Kemble and Macready. Not long after she became associated with the Terry family and played with Kate Terry as one of the murdered Princes in "Richard III."

After reaching London Mrs. Boucicault joined Charles Kean's company, and it was during this period that she was married. She shared his brilliant career, and it is said that Queen Victoria went three times in two weeks to see her play with him in "The Vampire." Mrs. Boucicault was known for her interpretation of the rôle of the neroines in "The Colleen Bawn," "The Octoroon," and "The Shaughran," in which she toured Canada and the United States. Her first visit to New York was during October, 1853, and during the latter sixties she made another visit. She had been retired for twenty years. Mrs. Boucicault was the mother of three children, Dion, Aubrey, and Nina Boucicault. Aubrey Boucicault died here in the Summer of 1913.

Captain James McAllister.

Captain James McAllister, founder of the old Greenpoint Lighterage Company, which has since been merged in the firm of McAllister Brothers and controls more than 100 boats in the lighterage business in New York Harbor, died yesterday at his home, 1,294 President Street, Brooklyn. Mr. McAllister was born in Ireland seventy-two years ago and had lived in Brooklyn for half a century. At the time of his death he was general manager of the firm he founded and was also President and general manager of the McAllister Dry Dock and Shipyard Company at Port Richmond, S. I. He left a widow, five sons and five daughters.

Professor Arthur G. Smith.

Professor Arthur G. Smith, in charge of the department of astronomy and mathematics at the University of Iowa, died on Sunday in Iowa City, Iowa, in his forty-seventh year. For fifteen years he was the representative of Iowa University at the Western Intercollegiate Conference Board and twice served as Chairman of the board. Professor Smith was born in Wayne, Iowa, and was graduated from the University of Iowa in 1891.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN H. POTTER, head of the shipping department of Johnson & Johnson of this city, died yesterday at his home in New Brunswick, N. J.

RICHARD B. BURBIDGE, a veteran of the civil war, during which he served with Company A and E of the Third New Jersey Volunteer Infantry, died yesterday in the Home for Disabled Soldiers, in Kearny, N. J., in his seventy-eighth year.

CHRISTIAN SEASSER, a private in Company G, Thirty-ninth New Jersey Volunteer Infantry during the civil war, died yesterday in the Home for Disabled Soldiers, in Kearny, N. J., in his seventy-seventh year.

WILLIAM R. BINGHAM, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Bingham of East Orange, N. J., died on Sunday night at his home in Schenectady, N. Y., in his thirty-fourth year.

EDWARD M. HILL, proprietor for many years of the Swartswood Hotel in Newton, N. J., died there yesterday in his fifty-first year.

JACOB COZINE, an old-time farmer of the New Lots section of Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 968 New Lots Road, in his eighty-third year. Mr. Cozine was at one time Highways Commissioner of the old town of New Lots and for many years served as a member of the Board of School Commissioners of the town, and later as a member of the Board of Education of the old City of Brooklyn. He was an Elder of the New Lots Dutch Reformed Church, and a member of the St. Nicholas Society.

FRANK LEE GORDON, formerly a resident of Brooklyn, and a member of the Walden Choral Society, died on Sunday at his home in Walden, Orange County, N. Y., aged 56 years.

Mrs. ELIZABETH HAYWARD, 70 years old, long a member of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Mary of the Immaculate Conception, died last Saturday at her home, 99 Devoe Street, Brooklyn. She is survived by two sons, David and Philip Hayward, and two daughters, Sister Norberta of the Order of St. Joseph, and Elizabeth Hayward.

JULIUS KINNEY, who was one of the first policemen appointed by the old Village Trustees of Flushing, L. I., died in Norfolk, Va., on Saturday while on a visit to his brother, Mr. Kinney was 86 years old, and formerly for many years lived in Flushing.

ROBERT VINCENT POWERS, a civil war veteran and retired florist, died at the home of his daughter, 61 Division Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday, aged 78 years. Mr. Powers served in the navy during the war.

WILLIAM A. HAWGOOD, 53 years old, for many years a prominent Great Lakes vessel owner and broker, died in Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday.

FRANK BILLINGHEIMER, proprietor of a cigar stand in the New York Consolidated Stock Exchange Building for forty-three years, died on Saturday at his home, 54 Morningside Avenue, in his seventy-first year.

Mrs. ANNABELLA MANSFIELD, widow of James R. Mansfield, a ship chandler here, died on Saturday at her home in Great Kills, S. I., in her seventy-second year.

PHILIP BRAENDER, President of the Braender Rubber and Tire Company of Rutherford, N. J., and of the Braender Building and Construction Company of New York, died on Saturday at his home in White Plains in his sixty-eighth year.

WILLIAM C. MELDRUM, proprietor of a billposting business in Westchester County, died on Sunday at his home in Yonkers in his sixty-first year.

SCOTT MAXWELL, President of the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association, died on Saturday in the Wentworth Hospital, in Dover, N. H., in his sixty-second year.

EDWARD J. O'BRIEN, President of the firm of M. O'Brien & Son, produce merchants, died on Sunday at his home, 600 West 143d Street, in his sixty-eighth year.

WALLACE DOWD BARKLEY, a wholesale stationer and printer of this city, died yesterday at his home in Stamford, Conn.

Captain CHARLES CHASEY, who retired ten years ago after being a member of the Life Guards for thirty years, died yesterday in Philadelphia in his sixtieth year.

GEORGE HUNTINGTON WEBSTER, a retired manufacturer and banker, died on Sunday, at his home in Chicago in his seventy-ninth year. He was a former President of the Chicago Savings Bank and Trust Company.

Miss IRENE ACKERMAN, actress and author and founder of the Literary and Dramatic Union, died early yesterday morning at her home, 32 North Avenue, Mount Vernon, in her forty-sixth year. She was born here, and made her first appearance at the Fifth Avenue Theatre in 1870. Miss Ackerman was best known for her appearance as Mercedes in "Monte Cristo."

VOTE EARLY!

The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning and remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Voters can find their voting places through the Election Notices printed elsewhere in THE TIMES this morning.

WM. HARRIS DIES AT SEA.

Veteran Chief Steward of the St. Louis Was on His Last Voyage.

William Harris, for the last fourteen years chief steward of the American liner St. Louis, which arrived here last Sunday, died on Monday, Oct. 30, when the ship was two days out from Liverpool. He was in his sixty-seventh year and had served for fifty years at sea, forty-five of which were spent with the old Inman Line and its successor, the American Line.

During his long career he had become known to many thousands of traveling Americans, including members of the Vanderbilt, Morgan, Gould, Astor, Belmont, and other New York families. Many of these traveled on the St. Paul, of which he was chief steward for many years. When he first joined the Inman Line the vessels were of the old single-screw type, with oil lamps, and seldom larger than 3,000 tons. In those days the passengers ate at long tables in the cabin, at either end of which the Captain and chief engineer did the carving.

This was to have been Mr. Harris's last voyage. He would have been retired on his arrival here, and a pension had been awarded to him by President P. A. S. Franklin of the International Mercantile Marine Company for his long and faithful service. The body was brought here and was sent to Trenton, N. J., where he made his home, for burial. Twelve members of the crew of the St. Louis will attend his funeral today and will bring wreaths from the Baltic, Finland, St. Louis, and the shore staff of the company. Mr. Harris's wife and two daughters survive him.

Edward H. Clift.

Edward H. Clift, a member of the firm of Clift & Goodrich, commission merchants, 80 Leonard Street, and First Vice President of the American Protective League, died on Sunday at his home, 375 Park Avenue, in his sixty-sixth year. He had represented the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers before the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives in connection with the formulation of the tariff.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

GILBERT—NORRIS.—On Saturday, Nov. 4, at Elnoris Farms, Carmel, N. Y., by the Rev. James Weber of Yonkers, Julia Evelyn Norris to Barrett Clark Gilbert.

SKINNER—MACRAE.—At West New Brighton, Nov. 4, by the Rev. E. J. Russell, Gladys, daughter of Mrs. John Macrae, to Alanson B. Skinner.

Brooklyn.

FOGARTY—SKELLEY.—Nov. 14, Marion E. Skelley to Dr. Ralph Fogarty.

RACKETT—BLACK.—Nov. 6, Florence A. Black to Edwin M. Rackett.

Died.

BARKLEY.—On Sunday, Nov. 5, 1916, in his 59th year, Wallace Dowd Barkley, son of the late Hugh and Phoebe P. Barkley. Funeral private, from his late residence at Stamford, Conn.

GINGHAM.—Suddenly at Schenectady, N. Y., Nov. 5, 1916, William Rutherford Bingham, in his 34th year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his father, David Bingham, 59 North Walnut St., East Orange, N. J., on Tuesday, Nov. 7, at 2:30 P. M.

BLATT.—On Sunday, Nov. 5, in his 78th year, Samuel, beloved husband of Matilda, (nee Pollack,) and our dear father. Funeral from his late residence, 1,221 Park Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 8, at 10 A. M. Relatives and friends, also members of Ahawath Chesed Shaar Hashomayim of New York, and New York Isaiah Lodge No. 1, I. O. B. B., are invited to attend. Kindly omit flowers.

BRAENDER.—At his home, White Plains, N. Y., Nov. 4, Philip, beloved husband of Lizzie Braender, nee Bentz, in his 65th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 20 North Broadway, on Wednesday at 4 P. M. Interment at convenience of party. Members of Peconic Lodge, No. 617, F. and A. M., also members of Arion Society of New York, are invited.

BRYAN.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York.—With regret announcement is made of the death on Nov. 5 of Eugene Bryan, a member of this society.

ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

BUCKLEY.—On Sunday, Nov. 5, 1916, James E., beloved husband of Margaret Carr Buckley, at his residence, North Liberty St., Ridgewood, N. J. Funeral Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock from the Church of Mt. Carmel, Ridgewood N. J., where a solemn requiem mass will be sung. Interment Hohokus, N. J. Hartford and Los Angeles papers please copy.

CLIFT.—After a short illness, at his residence, 375 Park Av., New York City, on Sunday, Nov. 5, 1916, Edward H. Clift, in his 65th year. Funeral service at St. Agnes's Chapel, 92d St. and Columbus Av., on Tuesday, Nov. 7, at 1 o'clock P. M. Interment private.

CLIFT.—The American Protective Tariff League announces with deep regret the death of its Acting President, Mr. Edward H. Clift. Funeral services will be held on Tuesday, Nov. 7, at 1 o'clock P. M., at St. Agnes's Chapel, 92d St. and Columbus Av.

All members are officially requested to attend. JOSEPH R. GRUNDY, Acting President.

A. D. JUILLIARD, Chairman Executive Committee.

DONAHUE.—Nov. 6, 1916, Martin Emmet, in the 54th year of his age. Funeral private. Interment in Norwich, Conn.

DUNCAN.—Minna. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th and 67th, (Campbell Bldg.,) Tuesday morning, 9 o'clock.

FALK.—Zachariah Falk, in his 86th year, beloved husband of Emma Einstein and father of Tracy, Malcolm, and Edna Sundheimer. Funeral from his late residence, 148 West 95th St., at convenience of family. Savannah (Ga.) and Charleston (S. C.) papers please copy.

FISH.—At Mt. Kisco, N. Y., on Nov. 6, 1916, Annie L. Fish. Funeral from the residence of her son, Wallace Fish, Mt. Kisco, on Wednesday, Nov. 8, at 2:30 P. M.

FRASER.—On Saturday afternoon, Nov. 4, at New Marlboro, Mass., in the 39th year of his age, Lewis H. D. Fraser, husband of Adeline Boyd Fraser and only son of Horatio N. and Nellie D. Fraser of 218 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

FRIEDMAN.—Nov. 5, after a short illness, William, son of the late Arnold and Wilhelmina Friedman. Funeral private. Green Bay, Wis., papers please copy.

GORDON.—Nov. 5, 1916, Frank Lee, husband of the late Bertha Houseman Gordon, aged 56 years. Services at the residence of his brother, Winfield S. Gordon, 470 58th St., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock.

GREVE.—Entered into rest at his home, Babylon, L. I., Nov. 4, Henry W. Greve in his 81st year. Funeral services at his late home, Babylon, on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Carriages will meet train leaving Flatbush Av. depot 12:50 P. M.

GROSS.—On Sunday, Nov. 5, 1916, Rose Gross, beloved wife of E. J. Gross. Funeral from her late residence, 304 North Fullerton Av., Montclair, N. J., on Tuesday, Nov. 7, at 2 P. M.

HICOK.—Calvin D., Guiding Star Lodge, No. 565, F. & A. M.: The Master announces the death of Rt. Wor. Bro. Calvin D. Hicok, P. D. D. G. M., and requests the brethren to attend Masonic funeral services, to be held at his late residence, 360 East 193d St., Tuesday, Nov. 7, at 8 P. M. By order

JOSEPH L. LOCKHART, Master.

Attest: R. M. HACKER, Secretary.

HITCHCOCK.—Mrs. Elizabeth H., widow of Burritt Hitchcock of New Haven, on Nov. 6, at her home, 901 West 168th St., New York City. She is survived by her daughter, Miss Jessica E. Beers. Funeral services will be held at the above address on Nov. 8 at 9:30 A. M. Buffalo papers please copy.

HOAG.—Henry Francis Hoag, elder son of Russell and Edith G. Hoag, formerly of Brooklyn, died on Wednesday, Nov. 1, at his home in Elmsford, N. Y.

JONES.—On Nov. 5, Geraldine, dearly beloved daughter of Mary and the late Charles Jones. Funeral from her late residence, 53 West 51st St., Wednesday, Nov. 8, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Patrick's Cathedral, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

LAWSON.—On Nov. 6, 1916, at St. Luke's Hospital, Lelia C., daughter of the late M. Allison, of New York City, and widow of Charles Rudolf Lawson of Halifax, Novia Scotia. Funeral service at the chapel of St. Luke's Hospital, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment Greenwood.

McALLISTER.—On Monday, Nov. 6, Captain James, aged 72 years. Funeral from his late residence, 1,294 President Street, Brooklyn, Thursday, Nov. 9, thence to St. Ignatius's Church, Brooklyn, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered at 10:30 A. M.

MARTIN.—Henry, on Nov. 4, formerly with B. Altman & Co. Funeral from the Chapel of Thomas F. Dunne, 887 Lexington Av., Tuesday, Nov. 7, 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Patrick's Cathedral, where mass of requiem will be offered at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

Died.

NICHOLS.—On Sunday morning, Nov. 5, Frederica A., beloved wife of George E. Nichols, in her 69th year. Funeral services at All Angels' Church, West End Av. and 81st St., on Tuesday morning, Nov. 7, at 11 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

O'CONNOR.—At her home, 2 Prospect St., New Rochelle, Mrs. Catherine O'Connor, wife of the late William O'Connor. Funeral from the Church of the Blessed Sacrament on Tuesday at 9 A. M. Interment New Brunswick, N. J. Kindly omit flowers.

REID.—On Nov. 4, 1916, after a brief illness, Florence Lockwood Reid, beloved wife of William H. Reid and daughter of the late Frederick W. and Amelia B. Lockwood. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, New Canaan, Conn., Tuesday, Nov. 7, 1916, at 3:30 P. M. Conveyances will meet train at Stamford leaving New York at 2:04 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

REYNOLDS.—At his late residence, 131 Woodland Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., Nov. 6, 1916, Edward B. Reynolds, son of the late Elkanah M. and Sarah S. Reynolds. Funeral strictly private. Kindly omit flowers.

ROTH.—Suddenly, Nov. 5, 1916, Katharina, beloved wife of John Roth. Services at her late residence, 365 East 22d St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Nov. 8, at 1 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

STYLES.—At her residence, Sunnyside, Richfield Springs, N. Y., on Nov. 4, 1916, Mary Louise, widow of Samuel De Witt Styles. The funeral services will be held at St. Agnes's Chapel, Trinity Parish, West 92d St., near Columbus Av., on Tuesday morning, Nov. 7, 1916, at 10 o'clock. Friends are invited.

SWAN.—Suddenly on Monday, Nov. 6, 1916, Cordelia E. Swan. Friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 45 Fort Greene Place on Wednesday evening, Nov. 8, at 7:30 P. M. Maine papers please copy.

VATET.—On Nov. 4, Philippine Lasalle Vatet, in her 89th year. Funeral services private. Kindly omit flowers.

VERDI.—Nov. 4, Vincenzo Verdi, aged 83, beloved father of Rose, Raffaella, Carmelia, Francis M., Agnes, Joseph B., and Thomas. Funeral services Tuesday, 10 A. M., Church of the Most Sacred Blood.

BUCKLES.—James, 150 West 17th St., Nov. 5. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CASEY.—Louis E., 207 West 24th St., Nov. 5. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

COMRIE.—William J., Nov. 5, aged 70. Funeral 1,705 2d Av., today, 2 P. M.

CONCANNON.—Thomas, 424 West 48th St., Nov. 5. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

COUNIHAN.—Patrick, 1,492 Amsterdam Av., Nov. 4. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

COYLE.—John, Vermilyea Av. and Dyckman St. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

DOMSCHAT.—Mary, Nov. 4, aged 37. Funeral 82 Stanton St., today, 10:30 A. M.

DONNELLY.—Bessie, 434 West 49th St., Nov. 5. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DWYER.—Joseph M., 309 West 44th St., Nov. 5. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

FLAHERTY.—May A., 407 West 18th St., Nov. 5. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

GRUBERT.—Charles E., 468 Hoe Av., Bronx, Nov. 5. Funeral service tomorrow.

HOEY.—William J., Bellevue Hospital, Nov. 4. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HUSSEY.—Edward, Jr., 2,413 2d Av., Nov. 5, aged 6. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KLINKERFUSS.—William F., 1,727 Van Buren St., Bronx, Nov. 4. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LYNCH.—James, 763 Washington St., Nov. 4, aged 21. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

McENTEE.—Bernard, 434 West 52d St., Nov. 5. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

McNAMARA.—Winifred, Nov. 5. Funeral 347 East 55th St., today, 10 A. M.

MAGEE.—Mary, West New Brighton, S. I., Nov. 5. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

MARKENDORFF.—Bernard, Nov. 4. Funeral 2,062 7th Av., today, 2 P. M.

MILLER.—Albert, Nov. 4, aged 60. Funeral 8th Av. and 18th St. today, 10 A. M.

MILLER.—George, 1,343 Webster Av., Bronx, Nov. 5.

O'BRIEN.—Edward J., 600 West 141st St., Nov. 5. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

REGENSBERG.—Jacob, 960 Faile St., Nov. 5, Funeral today, 10 A. M.

REILLY.—Peter, 74 West 89th St., Nov. 5. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

WESTPHAL.—Metta, Springville, S. I., Nov. 5, aged 76. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

WHALEN.—Richard, 1,027 3d Av., Nov. 3.

WILLIAMS.—Hattie, 307 West 142d St., Nov. 4. Funeral private.

WILSON.—Annie, 187 East 111th St., Nov. 5. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BROWN.—Jane, 4,512 17th Av., Nov. 4. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

Died.

CHRISTIAN.—Edna D., Jewish Hospital, Nov. 5. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CLINCH.—Mary

INTERESTING BATTLES SCHEDULED FOR NEW YORK FOOTBALL FIELDS TODAY

LOCAL FRAYS RULE ON GRIDIRON TODAY

Election Day Football Interest Centres in the Fordham-Georgetown Game Here.

COLUMBIA FACES STEVENS

Blue and White Expects to Win—N. Y. U. Meets Bucknell—Schools Also Play.

Football in New York Today.

COLLEGE GAMES.

Fordham vs. Georgetown at Fordham Field at 3 P. M.
Columbia vs. Stevens at SouthField at 3 P. M.
New York University vs. Bucknell at Ohio Field at 3 P. M.

SCHOOL GAMES.

High School of Commerce vs. Morris High School at Polo Grounds at 2:30 P. M.
Brooklyn Prep. vs. Poly Prep. at Washington Park, Brooklyn.
Boys' High School vs. Commercial High School at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn.
Manual Training High School vs. Erasmus High School at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn.

Six college football teams will clash this afternoon in Election Day gridiron struggles in this city, and one of them at least, by all tradition, promises as hard fought and as bitter a struggle as might be waged in one of the big stadiums of some of the larger institutions. This contest will bring together Fordham and Georgetown for the thirty-fifth annual battle at Fordham Field. Columbia's band of warriors will face the sturdy team from Stevens Institute on South Field, while at Ohio Field New York University will engage the Bucknell eleven. On the school gridirons four games are scheduled, and in the local championship series in each of the boroughs, much is dependent on the results. Morris High School and Commerce will match strength at the Polo Grounds, Brooklyn Prep and Poly Prep will clash at Washington Park, and at Ebbets Field Boys' High plays Commercial and Erasmus will battle with Manual Training.

If the past struggles between the two may be taken as a basis of comparison, the contest between the two rival Catholic colleges, Fordham and Georgetown, will be well worth seeing. Alumni of the two colleges in this city, together with the undergraduates of the two colleges, have already spoken for more than 5,000 seats.

Both Teams Confident.

Georgetown attained a crowning glory when she vanquished Dartmouth. The one black mark on the Georgetown escutcheon is the defeat by the Navy in the first game of the season. Fordham points with pride to the fact that her goal line has not yet been crossed by hostile clans, while two victories grace the credit side of the season's record.

The Bronx rooters were particularly pleased last night when Frank Gargan, the chief coach, announced that the same team that defeated Susquehanna 47 to 0 would oppose the Blue and Gray today. At the last minute in secret practice yesterday he put Treanor and Sweetland back into the regular line-up in place of Dempsey and Perkins, who have been playing in their positions in this practice last week. The return of both the deposed men was the result of the game fight they have made to win back their places.

The teams will line up as follows:

Fordham.	Position.	Georgetown.
Cantwell	L. E.	Quack
Caddell	L. T.	McCarthy
May	L. G.	Showalter
Treanor	C.	Anderson
Feeney	R. G.	Green
Lewe	R. T.	O'Connor
Corcoran	R. E.	Whelan
McNamara	Q. B.	Mahoney
Erwig	L. H. B.	Gilroy
Sweetland	R. H. B.	McMonagle
O'Connell	F. B.	Wall

Referee—Mr. Saunders, Columbia. Umpire—Mr. Kirberger, W and J. Lineman—Mr. Bergman, Princeton.

Columbia Hopes High.

After having held Williams to a scoreless game Columbia does not expect Stevens to prove a troublesome visitor at South Field. The Institute men are fifteen pounds lighter in the line and four of the best players will be missing, but the team is prepared to make the Blue and White fight hard. And yet Columbia will probably not be overstocked with confidence in view of what happened when the Little team from Union came down and humbled the Morningside collegians. Columbia will try out several changes in line-up this afternoon.

After two weeks of practice as a back field man, including one game, Joe Brown, veteran centre, has been shifted again to the centre of the rush line, where he will start the game. Goldberg, Brown's understudy as centre rush, will play right tackle today, the place regularly occupied by Buddy Wilber. Wilber was called to the northern part of the State last week on family business, and, although he was on the drilling field yesterday, he will be kept in reserve for this game.

The probable line-up:

Columbia.	Position.	Stevens.
Kennedy	L. E.	Hopkins
Healy	L. T.	Ford
Donaldson	L. G.	Etzel
Brown	C.	Johnson
Cleveland	R. G.	Moeller
Goldberg	R. T.	Stockhart
Cochran	R. E.	Lofquist
J. Rosen or McCabe	Q. B.	Musk
Monroe	L. H. B.	Peter
Dunn	R. H. B.	Goodale
I. T. Rosen	F. B.	Stone

Referee—Fred Murphy, Brown. Umpire—David Fultz, Brown. Linesman—Ed Thorp, De La Salle. Field Judge—W. A. Okeson, Lehigh.

Bucknell Is Crafty.

Although defeated overwhelmingly by Princeton last Saturday, Bucknell should give New York University a stiff contest. The Lewisburg collegians are crafty and worked many trick plays in the third quarter against the Tigers.

In a short practice yesterday the New York University football team closed its preparation for the game. The workout consisted mainly of a signal drill, with special emphasis on new formations. To further help the Violet Coach Eustis had the scrubs playing Bucknell formations so that the Varsity might have a chance to work out defensive measures.

The probable line-up will be:

N. Y. U.	Position.	Bucknell.
Cahill	L. E.	McDermott
Hoffman	L. T.	Peale
House	L. G.	Cockill
Brin	C.	Gilbert
Potterey	R. G.	White
Sollower	R. T.	Baker
Egan	R. E.	Banks
Mackenzie	Q.	Waddell
Cann	L. H. B.	Hendren
Wechsler	R. H. B.	Baldorf
Bernstein	F. B.	Hooper

Two games of near championship calibre will be played in the local football fields this afternoon. For the first time this season the Morris High School eleven will meet a local team, the High School of Commerce aggregation at the Polo Grounds. Commerce is out of the running for the Manhattan title, while Morris remains in the hunt by virtue of not having met Stuyvesant, De Witt Clinton, or Commerce.

The Brooklyn championship probably will be decided in the Brooklyn Prep and Poly Prep contest at Washington Park. Both of these schools have gone undefeated to date. Brooklyn Prep has been victorious in five games and Poly Prep in three, each school running up big scores in all of their contests. There will be a double header at Ebbets Field, with Boys' High playing Commercial and Erasmus Hall meeting Manual Training High.

VOTE EARLY!

The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning and remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Voters can find their voting places through the Election Notices printed elsewhere in THE TIMES this morning.

CRIMSON WORKOUT IS HARD.

Regulars Have Strenuous Day, Few Having Played Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 6.—As Harvard's regular rush line and only one of the regular back field men played for about half the Virginia game, the Crimson did not have the usual Monday lay-off today. With the Princeton game coming Saturday and with a light drill on the card Friday, four days, including today, are all that remain to put the team on edge. The scrimmaging this afternoon was not very long, to be sure, but brisk while it lasted. The substitutes scored early on a thirty-seven-yard drop kick by Bond, but later the regulars put on speed and rushed practically all the way up the field for a touchdown.

The regulars also showed a good defense against line plays, and took the ball from the substitutes on downs on the ten-yard line. Captain Dadman was back in the midst of the play today, taking his old place at guard on the left side of the line. Clark, therefore, went back to his old place at right guard, and will play there in the Princeton game.

Snow was not out today, but is not seriously hurt, and will doubtless be in shape to substitute against the Tigers. Robinson, who has done the most quarter back work with the Varsity this year is still on the sick list, and Murray, who did so well against Virginia, was running the team. Murray will be groomed for the Princeton game, and it is not unlikely that he will start. Robinson may be out tomorrow, but it is not known how soon he will be ready for hard football.

Minot, who has succeeded Horween as the Harvard kicker owing to an injury to the regular man, worked in the back field today with Thacher and Casey. This combination provides no specially effective line plunging back, and is another indication that Harvard may be expected to play much open football against the Jerseymen. Moseley Taylor, who has done little hard work since the Tufts game, got back for a short time today. He was used at centre, substituting for Harris. Last year Taylor was first substitute centre as well as substitute guard, and if he picks up centre play fast it is at least an even guess that he will be in the position regularly by the time of the Yale game.

NO LETUP FOR THE TIGERS.

Speedy Rush Starts Strenuous Preparations for Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 6. — There was plenty of hard work for the Tigers this afternoon and, contrary to the usual Monday procedure, a lively scrimmage was engaged in. Speedy Rush kept his men working until dark, but this is to be the rule all this week, for there are plenty of rough spots in the Princeton machine which will have to be smoothed out if the Tigers are to come back from Cambridge victorious after the contest with Harvard next Saturday. There will be stiff practices for the eleven every day until Friday, when the Princeton squad will leave for Cambridge, and it is probable that the team will have a workout on Soldiers Field Friday afternoon.

Billy Moore was in the backfield in place of Brown today, and there is much wonder in Princeton as to who will finally win the positions at half back. Moore's open field running against Bucknell made him seem a very desirable man for the backfield, but both Tibbott and Brown have qualifications which make them equally strong men in the quarter. Brown is probably the best defensive back in the host of candidates who are striving for the two positions, and, in addition, is a good line-plunger. Tibbott's ability as a drop-kicker gives him an advantage, so that no one can tell which two of the three candidates Coach Rush will finally select to start against Harvard. Driggs's kicking ability will probably keep him safe in his position. Moore has been drilled in placement kicks during the last few days and is developing a nicety in punting them over, which makes it seem likely that he may be called upon in case there is an opportunity Saturday.

Ames was out in togs today and ran the second 'Varsity. He was not allowed to scrimmage, and will probably not be allowed to enter active work until Thursday. Eberstadt, another 'Varsity candidate, was not out for practice, and there is not much probability of his getting a chance in the Harvard game. There is still a chance of Ames finally winning the berth at quarter back.

Dave Tibbott is apparently drilling in drop-kicking for the Harvard contest. He is trying them at all angles and at every distance within the 50-yard line. He was out after dark tonight, after the rest of the squad had gone in, and was putting the ball over the crossbar with regularity.

PENN HAS A QUIET DAY.

Coach Folwell Pleased with Showing Against Lafayette Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 6.—This was a quiet afternoon on Franklin Field. Coach Bob Folwell was well pleased with the showing of the team against Lafayette on Saturday and today gave the boys only a light signal and tackling drill. The forward pass came in for its share of attention.

Captain Mathews and Berry were out in uniform. The Red and Blue leader apparently has recovered from the effects of the hard pummeling in the Pittsburgh game and announced that he is in condition to face Dartmouth. Berry's injured knee is not giving him much trouble just now, and with some light practice during the week he should be in perfect trim to make himself troublesome for the Hanover eleven.

LAFAYETTE LOSES WELDON.

Injury in Pennsylvania Game Proves to be Serious.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Nov. 6.—There was no practice on March Field this afternoon. After the desperate game with Pennsylvania Coach Crowell gave a slight respite to the team before starting the preparation for the game with Albright, which is scheduled for Saturday. There is great grief in the Lafayette camp over the injury to Weldon in the game with Pennsylvania. Subsequent investigation at the university hospital showed that the muscles of his side were badly torn and that some of the organs underneath them were bruised. It is not likely that he or Jack Diamond, who broke his collarbone, will play again this season.

CADETS, TIRED, TAKE REST.

Only Second String Men and Scrubs Engage in Scrimmage.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 6.—The Army players were decidedly tired after their encounter with Notre Dame Saturday and rested today. The soldiers came through the contest with nothing more than muscle bruises and sore spots, but the coaches ordered a layoff for the 'Varsity, and put high pressure on the second string men and the scrubs until darkness made it necessary to call a halt. Ford and Redfield were the only two big fellows in harness. Head Coach Daly was absent and the drill today was in charge of Captain Graves.

A long session in fundamentals was the order, and the scrubs and second string men engaged in a heavy scrimmage. The building up of interference, a stiffening of the defense in the line and the job of improving the Army's tackling game will be the chief thing in view this week. Maine comes next Saturday and Springfield the week following, but the Army will take these games in their stride and devote all its energies from now on toward shaping the eleven for its final battle with the Navy at the Polo Grounds, now only nineteen days away.

OLD STARS IN TOGS TO HELP ELI TEAM

Heffelfinger, the Latest Arrival, Shows Squad How Guard Position Should Be Played.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 6.—Only three Yale regulars were in uniform today, Captain Black, Comerford, and Gates, and the makeshift 'Varsity eleven scrimmaged only ten minutes against Dr. Bull's third team. In this short time two touchdowns were made against the scrubs. On the third play after the kickoff Waite circled an end for thirty yards, taking the ball to the scrub 5-yard line, where Stewart failed to advance and Waite waded through the scrub rush line for the opening score. From the 'Varsity 10-yard line, the half backs alternated in short gains till they reached midfield. Head Coach Tad Jones, displeased at the field generalship, went into the game at quarter back, and by an end run of fifty yards brought the ball to the scrub 5-yard line, where Stewart went across for the score. Callahan returned to the eleven at centre, and unless he is injured again he will retain the position, Hutchinson returning to full back. Hutchinson did not report today, Braden playing the position. Jacques, another prominent candidate for the place, left the infirmary and will join the eleven tomorrow.

The arrival of Pudge Heffelfinger, Yale's greatest guard, pleased the coaching staff. Heffelfinger, Jones, Allen, Rockwell, Gates, and Brides were all in uniform, and Heffelfinger and Alcott played for a time on the scrubs during the tryout of line formations. One of the 'Varsity guards said after the practice that he would prefer to run into a goal post any time rather than into Heffelfinger. Rockwell and Heffelfinger have agreed to remain till the close of the season. Charley Taft appeared at the field today on crutches, but stated that he expects to play next Saturday despite a muscle bruise received in the Colgate game.

BROWN CRIPPLES RETURN.

Preparation for Yale Game Starts with Light Work for 'Varsity.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 6.—Brown began preparing for the Yale game today, the squad reporting at Andrews Field this afternoon in fairly good physical condition after the Vermont game of Saturday. Conroy, who has been playing a particularly brilliant game as a running mate to Pollard, Brown's dusky star, twisted a knee in the Vermont game, and it is doubtful if he will be able to play against Yale. Jemail, too, may be out of the Yale game, for he injured an ankle Saturday, and was lame today. Hillhouse, Weeks, Purdy, Brooks, and Captain Farnum, who were more or less injured in the Rutgers game, have entirely recovered and were ready for hard work today. Armstrong, who played full back for the entire game Saturday, was on the injured list today with a slight injury, but he will probably be all right in a few days.

As usual the Monday workout was rather light, although the squad was larger than at ordinary times on Monday. Purdy again directed the play of the 'Varsity, and Captain Farnum went in at right guard, the position which he played last Saturday, and where he now seems to be a fixture. Devitalis and Williams were the tackles, and Crosby and Marshall were at the ends, with Sprague at centre and Wade at left guard. Hillhouse was at full back, and the half backs were Annan and Brooks.

HARD WORK FOR W. AND J.

Metzger Depends on Speed and Strategy to Conquer Pitt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., Nov. 6.—Head Coach Sol Metzger inaugurated secret practice today and commenced to prepare the Washington and Jefferson eleven for its annual clash with the University of Pittsburgh at Forbes Field on Saturday. Every member of the Red and Black 'Varsity is in fine condition once more with the exception of Ruble and Nuss. These midget stars of the Red and Black backfield received a fearful battering in the Yale struggle and have not fully recovered, but are expected to be in good condition by Saturday.

Metzger drove his players hard in the workout this afternoon. He will continue such tactics until Thursday. There was no scrimmage today, but a clash between the 'Varsity and the third eleven, the latter coached in Pitt formations, will be on the program for tomorrow and Wednesday. Metzger will, also, vary his attack from that which he sprung on Yale and which was witnessed by Pitt scouts. Speed and strategy alone will triumph for W. and J., he believes.

LEHIGH ELEVEN SHATTERED.

Wysocki and McDonald Badly Injured and Good Called Away.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 6. Coach Tom Keady has before him the trying task at this critical stage of the football season of rebuilding his Lehigh eleven. The game with Muhlenberg was a costly one. The toll paid by Lehigh is the loss of Half Back Wysocki, with a fractured left arm and Centre McDonald with a probable fractured shoulder. Pons, Halstead, Quist, and McCarty managed to get out in togs today, but were not used. Another setback came when it was learned that Tackle Good had been suddenly called home and may not be back this season.

This state of affairs facing Coach Keady almost on the eve of the Penn State game, will demand strenuous measures to develop a team that will be worthy to represent the Brown and White. Secret practice has been ordered for the rest of the week.

VIRGINIA LOSES TACKLES.

Ward and McKay Injured in Gridiron Battle with Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Nov. 6.—The scrap with Harvard last Saturday put two more regulars on Virginia's crippled list, Ward and McKay, tackles. These are among the best men on the eleven, and they will be greatly missed in Saturday's contest with South Carolina. Ward, who has suffered from water on the knee for some weeks, may not be able to return to the game until Thanksgiving Day. McKay may possibly play against Virginia Military Institute two weeks hence, as his injury is not of a serious nature. Up to the time he was hurt in the Harvard game, McKay's work had been beyond criticism. Every player who took the trip to Cambridge was excused from practice this afternoon, but work will be resumed in earnest tomorrow. Head Coach Evans and his assistants feel confident that the eleven will capture the three remaining games on the schedule. The team should reach its climax on Thanksgiving Day, the date of the annual battle with North Carolina. Waganknight, the diminutive quarter back, who starred against Vanderbilt until he was knocked out in a vicious tackle, will be saved for the Tarheels. He is regarded as the best open-field runner on the squad.

Twelve English Hackneys Arrive.

Twelve English hackney ponies valued at $50,000 arrived in New York yesterday from Gladstone, N. J., in charge of John Tierney, manager of James Cox Brady's Hamilton Farms, to await the opening of the National Horse Show on Saturday. The ponies were taken to a private stable in Lexington Avenue, which Mr. Brady has leased for his horses during the show. He will be one of the largest exhibitors at the Garden.

CORNELL NEEDS A LEADER.

Coaches Say Ithaca Eleven Lacks Effective Team Work.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 6.—The Cornell football team began practice today for one of the most important games on the schedule, the Michigan contest which is to be played here Saturday. The Ithacans met in their training room of the Schoellkopf Field Club house to listen to a talk by Head Coach Sharpe, most of which was based on the plays to be used in the Michigan game. The coaches laid emphasis on the fact that while the team showed occasional improvement Saturday, it still lacks effective team work. What Cornell seems to need most is leadership of the Bartlett-Cool-Shelton type of a year ago, and that leadership is still missing.

On account of the fact that a good many of the Cornell players are not in the best of condition, the practice this week will not be heavy. It was expected that Bretz would be able to get into the line-up this week, but the physicians say there is little chance of that and if he plays in the Penn game he will be lucky. While the coaches will not say that any changes in the line-up of the team will be made this week, it is not improbable that Tilley will be placed at one of the guards and perhaps Bard also will be used. Tilley has had trouble in getting into condition because his University work keeps him in classes until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, but he will be likely to get into the Michigan game because of his experience and the fact that he is the hardest fighter on the team.

GREEN PRACTICES PASS.

Coaches Found Dartmouth Weak in That Department Against Orange.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Nov. 6.—After the hard contest last Saturday the Green coaches decided to give the squad a light workout today and practice consisted of a short signal drill, punting practice, and forward pass work. In view of the fact that Dartmouth has had such little success with the aerial method of attack, Coach Ghee spent more than an hour with the quarter backs and ends endeavoring to eliminate the defects that have appeared when the Green tried to score by the forward pass route.

At times the faults appear to be with the quarter back and then again with the ends and back field men who are supposed to receive the pass, but before the contest with Pennsylvania Saturday the coaches propose to fix the responsibility and remedy the defect. Coach Cavanaugh ordered the gates closed today, and, with the assistance of Charlie Boyle, a former Dartmouth end, prepared defensive formations for the Pennsylvania attack.

TWO PITT MEN INJURED.

Hastings and McLaren May Be Unable to Play Against W. and J.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Nov. 6.—Captain Peck of the University of Pittsburgh football team, as well as Herron and Thornhill, are anxious to shine against their ancient rivals, Washington and Jefferson, next Saturday, as this is the last time they will face the Red and Black. There are also several substitutes who are in their last year at the university, and they were on the gridiron today practicing hard, so that they may be ready when called on by Coach Warner on Saturday. These are Ammons, Friedlander, who got his first chance against Allegheny on Saturday, and Stahlman.

Andy Hastings and George McLaren were among the missing today when the squad assembled for a light drill. The first named twisted his ankle in the first minute of play last Saturday, and the chances are that he will not be able to get any practice at all before Friday, and the students are fearful of his being in the game against Washington and Jefferson. McLaren was hurt in the Pennsylvania game, and was not able to play against Allegheny. If these two players are not in the lineup next Saturday, it will just about equalize the chances of Pittsburgh and Washington and Jefferson.

REST FOR RUTGERS TEAM.

Coach Sanford Thinks His Football Warriors Are Overtrained.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Nov. 6.—Although Rutgers beat Holy Cross on Saturday, it was evident that the men were not playing up to their true form, and Coach Sanford decided that they were overtrained. Accordingly, he has decreed that there shall be no more practice for the Varsity before Thursday, and no scrimmage at all before the game with the strong West Virginia eleven on Saturday. Also, the men are to break training for awhile.

That the forward pass and the open game generally will be worked more frequently hereafter is indicated by the plans of the coaches. And it is also planned to concentrate on the development of the defensive work of the ends, the weakest spot on the team. Storck was tried out with the scrubs in the backfield today and he may be used on the 'Varsity this week.

MANY HARRIERS ENTERED.

Runners of Thirteen Clubs Will Compete for Junior Title.

The junior Metropolitan cross country championship race, to be promoted by the Steinway C. and A. C. on Saturday over a six-mile trail in Long Island City, will be essentially a small club's competition, for neither the New York A. C., Irish-American A. C., nor the Millrose A. A. is included in the thirteen entries accepted last night by the Metropolitan Cross Country Championship Committee. The only teams from outside of Manhattan will be those from the Hollywood Inn and Yonkers Y. M. C. A., both from the city of hills.

The full entry list follows:

Mohawk A. C.—James Brooks, H. Jameson, J. Dolan, F. Travalena, G. Fitzpatrick, S. Cohen, S. Weiss, G. Mazzuoca.

Brooklyn A. A.—Edward Mayo, F. Ruddy, M. Gross, R. Christ, J. O'Brien, B. Finkelstein, J. Lorenz, G. Lavanthal.

Long Island A. C.—J. W. Plant, C. Schaefer, G. H. Messler, M. Lynch, E. Norem, H. Carlton, I. K. Parks, W. Leslie.

Swedish-American A. C.—W. Johnson, H. Schuster, C. Benson, R. Vickstrom, O. Pederson, W. Larson, O. Janson, B. Masterson.

St. Christopher Club.—A. Morris, W. Steakley, G. Williams, J. Goff, J. Trotman, A. Flourney, C. Daniels, A. Inniss.

Yonkers Y. M. C. A.—M. McLuskey, M. Greenberg, C. Richards, I. Hampson, W. M. Smith, M. G. Mase, R. Nickerson, H. Russell.

Columbia University.—H. W. Lock, A. E. Huelsenbeck, H. G. Larson, J. P. Knox, R. L. Hunt, A. Turner, T. E. McCracken, R. F. Shepard.

Paulist A. C.—Joseph Giorgio, H. Wigger, J. Logue, A. J. Hulsebosch, F. X. Lavery, H. Cunningham, P. McManus, G. Kirkwood.

Hollywood Inn A. A.—W. J. Furlong, E. Du Bois, J. F. Boyle, S. E. Horger, J. Minahan, M. J. Rainey, W. Hebach, E. Crowley.

Hungarian-American A. C.—A. W. Feher, L. P. Dutka, E. Sillo, J. Teleky, A. L. Schussler, E. Trietler, J. Perzessaty, A. Schwartz.

Steinway C. and A. C.—H. W. Schell, E. C. Sasse, E. M. Duffy, P. Bergen, A. Young, G. Zisck, P. Eichenbrenner, H. Fengenbaum, Morningside A. C.—L. Metzger, L. Heydet, T. Halpine, H. Parkinson, E. Lehman, L. Lehman, T. V. Veteretsas, S. Keely.

Bronx Church House.—Team to be named tonight.

Welsh Asks $50,000 to Fight.

Scotty Montieth, manager of Johnny Dundee, yesterday offered to give Freddy Welsh, the lightweight champion, $18,000 to box Dundee at New Orleans on New Year's Day. Harry Pollok, Welsh's manager, considered the proposition as a joke and agreed to make the match if Monlieth would guarantee Welsh $50,000.

Boxing Bouts Tonight.

Pioneer S. C.—Benny McCoy vs. Frankie Burns; Paddy Burns vs. Paul Doyle. Both ten-round bouts.

Broadway S. C., Brooklyn—Pal Moore vs. Battling Lahn; Kid Taylor vs. Teddy Jacobs. Both ten-round bouts.

JOCKEY KILLED IN CHASE AT PIMLICO

Tansey Is Thrown at First Jump and Dies in a Few Minutes —Other Riders Hurt.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 6.—Harry Tansey, a rider in the employ of J. Temple Gwathmey of Virginia, was thrown from his mount Reliance and killed at the first jump in the Mount Washington steeplechase, at Pimlico track, this afternoon. The accident was the result of a collision which occurred as four of the riders took the fence almost together. At the same time H. Perrett, who rode Torero, was also thrown and sustained injuries.

Physicians who were present hurried to the injured riders. Every effort was made to save Tansey's life by means of artificial respiration, but the boy died a few minutes after the fall. The body was immediately taken to the Coroner's office, where the official gave a certificate of death from depression of the brain. The jockey's home is believed to have been in New Jersey. Among papers on him was a letter from Lee Parry, Westport, N. J. His brother, John Tansey, lives in New York City.

Another accident occurred while the horses were at the post in the sixth race, when Jockey Quinton Preece's leg was broken, as the result of being kicked by The Rump. Preece had the mount on Fonctionnaire, and the race was delayed until another rider could be procured. Preece is the jockey who met with a similar accident in the same manner early in the metropolitan season.

Thoroughbreds bearing the colors of H. G. Bedwell carried off two of the events, one of which was the feature of the program. This was a six-furlong dash, in which twelve went to the post. In a close and exciting finish Golden List annexed the honors, defeating Margaret N. and Vermont, which came along in the order named.

The summaries, with straight, place, and show odds:

FIRST RACE—For all ages, maidens; purse $700; one mile. Time—1:42 1-5.
Mary Powell, G. A. Cochrane's b. f., 2 years, 88 pounds, by Star Shoot-Flora Pomona. $42.90, $25.20, $15.40. (Q. Preece).....1
Billy Oliver, W. L. Oliver's br. g., 3, 108, $13.40, $7.60. (S. Leaver).....2
Bet, W. R. Coe's b. f., 3, 105, $8.20, third. (C. Fairbrother).....3
King Mart, Onwa, Cestabel, Shooting Star, Life, Trumpeter, Grand Opera, Ampere II., Passion, Bryn Rose, and Red Wing also ran. Kingling II. and Swoon scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; maidens and winners of one race; Mount Washington Steeplechase, purse $700; two miles. Time—3:55 2-5.
Stonewood, L. Wood's b. g., 4 years, 147 pounds, by Wadsworth-Trisauce, $6.70, $3.40, $2.70. (B. Haynes).....1
Sharpshooter, R. L. Gerry's b. g., 4, 142, $4.80, $3.80. (W. Keating).....2
Aviator, C. R. McClelland's br. g., 8, 147, $3.30, third. (C. Stretch).....3
Martasha, Torero, Kenworthy, Eugenia McGee, Killx, Bryn Chant, Protector, Chevron, J. R. Robinson, Reliance also ran. Gloucester scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Time—1:15.
Blue Grass Belle, Sinsa's br. f., 105 pounds, by Great Heavens-Abnasion, $19, $12.80, $6.30. (J. McTaggart).....1
Greentree, J. O. Talbott's b. g., 117, $4.80, $2.20. (B. Kieeger).....2
Queen of the Sea, W. Garth's ch. f., 109, $3.30, third. (F. Robinson).....3
Kebo, Lucius, Kathryn Gray, Napoleon, Ophelia W., Hickory Nut, Precise, Purbank, Chemung, and Captain Ray also ran. Bond, Aimee T., Glory Belle and Sargon II. scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—For two and three-year-olds, free selling handicap; purse $700; six furlongs. Time—1:14 4-5.
Golden List, H. G. Bedwell's ch. f., 3 years, 112 pounds, by Golden Maxim-Listless. $32.80, $19.10, $8.90. (W. Lyke).....1
Margaret N., F. E. Brown's ch. f., 3, 104, $7.30, $5.50. (J. Brown).....2
Vermont, G. R. Bryson's b. g., 3, 121, $4.80, third. (A. Schuttinger).....3
Polonius, Shrapnel, Broomvale, Lord Byron, Plumrose, Garnet, Radiant Flower, Tom Edward, Broom Corn also ran. Ting-a-Ling, Bullton, Royalist scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; the Severn Handicap; purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. Time—1:46 3-5.
Brave Cunarder, H. G. Bedwell's br. h., 5 years, 114 pounds, by Cunard-Cissil, $7, $3.40, $2.70. (J. Butwell).....1
Rae B., W. C. Baxter's blk. f., 3, 106, $3.20, $2.60. (A. Schuttinger).....2
Between Us, J. Lumsden's b. g., 4, 115, $2.60 third. (C. Dishmon).....3
Cliff Field, Leoma, Wodan, Etruscan, Saratoga, Woodfair, and Juliet also ran. Ambrose, Pharaoh, Queen of Paradise, and Sewillan scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling handicap; purse $700; one mile and one sixteenth. Time—1:48 2-5.
Queen of Paradise, R. F. Carman's ch. f., 3 years, 105 pounds, by Hastings-Paradise Queen, $4.80, $3.30, $2.80. (J. McTaggart).....1
Scorpii, E. K. Bryson's b. g., 4, 105, $13.20, $7. (A. Schuttinger).....2
Song of Valley, Tanneyhill's b. m., 5, 100, $9.60 third. (W. Doyle).....3
The Rump, Fonctionnaire, Hedge Rose, Mayme W., Ed. Bond, Rose Juliette, March Court, also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling handicap; purse $700; one mile and one-sixteenth. Time—1:49 1-5.
Tis Pin, J. S. Ownbey's b. g., 4 years, 110 pounds, by Armeath-Tol San, $11.30, $7.80, $5.20. (R. Ambrose).....1
Goodwood, W. C. Capps's ch. g., 4, 100, $18.80, $7. (W. Obert).....2
Blackford, W. Murray's br. g., 10, 99, $5.50, third. (B. Kieger).....3
Uncle Will, Young Emblem, Borax, Peaceful Star, Scaramouch, Buss Around and Star Gase also ran.

TODAY'S PIMLICO ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—Two-year-olds; six furlongs. Russian Pinion, 107 pounds; Whitney Belle, 109; Inver Belle, 104; Jade, 104; Feliucca, 104; Sweeter Than Sugar, 104; Chelsea, 104; Buchanan Brady, (imp.,) 112; Ballygunge, 107; Alvord, 112; N. K. Beal, 107; Brooklyn, 112; Melodrama, 107; Warsaw, 112; Mannchen, 112; Mae Murray, 104; Jean McNeil, (imp.,) 104.

SECOND RACE.—The Manley Memorial Steeplechase; four-year-olds and upward; two and a half miles. Weidship, 164 pounds; Falmouth, 147; Shannon River, 142; Cynosure, 135; Pebeto, 158; Sun King, 154; Northwood, 138; Expectation, 143; Wifir, 136; Belle of Bryn Mawr, 136.

THIRD RACE.—Selling handicap; three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Bac, 112 pounds; Kilmer, 103; Sand Bar, 105; Sky Pilot, 103; Wooden Shoes, 115; Goldcrest Boy, 115; Lady Teresa, 109; Shoddy, 103; Virile, 116; Yankee Notions, 123; Harry Shaw, 117; Nigel, 111; Syrian, 116; Woodward, 105; Yodeling, 108.

FOURTH RACE.—Three-year-olds; claiming; one mile. Plaudito, 110 pounds; †Repton, 108; Rake Off, 113; †Bonnie Tess, 102; Lady Little, 107; Man Slayer, 108; Piquette, 105.

FIFTH RACE.—The Govans Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Anita, 116 pounds; Ce'o, 121; †Lady Barbary, 116; Marse Henry, 121; Squeeler, 121; Water Lady, 121; Bar[illegible]ay, 114 Kewessa, 117; †Startling, 120; Murphy, 117; The Decision, 116; Hops, 106; Candle, 107; †Colonel Vennie, 125; †Julie L., 116; Pesky, 111; Thorn Hill, 118.

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap; two-year-olds; six furlongs. Bullion, 109 pounds; Harvest King, 116; Killdee, 114; Polly J., 110; Berthier, 100; Hyannis, 110; Lottery, 109; Fairy Wand, 117; Joyland, (imp.,) 100; Priscilla Mullens, 104.

SEVENTH RACE.—The Linstead Handicap; selling; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-sixteenths. Armament, 100 pounds; Fonctionnaire, (imp.,) 95; High Tide, 102; March Court, 98; Solid Rock, 104; Between Us, 117; Gibraltar, 100; Infidel II., 117; Menlo Park, 107; Fairly, 104; G. M. Miller, 129; Jack Reeves, 99; Obolus, 108.

*Apprentice allowance claimed. †Carman entry. ‡Livingston entry.

BULLDOG SHOW TODAY.

Nearly 100 Benched for Joint Exhibit at Bryant Hall.

The restoration of peace among the bulldog clubs will be celebrated today at Bryant Hall, where the organizations will hold a joint bench show. Some of the best dogs of the breed will be present for the biggest amount of money prizes that has even been distributed at a bulldog show in this country.

There will be almost 100 dogs benched, a large percentage of which are veterans of the show ring and have won honors at many of the open exhibitions held during the last Summer. What is expected to bring out the hottest competition is when Ch. Rockliffe Lord Brilliant meets Tell Bar Jack.

IMPORTED HORSES ABOUND.

Harness Classes at Garden Show Will Have Many of Them.

The number of foreign horses at the National Horse Show, which will open on Saturday in Madison Square Garden, promises to be the largest ever seen at this exhibition or any other American show. Although Walter W. Ryerafft, President of the English Hackney Society, is the only foreign exhibitor, so many horses purchased abroad by Americans will be shown that experts are saying that the exhibition will be more of an international event than any of the annual fixtures held at Olympia, in London, before the war.

Harness classes in particular are crowded with imported horses, chiefly hackneys brought over from England by wealthy American fanciers, who could not find what they wanted at home. Among 192 entries in sixteen open harness classes, ninety-six, or exactly 50 per cent., are imported horses. The class for pairs exceeding 15.1 hands and not exceeding 15.3 hands, has twelve English horses out of sixteen eligible to compete, while the class for pairs exceeding 15.3 hands shows nine imported horses out of fourteen entries. In the class for pairs not exceeding 15.1 hands twenty-two horses are eligible to compete and of those eleven were bred in England.

Saddle classes show no such percentage of foreign horses, yet American exhibitors have gone to England again for some of the most prominent entries, and it is to be remembered that Sceptre, an English thoroughbred mare, won the championship at the Garden last year in this division of the show. Mrs. Robert E. Tod, who owns her, is exhibiting Sceptre again this season. The mare has met defeat in her class only once or twice at the Summer shows, and this was when her manners, not her form, quality or paces, cost her the victory.

An unusual foreign exhibit this year is the gray polo mount, Vinilla, entered by John L. de Saulles, who imported her from Chile, on the west coast of South America. Few if any horses from this remote part of the world have ever been seen at American shows, but if this one is a fair sample of Chilean types, she is not likely to be the last one exhibited here. Vinilla has won at Piping Rock, Westchester, Mineola and other shows this season and George B. Hulme, who judged her at White Plains, pronounced her one of the finest specimens of polo mounts that he had seen in years.

Another notable foreigner in the polo classes is the English stallion, Christopher Columbus, bred by the late Sir John Barker and recently imported for breeding purposes by a syndicate of Long Island amateurs, among whom are Horace Havemeyer, Harry T. Peters, E. Russell Grace, and Allan Pinkerton. They are showing him for the first time at the Garden in the class for sires suitable to get polo ponies.

MOORE LEADS HEAL.

Takes First Block in Three-Cushion Match by 50 to 41.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Nov. 6. — George Moore of New York, contender for the three-cushion

SUE SITE OWNERS ON HERALD LEASE

Real Estate Broker Seeks to Recover Commission for Inducing Newspaper to Vacate.

ACCEPTED $200,000 TO QUIT

Proprietor Said to Have Been Willing to Leave Building, but Landlords Backed Down.

The fact that James Gordon Bennett, owner and editor of The New York Herald, agreed recently to vacate the Herald Building property, in the block bounded by Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Streets, Broadway and Sixth Avenue, in order that a twenty-story building might be erected there, was disclosed in the Supreme Court yesterday when the broker who declared that he put through the deal filed suit to recover his commissions.

The broker, Sol Bloom, of 226 West Forty-second Street, asked $62,500 from Newbold L. R. Edgar, Henry M. Alexander, and William De Forest Manice, trustees of the Manice estate, which owns the Herald plot. Of this amount, he contended that $10,000 was a reasonable commission for inducing Mr. Bennett to accept $200,000 and turn over the building, which he erected, and the five years remaining under the lease, to the Manice estate. He asked $52,500 for obtaining a tenant for a $1,500,000 building to be erected on the premises, for a long term. He said the tenant he found was Frank D. Waterman, President and Treasurer of the L. E. Waterman Company, the fountain pen manufacturers.

The defendants declined to discuss the suit last night, but it was said that there were no negotiations pending now to regain possession of the Herald property in behalf of the Manice estate, and that the newspaper was likely to remain there until the lease expired in 1921 unless Mr. Bennett agreed to vacate before that time on more liberal terms than those offered through Mr. Bloom. The complaint filed yesterday alleged that the broker made an agreement with the Manice estate trustees in May, 1915, under which they authorized him to offer James Gordon Bennett up to $200,000 to surrender the Herald building property to them and abrogate the lease made in 1890, which had been extended several times.

Mr. Bloom said that the defendants also authorized him to find a tenant for a twenty-story building they intended to build on the block, at a cost of $1,500,000, which was to have a net rental of $250,000 a year for twenty-one years, the tenant to have the privilege of renewing for two additional terms of the same period, the rental of the two extensions to be fixed on the basis of 5 per cent. of the value of the land and building thereon, the said value to be determined by appraisers. The tenant was to deposit not less than $200,000 as security for performance of the lease. The plaintiff alleged that Mr. Bennett was "ready and willing to accept" the terms stated, and Frank D. Waterman had agreed to lease the new building to be erected on the Herald site, when the Manice trustees refused to carry out the agreement.

It was learned last night that Mr. Bennett was not averse to accepting the terms alleged to have been offered by the Manice trustees, because the Herald Building had become far too small for the needs of The Herald and The Evening Telegram, but that the chief incentive was the fact that Mr. Bennett was now paying rental out of all proportion to the value of the land for newspaper purposes. Mr. Bennett erected the Herald Building when the newspaper moved uptown in 1890, but under the terms of the lease the building reverted to the owner of the ground when the lease expired. He paid $...,000 a year net rental for the ground, and the taxes on the property amounted to about as much more.

CAPT. CRAY UP ON CHARGES.

Blamed for Not Quelling Disorder at Wilson's Garden Meeting.

As a result of the investigation into the alleged disorders in and about Madison Square Garden last Thursday night on the occasion of President Wilson's address there, Police Commissioner Woods announced yesterday that Captain Patrick J. Cray of the East Eighty-eighth Street Station would be arraigned on charges of neglect of duty.

Captain Cray was in charge of the lines at Fourth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, where, it is alleged, the crowds broke through and forced their way into the Garden.

UPHOLDS MRS. RING'S WILL.

Surrogate Fowler Finds for Physician Who Was Beneficiary.

Surrogate Fowler yesterday directed a jury to return a verdict upholding the will of Mrs. Emma Louis Ring, widow of Louis Ring, a member of the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Mrs. Ring died on March 21 last and left her entire estate to her physician, Dr. Thomas W. Kenyon of 42 West Seventy-second Street. Relatives of Mrs. Ring delayed her funeral on the ground that they were not satisfied as to the circumstances surrounding her death, but an autopsy disclosed that her death was due to natural causes.

The will was contested by three cousins, one of whom was Thomas P. Fiender, custodian of School 29 in Jersey City. Surrogate Fowler refused to grant an adjournment in the case when the attorney for the contestants asked it, and the lawyer then left the court room, declaring that he would appeal.

Children Get Splitdorf Estate.

The will of Henry Splitdorf, inventor and manufacturer of magnetos and other automobile accesories, who died recently, left his entire estate to his wife, Anna Splitdorf, who died before him. The estate will now go to his two sons, John M. and Charles E. Splitdorf, Vice President of the Splitdorf Electrical Company, and his daughters, Mrs. Amelia Steger and Mrs. Annie Hegelein. The will was made thirty years ago.

Church Gets Half of Estate.

The Third Church of Christ, Scientist, inherits half the estate of Miss Kate Jones, who died Oct. 27. Under the will filed for probate yesterday the other half goes to the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals and the Bide-a-Wee Home Association. Bequests aggregating about $4,000 go to relatives. The estate amounts to more than $10,000.

Daughter Gets Skidmore Estate.

The will of William Lemuel Skidmore, formerly the President of the Columbia Bank, who died at 39 West Fifty-second Street on Oct. 29, leaves his entire estate to his two daughters, Mrs. Helen S. Harrison and Mrs. Mary S. Mann. The value of the estate, which consists of both real and personal property, is not disclosed in the papers filed with the will in the Surrogate's office.

FOSSIL HORSES FOR MUSEUM

Rare Specimens Form Important Link in Collection Here.

Two rare fossil horses, which form an important connecting link in what is already the best collection showing the evolution of the equine breed in the world, have been added to the scientific treasures of the American Museum of Natural History in this city. The announcement was made yesterday on the arrival here of Albert Thompson, one of the field preparators, who for several months has been on an expedition in the Western United States.

Both of the skeletons, which are practically complete, are of the Pliohippus, a form between the three-toed horse and the hoofed type of today. The discoveries are said to bridge an important gap in the history of millions of years through which the horse has developed from a five-toed, dog-like animal to the creature of the present day, in which the vestiges of the toes appear only in slender, splint-like bones. One of the skeletons was found by Harold Cook, a ranchman and amateur scientist, at Agate, Neb. The other was taken from a quarry in South Dakota by E. C. Troxell.

Mr. Thompson in his explorations unearthed four specimens of the meroppus, an animal which is a strange combination of modern types, and suggests the misplaced portions of a group of jig-saw puzzles of the brute creation. Four of the specimens are to be mounted in a group for the proposed fossil hall of the institution. Dr. Walter Granger of the Department of Fossil Mammals, who has also just returned to the city, has brought to the Museum a complete specimen of the titotherium, a gigantic rodent in form not unlike a bear and with tiger-like claws. Hitherto there has only been a head available for the study of the paleontologists. Many other forms of ancient life are represented in the big shipment.

LARSEN FOR ISLES' SALE.

Ex-Governor of Danish West Indies Says His Opinion Has Changed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 6.—Certain members of the West Indies Sale Commission show great interest in examining the source of early rumors about secret negotiations for the sale of the Danish Islands, published by the Moderate antagonistic paper Koebenhavn.

Former Governor Helweg Larsen declared before the commission that he saw the first report of such negotiations in the American papers and a contributor to a Philadelphia paper later told him, he said, that he had picked it up during a visit to Copenhagen in February and cabled it to his paper. The paper then asked Secretary Lansing, who answered, "Yes, it is true, but don't you dare to publish it, my dear sir." The interviewing journalist told his editor, according to Larsen, and nothing was published. This proves, the ex-Governor said, that the negotiations were very early known in certain circles in the United States.

Concerning the question of the sale, the ex-Governor said he had completely changed his mind, and as he doubted that it was possible for the Danes to institute a dictational rule, they had better sell the islands.

FINED FOR WAR SHIPMENT.

Fridland Must Pay $500 for Sending Nickel to Sweden.

Theodor Fridland, a wood pulp manufacturer, who was indicted for defrauding the United States, pleaded guilty in the Federal District Court yesterday and was fined $500 by Judge Thomas for conspiracy with two associates, Johann and Ole Olsen, to ship out of the country on Oct. 29, 1915, $1,500 worth of nickel and antimony, for the use of one of the nations at war. Fridland tried to send the merchandise to Sweden as baggage by the steamship Friedrich VIII.

Through his counsel Fridland explained that as there was a scarcity of nickel and antimony in Sweden he came here with the intention of buying $85,000 worth of the metals. He first attempted to ship the trunks in which the metals had been packed as baggage to a concern in Sweden, the name of which he wanted kept secret for fear of the British blacklist. But the trunks were so heavy that Fridland had them removed from the pier in Hoboken to a storage rehouse, where they are now. Then, learning that merchandise could not be shipped as baggage, he bought forty tons of the metals and shipped them as merchandise to Sweden. He was in Sweden when he learned of his indictment, and he immediately came to this country and put himself at the disposal of the authorities.

Mr. Fridland's counsel pointed out that the metals could not possibly have been for the use of Germany or any other one of the warring nations, because Sweden prohibited the exportation of either nickel or antimony.

Assistant United States District Attorney Roger B. Wood asked the court to impose a heavy fine, because since purchase of the metals their price had advanced greatly and he did not want the defendant to profit. The two Olsens are in Sweden, and as they are not expected to return to this country the indictments against them will be quashed.

GUILTY OF INSURANCE FRAUD

Employe of Indemnity Co. Admits Getting Thousands on Fake Claims.

William E. Ramey, for more than four years Superintendent of the Auto Claim Department of the Globe Indemnity Company of 45 William Street, pleaded guilty yesterday before Judge Delehanty in General Sessions to a charge of grand larceny. Bail was put at $12,500, in default of which Ramey was remanded to the city prison to await sentence.

According to Assistant District Attorney Royal E. Weller, the defendant has made a complete confession of the manner in which he, together with Robert E. Caswell and Frank McGinley, who have also pleaded guilty, defrauded the Globe company out of many thousands of dollars yearly by means of fake accident claims and repair bills.

Charles W. Bury, an automobile mechanic, with a repair shop at Tenth Avenue and Sixty-fifth Street, who was implicated by Ramey, pleaded guilty to a charge of grand larceny in the first degree before Judge Delehanty. Bury admitted that he had made out a fraudulent estimate for repairs on a car owned by McGinley, who at the time was an office boy. The estimate was accepted by the company and Ramey, according to Mr. Weller, received $562 with which to pay the bill.

ORDER SEPARATES ORPHANS

Sister Must Leave Brother and Return to Institution.

Elizabeth Peck, 14 years old, an orphan, lost in her fight to live with her brother, Egbert Peck, 15 years old, when Justice Gerretson, in the Queens County Supreme Court, yesterday issued an order directing that she be returned to St. Christopher's Home in Dobbs Ferry. When the child learned of the court's action, she threw her arms around her brother's neck and both wept.

When their parents died three years ago, Dr. Vincent E. Judson, a well-to-do bachelor, took Egbert into his home. Later Elizabeth was taken into the home of Mrs. William Diesendorf at 510 Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn. The children grieved for each other, and finally the girl obtained permission from Mrs. Diesendorf to make her home with her brother at Dr. Judson's. They spent six happy months together, when the authorities learned of Elizabeth taking up her home in Dr. Judson's household without their permission.

In consequence the authorities of the home began proceedings to regain possession of Elizabeth. It was said in court that Dr. Judson had given to the children an excellent home.

1916 FOREIGN TRADE TO BE $8,000,000,000

City Bank Predicts 50 Per Cent. Increase Over 1915 and Double the Figure of 1914.

FIFTH OF WORLD COMMERCE

Highly Inflated Prices a Leading Factor in Enormous Total—Exports May Reach $5,500,000,000.

The foreign commerce of the United States in the calendar year 1916 will approximate $8,000,000,000, or one-fifth of the entire international trade of the world. This was the conclusion reached yesterday in a compilation prepared by the Foreign Trade Department of the National City Bank of New York. According to the bank's analysis this calendar year's trade will be 50 per cent. greater than that in 1915, and double that of 1914.

Information from which the bank's forecast was compiled indicated that the foreign commerce of the country for the twelve months ending with Dec. 31 next seemed likely to approximate $8,000,000,000, against $5,326,000,000 in 1915 and $3,908,000,000 in 1914. The excess of exports over imports in 1916, it was shown, would approximate $3,000,000,000, compared with $1,768,884,000 in 1915, $324,348,000 in 1914, and $691,422,000 in 1913.

It was pointed out that complete figures for the commerce of the entire country in the nine months ended with September were at hand, and also those of the Port of New York, an index of the trade of the entire country, for the month of October. The figures for the nine months ended with September, 1916, showed a total commerce of $5,780,000,000, against $3,333,000,000 in the same months of 1915, and $2,877,000,000 in the corresponding months of 1914. The 1916 figures being more than 50 per cent. greater than those of 1915, and double those of 1914.

The October statistics of this port indicated that the total trade of October would equal and probably exceed that of September, and should the two remaining months of November and December show totals similar to those of the last two months, for which complete records are available, the total trade of the year would reach the figures quoted above.

"Both imports and exports will make a new record in the calendar year 1916," said the bank's statement. "Present indications, based upon nine months' figures for the entire country, and an additional month for the Port of New York, are that the imports for the full calendar year will aggregate approximately $2,500,000,000, against $2,198,000,000 in the fiscal year 1916, and $1,779,000,000 in the calendar year 1915. Exports seem likely to approximate $5,500,000,000, against $4,334,000,000 in the fiscal year 1916, and $3,548,000,000 in the calendar year 1915."

The part played by the highly inflated prices entering into the commodities making up the total of foreign trade was referred to by the bank as follows:

"This large increase in the foreign commerce of the country is not entirely due to increased quantities of merchandise entering or leaving its ports. The fact, for example, that wheat, which was exported in November, 1915, at $1.19 per bushel, is now quoted in the New York market at $2 per bushel suggests that the comparatively small quantity of wheat now being exported probably represents quite as large a value as did the larger quantities exported at this time a year ago.

"Cotton was being exported this date one year ago at 12 cents per pound; now it is quoted in the New York market approximately 18 cents. Copper ingots, of which the export price in June, 1916, was 27.5 cents a pound, were exported at an average of 17.8 cents per pound in June, 1915. Sole leather, now being exported at 40 cents a pound, was a year earlier exported at 30 cents, and canned beef, exported in August at 23.7 cents per pound, went in August of the preceding year at 16 cents. Iron and steel billets, exported in August at $56.40 per ton, went in August of last year at $21.92, and structural iron and steel, exported in August of the current year at $60.40 per ton, was exported in August of last year at $35.80."

The bank's forecast noted that the increase in total imports was also largely due to advance in prices. Raw silk, imported in August at $4.60 per pound, was imported in the same month a year ago at $2.73 per pound. Jute and jute butts, imported in June, 1916, at $93.51 per ton, came in in the preceding September at $43.39. Goatskins brought in in August last had a value of 37.4 cents per pound, while in the same month of 1915 the value was 20.3 cents.

The analysis showed that manufacturing material formed thus far 44 per cent. of the imports, manufactures 31 per cent., and foodstuffs 25 per cent. Of the exports manufacturing material formed 12 per cent., manufactures 67 per cent., and foodstuffs 20 per cent.

STRAKOSCH LEFT $150,000.

Will Is Probated Giving the Property to Six Persons.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Nov. 6.—The will of Carl Strakosch, husband of the late Clara Louise Kellogg, celebrated as prima donna, was admitted to probate in New Hartford today. The estate is estimated to be worth about $150,000.

By the terms of the will, Elpstone, the Strakosch home in New Hartford, is given to Mrs. Myra Matthews Parsons of Chicago; $20,000 to Miss Julia Harris Strakosch of New York, an adopted daughter; $20,000 to Miss Celia Goranson of New York, maid in the Strakosch home for more than fifteen years; $20,000 in trust to the Connecticut Trust and Safe Deposit Company for the benefit of Craig Wynne Goodwin of New Hartford; $20,000 to Mrs. Julia Strakosch Tiemar of Budapest, Austria, a sister, and the residue to Mrs. Julia Strakosch Lee of Cheadle, England.

CRUCIBLE STEEL REPORT.

Company Made Net Profit of $13,223,665 Last Year.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 6.—The annual report of the Crucible Steel Company of America, issued here today, showed that the company earned net profits of $13,223,665 after paying dividends of $2,125,000 on the preferred stock and charging off $1,015,240 for depreciation and other fixed charges. The $25,000,000 common stock, therefore, earned slightly in excess of $50 a share.

The balance sheet shows an unappropriated surplus of $9,543,606. The company has 4,390 holders of the preferred shares and 1,831 of common shares.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Forecast:

N. & S. Car. and Ga.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; moderate winds.

Fla.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; moderate to fresh winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair and continued warm Tues. and probably Wed.; moderate e. and s. winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair and continued warm Tues., Wed. fair and cooler.

Ind.—Fair Tues. Wed. fair and cooler; strong s. winds.

Ohio—Fair Tues., warmer in n. and e. Wed. probably fair; strong s. winds.

Lower Mich.—Overcast Tues. Wed. unsettled and colder; strong s. and s. w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Rain Tues., colder in w. and cent. Wed. probably rain or snow and colder; moderate to fresh s. w. and w. gales.

Ill. and Mo.—Fair Tues., cooler in n. and w.; Wed. probably fair and cooler.

Wis., Minn., Iowa, and N. Dak.—Fair and colder Tues. and Wed.

S. Dak.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; colder Wed.

Neb.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; colder Wed. and in e. Tues.

Kan.—Fair and cooler Tues. and Wed.

La.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Ark.—Fair Tues.; Wed. cloudy.

Okla.—Fair Tues.; colder in w.; Wed. fair.

E. Tex.—Unsettled Tues. in n., fair in s.; Wed. fair.

W. Tex.—Fair Tues., colder in n. and w.; Wed. fair.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Certain Protests Were Dismissed as Being Multifarious.

Budde & Westermann claimed before the Board of General Appraisers yesterday that the Collector erred in his return on merchandise invoiced as "poudre A Jullien, No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3." Duty was levied at the rate of 15 per cent. under the provision for unenumerated manufactured products. Free entry was claimed as albumen. The Government chemist's report showed Nos. 1 and 2 to be albumen, while that known as No. 3 was proved to be albumen mechanically combined with animal charcoal. Judge Hay sustained the claim as to Nos. 1 and 2, but held that the albumen provision did not cover commodities in which albumen was a constitutent or in which albumen prevails, or is in chief value. It was accordingly decided that the goods under the designation "No. 3" would have to stand the rate imposed by the Collector.

In a decision by Judge Fischer the board overruled claims made by Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, dealing with the rates of duty on jewelers' tweezers composed entirely of metal, and of jewelers' magnifying glasses or loupes set in hard rubber frames and having a fixed focus with no mechanical arrangement for adjusting the same. The protestants claimed 20 per cent. duty on the tweezers as plain manufactures of metal, and a rate of 25 per cent. on the magnifying glasses as "microscopes." The United States Examiner who passed the goods appeared at the trial as a witness for the importers. He testified that the articles corresponded in principle with certain merchandise covered by previous decisions of the board. The decision, however, said that, inasmuch as the record in neither of the cases cited had been offered in evidence, the board was unable to make a finding that the present merchandise was exactly the same as that involved in the previously decided cases. The Collector was affirmed in taking 30 per cent. on the tweezers as "nippers and pliers of all kinds," while the magnifying glasses were held properly dutiable, as assessed, at 35 per cent. as optical instruments and frames and mountings for the same.

The board dismissed protests filed by Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne as being multifarious. In taking this action, Judge Sullivan took occasion to emphasize that importers must set forth their claims "distinctly and specifically," as specified in the administrative section of the tariff law. He held that protests that merely referred to a section of the tariff under which merchandise was classified, without describing it, did not comply with the law. The same thing was held true as applying to protests designating numerous paragraphs under which it was claimed merchandise should be classified, without stating the nature of the merchandise either by name or otherwise, but simply alleging the "articles assessed" under the paragraph. The decision held that a protest, to be correct, should designate in clear terms the nature and character of merchandise, together with the paragraph and rate claimed. The merchandise involved in the decision made yesterday was assessed at 85 per cent. as articles of personal adornment, the importers' claim being for lower rates. The board's action dismissed had the effect of affirming the Collector's classification.

C. J. Tower, Buffalo, failed to secure a reversal of the Collector's tax of 25 per cent. on hay knife plates. They were claimed free of duty as agricultural implements, or dutiable at 20 per cent. under the paragraph. Judge Fischer said that the testimony failed far short of establishing either claim. The conclusion was reached that the Collector took the proper rate under the provision for "hay knives, finished or unfinished, without handles."

Say Cottons Will Be Replaced.

Another argument was advanced yesterday in the burlap vs. cotton goods controversy to show why the latter stand a chance of being superseded by the former for many purposes. The argument was simply this: That, whereas cotton goods which correspond in weight and general usefulness with heavy burlaps are considerably higher than they were nine or ten months ago, heavy jute goods are about 3 cents a yard lower than they were at that time. Earlier in the year, it was contended, cottons were cheaper than burlaps, and replaced them to "no small degree" for that reason. Not only are heavy burlaps, at present prices, expected to gain back the ground they have lost, but it is said that they are being substituted in certain cases for cottons for the first time because their cheapness makes them the better "buy." The only question in the minds of supporters of the burlap side of the argument appears to be how long these goods will stay cheap when the predicted demand for them sets in, especially so in the face of the increasing scarcity of freight space in steamers clearing from Calcutta.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Under yesterday's date this notice was sent to the trade by B. B. & R. Knight, through their selling agent, William E. Wall: "We today make prices on 'Fruit of the Loom' 4-4 goods at 11 cents, and on 'Fruit of the Loom' 7-8 goods at 10½ cents, net sixty days, subject to further advance without notice. Orders for future delivery will be taken 'at value' only; to be charged at the price current on the day charged."

Under the title "The Great Fur Industry," the various steps in the manufacture of fur garments, ranging from trapping the animals to showing the finished goods on living models, will be shown on the moving picture screen for the first time on Jan. 22 at Carnegie Hall. The pictures are made and will be produced under the direction of Julian C. Austrian of the Fur Trade Review.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on October 13th, 1916, the Standard Transportation Company filed its petition praying limitation of liability as owner of the tug S. T. Co., No. 16, for any loss, damage, or injury arising on or about October 1, 1915, while tug S. T. Co., No. 16 was towing barge S. T. Co. No. 120 out of the slip at 58th Street, South Brooklyn, in consequence of which one Mikal Olsen is alleged to have sustained personal injuries; that petitioner has stipulated to pay into this Court the value of said tug S. T. Co., No. 16 and pending freight as appraised, viz., $41,000, with lawful interest according to law; that all persons claiming damages by reason of said accident are required by the monition issued to me by said Court to prove their claims before Alexander Gilchrist, Jr., Esq., U. S. Commissioner, at his office, U. S. Court and P. O. Bldg., Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 22d day of January, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., and that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of LA VOCE DELLA COLONIA E IL FOGOLO ITALO-AMERICAN PUBLICATION & PRINTING COMPANY, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey.—Bankruptcy.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to an order of the court that the undersigned, Receiver in bankruptcy herein, offers for sale the property, assets, effects, and good will of the above named bankrupt. The property to be sold consists of linotype machine, Duplex printing press, job presses, printing accessories, type, and fixtures, together with the good will of the business heretofore conducted by the above named bankrupt at 205 Canal Street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan.

The above described property may be inspected on the premises from November 9th, 1916, to November 11th, 1916, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Bids for the above described property, assets, fixtures, and effects may be submitted to the receiver at the office of the attorneys for the receiver, Morris & Meyers, Esqs., 220 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan, on or before 10 o'clock in the forenoon of November 14th, 1916, at which time and place the bids will be opened and creditors may attend and express themselves in reference thereto. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for at least ten per cent. of the amount of the bid.

The receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in which event the said property will be sold at public auction on the said premises by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, on the 17th day of November, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, at the premises 205 Canal Street, New York City.

Dated, N. Y., November 6, 1916.

EDWARD J. McCROSSIN, Receiver.
MORRIS and SAMUEL MEYERS, Attorneys for receiver, 220 Broadway, New York City.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

00 *Cents per agate line each insertion.*

POPLINS.—Will pay cash for poplins. X 364 Times Annex.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Spring wire, white or black; No. 00; bulk or carded. Krimke, 79 3d Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. B. B. 2804.

THIBETS wanted. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th. Madison Square 2815.

WAISTS, 2,000 dozen; cotton or silk; spot cash. 530 Broadway, 5th floor.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

BEAVER STRIPS, Chase's and Blumenthal strips; immediate delivery. Gramercy 3050.

BEAVER STRIPS, three-inch; below mill price. Farragut 616.

BEAVER TRIMMINGS.—Will sell three-inch strips below mill price. Farragut 616.

CHINCHILLA.—All makes chinchilla for sale cheap. S. Miller & Son, 127 West 26th.

COATS.—5,000 plush and velour coats for immediate delivery. Silk plush coats, nutria trimmings, collars, cuffs, and bottom, 45 in. long, $10 net; other attractive values. Rothstein & Nelson, 129 W. 22d.

COATS.—Open today for convenience of buyers; elevator running; will sell and deliver Esquimette plush and ladies' and children's coats cheap. Hutner, 60 East 11th St.

COATS.—Bolivia broadcloth, velour mixtures, plushes, and Velour de Nords on the racks for your selection. Lindenman, Gross & Hindes, 150 West 22d St.

COATS.—2,000 infants' and children's Fall coats; latest styles in desirable materials, to close out. Stern-Miller Co., 19 West 36th.

COATS.—Wool velours, broadcloths, plushes; latest styles; lowest prices; immediate delivery. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

COATS.—Corking good values in velour, bolivia, and plush coats on the racks. Cohen & Edelman, 11 East 31st St.

COATS.—Broadcloth and wool velours; all shades; immediate delivery; from $8.75 up. M. Kananack, 34 West 17th.

COATS.—Wool velour coats, $8.50 to $13.60. Immediate delivery. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

COATS.—Pile fabrics and wool velours, immediate delivery. Hirsch & Bro., 153 W. 27th St.

COATS.—2,000, for immediate delivery, plushes and wool velours. Klar Brothers, 36 West 20th.

COATS, the kind you want, for immediate delivery, at your prices. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

COATS.—An early morning call assures a better selection. Lindenman, Gross & Hindes, 150 West 22d St.

COATS.—Big values, wonderful styles, plush and Velour DuNord cloth coats. I. Novick, 40 W. 28th.

COATS of every description; immediate delivery. Lindenman, Gross & Hindes, 150 West 22d St.

COATS, Suits, stylish, wool velour, fur-trimmed, $8.75. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS.—Specializing; $6.75 up; immediate delivery. Bernstein Co., 118 West 27th.

COATS.—Immediate delivery; snappy broadcloths, velours. Morris-Miller, 15 W. 24th.

COATS.—Silk, plush; preference to resident buyers. National Coat, 40 West 27th.

COATS.—Silk, plush; better prices; resident buyers. National Coat, 40 West 27th.

COATS, plush and cloth, for today's delivery. Joe Korostoss, 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—Silk, plush coats, trimmed, $9. National Coat Co., 40 West 27th.

COATS, plus, good value, for immediate delivery; also cloth. 36 West 20th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Jobs to close out. E. & S., 43 West 24th. Open today.

DRESSES.—300 serges, 50 wool Jersey, to close out at a price. Gross & Leibowitz. 134 West 26th Street.

DRESSES.—Job of silk dresses to close out at a small price. Murray Hill 3673.

MATELAMS, Persians, astrachans, velveteens. Pearson & Rollinson's fancy velours, quilted lining. Merit Co., 22 W. 27th.

PIECE GOODS, all kinds, for cloak and suit trade. Kurland & Bernstein, 63 West 36th St. Greeley 4196.

PLUSHES, 5050, Lapinex 50s; Chase's trimmings; others; velour de Nord. Madison 6777.

PLUSHES for sale. A. Berger, 27 West 24th St. Farragut 9123.

SALTS VELOUR.—25 pieces Velour de Nord, $3.50 net. B 231 Times Annex.

SERGES.—4002, 7301, 6301, 8158, 7614 and 4002. J 25 Times.

SKIRTS.—Sub-manufacturers on wash, woolen skirts, having 40 machines, desires connection with large manufacturers, jobbers; satisfaction guaranteed. Bedford Skirt Co., 758 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

SKIRTS.—Our Spring line of skirts is ready for city and out-of-town jobbers. Phone or write Wear-Well Company, 30 West 24th.

SKIRTS.—1,000 skirts, serges, corduroys, and mixtures at $1.50. H. E. Schwartz, 13 West 20th St. 'Phone Gramercy 1863.

SNAP FASTENERS, carded or bulk, white and black; all sizes; any quantity. I. Grossmann, Inc., 320 5th Av.

SUITS.—F. & H. broadcloth and velveteen suits to close out. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

SUITS, fur trimmed, to close out; latest styles. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

TRIMMINGS.—50,000 yards Paisley and Persian trimmings for dress and millinery trade. Phone Gramercy 5832.

VELOUR DE NORD.—S. Blumenthal, 30 inch; $2.65, and 50 inch, $4. Telephone Mad. Sq. 920, or apply Geo. G. Wood & Co., 105 Madison Av.

VELVETEENS.—36-inch twill back; all colors; immediate delivery; will sell cheap. Warren Woolen Co., 41 West 25th St.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...3¼@3½ per cent. for the best names.
Saturday...3¼@3½ " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Their Argument for Good Season.

A suit manufacturer who believes that the coming Spring will see a change from the dress vogue brought out the point that many women are now wearing suits that they bought for last Spring and that, consequently, they will need fresh garments for the coming season. While the hopes of the suit manufacturers run high for a better business than they have obtained this season, their buying of dress goods does not seem to carry out what they believe. Their orders have been sparse, it is said, and some of them are known to have expressed the opinion that new and pleasing styles will have to be originated if they are to enjoy a good season's business.

Dress Manufacturers Hopeful.

The dress manufacturers, after doing an exceptionally fine business this Fall, are of the opinion that next Spring will see them equally well favored. One of the strongest arguments advanced, besides the fact that Paris is featuring dresses because the woolen centre of France is in the hands of the enemy, is that for the same price much better value can be put into a dress than into a suit. A dress does not have to be lined, and a little used in a woolen combination dress coats but little more than the lining in a suit. A case is noted where a manufacturer, who has been in the suit business since he started, is making preparations next Spring for turning out quite a quantity of dresses.

Garment Makers Out of Town.

Several of the prominent garment manufacturers, who have their doubts that the plan to get them in the proposed Long Island City centre will prove successful, say that to be successful a manufacturer has to be in constant touch with the progress of goods through his factory. Due to the workers who live in this city, they point out, and the factory some distance away, manufacturing could not be carried on to advantage. This argument against the plan was met yesterday by a dress goods manufacturer who stated that quite a few of the largest houses now let out their orders to contractors and do not oversee the work. At the same time, he said, these manufacturers, who are more or less jobbers, are conducting successful businesses.

Export Demands Help Out.

While house trading on Fall wash goods is beginning to slow up considerably, due largely to the lateness of the season, local secondary distributers of these fabrics say that there is no such sign in the export business that is coming in. On the other hand, foreign buyers who have received and disposed of their initial lots of American cloths seem to be coming back for more, this being especially true of buyers in the Southern republics. Some cloths of a Fall nature are included in these orders, it was said yesterday, but for the most part—about 90 per cent., to be more exact—they were said to be made up of sheer goods. One of the big concerns in shipping merchandise of this character practically all over the globe.

Coat Manufacturers Still Busy.

The coat manufacturers have had one of the best seasons on record. They are still busy filling orders, most of which are supplied from stock. They are optimistic of good Spring business, and are making preparations for an unusually strong demand. The sort of goods they propose to feature will be of the nap-finished variety. Color, it is said, will do much to sell merchandise of this character. It was pointed out that many fabrics were bought during the present season simply because the color was right. Notable among the instances mentioned were white chinchillas.

Warns Against Too Low Prices.

In a bulletin issued from the office of the Secretary of the National Canners' Association, attention is called to the dangers of canners selling the 1917 output of tinned foods at prices specified in 1916 future contracts. Not only are the canners who do this injuring themselves and their competitors, the bulletin says, but the canner, not knowing his costs and by virtue of this fact being unable to carry out his contracts, very nearly approaches the unlawful. It is also pointed out that the association, following the lead of the Federal Trade Commission, is now conducting a campaign of education in cost accounting in the canning industry. The attention of canners is also called to these facts: That seeds have advanced nearly 75 per cent.; No. 2 cans have increased 8 cents a dozen; labels have now advanced fully 50 per cent.; boxes increase cost of early 1 cent a dozen, and that wages are advancing continually without the formality of strikes.

Burlaps in Better Demand.

While business was hampered yesterday in the local burlap trade by the scarcity of spot and nearby arrival merchandise, there were more inquiries received than might have been expected. In the closing days of last week, however, an excellent business was done. It was said yesterday by one of the leading importers that practically all light burlaps, from 9 ounces down, that would be available here from now until Dec. 1 had been cleaned up at prices better than it had been thought could be got for them. Some large sales of 40-inch, eight-ounce cloths were reported, for instance, at 7.75@7.80 cents. It was further said that sales could have been made at this and corresponding figures on lightweight goods to arrive up to Jan. 1 had sellers been disposed to accept the offers made them. Heavy goods were less active, with 10½-ounce "forties" available at prices ranging from 8½ cents up.

Gray Goods Dragged Along.

The nearness of election day, coupled with the fact that several of the big commission houses were closed so far as selling was concerned, kept gray goods trading at a low ebb in this market yesterday. Some business was told of on 39-inch 68-72s at 9 cents for delivery early in 1917, while 39½-inch 60-52s sold for March-May shipment at 7 cents. Spot business was put through on the latter goods at 7½ cents. Not much was done in coarse goods during the day, though there was some inquiry for 40-inch 4.25 sheetings. These cloths were held at 9¾ cents from 8½ cents to 8¾ cents, with 8¼ cents regarded more or less generally as the proper figure. Closing printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s	10½c	38½-inch, 64-60s	8c
39-inch, 72-76s	9½c	38½-inch, 64-56s	7½c
39-inch, 64-64s	9c	38½-inch, 60-52s	7½c
39-inch, 56-44s	8½c	38½-inch, 60-48s	6½c
38½-inch, 64-64s	8¼c	27-inch, 64-60s	5¼c

Duty on Roofing Paper.

Customs officers have been advised by the Treasury Department that, following a suggestion by the Collector at New York, a change will be made in the classification of asphalt roofing paper and shingles. Merchandise of this kind has been accorded entry up to this time at 5 per cent. under the provision for "roofing felt." The new order points out that the term "roofing felt" as appearing in Paragraph 320 appears to be qualified by the phrase of limitation "not coated, lined, printed or decorated in any manner." Assistant Secretary Malburn said that as the felt or paper under consideration had been coated it was expressly excluded from the provision for "roofing felt." It was directed that at the expiration of thirty days, importations and goods withdrawn from warehouse be taxed 25 per cent. as "manufactures in chief value of paper not specially provided for."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

To register in this column telephone Bryant 1000.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.: S. M. Herrmann, millinery; 41 Union Square; Gregorian.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Emporium (World Millinery Co.): J. S. Bluman, millinery; 621 B'way.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.: B. Ormsby, dress goods, silks; 23 East 26th.

BALTIMORE, Md.—Stewart & Co.: D. A. Richards, perfumery; 18 W. 35th.

BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.: W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—D. B. Leveman Co.: E. T. Narjes, upholstery goods, carpets, rugs, draperies; 145 W. 23d.

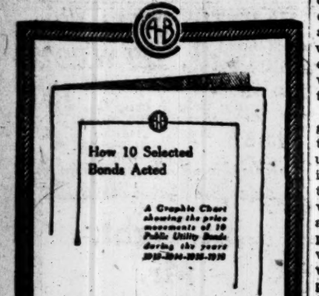
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.: Mrs. E. O'Connell, dresses, waists; 104 Worth.

CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.: B. Obermeyer, laces, notions, trimmings, hdkfs., embroideries; 15 E.

Opportunities in Foreign Currency Bonds

Send for our treatise.

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange. Investment Bankers.
71 Broadway New York



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and circulars on our two latest issues of bonds will be sent free on request for Combination T-300.

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is the incentive that has made many a man and woman economize, and even forego some of the so-called necessities of life, in order that they may possess sound bonds in either large or small amounts. For those who wish to eliminate the element of speculation from their investments, we would suggest placing their money in any one of a strong list of conservative securities we have chosen with this specific purpose in mind.
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William P. Bonbright & Co. — Bonbright & Co.

New York Central Railroad Co.
Lake Shore & Mich. So. Mortgage 4s, 1928
Legal investment for Savings Banks in Connecticut and Massachusetts
Secured by a second mortgage on practically all of the main line of the New York Central System from Buffalo to Chicago.
Price at Market
Yielding about 4.45%
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Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St. - - New York

November Bond Circular
We shall be pleased to send a copy of our November General Bond Circular to investors on request. This circular describes a comprehensive list of carefully selected municipal, railroad and public utility corporation bonds, which we recommend for investment.
Send for General Circular 90
Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

ROBINSON & CO.
U. S. Government Bonds
Investment Securities
26 Exchange Place New York
Members New York Stock Exchange.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Fresh Burst of Bullish Enthusiasm Carries Prices to New High Levels.

Two explanations were offered yesterday to account for a spirited upturn in stocks, accompanied by an increase in activity that carried the total to nearly 1,500,000 shares. The first was generally accepted, that traders were giving expression to confidence in the election of Mr. Hughes. The second, which seems more probable, was that Wall Street sees no reason to expect an early change in business conditions no matter which candidate is successful. The war is the dedicate determining factor, and there are many indications to support the belief that the war will continue unabated for a long time to come. The latest peace rumors have been almost forgotten.

The market at the close of last week appeared to be quieting down to await the result of the election, and it would have surprised no one if trading yesterday had been carried on in desultory fashion. Certainly nothing had occurred over Sunday to clarify the political situation. If it was doubtful to the average man on Saturday which party will carry this year's election, it was even more so yesterday, a condition which was reflected by a narrowing in the election odds from 10 to 7 to 10 to 9.

The new impetus which the market gained yesterday came from the feeling that higher prices are justified by the upward trend of earnings, no matter who is elected. If the market were prepared to begin discounting the tariff situation which this country will have to face after the war it might reasonably be expected that stocks would go up on a victory for Mr. Hughes and down on a victory for Mr. Wilson. But no such process has been started. For once Wall Street was ready to agree with the Boston operator who in times past bombarded it with advice, that the market should go forward no matter how the election turns.

The opening was made at higher levels, and prices picked up further gains as the day advanced. A great spurt in activity was seen in the final hour, which rolled up such a total that the last of the closing quotations appeared on the ticker twenty minutes after the gong. United States Steel came back as an aggressive leader, selling up to its best price of 123¼ at the close, a net advance of 3½ points. Crucible went to 94⅞, but closed at 93¼ after the publication of figures for the year ended Aug. 31, which showed that while the company had earned more than $13,000,000 in 1916, as against $3,000,000 for the year previous, it had been compelled to spend $15,000,000 to bring the plants up to requirements. American Locomotive sold up another 2¼ points to 93, and most of the other industrials which have been to the fore lately added material gains. The average price of fifty leading rails and industrials stood at 100.47 at the close, a new high record. Money continues easy, the prevailing rate in the call money market being 2½ per cent. yesterday. There were no further arrivals of gold over Sunday, and the prediction that the movement would be halted by the successful flotation of the British credit is being borne out. The Russian loan is still to be closed up, though an agreement is expected as soon as replies are received to cables suggesting the amount and terms.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 10 or Less.	Over 10, up to 30.	Over 30, up to 60.	Over 60, up to 90.
Boston	3	3½	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3½	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4½	4½
Richmond	3½	4	4	4
Atlanta	....	4	4	4
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3	4	4	4½
Minneapolis	....	4	4	4½
Kansas City	4½	4½	4½	4½
Dallas	....	4	4	4½
S. Francisco	3	3½	4	4½

	Trade Acceptances. Agricul. Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	3	3½	3½	3½
New York	3	3½	3½	....
Philadelphia	4½	3½	3½	3½
Cleveland	5	3½	4	....
Richmond	4½	3½	3½	3½
Atlanta	4	3½	3½	3
Chicago	5	....	4	....
St. Louis	5	3	3½	3
Minneapolis	5	3½	3½	3½
Kansas City	5	4	4	3½
Dallas	4½	3½	3½	3
S. Francisco	5½	3	3½	3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent.

COLLATERAL LOANS.

Call. High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
2½	2¼	2½	2¼

Time.

60 days	2¾@3	5 months	3½@3¾
90 days	3 @3¼	6 months	3½@3¾
4 months	3¼		

BANK ACCEPTANCES.
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days 2¾@2¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days 3 @3¼

COMMERCIAL PAPER.
Best-Known Names.
30 to 90 days 3 @3¼
4 to 6 months 3¼@3½
Other Names.
4 to 6 months 3½@3¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	4.75½	4.75½	4.75½	..
Cables	4.76¼	4.76¼	4.76¼	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.84½	5.84½	5.84½	+.00½
Cables	5.83¼	5.83¼	5.83¾	+.00¼
Marks—				
Demand	70.00	70.00	70.00	—.12½
Cables	70.06¼	70.06¼	70.06¼	—.12½

Closing Rates.

Following are yesterday's closing rates, compared with the normal rates of exchange based on the mint par of exchange adapted to the customary way of quoting the several exchanges. Sterling is quoted at so many dollars to the pound, German exchange so many cents to four marks, and French, Italian, and Swiss exchanges so many francs or lire to the dollar. The other exchanges on this list are quoted so many cents to the units of currency in the several countries.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close— Demand or Check.	Cable.
4.8665 London	4.76¼	4.76¼
5.1826 Paris	5.84½	5.83¾
95.28 Berlin	70.50	70.06¼
5.1826 Switzerland	5.23	5.22
19.296 Greece	19.48	19.53
5.1826 Italy	6.72½	6.71½
20.26 Austria	11.87	11.85
51.45 Russia	30.35	30.45
26.78 Scandinavia	....	....
.... Copenhagen	27.00	27.10
.... Stockholm	28.45	28.55
.... Christiania	27.70	27.80
19.29 Spain	20.30	20.35
40.14 Holland	40.93¾	41.00
.... China—		
.... Hongkong	54.75	54.85
.... Peking	82.00	82.12½
.... Shanghai	77.00	77.12½
.... India—		
38.44 Bombay	32.25	32.37½
32.44 Calcutta	32.25	32.37½
.... Japan—		
49.84 Kobe	50.75	50.87½
49.84 Yokohama	50.75	50.87½
.... Philippine Islands—		
50.00 Manila	50.12½	50.25
.... South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	43.17	43.27
32.46 Rio	23.80	23.90

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¾	$4.69¾	$4.70¾	$4.68¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $365,892,180; balance, $26,039,012; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,590,728.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, .10c. discount; St. Louis, 10@15c. discount; San Francisco, 10c. premium; Montreal, .3125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 33½d., up ⅝d.; in New York, 69¼c., up ¾c.; Mexican dollars, 53½c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, NOV. 6, 1916.

	Shares.
Total sales	1,463,978
Same day last year	796,855
Same day two years ago	Ex. closed.
Year to date	173,591,855
Same period last year	147,655,390
Same period in 1914	41,989,158

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
65	65¼	500	Acme Tea	64⅝	65	64⅝	65	+ ¼
140	150	100	Adams Express	147	147	147	147	— 1
....	....	100	Advance Rumely	34	34	34	34	— ⅛
72½	73	300	Ajax Rubber	71	72	71	72	— ⅛
11⅝	12	800	Alaska Gold Mines	12¼	12¾	12	12	— ⅛
28¼	28⅝	4,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	27½	28⅝	27½	28¼	+ ⅜
85	85⅝	1,700	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	85	85¼	84⅝	85	....
87⅜	88½	700	Am. Agricul. Chem	87	88⅛	87	88	+1⅛
103⅞	104	4,900	Am. Beet Sugar	103¼	104	103¼	104	+1⅜
64	64¼	5,900	Am. Can	63⅜	64⅛	63¼	64¼	+ ⅛
113⅜	114¼	800	Am. Can pf	113¼	114	113⅜	114	+ ⅛
70	70½	8,600	Am. Car & Fdry	70	70⅞	69⅝	70	+ ⅛
117	117½	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	117½	117½	117½	117½	— ½
54⅝	55¼	600	Am. Cotton Oil	55	55⅝	54⅞	55	....
16	16¼	3,300	Am. H. & Leather	15	16⅛	15	16¼	+1⅛
70⅜	71¼	2,400	Am. H. & Leath. pf	69	71½	69	71¼	+1⅜
28⅝	29¼	1,200	Am. Ice Securities	29	29⅝	29	29⅛	+ ⅛
25⅞	26	1,800	Am. Linseed	25	26¼	25	26	+ ⅛
57⅛	58	2,200	Am. Linseed pf	57¼	58½	57¼	57⅝	+ ⅛
92⅜	93¼	42,300	Am. Locomotive	90⅝	94	90⅜	93	+2¼
47	48	100	Am. Malt pf	47	47	47	47	—1
112¾	112⅝	12,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	112⅜	113⅝	112¼	112⅝	+1⅛
117¼	117½	250	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	117½	117½	117¼	117¼	— ⅛
99	100	114	Am. Smelt. pf. A	99½	99½	99½	99½	+ ⅛
64½	65	4,400	Am. Steel F'dries	64	64	64	64⅜	+ ⅜
120⅞	121	2,400	Am. Sugar Ref	120¼	121	120	120⅝	+ ⅜
133⅜	133½	300	Am. Tel. & Tel	133⅜	133½	133⅜	133½	+ ⅛
108	110	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	108½	108½	108½	108½	+ ⅛
54¼	54⅜	11,200	Am. Woolen	52⅝	54¼	52⅝	54¼	+2⅛
98	99	400	Am. Woolen pf	98½	98⅞	98½	98⅞	+ ⅜
51¼	51⅝	16,000	Am. Writing P. pf	49½	51⅝	48½	51⅝	+1⅞
52¾	52⅞	7,400	Am. Zinc L. S.	52¼	54¼	52¼	52⅝	+1⅛
82	83⅜	1,200	Am. Zinc L. S. pf	83¼	83⅞	83	83	....
98	98½	59,800	Anaconda Cop. Co	97¼	98⅜	97¼	98	+1⅛
66¼	67¼	100	Associated Oil	67	67	67	67	+ ⅛
107⅛	107¼	7,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	107	107¼	106⅝	107¼	+1
100⅝	100⅞	275	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞	....
124	124½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	124	124	124	124	+1⅜
106½	107	3,000	At., Gulf & W. I.	107	108	107	107	+1⅜
71¼	71⅜	1,000	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	71⅜	71⅜	71¼	71⅜	+ ⅛
88	88½	24,700	Baldwin Loco	88	89⅜	87⅜	88	+ ⅞
108	100	300	Baldwin Loco. pf	108¼	108⅝	108¼	108½	+1⅛
88½	88¾	4,320	Baltimore & Ohio	88¼	88⅞	88	88⅝	+ ⅜
75⅜	76	100	Baltmore & O. pf	75⅜	75⅜	75⅜	75⅜	....
....	....	50	Bank of Commerce	180	180	180	180	....
138½	139½	100	Barrett Co	138	138	138	138	....
665	670	300	Bethlehem Steel	665	665	665	665	—5
665	670	50	Do., odd lot	675	675	675	675	....
143	145	300	Bethlehem Steel pf	145	145	140	145	—5
84⅞	85	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	84⅞	85	84⅞	85	+1
74	75	2,100	Brown Shoe	73½	74⅞	73½	74⅜	+1⅝
84	85	100	Burns Brothers	84	84	84	84	+ ½
68	68¼	7,000	Butte & Superior	65¼	69¼	67	68¼	+ ½
23	23⅜	1,100	California Petrol	22½	23⅞	22½	23½	+ ⅝
173	174	900	Canadian Pacific	172¾	174⅜	172¾	173¾	+ ⅝
85	88	200	Cane (J. L.) pf. ctf	85	85	85	85	+ ½
102¼	102⅝	51,000	Central Leather Co	99¾	103¾	99¼	102⅝	+4⅞
115	116	300	Central Leather pf	115	115¾	115	115¾	+ ½
105	105½	200	Chandler Motor	104⅝	105	104⅝	105	....
68¾	69	6,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	67	69⅞	66¾	68⅝	+ ⅝
27½	28	300	Chicago & Alton pf	27⅞	27⅞	27½	27½	+ ½
15	16	4,300	Chic. Great Western	15	16⅛	15	15⅞	+ ⅛
46	46¼	2,500	Chi. Gt. West. pf	45⅜	46¾	45⅜	46	— ⅛
96	96¼	8,530	Chi., Mil. & St. P	95	96¼	95	96⅛	+1⅛
126¼	127	300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	127	127	127	127	+ ½
128¼	129¼	200	Chi. & Northwest	128⅝	129	128⅝	129	+ ⅞
35⅞	36⅜	28,700	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	34	36¾	33⅞	35¼	+1⅛
23⅝	23⅞	1,000	Chile Copper	22¼	23	22¼	22⅝	+ ⅛
64½	64¾	17,800	Chino Copper	63½	64⅛	63½	64⅛	+ ⅛
58½	60½	200	Clev., C., C. & St.L.	60	60	60	60	+ ¼
70	70¼	100	Cluett, Peabody Co	70	70	70	70	+ ¼
54	54½	8,800	Col. Fuel & Iron	53⅜	55¼	53⅜	54	+ ¼
35½	36	300	Col. & Southern	35½	35½	35½	35½	+ ½
45¼	45⅜	39,000	Columbia Gas & El	44½	47¼	44½	45⅛	+ ⅛
131½	130⅝	400	Consol. Gas, N. Y	130½	130⅝	130½	130⅝	+ ⅛
126¼	126½	2,000	Consol. Gas, Balt	125½	126½	125¾	126½	—1⅝
103½	104½	900	Continental Can	104¼	104½	103½	103½	....
113	114	1,100	Continental Can pf	112⅜	113	112⅜	113	....
19⅜	19⅝	4,900	Corn Products Ref	19¼	19⅞	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅛
97	97½	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	96½	97	96½	96⅞	+ ⅛
93¼	95¼	35,100	Crucible Steel	92⅞	94⅞	92⅞	93¼	+1⅞
123¼	124½	500	Crucible Steel pf	122½	123	122½	123	+ ½
71½	72	74,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	70¾	72½	70¾	72	+1½
90	90¼	400	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	99	99¼	99	99¼	+ ¼
230	233	300	Cuban-Am. Sugar	230	230	230	230	—1
109	112	16	Cuban-Am. Sug. pf	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	....
....	98	100	Dayton P. & L. pf	97	97	97	97	+1½
154	156	400	Delaware & Hud	155	156	155	156	+1
230½	242	300	Del., Lack. & West	242	242	242	242	+2
20¼	21	300	Den. & Rio Grande	20¼	20¾	20¼	20¾	—2
48¼	48⅜	800	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	47¾	48¾	47¾	48¼	+1
45⅞	46⅛	1,000	Distillers' Secur	46	46	46	46	+ ½
24½	25	200	Dome Mines	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	+ ⅛
96	98	300	Driggs-Seabury	96	98	95	98	+ ⅛
7¼	7¾	300	Duluth, S. S. & A	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
15	15½	500	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	15⅜	15⅝	14⅞	15½	+ ⅛
39	39⅛	10,700	Erie	38⅝	39¼	38⅝	39	+ ⅛
53⅝	53⅞	1,100	Erie 1st pf	53¾	54	53¾	53⅝	....
18½	22½	100	Federal Min. & S	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	—3¾
43½	44	200	Federal M. & S. pf	43⅞	43⅞	43⅜	43⅜	+ ⅛
45	48	400	Gaston, Wms. & W	44¾	45	44¾	45	....
320	330	200	General Chemical	325	325	325	325	—3
183	183½	1,400	General Electric	183	183½	182½	182½	+ ½
72¼	72¾	3,300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	71½	72¾	71½	72½	+ ⅝
94	94	2,200	Granby Consol	93¾	94	93¾	94	+ ⅛
119½	119⅞	2,100	Great Northern pf	119¼	119⅝	119¼	119⅞	+ ⅝
43¾	43⅞	4,400	G. N. ctfs. for o. p	43¼	44	43¼	43⅝	+ ⅛
54	54	3,300	Greene-Cananea	52¾	53⅜	52	53⅜	+1⅛
96½	97	1,300	Gulf States Steel	95¾	96½	95¾	97⅛	+2¾
97	98	200	Gulf States S. 2d pf	97¼	98	97¼	98	+ ⅛
103½	104¼	600	Illinois Central	103½	104¼	103½	104¼	+ ½
67¾	67⅞	19,800	Inspiration Copper	67¼	68⅜	67¼	67⅞	+ ⅛
19¼	19⅜	4,100	Interboro Consol	19⅜	19⅜	19	19	— ⅛
76	76⅜	2,100	Interboro Con. pf	76	76⅜	76	76¼	+ ⅛
23½	25	2,700	Int. Agricultural	23½	25½	23½	25	+2½
57	57	4,600	Int. Agricultural pf	52⅝	57	52⅝	57	+4
118	118	100	Int. Harvester, N.J.	118	118	118	118	+ ½
41¼	41¼	7,400	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	41¼	41¼	41	41½	+ ⅛
115	118⅜	10,200	Int. Mer. Mar.pf.t.r	115	118⅜	117½	117½	....
50⅝	51½	8,000	Int. Nickel	50⅝	51½	50⅝	51½	+1
106¼	106¾	100	Int. Nickel pf	106¼	106¾	106¼	106¼	— ⅝
64	64½	18,300	Int. Paper	61½	64½	61½	64	+3½
103⅛	103⅝	3,400	Int. Paper pf	103⅛	103	103	103½	+ ⅜
90	92	100	Jewel Tea	90	90	90	90	—1½
28¼	28¼	2,100	Kansas City South	28	28¼	27⅞	28¼	+ ⅛
61⅞	61⅞	100	Kan. City South. pf	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞	+ ⅜
77½	78	800	Kelly Spring. Tire	78	78	77½	77½	....
54⅝	55	32,725	Kennecott Copper	54	55	53⅞	55	....
91	91	30,000	Lackawanna Steel	89¼	92¼	89¼	90⅝	+1⅝
....	....	500	Lacede Gas	111	112	111	112	+2
23½	24	200	Lake Erie & West	23½	24	23½	23½	+ ⅜
54	54	200	Lake Erie & W. pf	54	54	54	54	+ ½
41¼	43	5,500	Lee Rubber & Tire	41¼	43	41¼	42¾	+ ⅝
84½	84½	4,400	Lehigh Valley	84½	84½	84	84¼	+ ½
28	28	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	28	28	28	28	—2½
225	225	100	Lorillard Co	225	225	225	225	—2½
136	136	300	Louis. & Nash	136	136	136	136	— ½
87	87	200	Mackay Cos	87	87	87	87	— ½
66¼	66½	100	Mackay Cos. pf	66¼	66½	66¼	66½	+ ¼
85	85	3,500	Maxwell Motors	84½	85	84½	85	+ ¼
85¾	85¾	300	Max. Motors 1st pf	85¾	85¾	85	85	....
54	55	200	Max. Motors 2d pf	54	54	54	54	....
70¾	71	1,200	May Dept. Stores	70¾	71	70¾	70¾	+ ⅝
111¾	112	18,100	Mexican Petroleum	111¾	112⅝	111¾	111⅞	+ ⅛
39¼	39⅝	5,200	Miami Copper	39¼	39⅝	39¼	39⅝	+ ⅛
34⅜	35	700	Minn. & St. L. new	33⅜	34½	33⅜	34½	+1⅛
123	123	100	M., St. P. & S. M.	122¾	124½	122¾	124½	+ ⅝
81	82	100	M.,St.P.& S.S.M. 1l.	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	+2½
111	111	800	Mo., Kan. & Texas	111	111¼	110¾	111¼	+ ⅜
84	84¼	1,800	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	83⅝	84¼	83⅝	84¼	+ ⅝
18	20	200	Missouri Pacific	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	+ ⅛
10⅜	10⅜	2,200	Mo. Pacific t r	10¼	10⅜	10¼	10⅜	+ ⅛
10⅜	10⅜	7,100	Mo. Pacific pf	10¼	10⅜	10¼	10⅜	+ ⅛
27½	27⅝	7,900	Mo. Pacific w i	27¼	27⅝	27¼	27½	+ ⅛
57⅜	58¼	200	Mo. Pacific pf. w i	58	58	58	58	— ⅛
90¼	90¼	100	Montana Power	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	....
84½	84½	200	Nat. Cloak & Suit	84½	84½	84½	84½	+ ¼
33¼	33⅜	16,700	Nat. Enameling & St. Co	32¾	34⅝	32¾	33⅜	+1¼
97½	99¼	100	Nat. E. & S. Co. pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	+ ⅛
68⅝	69¼	1,300	Nat. Lead Co	68⅝	69¼	68⅝	69¼	+ ⅛
25	25⅝	13,325	Nevada Con. Cop	25	25⅝	25	25½	+ ⅛
150	150¾	400	N. Y. Air Brake	150¼	150¾	150¼	150¾	+1½
108⅜	108⅝	13,500	N. Y. Central	108⅜	108⅝	108¼	108⅝	+1⅛
36¾	37¼	500	N. Y., C. & St. L	36⅜	36⅞	36⅜	36⅝	+ ⅛
61	61⅝	7,000	N. Y., N. H. & H	60¾	61⅞	60¾	61½	+ ⅛
31⅜	31⅝	2,100	N. Y., Ont. & West	31⅛	31⅝	31⅛	31¼	+ ⅛
144	144½	3,800	Norfolk & Western	144	144⅝	143¾	144¼	+ ⅛
86	90	100	Norfolk & West. pf	87½	87½	87½	87½	+1
70	71	100	North American	70¼	70¾	70¼	70¾	....
....	....	7,400	Northern Pacific	112	112⅝	112	112⅜	+ ⅝
....	....	1,500	Ohio Cities Gas	83	84	83	83½	—1½
....	....	1,800	Ontario Mining	6	6⅜	6	6⅜	+ ⅛
....	....	1,000	Owens Bottle Mach	94½	94½	94	94	....
....	....	800	Pacific Mail	29¾	29¾	29¼	29½	+ ⅛
....	....	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	38	38	38	38	+ ⅛
58¾	58½	4,913	Penn. R. R.	58¾	58¾	58¼	58¼	+ ⅛
113	113⅞	700	Peoples' Gas, Chi	111	113⅝	111	113⅜	+2⅜
16⅞	17¼	2,500	Peoria & Eastern	17¾	17¾	16½	17¼	+ ⅛
40½	40⅞	300	Philadelphia Co	40½	40⅞	40½	40⅞	+ ⅛
42¼	42¾	5,500	Pitts. Coal cfs. of d	42	42¾	42	42¾	+ ⅜
106	106	200	Pitts.C. pf. cfs. of d	106¾	106	106¾	106	+ ⅛
104½	104⅝	100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	104½	104⅝	104½	104⅝	+ ⅛
74⅞	74½	6,025	Pressed Steel Car	75	75	74¼	74½	+ ⅛
168	170	100	Pullman Co	169¾	169¾	169¾	169¾	—1⅜
53¼	54½	4,200	Railway Steel Sp	54¾	55⅞	53¾	53¾	+ ½
100½	102	100	Railway Steel S. pf	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	+ ⅛
29½	29⅝	29,300	Ray Con. Copper	29	29⅝	29	29	+ ⅛
110¼	110⅝	23,200	Reading	109¾	111¼	109¾	110⅝	+1⅝
46½	47	100	Reading 2d pf	47	47	47	47	+ ⅛
80¼	80¼	29,700	Rep. Iron & Steel	79	80¼	78¼	80¼	+2¼
114⅜	115	1,400	Rep. Iron & S. pf	114¼	114⅝	114¼	114⅝	+ ⅛
....	....	100	Rutland pf	30	30	30	30	....
25½	25⅝	2,200	St. L. & S. F.	25	25⅝	25	25⅜	+ ⅛
49¼	49¾	100	St. L. & S. F. pf. w i	49¼	49¾	49¼	49¾	+ ⅜
27	27½	600	St. Louis Southwest	26	27	26	27	+1
50	51	200	St. L. Southw. pf	52	52	52	52	....
17⅜	17¼	2,750	Seaboard Air Line	17¼	17¼	17	17¼	+ ⅛
40	40	800	Seab. Air Line pf	40	40	39½	39½	— ⅝
231½	234	600	Sears, Roeb. & Co	230¼	232½	230¼	232	+1⅞
32	32	5,700	Shattuck-Arizona	31½	32¼	31½	32	+1
74¾	74¾	14,700	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co	72¾	75	72¾	74¾	+3¼
103	103	100	S.-S. S. & I. Co. pf	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	+1½
101¼	101⅜	9,300	Southern Pacific	101¼	101¼	100¾	101⅜	+ ⅛
23½	23⅝	8,400	Southern Railway	23½	23⅝	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
68¼	68¾	300	Southern Ry. pf	68¼	68⅞	68¼	68¾	+ ⅛
102	103½	100	Standard Milling	103½	103½	103½	103½	+ ⅛
129½	130	4,010	Studebaker

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PUBLIC UTILITIES

Transactions in Stocks and Bonds—Quotations for Railway, Light, and Power Issues.

The following range of prices and closing quotations were reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES by dealers in public utility securities. The trading in these securities is done privately over the counter, and this record gives only those trades which are reported by the dealers making them:

STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Closing. Bid.	Asked.
Sales.				
700 Am. W. W & E...	9¾	9¼	9½	9¾
225 Am. W. W. & E. 1st pr	69½	68	68	70
240 Cent. States Elec.	26¾	25½	26	27
310 Cities Service	93	92½	92½	93
540 Cities Serv. pf...	61	61	61	62¼
420 Comwlth. Power...	62¼	84	84½	85½
700 Comwlth. P. pf...	86	49	53½	55
350 Elec. Prop.	55	50¾	50¾	60
120 Pacific G. & E.	91	90	90	92
25 Pac. G. & E. pf.	91	90	90	90½
150 Rep. Ry. & Lt.pf.	80	79¼	79½	80
250 Tenn. Ry., L.& P.	13	12½	12½	13

Closing quotations for issues not included in the table of transactions above were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Power	26	27
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	84	85
American Cities	8	13
American Cities pf.	46¾	48¾
American Gas Co.	120	123
American Gas & Electric	153	155
American Gas & Electric pf.	49	51
†American Light & Traction	382	384
American Light & Traction pf.	111	113
†American Light & Traction pf.	75	76
American Power & Light	84	85½
American Power & Light pf.	40	44
American Public Utilities	74	80
American Public Utilities pf.	23	25
American W. W. & E. part. pf.	93	..
Atlantic P. P. pf.	88	..
Baton Rouge Elec. pf.	99½	..
Baton Rouge notes	28	31
Carolina Power & Light	97	100
Carolina Power & Light pf.	72	76
Central Miss. Valley Prop. pf.	80¼	82½
Central States Electric pf.	31	34
Colorado Power	100	101¼
Colorado Power pf.	80	83
Columbus Electric pf.	61	63
Commonwealth P., R. & L.	100	101¼
Commonwealth P., R. & L. pf.	100	99
Consumers' Power pf.	97	..
Connecticut Power pf.	93	..
Eastern Texas Electric	59	62
Eastern Texas Electric pf.	89½	92
El Paso Electric	122½	125
El Paso Electric pf.	100	..
†Electric B. & S. pf.	99½	100
Empire D. & P. pf.	90	94
Federal Light & Traction	17	19
Federal Light & Traction pf.	36	38
Galveston-Houston Electric	32	36
Galveston-Houston Electric pf.	77	80
Galveston-Houston Electric pf.	300	310
Gas & Electric Securities	95	100
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	46	51
†Illinois Traction	49	51
International Traction	90	92
International Traction pf.	30	35
Interstate Electric	47	49
Lincoln Gas & Electric		13
Mississippi River Power	30	33
Mississippi River Power pf.	14	17
Northern Ontario Light & Power	56	61
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power pf.	105¼	105¾
Northern States Power	100	101
Northern States Power pf.		52
Northern States Electric	49½	..
Northern Texas Electric	81	84½
Northern Texas Electric pf.	44	48
Ozark P. & W.	10¼	..
Puget Sound Traction	59½	..
Puget Sound Traction pf.	35	40
Pennsylvania Light Co.	73	83
Pennsylvania Light Co. pf.	51	52
Republic Railway & Light	18	23
Securities Corp. General	80	85
Securities Corp., general pf.	91	95
†Southern California Edison	106	108
Southern California Edison pf.	100	100
Southwestern Power & Light pf.	97½	16½
Standard Gas & Electric	43	43½
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	131	135
Tampa Electric		52½
Tenn. Railway, Light & Power pf.	10	14
United Gas & Electric	72	75
United G. & E. 1st pf.	12	15
United G. & E. Electric 2d pf.	91	95
United Light & Railways	79	80
United Light & Railways pf.	18½	19
Western Power	70	71
†Western Power pf.	103	106
West. Penn. pf.		52½

BONDS.

American Power & Light 6s, 1921.	99½	100
American W. W. collateral 5s.	90	92½
Baton Rouge 1st 5s.	95	97
Central Illinois Light 5s.	100¼	101
Cinn. G. & E. Con. 1st 5s, 1956.	87	90
Columbia G. & E. 1st 5s, 1927.	78	..
Columbia G. & E. deb. 5s, 1927.	70	..
Conn. Power 1st 5s.	96	..
Conn. Power 1st 5s, & ref. 5s, '42	95½	98½
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st & ref. 5s, '57	90¼	..
Dallas Electric 5s, 1951.	91	94
Defiance Gas & Elec. 5s.	97	99
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s.	100¾	102
East Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939.	99½	..
Eastern Texas Elec. Cs, 1918.	92	95
Eastern Texas Elec. col. 5s.	98¾	100
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s.	90	95
Galveston Electric 1st 5s.	90	101
Great Lakes Power 6s, 1946.	90	91
Great Western Power 5s, 1925.	98	..
Great Western Power 5s, 1951.	90	92
Houston Electric 1st 5s, '42.	90	95
Interm. Ry. & P. 1st 6s, '42.	90	95
Knoxville Gas 1st 5s, 1941.	91	95
Lincoln G. & E. Co. 1st 5s.	97½	99
Middle West U. 6s, 1925.	99½	100
Mahoning & Shen. R. & L. 5s.	76¾	76¾
Miss. River Power Co. 1st 5s.	94¼	96½
Miss. Valley G. & E. 5s, 1922.	99¼	100
Northern States Power 6s, 1926.	97	98
Northern States Power 5s, 1941.	97	98
Northern States Elec. col. trust 5s.	95	..
North. Texas Elec. col. trust 5s, 1923.	95½	98
Omaha & C. B. Ry. 1st 5s, 1923.	87¼	..
Pensacola Elec. 1st 5s.	96	..
Roanoke Ry. & El. 1st 5s.	93½	96
Seattle Electric con. 5s.	99½	100
Standard G. & E. conv. 6s, 1926.	93	..
Tampa Electric 1st 5s.	111	113
U. S. L. R. & M. 6s.	96	98
W. West. Light 6s, 1925.	91¼	93½
Western States G. & E. 1st 5s.	97½	98
West. Penn. Power 1st 5s, 1946.		

†Ex dividend.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
6s	Sept., 1917	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
4½s	June, 1968	110¾	111	110¾	111
4½s	Mar., 1965	110	110¼	110	110¼
4½s	Mar., 1957	109¾	110¼	109¾	110¼
4½s	Apr., 1957	109¾	110	109¾	110¼
4½s	Mar., 1966	104¾	105	104¾	104¾
4½s	Mar., 1962	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾
4½s	Sept., 1960	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾
4½s	Mar., 1960-1980	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
4s	May, 1959	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
4s	May, 1958	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
4s	May, 1957	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
4s	Nov., 1955	101	101¼	101	101¼
4s	Nov., 1936	101	..	100¾	..
4s	Nov., 1936	100¾	..	100¾	..
4s	Nov., 1955	95	..	93¾	..
3½s	Nov., 1955	94	..	93¾	..
3½s	Nov., 1954	94	..	93¾	..
3½s	May, 1954				

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Bid.	Asked.
4½s 1924-1960	3.95	3.85
4½s 1918-1928	3.75	..
4½s Nov., 1917	3.40	..
4½s June, 1917	3.35	..
4½s May, 1917	3.35	3.85
4½s 1924-1931	3.95	3.85
4½s 1921-1923	3.95	3.80
4½s Apr., 1920	3.90	3.75
4½s 1917-1919	4.00	..
4s May, 1919	3.90	..
4s Nov., 1918	3.60	..
4s May, 1917	3.35	3.85
3½s 1940-1952	3.95	3.85
3½s 1930-1939	3.95	3.85
3½s 1922-1929	3.95	3.95
3½s 1918-1921	3.75	3.50
3½s 1917-1918	3.90	3.80
3s 1940-1952	3.90	4.00
3s 1926-1930	3.95	3.85
3s 1918-1925	3.90	3.90
3s 1916-1917	3.60	..

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name and Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Balt. & Ohio...1916-'26	4 @4½	4.35	4.25
Buff., R. & P....1916-'30	4½@5	4.40	4.30
Canadian Pac....1916-'23	4½	4.60	4.40
Ches. & Ohio....1916-'23	4½	4.45	4.30
Chi. & N'west...1916-'27	4½@5	4.30	4.10
C., R. I. & P....1916-'27	5	4.95	4.75
C., St. P., M. & O.1916-'24	5	4.40	4.25
C., C. C. & St.L.1916-'29	5	4.60	4.40
Del. & Hudson....1922	4½	4.35	4.15
Erie Railroad....1916-'26	4½@5	4.60	4.40
Grand Trunk....1916-'24	4½	4.55	4.35
Illinois Central..1916-'26	4½@5	4.35	4.20
Louis. & Nash....1916-'23	5	4.30	4.10
Mich. Central....1916-'23	5	4.45	4.30
Miss., K. & T....1916-'23	5	5.15	4.90
Missouri Pac....1916-'24	5	5.20	4.90
Mobile & Ohio....1916-'24	4½@6	4.65	4.40
N. Y. C. Lines....1916-'23	4½	4.50	4.35
Norf. & West....1916-'24	4½@6	4.25	4.10
N. Y. N. H. & H.1916-'28	4½	4.50	4.30
Penn. Gen. Fr....1916-'23	4 @4½	4.30	4.10
St. L., I. M. & S.1916-'24	5	5.00	4.70
Seab. Air Line....1916-'26	5	4.55	4.40
Pacific....1916-'24	4½	4.35	4.20
South. Railway....1916-'24	4½@6	4.50	4.30

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	42.25	42.50	42.00	42.25
Lead	7.00	7.05	7.00	7.05
Spelter	10.80		10.75	
Antimony	12.75	13.25	12.75	13.25
Quicksilver	$80.00		$80.00	
Aluminium	65.00	65.00	65.00	65.00
Iron, No. 2 Xfdry	23.50	23.00	22.50	23.00

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 28¼@28½c for fourth quarter; first quarter (1917) delivery, 28@28¼c. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Saturday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	124	0	0	124	0	0
Copper, futures	119	0	0	119	0	0
Tin, spot	182	15	0	183	0	0
Tin, futures	184	5	0	183	10	0
Spelter	33	5	0	32	15	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	15	0

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	99¼	100	Pan 2s, r. 1936	99¼	100
2s, c. 1930	99½	..	Pan 2s, r. 1938	99½	100
3s, r. 1918-1100	101¼	..	Pan 2s, r. 1961	102	..
3s, c. 1918-1100	102	..	Pan 3s, c. 1961	102	..
3s, r. 1946-1011½	110¾	..			
4s, r. 1925-110	..	..			
4s, c. 1925-110½	..	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Acme Tea	97¼	98	Bush Term.	110	113
1st pf.	97¼	98	Butt's Co.	113	27¼
Ad Rumely	16	17½	Cal Pet pf.	51½	52
Ad Rumely 1st pf.	6¾	7	Canada So.	67½	69
Alaska Jun	6¾	7	C R R of N J.	300	340
Am Ag Ch pf.	101	102	C & S A.	144	150
Am Bk N.	43½	45	C & S A 1st pf.	18	18½
Am Sm pf	51	53	C & N W pf.	175	180
Am B Sug pf.	100	100½	C, St P M. & Om.	115	120
Am B S & Fdy	106½	109	Do pf.	133	140
Do pf.	190	195	C, C, C & St L pf.	83	84½
Am Coal	85½	..	Cleve & P.	83	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	101¼	102	Do spec'l	48	..
Am Exp	135	136	Cluett-Peab pf.	111	111½
Am Loco pf.	106¼	109	Col & So 1st pf.	61	62
Am Malt pf.	9½	10	Do 2d pf.	48	53
Am Sm pf	94½	94½	Comp Tab pf.	47	48
Am Snuff	140	145	Con Int Cal Mining	21	23
Do pf.	107	108	Cont Ins.	55	60
Am Sug R.	120	123	Crex Carp.	45	65
Am T & C	60	63	Deere & Co pf.	96	96½
Am Tob.	228	230	Det Edi.	147	149
Ann Arbor.	30	35	Det Un Ry.	117	119
Do pf.	63	65	Dia Match.	123	..
Assets R.	3	3¾	Elec S Bat.	65½	72
Asso Dry G	21½	23	Erie & P.	..	70
Do 1st pf	65	68	Erie 2d pf.	44½	45¼
Do 2d pf.	47	60¼	Gen Ch pf.	116	117
Batop Min.	1¾	2	G & S Tel.	111	..
Beth Steel pf.	117¼	120	Gen Motors.	880	825
B Un Gas.	131	135	Gen Sm pf.	124½	125
Brown Shoe pf.	98	100¾	G'd'r'h (B F) Co pf.	112	114
Bruns'k T.	8½	10	Gulf St. St 1st pf.	101	105
B, R & P.	97	100	Hack. Water	26	35
Do pf.	110	..	Helme (GW)	175	205
Burns Bros pf.	106	110	Co.	117	124
			Homestake.	130	137
			Int H. N J pf.	119	123
			Int H Corp.	78½	..
			Do pf.	110	..
			Iowa Cent.	7	8
			Do pf.	9	11
			Jewel T pf.	110	..
			Kan C, F S & M pf.	74	77
			Kelly S T pf.	97	100
			K & O M.	4	6
			Do pf.	..	50
			Kings Co El L & P.	127	128
			Lig't & M.	290	305
			Do pf.	122¼	124
			Long Isl'd.	83	85
			L-W Bis 1st pf.	86	87
			Do 2d pf.	60	70
			Lorill'd Co pf.	113½	..
			Man Beach	1¾	3
			Man Elev.	129	132
			Man Shirt.	64	68
			Do pf.	112	120
			May Dept S pf.	107	110
			Mex Pet pf	96	97
			Mich Cent.	130	140
			M & St L.	7	..
			M, St P & S M pf.	133½	135
			Mon Power pf.	87	..
			M Ward pf.	115¾	89
			Mor & Es.	..	..
			N C & St L.	135	140
			Nat Bis.	124	127
			Do pf.	126½	130
			Nat C & S pf.	110	112½
			Nat En pf.	97¼	99¼
			Nat L pf.	112	113½
			Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	23
			Do 2d pf.	6	7
			N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	71	80
			Do 2d pf.	57	60
			N Y Dock.	9	14½
			Do pf.	30	32
			N Y, L & W.	..	123
			Norf So.	26	27½
			N W Tel.	52¾	60
			Owens B M pf.	116	119
			Pac Coast.	60	70
			Do 1st pf	70	90
			Do 2d pf.	70	80
			Pac T & T pf.	96½	100
			Pettib-Mul.	..	60
			Do 1st pf.	..	93
			P C, C & St L.	81	82
			Do pf.	98	98
			Pitts Coal.	38	50
			Do pf.	108	115
			Pittsb, Ft W & C.	158	..
			Do spec'l.	146½	..
			Prsd S Car pf.	105	106
			P S, N.	131	..
			Quicksilver.	2½	3¼
			Do pf.	3¾	4½
			Rdg 1st pf.	42	44½
			Rens & S.	172½	175
			Saxon Mot.	77	78
			Sears-R pf.	126	128½
			S P R Sug.	215	225
			Do pf.	113	116
			Std Mill pf.	91½	94½
			T P L Tr.	157¾	165
			Tob Pr pf.	103	105
			Tol, St L & W pf.	15¼	18
			Twin City R T.	95	97
			Do pf.	127	135
			Under Fdg.	102	109
			U C Mfrs.	47	49
			Un Rys Inv pf.	21¾	22
			Do 1st pf.	29	31
			U S Ind Alco pf.	103¼	105
			U S R & L.	31	35
			U S R & L pf.	2¼	2½
			Do pf.	4	50
			W Md pf.	45	50
			Weym-Bru.	110	124
			Do pf.	113½	..
			W & P E pf.	3¼	5¾
			W'l'w'h (F W) pf.	125¾	..
			Wor Pump.	82	84
			Do pf B.	56	61

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
225	Adventure	3¼			4
55	Ahmeek	107	107¼	107	107½
230	Alaska Gold	12¼	12½	12	12¼
2,050	Algomah	1	1¼		1¼
1,785	Am. Zinc	53½	54¼	53	54
110	Am. Zinc pf.	83	83	83	83
240	Allouez	71	71½	71	71½
1,884	Arizona Com.	14½	14¾	14¼	14¾
1,125	Butte-Balak.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
110	Butte & Sup.	69½	69½	67½	68½
1,270	Cal. & Ariz.	79¾	80¼	79¾	80
21	Cal. & Hecla	580	590	585	590
645	Chino	64	64¾	63¾	64¾
2,980	Copper Range	71¾	72	71¼	72
2,840	East Butte	16¾	16¾	16	16½
60	Granby	94	94¾	94	94¾
263	Greene-Can.	52¾	53¾	52¾	53¾
100	Hancock	14	14	13¾	13¾
75	Helvetia	25c.	25c.	25c.	25c.
800	Island Creek	62¼	62½	62¼	62½
570	Isle Royale	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
150	Keweenaw	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
463	Lake	13¾	14	13¾	13¾
315	Mason Valley	7	7	7	7
550	Mass Con.	15¾	16	15¾	15¾
890	Mayflower	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
20	Miami	39½	39½	39½	39½
890	Michigan	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
225	Mohawk	97	97	97	97
545	Nevada	24¾	25¾	24¾	25¾
465	New Arcad.	6¾	7	6¾	6¾
100	New Idria	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
170	Nipissing	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
1,885	No. Butte	23½	23½	22¾	23
900	North Lake	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
200	Ojibway	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
885	Old Colony	72¾	72½	72½	72½
385	Old Dominion	92½	92	91¾	91¾
71	Osceola	19¾	20	19¾	20
1,200	Pond Creek	93	93	93	93
155	Quincy	29¾	29¾	29¼	29¼
120	Ray Con.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
20	Santa Fe	9	9¼	9	9¼
220	Shannon	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
85	South Lake	27c	28	27c	28
700	South Utah	6	6	6	6
170	St. Mary's	7	7¼	6¾	7
2,045	Sup. & Boston	16	16¼	14¾	14¾
50	Superior Cop.	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾
225	Tamarack	73	73	73	73
620	Trinity	66c	66c	66c	66c
200	Tuolumne	75	75	74¼	74¾
2,295	U. S. Smelt	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾
215	U. S. Sm. pf.	17	17	16¼	17
375	Utah Apex	8	8	7¾	8
1,395	Utah Con.	3	3	3	3
4,175	Utah Metal	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
1,160	Victoria	5	5	4¾	5
440	Winona	47	47	47	47
105	Wolverine	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
300	Wyandot	5			

RAILROADS.

52	Bos. & Alb.	180	180	180	180
5	Bos. Elev.	82½	82½	82½	82½
133	Boston & Me.	46	46	45¾	46
50	Bos. & Wor.	4½	4½	4½	4½
80	C.J. & S. Y. pf.	105	105	105	105
17	Fitchburg pf.	77½	77½	77½	77½
23	Maine Cent.	100	100	100	100
114	Mass. El. pf.	33	33	32¾	32¾
282	N.Y., N.H. & H.	60¾	61¼	60¾	61
50	Rutland pf.	20½	20½	20½	20½

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	Am. Agr. Ch.	87¾	87¾	87¼	87¼
33	Am. A. C. pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½
200	Am. Pn. Serv.	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
110	Am. P. S. pf.	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
25	Am. Sugar	120½	120½	120½	120½
70	Am. Sug. pf.	121¼	121	121	121¼
40	Am. Woolen	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾
850	Am. Wool. pf.	98¾	98¾	98¾	98½
10	Amoskeag pf.	99½	99½	99½	99½
1,300	A. G. & W.	106½	107¾	106½	107
175	A.G.&W.I. pf.	71	71½	71	71¾
380	Cuban Cem.	24	24½	23¾	24
232	Edison	232	232	231	231
37	Gen. Electric.	183½	183½	183½	183½
10	Ga.Ry.& El. pf.	92	92	92	92
185	McElwain pf.	100	100	100	100
878	Mass. Gas.	93¾	94	93¾	94
285	Nova Sco. Stl.	141	142	141	142
58	N. E. Tel.	129	129	129	129
110	Nipe Bay.	162	162	161	161
80	Punta A Sug.	53	53½		55½
516	Swift	157	157	157	158
1,155	Swift rts.	13¾	14¼	13¾	14
325	Torrington	69½	69½	68½	69
795	United Fruit.	163¼	164	162½	163
940	United Shoe	57½	57¾	57¼	57¾
42	Un. Shoe pf.	30	30	30	30
4,285	Ventura	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
5	Western Un.	102½	102½	102½	102½

BONDS.

$85,000	A.G.&W.I. 5s.	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
1,000	A.T.&T.	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾
1,000	A.T.&T.col.4s.	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾
4,000	C.B.&Q. jt. 4s	98½	98½	98½	98½
10,000	C.J.&S.Y. 5s.	101½	101½	95½	95½
2,400	M.Gas 4½s.	81¾	81¾	81¾	81¾
1,000	New River 5s	81½	82	102	102
2,500	Pond Crk. 6s.	102	102	99¾	100
5,000	Punta A S. 6s	99¾	100	101¾	101¾
7,000	Swift 5s.	101¾	102¼	102	102
17,000	West. Tel. 5s.	102¼			

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	1	1¼	Iron Blos.	1¾	1¾
Am Oil	.20	.24	Iron Cap.	6¼	6½
Begole	14¾	15	Iron C pf.	6	7
Bay S Gas	.14	.17	Jerome V	1¼	1⅝
Bingham	9¼	9¾	La Rose	.50	.60
Bohemia	1⅝	1¾	Majestic	.56	.57
Bos Corbin	.70	.75	McKin Dar	.35	.36
Bos Ely	.85	.75	Mex Met.	.53	.56
Bos Mont.	.82	.84	Mojave	3¾	3½
Bos Ariz.	2⅛	2⅜	N L & Z.	.62	.64
Butte & L.	.53	.54	New Baltic	2¾	3
Butte & D.	.95	1	New Cor.	1⅝	2
Cal Corbin	2	2½	New Dou.	1¾	1¼
Calaveras	5¼	6	New U B.	.75	.34
Champion	.14	.16	Nixon	.32	.36
Chief Con.	2	2¼	Oneco	.50	.90
Con Copper	2¾	2¾	Onondaga	.90	1
Con Ariz.	2¾	2⅞	Ohio Cop.	.25	.30
Crown Res	.47	.52	Pilot B.	.08	.10
Cortes	.35	.40	Ray Her.	4¼	5
Davis-Daly	4¼	4¾	S W Miami full paid	4½	5
Earle	.42	.43	S W Miami part paid	3¾	4
E & B B.	1⅝	4¾	Truro	3¾	4
First N G.	.13	.15	Un V ext.	2¼	2½
Fortuna	.80	.82	Yuk Gold	1¾	2
Homa Oil	1¼	1⅝			
Houghton.	4	5			
Humboldt.					

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
25	Aeme Tea pf.	98	98	98	98
25	Am. Gas	120	120	120	120
20	Am. Milling	6	6	6	6
5	Am. Ry. pf.	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
40	Buff. &

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

20 Bankers Trust
75 Childs (Rest.) Co. Com.
24 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
100 Great Northern Paper
25 German American Insurance
25 Germania Insurance
100 Hale & Kilburn Com. & Pfd.
100 Meter National Salt
250 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
100 Mathieson Alkali Com. & Pfd.
100 New York Shipbuilding
100 Nichols Copper
100 Pacific Coast 2nd Pfd.
25 Singer Manufacturing
5 Winchester Repeating Arms

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100 Aluminum Co. of America
100 American Meter
50 Continental Insurance
50 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
50 E. W. Bliss Com.
25 Guaranty Trust
100 Ingersoll-Rand Pfd.
100 New York Shipbuilding
50 National Fuel Gas
25 National Bank of Commerce
100 Nichols Copper Com.
100 Pocahontas Cons. Coll. Com.
25 Singer Manufacturing
100 Thompson-Starrett Com.

We have good markets in Unlisted and Inactive Securities and respectfully invite Inquiries.

J.K.Rice, Jr.& Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Election Night

All our branch offices will be open for the convenience of customers on Election Night. The main office at 61 Broadway will not be open. Branches are located as follows:

42d St. & Broadway
Longacre Building
59th St. & Madison Ave.
Emmet Arcade
105 West 82d St.
125th St. & Lenox Ave.
Marion Bldg.
26 Court St., Brooklyn
810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

John Muir & Co.
SPECIALISTS IN
Odd Lots
Members New York Stock Exchange.

Manati Sugar
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COTTON PRICES GAIN FROM 13 TO 15 POINTS

Market Strong at Close on New Trade Buying Absorbing Offerings.

AWAIT CENSUS REPORT

Operators Are Looking for a Substantial Advance Before the End of the Week.

Cotton yesterday displayed a good deal of underlying strength, with prices making a gain of 13 to 15 points, and closing practically at the top. Liverpool was considerably higher than expected, and while the local market did not make a full response in the early trading, covering over the holiday which was rather pronounced in the last half hour gave the market a strong tone at the close. There was considerable hedge selling in the morning, but in the afternoon covering by professional shorts, together with some new trade buying, absorbed all offerings.

The Census Bureau tomorrow morning will issue its report on the amount of cotton ginned up to Nov. 1. Estimates on the output of the gins range from 8,300,000 bales to 8,500,000 bales, compared with 7,378,000 last year, and 9,826,000 in 1914. The proportion of the crop ginned last year on Nov. 1 was 66.7 per cent. of the total yield.

The weekly Manchester cable to The Textile World Journal says: "Tone firm, but there is more uncertainty as to raw cotton prices. Buyers hesitate to place large orders. Offers for gray goods for Eastern markets improving. Yarns stiffly held. Small turnover. Special prices paid for quick delivery."

Fall River cotton mills in the last quarter of their fiscal year paid many extra dividends and in only three instances were there no dividends. In these cases the earnings were applied to the reduction of old obligations.

Sentiment has again turned quite bullish, and most operators are looking for a substantial advance before the close of the week. The following cable from Liverpool was explanatory of the strength displayed by that market: "Continental buying; trading calling; buying easily absorbing limited hedge selling; little long liquidation; South dearer; Manchester reports larger business for India and China."

All American Cotton Exchanges will be closed today, although Liverpool will be open.

The market closed very steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Dec.	19.05	19.12	19.00	19.11@19.12	18.97@18.99
Jan.	19.05	19.12	18.98	19.10@19.12	18.96@18.97
Mar.	19.16	19.25	19.10	19.23@19.24	19.09@19.08
May.	19.33	19.40	19.24	19.38@19.40	19.21@19.23
July.	19.35	19.42	19.29	19.39@19.42	19.24@19.25
Oct.	*17.25	17.32	17.20	17.32*	17.15*

*Bid.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet; 10 points advance; middling, 19.05c. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged, 6 to 15 points advance. New Orleans, 18.38c; Galveston, 18.50c; Savannah, 19¼c; Memphis, 18.75c; Augusta, 18.75c; Houston, 18.75c. New Orleans market closed very steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Dec.	18.50	18.53	18.42	18.52@18.53	18.36@18.38
Jan.	18.61	18.68	18.55	18.67@18.68	18.49@18.50
Mar.	18.83	18.93	18.77	18.90@18.92	18.72@18.73
May.	19.00	19.10	18.95	19.10@19.12	18.90@18.91
July.	19.18	19.20	19.06	19.21@19.23	19.02@19.03

The Liverpool market opened steady. There was a good demand business in spot cotton, with middling 14 points advanced at 11.27d. Sales, 10,000 bales; receipts, 39,000, including 24,000 American. Closed quiet.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Prev. Close.
Jan.-Feb.	10.09	10.17½	10.06	11.10½	11.08
Mar.-Apr.	10.14½	10.22½	10.11½	11.15½	11.13½
May-June.	10.26	10.30	10.18½	11.22	11.19
July-Aug.	10.18	10.27	10.15	11.23	11.17½
Oct.-Nov.	9.99	10.13	9.90	10.08	9.98

The 11 A. M. bids to Liverpool were: January, 19.04c; March, 19.16c; May, 19.30c; July, 19.31c. The market there was due to open today at 8 to 4 points advance.

PORT RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

	Receipts.	Last Year.	Stocks.	Last Year.
Galveston	18,737	12,102	339,215	294,581
New Orleans	11,844	9,854	363,321	220,794
Mobile	109	290	9,013	20,021
Savannah	5,482	4,180	167,452	207,483
Charleston	800	1,237	65,701	88,906
Wilmington	1,549	1,720	39,157	38,185
Norfolk	5,568	8,231	74,988	78,598

INTERIOR RECEIPTS AND STOCKS.

Augusta	1,948	2,262	126,047	172,063
Memphis	12,843	16,314	211,868	207,256
St. Louis	436	2,789	17,287	8,220
Houston	28,460	17,081	260,180	183,217

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	29,500 to 31,500	23,168	13,522
New Orleans	13,000 to 14,500	14,755	10,394

Exports yesterday were 77,196 bales; total thus far this season, 1,880,380 bales; total last season, 1,403,121 bales.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Dome Mines Company regular quarterly 50 cents a share, payable Dec. 1 to stock of record Nov. 20.

General Asphalt Company regular quarterly 1¼ per cent. on preferred, payable Dec. 1 to stock of record Nov. 15.

International Nickel Company quarterly $1.50 a share (6 per cent.) on common, payable Nov. 15.

Ohio Cities Gas Company regular quarterly 62½ cents a share and an extra dividend of 5 per cent. in common stock on the common stock, both payable Dec. 1 to stock of record Nov. 15.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Transactions in the outside seurity market yesterday amounted to 934,846 shares of stocks and $170,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 121,918; oils, 128,033, and mining, 684,895. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,000	Aetna Explos.	11	11	10½	10¾
100	Am. Sum. Tob.	25½	25¾	25¼	25¼
4,100	‡Am. Wr. Pap.	7¾	8	7	8
700	Brit.-Am. Tob. Co., Ord. B.	20	20	20	20
200	‡Butler Chem.	3½	3½	3½	3½
300	‡Butter. Jud.	74½	75	74½	75
2,000	‡Cal. Packing	35¼	37	35¼	36¾
600	‡Cal. Shipbldg.	19¾	20¼	19¾	19¾
600	‡Car Lt. & F.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
55	‡Carbon Steel.	118	118	115	115
2,500	Carwen Steel.	13¾	14¼	13¾	14¼
200	‡Cent. Fdry. pf.	33½	34	33½	34
3,000	Charcoal Iron Co. of Am.	8¼	8¾	8¼	8¾
500	Charcoal Iron Co. of Am. pf.	7½	7½	7½	7½
800	Chevrolet Mtr.	188	198	188	192
300	‡Emerson Mtr.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,810	Emmr. Phos.	11⅝	13	11⅝	13
100	‡Fisher Body Corp., pf.	94	94	94	94
300	‡Gen. Met. w.i.	163	164	163	164
250	Guata. Sugar	80	80	78	78
800	Hask & Bark. Car Co.	42	42⅝	41½	42
700	Holly Sug. Corp. pf.	99	99	98½	99
900	Hupp Mot. Car	5½	5¾	5¼	5¾
1,500	‡Imp. Carbon Chaser	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,000	Intercont. Rub.	16	16	15¾	15¾
3,500	‡Joplin Ore Spelt. (new)	43	45	43	45
100	Kathod. Brz. pf.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
500	Kels. Wheel pf.	100½	100½	100	100½
1,900	Keyst. T. & R.	15½	16	15½	15¾
1,300	‡Lala Torp. Bt.	11½	12	e11¼	11½
100	Man. Elec. Sup. w. i.	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼
1,200	Marlin Arms, w. i. cfs.	66¼	72	66¼	70
350	Marl. Arms pf. v. t. cfs.	97½	98½	97½	98
300	Marc. of Am.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,000	‡Maxim Munt.	7¾	7¾	7½	7¾
200	‡Mex. Pet. Exp. Co.	20	20¼	20	20¼
17,500	‡Midvale Steel	68¾	70¼	68¾	70¼
200	‡Mitchell M. Wheel (rcts.)	64½	64½	64½	64½
1,000	‡Nat. Auto Cor.	42½	42½	42	42
8,000	‡N.Y. Cent. Rts	1⅛	1⅛	1	1
600	N. Y. Trans.	15½	15½	15½	15½
7,500	‡Nip. Fdry.	14¼	14¼	13¾	14
300	‡Pierce-Ar'w	42	55	42	55
150	‡Pierce-Ar. pf.	101	101	101	101
200	‡Pugh Stores Corp., w. i.	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
1,200	Conv. of R. & S.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
200	Seab. S. & M.	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
348	‡A. O. Smith Corp., w. i.	43¾	43¾	43½	43½
150	‡A. O. Smith Cor. pf., w. i.	97	97	96¾	96¾
300	Smith & Terry Transp pf.	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
400	‡Spicer Mfg.	47¼	47¾	47¼	47¾
25	‡Spicer Mfg. pf.	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
40	Spring. B. Co.	99	99	99	99
450	‡Steel All. Corp.	3	3	3	3
300	‡St. L., R. Mt. & Pac.	30½	31	30½	31
2,800	Submis. B., v. t. cfs.	43¼	43¼	42½	43
800	Triangle Film.	2½	2¼	2	2⅛
8,000	‡Trans., Wms. Steel Forg.	45¾	46	45¼	45½
2,900	U. S. Co.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,500	‡U. S. Tungsten	28	29	28	28
1,800	‡Uni. Motors	65	65¼	64¾	64¾
3,000	‡Uni. A. S. Cor.	48¾	49	45¼	49
1,100	Uni. Pr. Shar.	1⅛	1⅛	1	1
500	‡Wh. L. E. pf., w. i.	49¼	51	49¼	51
3,000	‡Wilson Pack., w. i.	60	60	58	59
500	World F. Cor., v. t. cfs.	1	1	1	1
16,000	‡Wright-Martin Aircraft Cor.	23⅞	24⅜	23⅜	24¼

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
800	Ohio Oil	380	367	380	+10
60	Prairie Pipe L.	207	205	207	+.03
150	St. Oil of N. J.	606	605	606	+.02
33	St. Oil of N. Y.	239	237	237	-.03
20	Vacuum Oil	309	309	309	+.11

OTHER OIL STOCKS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	‡Barn. O. & G.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,000	‡Con. Mex. Oil	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
1,700	‡Cosden & Co. (Oil Ref.)	18	18	17¾	18
1,900	‡Cosd. O. & G.	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
13,000	‡Federal Oil	3⅜	4⅛	3⅜	3⅜
600	‡Houston Oil	20¾	20¾	19¾	20¼
300	Met. Petrol.	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
1,500	‡Midwest Oil	42	43	42	42
2,300	‡N. Y.-Okl. Oil	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
2,350	‡Oil & Explor.	⅞	1	⅞	⅞
7,600	Okla. Pr. & R.	10¾	10⅞	10½	10⅝
3,900	‡Omar Oil & G.	65	68	65	68
10	‡Orpul. O. & R.	9¼	10	9¼	9¾
7,900	Sequ. Oil & R.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,500	‡Sinclair Oil	54¾	54¾	54½	54½
1,900	‡So. Oil Tr.	6¾	6¾	6¼	6¼
5,000	‡Tex. Pac. W. T.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
20,000	‡Utah Petrol. (a prospect)	50	57	50	56
8,100	Vacu. G. & O.	1⅞	1⅞	1	1⅞
22,000	‡Victoria Oil	2¼	2¾	2	2⅛
300	Wayl. O. & G.	5	5	4¾	5
22,000	‡‡W. E. O. & G.	54	54	53	54

MINING STOCKS.

500	‡Ala.-Br. C. M. (a pros.)	½	½	½	½
7,800	‡Alas. M. C.	86	86	85	85
12,500	‡Aliz.-West.	45	52	42	45
6,200	‡Aliz. Chlor.	42	47	42	47
3,000	‡Ariz. Ariz.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,600	‡Ariz. Cop.	1½	1½	1½	1½
2,500	‡Atlanta	9¼	10	9¼	10
8,700	Big Jim	1¼	1⅛	1¼	1¼
6,100	Big L. Cop.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
38,600	‡Bisbee Copper (a pros.)	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1¼
32,000	Bos. & Mont.	82	87	82	86
55,000	Butte C. & Z. v. t. cfs.	13¾	15⅞	13¾	15½
6,000	Butte Det.	96	1⅛	96	1
5,500	‡Caledonia	46	50	46	48
1,500	‡Cal.-Tread. G. (a pros.)	78	78	77	77
18,600	‡Cal. & Jer.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
6,000	Can. Copper	1⅛	2⅛	1⅛	2⅛
2,500	‡Cash Boy	5½	6	5½	6
1,000	C. de P. Cop.	44½	44¾	44	44⅝
3,500	Cons. Cop. M.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
2,700	Cons. Homest.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
17,500	Cons. Ar. Sm.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
6,000	Con. Nev.-Utah	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,000	Cress. Con. G.	6½	6½	6⅜	6½
500	Dar. L. & S. M. & D.	13¾	14½	13½	14⅛
8,700	Dundee-Ariz. C. (a prospect)	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
2,750	‡Emma Cop.	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
1,000	First Nat. C.	5	5¼	5	5¼
1,375	†Goldf. Con.	56	57	55	57
1,000	‡Gold. Merger	6½	6½	6	6½
4,700	‡Gr. Can. G.	13	14	12	13
20,000	G'monster M.	5⅝	6	5½	5⅝
5,400	‡Gr. Pt. G. M.	60	80	60	80
100,000	††Hull Copper	70	84	70	82
2,500	Hecla Mining	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
7,000	‡Ind. Lead	10	11	10	10
1,000	Inspir. Needles Cop. (a pr.)	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
110	Howe Sound	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,000	‡Iron Blossom	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
5,000	Jer. V. (a pr.)	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
700	‡Jer. Vic. Ext. (a prospect)	1½	2	1½	2
700	††Jim Butler	90	90	89	89
1,500	‡Jumbo Ext.	32	34	31	32
1,500	‡‡Kewanas	11	11	10	11
10,500	‡Loma Pr. M.	1	1¼	1	1¼
800	La Rose Con.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
8,000	Louisiana Con.	70	70	68	70
2,900	Magma Copper	50	51	49	49
1,200	Mason Valley	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6¾
1,850	Marys. G. M.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
500	McIntyre	1½	1½	1½	1½
2,300	‡Mojave Tung.	3¼	4	3½	4
400	‡Mon. Gold M.	85	85	85	85
17,000	††Mother Lode	37⅛	38	37	37½
13,500	††Newray M.	95	98	95	98
300	New Utah B.	1	1	1	1
800	xN. Y. & H. R. M. Co.	14¾	15	14¾	15
500	Nip. Mines Co.	8½	8½	8½	8⅝
100	†Oat. South'n (pros.)	25	25	25	25
4,800	Ohio Copper	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,100	Ohio Copper, new, w. i.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
10,000	††Old Emma L.	40	40	35	39
1,000	††Ono	4	4	4	4
10,000	†Pitts. - Jerome Cop. (a pros.)	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾
6,000	††Progress Min.	⅜	½	⅜	⅜
24,400	‡Ray H. Min.	4¾	5	4¾	4¾
50,000	††Rex Con. M.	43	49	42	47
1,500	†Rochester M.	56	59	58	59
1,200	‡Sacra. Val. C.	1½	1½	1½	1½
7,800	‡Santa Rita D.	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
400	‡St. Nicholas Zinc	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
12,700	††Silver Pick.	24	28	24	26
1,100	St. Sil.-Ld.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,500	‡Success Min.	35	38	35	37
200	‡Sup. & Boston	7	7	7	7
37,000	‡Super. M. Co. (p.)	57	60	54	58
20,500	T. Burns G. pf	85	85	87	84
400	†Ton. Belmont	4½	4½	4½	4½
2,000	Ton. Exten.	5½	5½	5½	5½
1,700	Ton. Mining	6	6	5½	5¾
50	Un. Eastern	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
2,500	‡U. S. Con. M.	10½	10½	10½	10½
3,900	‡Un. Verde Ex.	39½	40⅜	39	39¾
1,500	‡Valty G.M. Co.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
6,000	Wh. Caps M. C.	40	41	39	40
8,500	††Wh. Cross C.	⅞	1	⅞	1
5,000	†Yerington Mt. Cop. (a pr.)	23	24	23	23
750	†Yusc. Cons.	1⅛	1⅛	1	1⅛

BONDS.

$5,000	‡Cosden & Co. new 6s	105	105	105	105
40,000	‡Russian Govt G¼s, w. i.	100⅜	100⅜	100¼	100⅛
75,000	‡Sinc. Oil 8s.	100⅜	101¼	100⅜	101¼
25,000	‡Un. King. G. B. & Ire. 6-yr. 5½s	96½	96½	96½	96¼
25,000	‡Un. King. G. B. & Ire. 3-yr. 5½s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted. xEx dividend.

INDUSTRIALS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Saturday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Br.-Am. Tob. ord.	19	20	19	20
Central Foundry	16¼	18	16½	18
Enger Motor Car	7⅞	8	7½	8
Fisher Body Corp	19	20	20	40
Gen. Am. Tank Car	59¾	62	59¾	62
General Motors pf	94	95	94	95
Gt. Atl. & Pac. Tea pf.	102	103	102	103
Hall Signal	8	11	8	11
Hall Signal pf.	21	24	21	24
Holly Sugar Corp	55	57	55	57
Hutch. Sugar Plan	28	29	28	29
Int. Arms Fuse Sec. Cor.	22¾	22¾	22¼	22¾
Lake Tor. Boat 1st pf.	11	12	10½	11
Loft's Inc.	106	107	106	107
Man. Transit	⅞	1	⅞	1
Marconi of America	3½	3¾	3¼	3¾
Poole Eng. & Ma. Co.	110	115	110	115
Pullman Vent. Corp	3½	..	3¼	..
Pullman Vent. Corp. pf	5¼	..	5¼	..
Sp'g'd Body Co. pf.	135	140	135	140
Times Sq. Auto Sup.	40	41	40	41
Todd Shipyards	81½	82	81½	82
United Drug	77	77	77	77
United Drug 2d pf.	53	54	53	54
United Drug 2d pf.	94	96	94	96
Western Pacific, w. i.	20¾	21	20¼	21
West. Pacific pf.	48	50	48	50
Wheeling & L. E.	19	19½	19	19½
Zinc Con	4	4¼	4	4¼

OIL STOCKS.

Cosden O. & G. pf.	4⅜	5	4⅜	5
Gen. Ref. & Prod.	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝
International Petrol.	11	11¼	11	11¼
Oklahoma Oil	10	12	10	12
Okla. Oil pf.	½	¾	½	¾
Pierce Oil pf.	16½	17	16½	17
Tex.-Mex. Pet.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Tide Water	183	185	180	185
Ventura Con. Oil	10½	11¼	10½	11½
Wayland O. & G.	4⅞	5¼	5	5⅛

MINING.

Booth	10	11	10	11
Calaveras Copper	5½	5¾	6¼	5¾
Crystal Copper Mines	⅞	1	⅞	1
Fortuna Independence	22	28	22	28
Inter Mines	10	12	10	12
Marsh Mining	8	10	8	10
McKinley-Darragh	55	60	55	60
Mine- of America	1⅝	2¼	1⅝	2
Portland Con. Cop.	62	64	62	64
West End Cons.	70	72	70	73

BOND.

Pierce Oil 6s	85	87	85	87

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Explosives pf.	56	59	56	60
American Brass	370	379	374	377
Atlas Powder	175	180	175	180
Atlas Powder pf.	98	101	98	101
Babcock & Wilcox	126¼	129	127	129
Bliss (E. W.)	750	780	740	775
Bliss (E. W.) pf.	75	84	75	84
Can. Fdry. & Forg.	180	190	180	190
Canadian Explosives	380	460	380	460
Can. Explosives pf.	100	110	100	110
Colt's Arms	380	390	380	390
Du Pont Pow. new	290	300	288	292
Du Pont Pow., deb.	102¼	103⅛	102¼	103⅛
Hercules Powder	355	365	355	365
Hercules Powder pf.	116	118	116	118
International Arms	20	25	20	25
Niles-Bement-Pond	222	232	213	217
Niles-Bement-P. pf.	105	108	103	108
Scovil Mfg. Co.	775	785	770	780
Win. Rptg. Arms	1300	1800	1200	1800

TO SHARE IN FRENCH CREDIT

Syndicate Announces List of Concerns Which Will Draw Drafts.

The syndicate, composed of the Guaranty Trust Company, the Bankers Trust Company, and William P. Bonbright & Co., Inc., which has made arrangements for the French Industrial Credit, for the present limited to $50,000,000, made public yesterday a list of the seventy-four French concerns which are to draw the drafts. These drafts are to be drawn at three months' sight, with five renewals of three months each, making the life of the credit eighteen months. These drafts will be accepted by the participating American banking institutions in the amounts of their several participations and purchased by them at par.

The list of French concerns consists of mining, metallurgical, copper, naval construction, mechanical construction, petroleum, and automobile companies. The principal participants in the credit are:

Societe Anonyme des Etablissements J. J. Carnaud et Forges de Basse Indre	$1,000,000
Compagnie des Forges de Chatillon Commentry et Nueves Maisons	1,500,000
Societe des Commentry Fourchambault et Decazeville	1,000,000
Societe Anonyme des Acieries et Forges de Firminy	1,250,000
Compagnie des Forges et Acieries de la Marine et d'Homecourt	1,750,000
Compagnie Francaise des Metaux	1,000,000
Compagnie des Produits Chimiques d'Alais et de la Camargue	1,000,000
L'Aluminium Francais	1,000,000
Compagnie Generale d'Electrochimie de Bozel Savoie	1,000,000
Societe d'Electrochimie	1,000,000
Compagnie pour la Fabrication des Compteurs et Materiel d'Usines a Gaz	1,000,000
Societe Anonyme des Etablissements Delaunay Belleville	1,000,000
Societe l'Eclairage Electrique	1,000,000
Societe des Moteurs Gnome et Rhone	1,000,000
Compagnie Francaise pour l'Exploitation des Procedes Thomson Houston	1,000,000
Societe Anonyme des Automobiles et Cycles Peugeot	1,200,000
Louis Renault Constructeur	1,275,000
Etablissements Antoine Chiris et Jeancard Reunis	1,000,000
Les Fils de A. Deutsch de la Mueurthe	1,250,000
Les Etablissements Poulenc Freres	1,000,000
Compagnie des Manufactures de Glaces et de Produits Chimiques de Saint Gobain Chauney et Chry.	1,500,000
Solvay et Cie	1,250,000
Societe Chimique des Usines du Rhone	1,000,000

There are fifty-one other concerns whose participation in the credit ranges from $100,000 to $800,000.

OPEN NEW TRUST COMPANY.

The Equitable Starts in Boston—C. B. Strecker President.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 6.—The Equitable Trust Company open for business today at 35 Congress Street. It is capitalized at $200,000, and has a surplus of $30,000. The Directorate, headed by Charles B. Strecker, for the last three years Assistant Treasurer of the United States, is as follows:

Charles F. Adams, William H. Burgess, Ralph C. Emery, Sidney E. Farwell, R. M. H. Harper, Joseph M. Herman, Albert W. Kaffenburgh, Lewis I. Prouty, Frank H. Purington, George Putnam, Charles B. Strecker, John

ELECTION NOTICE.

BOARD OF ELECTIONS

The Board of Elections of the City of New York, General Office, Municipal Building, Borough of Manhattan.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of Section 1 Laws of 1916, constituting Chapter 17 of the Consolidated Laws, of the boundaries of each of the election districts in the County of New York, and of the designation of the place of registration, October 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, and of the polling place for the election to be held November 7th, 1916, in each of the election districts in said county as follows:

First Assembly District.

A.D. Location.
1. Washington, Albany & Carlisle Sts., Ent. on Washington St.....P. S. 29
2. Washington, Albany & Carlisle Sts., Ent. on Albany St.....P. S. 29
3. 170 Greenwich St.....P. S. 29
4. 9 Mulberry St.....Shoes
5. Cor. Hubert & Collister Sts., Ent. on Hubert St.....Restaurant
6. 46 Grand St.....P. S. 44
7. Cor. Hubert & Collister Sts., Centre Ent. on Collister St.....Confectionery
8. Clark, Dominick & Broome Sts., Ent. on Broome St.....P. S. 44
9. 309 Spring St.....P. S. 33
10. 350 Greenwich St.....Barber
11. Clark, Dominick & Broome Sts., Dominick St. Ent.....Tailor
12. 67 Sullivan St.....P. S. 33
13. 129 King St., E. Ent. on King St..P. S. 3
14. W. Houston St., Bet. Hudson & Varick Sts., E. Ent. on W. Houston St.....P. S. 3
15. 129 King St. Girls' Ent. on Clarkson St.....P. S. 95
16. Clarkson St. bet. Hudson & Varick St., W. Ent. on Court on Clarkson St.....P. S. 19
17. 474 West Houston St.....P. S. 95
18. 166 Bleecker St.....Barber
19. 123 Thompson St.....Restaurant
20. 129 Thompson St.....Dry Goods

Second Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 82 Broad St.....Barber
2. 84 Pearl Slip.....Barber
3. 36 Roosevelt St., Boys' Ent....P. S. 112
4. 39 Roosevelt St., Girls' Ent....P. S. 112
5. 149 Pearl St.....Barber
6. Henry St. bet. Catherine & Oliver Sts., W. Ent. on Henry St.....P. S. 1
7. Oak St. bet. Oliver & James Sts., W. Ent. on Oak St.....P. S. 114
8. Oak St. bet. Oliver & James Sts., Oliver St. Ent.....P. S. 114
9. 396 Water St.....Candy
10. 59 Madison St.....Undertaker
11. Henry St. bet. Catherine & Oliver Sts., Ent. on Henry St.....P. S. 1
12. Henry St. bet. Oliver & Rutgers Sts., Ent. Exit B on Henry St.....P. S. 2
13. Cor. Monroe & Market Sts., Exit 5 on Monroe St.....P. S. 177
14. Madison St. bet. Pike & Rutgers Sts., Main Ent. on Madison St.....P. S. 2
15. 245 Madison St.....Tailor
16. 263 Madison St.....Barber
17. 166 Henry St.....Barber
18. 162 Henry St.....Shoes
19. 223 East Broadway.....Shoemaker

Third Assembly District.

A.D. Location. Occupied as
1. Cor. Mulberry & Bayard Sts., No. Ent. on Mulberry St.....P. S. 23
2. Cor. Mulberry & Bayard Sts., Bayard St. Ent.....P. S. 23
3. 64 Mott St., Boys' Ent.....P. S. 108
4. 60 Mott St., Girls' Ent.....P. S. 108
5. 102 Mott St.....Grocery
6. 148 Baxter St., So. Yard Ent..P. S. 130
7. 146 Baxter St., No. Yard Ent..P. S. 130
8. 140 Mott St.....Barber
9. 77 Chrystie St.....Barber
10. 183 Bowery.....Restaurant
11. Lafayette St., Bet. Spring & Prince Sts., So. Ent.....P. S. 105
12. Lafayette St., Bet. Spring & Prince Sts., No. Ent.....P. S. 105
13. Elizabeth St., Bet. Spring & Prince Sts., So. Ent.....P. S. 21
14. Elizabeth St., Bet. Spring & Prince Sts., No. Ent.....P. S. 21
15. Bleecker St.....P. S. 21
16. 239 Bowery.....Hotel Office
17. 18 Cooper Sq.....Barber
18. 208 6th St.....Barber
19. 210 6th St.....Tailor
20. 6 Stuyvesant St.....Awnings
21. 55 3rd Ave.....Clothing
22. 138 E. 12th St.....Barber
23. 235 2nd Ave.....Barber

Fourth Assembly District.

A.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 43 Montgomery St.....Cigars
2. Cor. Governeur & Monroe Sts., Ent. on Governeur St.....P. S. 81
3. Cor. Governeur & Monroe St., W. Ent. on Monroe St.....P. S. 81
4. Cor. Henry & Gouverneur Sts., W. Ent. on Henry St.....P. S. 147
5. Cor. Broome & Cannon Sts., E. Ent. on Broome St.....P. S. 110
6. Cor. Broome & Ridge Sts., 2nd Ent. No. of Delancey on Ridge St.....P. S. 92
7. Cor. Broome & Ridge Sts., Main Ent. on Broome St.....P. S. 92
8. Attorney St., Bet. Rivington & Stanton Sts., Boys' Entrance.....P. S. 174
9. Rivington, Ridge & Pitt Sts., So. Ent. on Ridge St.....P. S. 4
10. Cor. Broome & Sheriff Sts., Exit B on Broome St.....P. S. 4
11. Rivington, Ridge & Pitt Sts., So. Ent. on Rivington St.....P. S. 4
12. Cor. Broome & Sheriff Sts., Sheriff St. Ent.....P. S. 4
13. Cor. Broome & Cannon Sts., No. Ent. on Cannon St.....P. S. 110
14. Cor. Lewis & Rivington Sts., Exit B on Rivington St.....P. S. 88
15. Cor. Lewis & Rivington Sts., Exit 4 on Lewis St.....P. S. 88
16. 77 Goerck St.....Restaurant
17. 564 Grand St.....Pictures
18. Cor. of Jackson & Madison Sts., W. Ent. on Madison St.....P. S. 12

Fifth Assembly District.

A.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 429 Hudson St.....Cigars
2. 41-43 Bedford St.....Cigars
3. 400 Hudson St.....Tailor
4. 295 Bleecker St.....Shoes
5. 313 Bleecker St.....Barber
6. Cor. Grove & Hudson Sts., Centre St. en Grove St.....P. S. 3
7. Cor. Grove & Hudson Sts., Auditorium Ent. on Hudson St.....P. S. 3
8. 272 W. 10th St., Boys' Ent.....P. S. 107
9. 272 Bleecker St.....Barber
10. 276 W. 10th St., Girls' Ent.....P. S. 107
11. 270 W. 10th St.....Barber
12. 781 Washington St.....Barber
13. 29 Horatio St., Main Ent.....P. S. 124
14. 29 Horatio St., Kintergarden Ent..P. S. 124
15. 8 Jones St.....Barber
16. 72 9th Ave.....Barber
17. 256 W. 15th St.....Barber
18. 114 8th Av.....Barber
19. 12 8th Av.....Barber
20. 814 W. 17th St., Playground Ent..P. S. 11
21. 814 W. 17th St., Playground Ent..P. S. 11
22. 104 10th Av.....Barber
23. 148 9th Av.....Barber

Sixth Assembly District.

A.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 183 9d St.....Barber
2. 175 Suffolk St.....Barber
3. 342 E. Houston St.....Office
4. 272 2d St., Girls' Entrance.....P. S. 188
5. Cor. E. Houston & Lewis Sts., Boys' Ent. on Lewis St.....P. S. 97
6. Mangin, Bet. E. Houston & Stanton Sts., North Entrance.....P. S. 97
7. Cor. E. Houston & Lewis Sts., Boys' Ent. on Lewis St.....P. S. 188
8. Mangin, Bet. E. Houston & Stanton Sts., South Entrance.....P. S. 97
9. Cor. E. Houston & Lewis Sts., Boys' Ent. on Lewis St.....P. S. 188
10. 272 2d St., Boys' Entrance.....P. S. 188
11. 202 Avenue C.....Tailor
12. 229 E. 4th St., Boys' Entrance..P. S. 103
13. E. 4th St., Bet. Ave. C & D, West Entrance.....P. S. 15
14. E. 5th St., Bet. Ave. C & D, West Entrance.....P. S. 15
15. 188 7th St., West Entrance.....P. S. 71
16. 188 7th St., East Entrance.....P. S. 71
17. 97-99 Avenue D.....Dry Goods
18. 9th St., Bet. Ave. B & C, W. Ent., Corner E. 9th St.....P. S. 64
19. E. 10th St., Bet. Ave. B & C, West Entrance.....P. S. 64

Seventh Assembly District.

A.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 165 9th Ave.....Barber
2. 174 9th Ave.....Laundry
3. 351 W. 18th St., Kintergarden Ent..P. S. 33
4. 351 W. 18th St., Centre Entrance..P. S. 56
5. 204 8th Ave.....Barber
6. 190 7th Ave.....Barber
7. 302 W. 22d St.....Barber
8. 316 W. 23d St.....Barber
9. 319 9th Ave.....Barber
10. 253 10th Ave.....Barber
11. 256 9th Ave.....Barber
12. 344 W. 29th St.....Vacant
13. 347 9th Ave.....Cigars
14. 418 W. 29th St., Centre Ent. of New Addition.....Barber
15. 416 W. 28th St., Main Entrance Old Building.....P. S. 33
16. 502 W. 28th St.....Barber
17. 525 9th Ave.....Barber
18. 505 W. 28th St.....Butcher
19. 529 W. 29th St.....Laundry
20. 534 9th Ave.....Barber
21. 540 9th Ave.....Florist
22. 552 10th Ave.....Barber

Eighth Assembly District.

A.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 49 Hanover St.....Office
2. 16 Forsyth St.....Barber
3. 22 Pike St.....Restaurant
4. Chester, Essex & Norfolk Sts., Ent. on Norfolk St.....P. S. 62
5. Chester, Essex & Norfolk Sts., Centre Exit on Essex St.....P. S. 62
6. 197 Broome St., W. Ent.....P. S. 120
7. 197 Broome St., E. Ent.....P. S. 120
8. Cor. Grand & Ludlow Sts., W. Ent. on Grand St.....P. S. 137
9. Hester, Orchard & Ludlow Sts., Exit 6 on Ludlow St.....P. S. 42
10. Hester, Orchard & Ludlow Sts., Exit 6 on Orchard St.....P. S. 42
11. Forsyth, bet. Canal & Hester Sts., N. Ent. on Forsyth St.....P. S. 65
12. Eldridge, bet. Canal & Hester Sts., E. Ent. on Eldridge St.....P. S. 65
13. Cor. Rivington & Forsyth Sts., Exit 6 on Forsyth St.....P. S. 20
14. 160 Chrystie St., Boys' Ent.....P. S. 20
15. Cor. Rivington & Eldridge St., Exit 6 on Eldridge St.....P. S. 20
16. Cor. Delancey & Ludlow Sts., So. Ent. on Ludlow St.....P. S. 162
17. Cor. Delancey & Ludlow Sts., No. Ent. on Ludlow St.....P. S. 162
18. Cor. Rivington & Suffolk Sts., Rivington St. Ent.....P. S. 160
19. Cor. Rivington & Suffolk Sts., Suffolk St. Ent.....P. S. 160

Ninth Assembly District.

A.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 487 10th Ave.....Barber
2. 412 10th Av.....Barber
3. 561 W. 34th St.....Cigars
4. 440 10th Av.....Laundry
5. 458 9th Av.....Barber
6. W. 35th St., bet. 8th & 9th Avs., W. Ent. on W. 35th St.....P. S. 32
7. W. 36th St. bet. 8th & 9th Avs., 36th St. Entrance.....P. S. 32
8. W. 37th St., Girl's Entrance..P. S. 127
9. 548 W. 37th St., Boys' Entrance..P. S. 127
10. 555 W. 38th St.....Residence
11. 560 W. 40th St.....Undertaker
12. 564 W. 40th St.....Barber
13. 574 W. 40th St.....Shoes
14. 580 W. 40th St.....Barber
15. 588 W. 40th St.....Tailor
16. 590 W. 40th St.....Undertaker
17. 592 W. 40th St.....Undertaker
18. 559 10th Ave.....Vacant
19. 561 W. 42d St.....Undertaker
20. 557 W. 42d St.....Barber
21. 596 10th Av.....Clothing

ELECTION NOTICE.

Tenth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. Cor. Forsyth & Stanton Sts., No. Ent. on Forsyth St.....P. S. 91
2. Cor. Forsyth & Stanton Sts., So. Ent. on Forsyth St.....P. S. 91
3. Cor. E. Houston & Essex Sts., Exit on Essex St.....P. S. 15
4. Cor. E. Houston & Essex Sts., Exit B on E. Houston St.....P. S. 15
5. 39 1st St., Exit 3 on 1st St.....P. S. 19
6. 38 1st St., Exit 6 on 1st St.....P. S. 19
7. E. 4th St., Bet. 1st Ave. and Ave. A, Ent. on Court.....P. S. 63
8. E. 3rd St., Bet. 1st Ave. and Ave. A, E. Ent.....P. S. 63
9. 510 E. 5th St.....
10. E. 4th St., Bet. 1st and 2nd Ave., Centre Ent.....P. S. 25
11. E. 4th St., Bet. 1st and 2nd Ave., E. Ent.....P. S. 25
12. 330 6th St.....Glazier
13. 406 6th St.....Barber
14. 507 6th St.....Barber
15. 135 Avenue A.....Undertaker
16. 75 7th St.....Barber
17. 342 E. 9th St.....Barber
18. Cor. of 9th St. & 1st Ave., Exit 4 on 9th St.....P. S. 122
19. Cor. of 9th St. & 1st Ave., Exit 2 on 9th St.....P. S. 122
20. E. 13th St., Bet. 1st and 2nd Ave., Exit 1.....P. S. 19
21. E. 14th St. Bet. 1st & 2nd Ave., Exit 4.....P. S. 19

Eleventh Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 519 W. 44th St., Main Entrance...P. S. 51
2. 511 W. 44th St., 45th St. Ent. Through Yard.....P. S. 51
3. 627 9th Ave.....Real Estate
4. 624 W. 44th St.....Tailor
5. 630 9th Ave.....Real Estate
6. 47th St. Bet. 8th & 9th Av., E. S. of Court.....P. S. 17
7. 667 9th Ave.....P. S. 17
8. 647 10th Ave.....Cigars
9. 9 W. 47th St.....Cigars
10. 515 W. 47th St.....Fruit
11. 638 10th Ave.....Storage
12. 672 10th Av.....Candy
13. 46th St. Bet. 8th & 9th Ave., Main Entrance on Court.....P. S. 17
14. 732 9th Ave.....Undertaker
15. 455 W. 48th St.....Barber
16. 406 W. 49th St.....Barber
17. 700 10th Ave.....Cigars
18. 666 11th Ave.....Barber
19. 731 10th Ave.....Barber
20. 307 W. 51st St.....Barber
21. 450 W. 50th St., S. W. Entrance..P. S. 84
22. 430 W. 50th St., S. W. Entrance..P. S. 84
23. 366 W. 50th St.....Barber
24. 364 9th Ave.....Tailor
25. 763 9th Ave.....Barber

Twelfth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 536 E. 12th St., Main Ent.....P. S. 136
2. 12th St., east of Av. B., W. Ent..P. S. 61
3. 12th Avenue D.....Restaurant
4. 12th St., east of Av. B., East Ent..P. S. 61
5. 536 E. 12th St., Main Ent.....P. S. 136
6. 267 Avenue B.....Barber
7. E. 16th St. bet. 1st Av. & Av. A, E. Ent.....P. S. 104
8. 527 E. 14th St.....Barber
9. 527 E. 14th St.....Electrical
10. 153 3d Av.....Laundry
11. 189 3d Av.....Barber
12. 297 1st Av.....Butcher
13. E. 17th St. bet. 1st Av. & Av. A, E. Ent.....P. S. 104
14. 549 E. 16th St.....Barber
15. 601 Avenue C.....Barber
16. 322 1st Av.....Shoes
17. 320 E. 20th St.....P. S. 40
18. 320 E. 20th St.....P. S. 40
19. 211 E. 20th St.....P. S. 40
20. 211 E. 20th St., Centre Ent.....P. S. 40
21. 339 E. 22d St.....Barber
22. 333 E. 23d St.....Barber

Thirteenth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 507 1st St.....Barber
2. 705 10th St.....Clothing
3. 317 W. 32nd St., Kindergarten Ent..P. S. 58
4. 317 W. 32nd St., Kindergarten Ent..P. S. 58
5. 322 10th Ave.....Barber
6. 814 10th Ave.....Candy
7. 915 8th Ave.....Candy
8. 872 9th Ave.....Candy
9. 848 10th Ave.....Real Estate
10. 408 W. 55th St.....Barber
11. 864 10th Ave.....Garage
12. 462 W. 58th St., Exit 3.....P. S. 146
13. 462 W. 58th St., Main Ent.....P. S. 146
14. 525 Columbus Ave.....Barber
15. 24 Amsterdam Ave.....Confectionery
16. 201 W. 61st St.....Barber
17. 129 W. 61st St.....Barber
18. 79 Amsterdam Ave.....Laundry
19. 223 W. 63rd St.....Barber
20. 102 W. 64th St.....Tailor
21. 218 W. 64th St.....Real Estate
22. 139 West End Ave.....Undertaker
23. 202 67th St.....Undertaker

Fourteenth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 226 E. 23rd St., W. Ent.....P. S. 47
2. 228 E. 23rd St., E. Ent.....P. S. 47
3. 321 E. 24th St.....Barber
4. 400 E. 26th St.....Candy
5. 496 2nd Ave.....Undertaker
6. E. 27th St., Bet. 2nd & 3rd Ave., East Ent.....Real Estate
7. E. 28th St., Bet. 2nd & 3rd Ave., 2nd Exit E of 3d Ave.....P. S. 14
8. 417 3rd Ave.....Tinsmith
9. E. 29th St.....Barber
10. 546 2nd Ave.....Undertaker
11. 446 3rd Ave.....Barber
12. 499 3rd Ave.....Cigars
13. E. 32nd St., Bet. 2nd & 3rd Ave., Main Entrance.....P. S. 116
14. E. 32nd St., Bet. 2nd and 3rd Ave., Boys' Ent.....P. S. 116
15. 338 E. 34th St.....P. S. 116
16. 204 E. 35th St.....Bird Store
17. 611 1st Ave.....Market
18. E. 37th St., Bet. 2nd & 3rd Ave., Main Ent.....Tinsmith
19. 1 37th St., Bet. 2nd & 3rd Ave., Entrance on Main Ave.....P. S. 49
20. 806 E. 39th St., Bet. 2nd & 3rd Ave., Entrance on Main Ent.....P. S. 49
21. 218 E. 40th St.....Bottles
22. E. 41st St., Bet. 2nd & 3rd Ave., Boys' Ent.....P. S. 27
23. E. 41st St., Bet. 2nd & 3rd Ave., Girls' Ent.....P. S. 27

Fifteenth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. W. 65th St., W. of Broadway, Main Entrance High School of Commerce
2. W. 65th St., W. of Broadway, Main Entrance High School of Commerce
3. Amsterdam Ave. & W. 68th St., Kindergarten Entrance.....P. S. 84
4. 187 West End Ave.....P. S. 84
5. Amsterdam Ave. & W. 68th St., Girls' No. Ent. on Amsterdam Ave.....P. S. 84
6. 188 Columbus Ave.....Confectionery
7. 2,020 Broadway.....Confectionery
8. 93 W. 72nd St.....Vacant
9. N. S. W. 71st St., 100 Ft. W. of Broadway.....Booth
10. S. S. W. 72d St., 100 Ft. E. of Side Drive.....Booth
11. 202 Amsterdam Ave.....Booth
12. 207 Amsterdam Ave.....Tailor
13. 349 Amsterdam Ave.....Tailor
14. 346 Amsterdam Ave.....Cigars
15. Amsterdam Ave. and W. 77th St., E. Ent. on Amsterdam Ave.....P. S. 87
16. 252 W. 77th St.....P. S. 87
17. 390 Amsterdam Ave.....Tailor
18. Amsterdam Ave. & West 77th St., 2nd Ent. No. of 77th St. on Amst..P. S. 87
19. 171 W. 80th St.....Shoes
20. 73 W. 82nd St.....Tailor
21. 142 W. 83d St.....Tailor
22. 201 W. 85d St.....Tailor
23. W. E. Ave. & W. 82nd St., Kindergarten Ent. on W. End Ave.....P. S. 9
24. N. S. W. 82d St., 50 Ft. W. of West End Ave.....Booth
25. Amsterdam Ave. & W. 82nd St., Gymnasium Ent. on West End Ave..P. S. 9
26. 507 Amsterdam Ave.....Laundry
27. 529 Amsterdam Ave.....Tailor
28. Amsterdam Ave.....Tailor
29. 562 Amsterdam Ave.....Sweets
30. W. 89th St., Near Col. Ave., Main Ent.....P. S. 166
31. 631 Amsterdam Ave.....P. S. 166
32. Amst. Ave. & W. 93rd St., Centre Ent. on W. 93rd St.....P. S. 9
33. Amst. Ave. & W. 93rd St., So. Ent. on Amst. Ave.....P. S. 9
34. West End Ave. & W. 82nd St., Gymnasium Ent. on West End Ave..P. S. 9
35. West End Ave. & W. 87th St., 50 ft. W. of West End Ave.....Booth
36. So. Side W. 87th St., 50 ft. W. of Amsterdam Ave.....Booth

Sixteenth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 673 3rd Ave.....Shoes
2. 715 3rd Ave.....Undertaker
3. 804 3rd Ave.....Undertaker
4. 827 1st Ave.....Barber
5. 209 E. 46th St., Main Ent.....P. S. 59
6. 209 E. 46th St., Main Ent.....P. S. 59
7. 759 3rd Ave.....P. S. 59
8. 611 1st Ave.....Barber
9. 869 1st Ave.....Barber
10. Cor. 1st Ave., E. 51st St., W. Ent. on E. 51st St.....P. S. 165
11. 1 2nd Ave.....Barber
12. 543 3rd Ave.....Stationery
13. Cor. 1st Ave. & E. 51st St., Corner Ent.....Engineer
14. 994 2nd Ave.....P. S. 185
15. 881 3rd Ave.....Undertaker
16. 156 E. 54th St.....Barber
17. 249 E. 55th St.....Hall
18. 913 E. 54th St.....Tailor
19. 1,010 1st Ave.....Tailor
20. North End of Workhouse Dock.....Florist

Seventeenth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 585 Columbus Ave.....Laundry
2. 583 Columbus Ave.....Furniture
3. 623 Columbus Ave.....Barber
4. 649 Columbus Ave.....Barber
5. 668 Columbus Ave.....Electrical
6. 709 Columbus Ave.....Laundry
7. 731 Columbus Ave.....Laundry
8. 797 Amsterdam Ave.....Barber
9. No. Side W. 92nd St., 50 Ft. E. of Amsterdam Ave.....Barber
10. No. Side W. 92nd St., 50 Ft. E. of Side Drive.....Booth
11. S. E. Cor. West 96d St. and Riverside Drive.....Basement
12. 272 W. 96th St.....Tailor
13. 751 Amsterdam Ave.....Shoes
14. 747 Amsterdam Ave.....Tailor
15. 767 Amsterdam Ave.....Barber
16. 788 Amsterdam Ave.....Tailor
17. S. S. W. 98th St., 125 Ft. W. of Broadway.....Booth
18. S. S. W. 101st St., 75 Ft. W. of West End Ave.....Booth
19. 813 Amsterdam Ave.....Shoes
20. 785 Amsterdam Ave.....Barber
21. W. 97th St.....Residence
22. S. W. 101st St.....Barber
23. W. 101st St.....Shoes
24. 124 W. 101st St.....Barber

ELECTION NOTICE.

25. 101st St., E. Amsterdam Ave., Kindergarden Ent.....P. S. 179
26. 102d St. E. Amsterdam Ave., Gymnasium Ent.....P. S. 179
27. 74 W. 103rd St.....Vacant
28. 18 W. 102nd St.....Tailor
29. 20 W. 104th St.....Tailor
30. Cor. 104th St. & Amst. Ave., Exit 1 on W. 104th St.....P. S. 54
31. Cor. 104th St. & Amst. Av., Exit 2 on Amst. Ave.....P. S. 54
32. 68 W. 106th St.....P. S. 54
33. 150 Manhattan Ave.....Upholsterer

Eighteenth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 228 E. 57th St., Lobby Entrance.....P. S. 59
2. 228 E. 57th St., Girls' Entrance.....P. S. 59
3. 1,062 2nd Av.....Barber
4. 1,056 1st Av.....Barber
5. 1,074 1st Av.....Shoes
6. 1,132 1st Av.....Barber
7. 1,170 2nd Av.....Bird Store
8. 1,085 3rd Av.....Barber
9. E. 63rd St., Girls' Entrance.....Plumber
10. 220 E. 63rd St., Annex Entrance..P. S. 74
11. 1,159 3rd Av.....Barber
12. E. 66th St., E. of 1st Av., West Entrance.....P. S. 183
13. 1,277 1st Av.....Florist
14. E. 66th St., E. of 1st Av., East Entrance.....Settlement House
15. 513 E. 69th St.....Barber
16. 1,334 2nd Av.....Barber
17. 1,181 3rd Av.....Laundry
18. 1,191 3rd Av.....Tailor
19. 259 E. 72nd St.....Shoe Cleaning
20. Cor. 1st Ave. & 70th St. & 1st Av. Girls' Primary Entrance.....P. S. 82
21. Cor. E. 70th St. & 1st Av., Boys' Entrance on 1st Av.....P. S. 82
22. 1,361 Avenue A.....Dressmaker
23. 305 E. 72nd St.....Barber
24. 345 E. 73rd St.....Undertaker

Nineteenth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. E. S. W. 102nd St., 50 Ft. W. of West End Av.....Booth
2. 872 Amsterdam Ave.....Tailor
3. 910 Amsterdam Ave.....Tailor
4. 2,744 Broadway.....Pictures
5. 2,748 Amsterdam Ave.....Barber
6. 262 W. 106th St.....Laundry
7. 74 W. 106th St.....Laundry
8. 70 W. 109th St.....Laundry
9. 101 W. 108th St.....Laundry
10. W. 108th St., Bet. Broadway & Amsterdam Ave.....E. Ent. P. S. 165
11. 261 W. 109th St.....Vacant
12. N. S. W. 110th St., 150 Ft. E. of Broadway.....Booth
13. W. 109th St., Bet. Broadway & Amsterdam Ave.....Main Ent. P. S. 165
14. 516 W. 113th St.....Tailor
15. 515 W. 112th St. 200 Ft. W. of Amsterdam Ave.....Booth
16. N. S. W. 116th St., 100 Ft. E. of Amsterdam Ave.....Laundry
17. 1,607 Amsterdam Ave.....Laundry
18. 501 W. 113th St.....Barber
19. S. S. W. 115th St., 125 Ft. E. River-side Drive.....Booth
20. N. W. Cor. W. 119th St. & Claremont Ave.....Office
21. 3,089 Broadway.....Tailor
22. 3,155 Broadway.....Barber
23. 3,297 Broadway.....Laundry
24. Cor. W. 120th St. & Amsterdam Ave., So. Ent. on Amsterdam Ave.....P. S. 43
25. Cor. W. 120th St. & Amsterdam Ave., W. Ent. on W. 120th St.....P. S. 43
26. 3,218 Broadway.....Barber
27. 32 Lawrence St.....Candy
28. 500 & 502 W. 126th St.....Bakery
29. 526 W. 125th St.....Upholstery
30. 1,125 W. 125th St.....Tailor
31. 1,272 Amsterdam Ave.....Barber
32. 100 Morningside Ave.....Barber
33. 1,253 Amsterdam Ave.....Barber
34. 80 Morningside Drive.....Laundry
35. 479 Manhattan Ave.....Laundry
36. 411 Manhattan Ave.....Barber
37. Cor. W. 117th St. & St. Nicholas Ave., W. Ent. on W. 117th St.....P. S. 10
38. Cor. W. 117th St. & St. Nicholas Ave., Exit 2 on St. Nicholas Ave., E. Ent. Wadleigh H. S.
39. W. 115th St., Bet. 7th & 8th Aves., E. Ent. Wadleigh H. S. Shoe Cleaning
40. 3004 W. 116th St.....Barber
41. W. 114th St., Bet. 7th & 8th Aves., W. Ent. Wadleigh H. S. Tailor
42. 279 W. 113th St.....Laundry
43. 300 W. 113th St.....Laundry
44. 1,840 7th Ave.....Laundry
45. 2,060 8th Ave.....Shoe Parlor
46. 300 W. 111th St.....Laundry

Twentieth Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. E. 75th St., bet. 2d & 3d Avs., E. Ent.....P. S. 70
2. E. 75th St., bet. 2d & 3d Avs., W. Ent.....P. S. 70
3. 425 E. 74th St.....Garage
4. 1,440 1st Av.....Undertaker
5. 496 E. 74th St.....
6. 1,424 Avenue A.....
7. 170 E. 77th St., Boys' Ent.....P. S. 117
8. 170 E. 77th St., Girls' Ent.....P. S. 117
9. 1,488 2d Av.....Barber
10. Avenue A, 77th & 78th Sts., E. 77th St. Ent.....P. S. 158
11. Avenue A, 77th & 78th Sts., E. 78th St. Ent.....P. S. 158
12. E. 79th St., bet. 2d & 3d Avs., N. Ent.....P. S. 53
13. E. 80th St., bet. 2d & 3d Avs., Annex Ent.....P. S. 53
14. 342 E. 80th St.....Barber
15. 1,547 1st Av.....Barber
16. 1,515 Avenue A.....Barber
17. Avenue A, 81st & 82d Sts., E. 81st St. Ent.....P. S. 96
18. Avenue A, 81st and 82d Sts., E. 82d St. Ent.....P. S. 96
19. 1,596 2d Av.....Barber
20. 1,440 3d Av.....Tinsmith
21. 1,149 Lexington Av.....Barber
22. 1,436 3d Av.....Barber
23. 1,438 2d Av.....Undertaker

Twenty-first Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 283 St. Nicholas Ave.....Tailor
2. St. Nicholas Ave., bet. 126th & 127th Sts., W. 126th St. Ent.....P. S. 157
3. St. Nicholas Ave., bet. 126th & 127th Sts., St. Nicholas Ave. P. S. 157
4. 41 St. Nicholas Terrace.....Tailor
5. 2,401 8th Ave.....Barber
6. W. 127th St., bet. 7th & Lenox Aves., Main Ent.....P. S. 68
7. W. 128th St., bet. 7th & Lenox Aves., Main Ent.....P. S. 68
8. 115 W. 128th St.....Laundry
9. 2,174 7th Ave.....Undertaker
10. 2,216 7th Ave.....Vacant
11. 2,209 7th Ave.....Barber
12. 390 Lenox Ave.....Barber
13. 2,158 5th Ave.....Undertaker
14. 71 W. 132nd St.....Billiards
15. 2,284 7th Ave.....Tailor
16. 2,460 8th Ave.....Undertaker
17. 2,246 7th Ave.....Bakery
18. W. 133rd St., bet. 7th & 8th Aves., Main Ent.....P. S. 90
19. 106 W. 133rd St.....Tailor
20. 97 W. 133rd St.....Barber
21. Lenox Ave., bet. 134th & 135th Sts., E. Ent. on .....P. S. 89
22. Lenox Ave., bet. 134th & 135th Sts., W. Ent. on W. 135th St.....P. S. 89
23. W. 134th St., bet. 7th & 8th Aves., Main Ent.....P. S. 119
24. 2,531 8th Ave.....Tailor
25. 2,590 8th Ave.....Barber
26. 2,554 8th Ave.....Glazier
27. 2,598 8th Ave.....Undertaker
28. Edgecombe Ave., 140th & 141st Sts., E. Ent. on Edgecombe Ave.....P. S. 5
29. Edgecombe Ave., 140th & 141st Sts., W. Ent. on W. 141st St.....P. S. 5
30. 3,360 Broadway.....Tailor
31. 1,451 Amsterdam Ave.....Stationery
32. 1,482 Amsterdam Ave.....Barber
33. 1,502 Amsterdam Ave.....Barber
34. 3,337 Broadway.....Confectionery
35. 602 W. 137th St.....Laundry
36. 601 W. 138th St.....Tailor
37. 1,590 Amsterdam Ave.....Laundry
38. 1,621 Amsterdam Ave.....Laundry
39. 3,439 Broadway.....Dry Cleaning

Twenty-second Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. E. 82nd St., bet. 1st & 2nd Aves., Boys' Ent.....P. S. 190
2. E. 82nd St., bet. 1st & 2nd Aves., Girls' Ent.....P. S. 190
3. 1,568 Avenue A.....Barber
4. 1,588 Avenue A.....Barber
5. 1,604 Avenue A.....Bakery
6. 1,608 1st Av.....Florist
7. 355 E. 84th St.....Florist
8. 204 E. 84th St.....Barber
9. 206 E. 85th St.....Barber
10. 1,904 E. 87th St.....Barber
11. 1st Ave., bet. 85th & 86th Sts., Boys' Ent. on E. 86th St.....P. S. 77
12. 1st Ave., bet. 85th & 86th Sts., Girls' Ent. on E. 85th St.....P. S. 77
13. 1,612 Avenue A.....Carpenter
14. 501 E. 87th St.....Tailor
15. 447 E. 87th St.....
16. 1,871 2nd Ave.....Barber
17. 220 E. 88th St., Girls' Ent.....P. S. 30
18. 230 E. 88th St., Boys' Ent.....P. S. 30
19. 1,701 1st Ave.....Barber
20. E. 88th St., E. of 1st Ave., West Ent.....P. S. 66
21. E. 88th St., E. of 1st Ave., East Ent.....P. S. 66
22. 1,744 1st Ave.....Barber
23. 1,727 1st Ave.....Tailor
24. 1,734 2nd Ave.....Tailor

Twenty-third Assembly District.

E.D. Location. Occupied as
1. 2,321 7th Av.....Tailor
2. 2,371 7th Av.....Barber
3. 615 Lenox Av.....Laundry
4. 2,401 7th Av.....Barber
5. 635 Lenox Av.....Barber
6. 275 W. 141st St.....Bakery
7. 313 W. 142nd St.....Tailor
8. 2,444 7th Av.....Barber
9. 2,453 7th Av.....Barber
10. 675 Lenox Av.....Barber
11. 2,465 7th Av.....Tailor
12. 298 W. 144th St.....Bakery
13. 271 W. 144th St.....Tailor
14. 227 W. 145th St.....Carriages
15. W. 147th St., Bet. 7th & 8th Aves., Entrance on Court.....P. S. 90
16. W. 147th St., Bet. 7th & 8th Aves., W. Entrance on Court.....P. S. 90
17. 2,830 8th Av.....Barber
18. 2,789 8th Av.....Barber
19. 2,845 8th Av.....Bakery
20. 2,895 8th Av.....Confectionery
21. 102 Bradhurst Av.....Barber
22. 356 W. 145th St.....Barber
23. 1,707 Amsterdam Av.....Barber
24. 1,647 Amsterdam Av.....Barber
25. 112 Hamilton Place.....Barber
26. 144 Hamilton Place.....Barber
27. 528 W. 145th St.....Laundry
28. 146 W. 146th St., Bet. Broadway & Amsterdam Av., W. Ent on Court..P. S. 186
29. W. 146th St., Bet. Broadway & Amsterdam Av., E. Ent on Court..P. S. 186
30. 748 St. Nicholas Av.....Barber
31. 1,713 Amsterdam Av.....Cigars
32. 1,752 Amsterdam Av.....Tailor
33. 1,708 Amsterdam Av.....Barber
34. 3,602 Broadway.....Florist
35. 1,783 Amsterdam Av.....Barber
36. 3,653 Broadway.....Laundry
37. 3,644 Broadway.....Hatcleaning
38. 757 St. Nicholas Av.....Laundry
39. St. Nicholas Place.....Tailor
40. 3,658 Broadway.....Barber
41. 3,668 Broadway.....Bakery
42. 1,866 Amsterdam Av.....Barber

ELECTION NOTICE.

43. Cor. St. Nicholas Av. & W. 156th St., Ent. on St. Nich. Av.....P. S. 46
44. Cor. St. Nicholas Av. & W. 156th St., 2d Ent. E. on W. 156th St..P. S. 46
45. 3,852 Amsterdam Av.....Barber
46. 3,775 St. Nicholas Av.....Barber
47. 95 St. Nicholas Av.....Stationery
48. 961 St. Nicholas Av.....Tailor
49. 2,008 Amsterdam Av.....Tailor
50. 5 W. 160th St., 75 feet E. Fr. Washington Ave.....Barber
51. 2,034 Amsterdam Av.....Booth
52. 2,025 Amsterdam Av.....Tailor
53. 2,040 Amsterdam Av.....Plumber
54. 2,063 Broadway.....Confectionery
55. 1,093 St. Nicholas Av.....Photographer
56. 2,089 Amsterdam Av.....Undertaker
57. 2,147 & 2,159 Amsterdam Av.....Barber
58. Audubon Av., 168th and 169th Sts., Main Ent. on 168th St.....P. S. 189
59. Audubon Av., 168th & 169th Sts., W. Ent. on W. 169th St.....P. S. 189
60. 2,202 Amsterdam Av.....Cigars
61. 1,943 St. Nicholas Av.....Tailor
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ELECTION NOTICE.

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

The 2nd Election District is bounded by and within East 27th st., 3rd ave., E. 26th st., 2nd ave., E. 25th st. and Lexington ave.

The 3rd Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of E. 26th st. and 2nd ave. to the corner of E. 25th st. and 1st ave., 1st ave., E. 24th st. and 2nd ave.

The 4th Election District is bounded by and within E. 29th st., East River, E. 23rd st. and 1st ave.

The 5th Election District is bounded by and within E. 28th st., 1st ave., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 26th st. and 1st ave. to the corner of E. 26th st. and 2nd ave., and 2nd ave.

The 6th Election District is bounded by and within E. 27th st., 2nd ave., E. 26th st. and 3rd ave.

The 7th Election District is bounded by and within E. 29th st., 3rd ave., E. 28th st., 2nd ave., E. 27th st. and Lexington ave.

The 8th Election District is bounded by and within E. 30th st., 2nd ave., E. 28th st. and 3rd ave.

The 9th Election District is bounded by and within E. 30th st., East River, E. 29th st., 1st ave., E. 28th st. and 2nd ave.

The 10th Election District is bounded by and within E. 31st st., East River, E. 30th st. and 2nd ave.

The 11th Election District is bounded by and within E. 31st st., 2nd ave., E. 30th st., 3rd ave., E. 29th st. and Lexington ave.

The 12th Election District is bounded by and within E. 34th st. and 3rd ave., E. 31st st. and Lexington ave.

The 13th Election District is bounded by and within E. 33d st., 2nd ave., E. 31st st. and 3rd ave.

The 14th Election District is bounded by and within E. 33rd st., East River, E. 31st st. and 2nd ave.

The 15th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of 2nd ave. and E. 35th st. to the corner of 1st ave. and E. 34th st., E. 34th st., East River, E. 33rd st. and 2nd ave.

The 16th Election District is bounded by and within E. 35th st., East River, E. 34th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 1st ave. and E. 34th st. to the corner of 2nd ave. and E. 35th st., E. 35th st. and 3rd ave.

The 17th Election District is bounded by and within E. 37th st., East River, E. 36th st. and 3rd ave.

The 18th Election District is bounded by and within E. 38th st., East River, E. 37th and 3rd ave.

The 19th Election District is bounded by and within E. 39th st., East River, E. 38th st. and 3rd ave.

The 20th Election District is bounded by and within E. 40th st., Prospect place, E. 41st st., East River, E. 39th st. and 3rd ave.

The 22d Election District is bounded by and within E. 42nd st., 3rd ave., E. 41st st., Prospect place, E. 40th st. and Lexington ave.

The 23rd Election District is bounded by and within E. 42nd st., Prospect place, E. 43rd st., East River, E. 41st st. and 3rd ave.

Fifteenth Assembly District.

The 1st Election District is bounded by and within W. 68th st., Columbus Ave., W. 64th st. and Central Park W.

The 2nd Election District is bounded by and within W. 67th st., Columbus ave., W. 65th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 3rd Election District is bounded by and within W. 68th st., Broadway, W. 67th st. and West End ave.

The 4th Election District is bounded by and within W. 71st st., West End ave., W. 67th st. and Hudson River.

The 5th Election District is bounded by and within W. 70th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 68th st. and West End ave.

The 6th Election District is bounded by and within W. 70th st., Broadway, W. 69th st. and West End ave.

The 7th Election District is bounded by and within W. 70th st., Broadway, W. 68th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 8th Election District is bounded by and within W. 71st st., Columbus ave., W. 70th st., Central Park W., W. 67th st., Broadway, W. 68th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 9th Election District is bounded by and within W. 72nd st., Columbus ave., W. 71st st. and West End ave.

The 10th Election District is bounded by and within W. 75th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 74th st., Columbus ave., W. 72nd st. and Broadway.

The 12th Election District is bounded by and within W. 75th st., Columbus ave., W. 70th st., Central Park W., W. 74th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 13th Election District is bounded by and within W. 77th st., Central Park W., W. 70th st., Columbus ave., W. 75th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 14th Election District is bounded by and within W. 77th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 75th st., Broadway, W. 74th st., West End ave. and W. 75th st. and Hudson River.

The 15th Election District is bounded by and within W. 79th st., Broadway, W. 78th st., Columbus ave., W. 77th st. and West End ave.

The 16th Election District is bounded by and within W. 82nd st., Riverside drive, West 81st st., Broadway, W. 80th st., West End ave., W. 77th st. and Hudson River.

The 17th Election District is bounded by and within W. 81st st., Amsterdam ave., W. 78th st., Broadway, W. 79th st., West End ave., W. 80th st. and Broadway.

The 18th Election District is bounded by and within Columbus ave., W. 81st st., Central Park W., W. 77th st., Columbus ave., W. 78th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 19th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 81st st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of W. 82nd st. and Columbus ave., Columbus ave., W. 80th st. and Amsterdam ave. and Amsterdam ave.

The 20th Election District is bounded by and within W. 83rd st., Columbus ave., W. 81st st., Broadway, W. 82nd st. and West End ave.

The 21st Election District is bounded by and within W. 83rd st., Columbus ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 82nd st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 81st st. and Amsterdam ave., and Amsterdam ave.

The 22nd Election District is bounded by and within W. 84th st., Columbus ave., W. 83rd st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 23rd Election District is bounded by and within W. 83rd st., Broadway, W. 84th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 81st st., Broadway, W. 82nd st. and West End ave.

The 24th Election District is bounded by and within W. 84th st., West End ave., W. 82nd st., 81st st., Riverside drive, W. 82nd st. and Hudson River.

The 25th Election District is bounded by and within W. 86th st., Broadway, W. 83rd st., and W. End ave.

The 26th Election District is bounded by and within W. 85th st., Columbus ave., W. 84th st. and Broadway.

The 27th Election District is bounded by and within W. 86th st., Columbus ave., W. 85th st. and Broadway.

The 28th Election District is bounded by and within W. 88th st., Columbus ave., W. 86th st., Broadway, W. 87th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 29th Election District is bounded by and within W. 88th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 86th st., Broadway, W. 86th st. and West End ave.

The 30th Election District is bounded by and within W. 89th st., Columbus ave., W. 88th st. and West End ave.

The 31st Election District is bounded by and within W. 90th st., Columbus ave., W. 89th st. and Hudson River.

The 32nd Election District is bounded by and within W. 91st st., Columbus ave., W. 90th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 33rd Election District is bounded by and within W. 92d st., Broadway, W. 91st st., Columbus ave., W. 90th st. and Hudson River.

The 34th Election District is bounded by and within W. 94th st., Columbus ave., W. 92nd st., and Broadway.

The 35th Election District is bounded by and within W. 88th st., West End ave., W. 84th st. and Hudson River.

The 36th Election District is bounded by and within W. 94th st., West End ave., W. 92nd st. and Hudson River.

The 37th Election District is bounded by and within W. 71st st., Columbus ave., W. 70th st., Central Park W., W. 69th st. and Broadway.

The 38th Election District is bounded by and within W. 70th st., Broadway, W. 69th st., Central Park W., W. 67th st. and Columbus ave.

The 39th Election District is bounded by and within W. 77nd st., Columbus ave., W. 71st st. and West End ave.

The 40th Election District is bounded by and within W. 75th st., Broadway, W. 72nd st., West End ave., W. 71st st. and Hudson River.

The 41th Election District is bounded by and within W. 75th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 74th st., Columbus ave., W. 72nd st. and Broadway.

The 42d Election District is bounded by and within W. 75th st., Columbus ave., W. 70th st., Central Park W., W. 74th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 43d Election District is bounded by and within W. 77th st., Central Park W., W. 70th st., Columbus ave., W. 75th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 44th Election District is bounded by and within W. 77th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 75th st., Broadway, W. 74th st., West End ave. and W. 75th st. and Hudson River.

The 45th Election District is bounded by and within W. 79th st., Broadway, W. 78th st., Columbus ave., W. 77th st. and West End ave.

The 46th Election District is bounded by and within W. 82nd st., Riverside drive, West 81st st., Broadway, W. 80th st., West End ave., W. 77th st. and Hudson River.

The 47th Election District is bounded by and within W. 81st st., Amsterdam ave., W. 78th st., Broadway, W. 79th st., West End ave., W. 80th st. and Broadway.

The 48th Election District is bounded by and within Columbus ave., W. 81st st., Central Park W., W. 77th st., Columbus ave., W. 78th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 49th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 81st st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of W. 82nd st. and Columbus ave., Columbus ave., W. 80th st. and Amsterdam ave. and Amsterdam ave.

The 50th Election District is bounded by and within W. 83rd st., Columbus ave., W. 81st st., Broadway, W. 82nd st. and West End ave.

The 51st Election District is bounded by and within W. 83rd st., Columbus ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 82nd st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 81st st. and Amsterdam ave., and Amsterdam ave.

The 52nd Election District is bounded by and within W. 84th st., Columbus ave., W. 83rd st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 53rd Election District is bounded by and within W. 83rd st., Broadway, W. 84th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 81st st., Broadway, W. 82nd st. and West End ave.

The 54th Election District is bounded by and within W. 84th st., West End ave., W. 82nd st., 81st st., Riverside drive and Hudson River.

The 55th Election District is bounded by and within W. 86th st., Broadway, W. 83rd st. and W. End ave.

The 56th Election District is bounded by and within W. 85th st., Columbus ave., W. 84th st. and Broadway.

The 57th Election District is bounded by and within W. 86th st., Columbus ave., W. 85th st. and Broadway.

The 58th Election District is bounded by and within W. 88th st., Columbus ave., W. 86th st., Broadway, W. 87th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 59th Election District is bounded by and within W. 88th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 86th st., Broadway, W. 86th st. and West End ave.

The 60th Election District is bounded by and within W. 89th st., Columbus ave., W. 88th st. and West End ave.

The 61st Election District is bounded by and within W. 90th st., Columbus ave., W. 89th st. and Hudson River.

The 62nd Election District is bounded by and within W. 91st st., Columbus ave., W. 90th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 63rd Election District is bounded by and within W. 92d st., Broadway, W. 91st st., Columbus ave., W. 90th st. and Hudson River.

The 64th Election District is bounded by and within W. 94th st., Columbus ave., W. 92nd st. and Broadway.

The 65th Election District is bounded by and within W. 88th st., West End ave., W. 84th st. and Hudson River.

The 66th Election District is bounded by and within W. 89th st., West End ave., W. 86th st. and Hudson River.

Sixteenth Assembly District.

The 1st Election District is bounded by and within E. 44th st., 2nd ave., E. 42nd st. and Lexington ave.

The 2nd Election District is bounded by and within E. 45th st., 2nd ave., E. 44th st. and Lexington ave.

The 3rd Election District is bounded by and within E. 45th st., East River, E. 43rd st., Prospect place, E. 42nd st. and 2nd ave.

The 4th Election District is bounded by and within E. 47th st., 1st ave., E. 45th st., East River, E. 45th st. and 2nd ave.

The 5th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of E. 48th st. and 2nd ave. to the corner of E. 47th st. and 2nd ave., 2nd ave., E. 45th st. and 3rd ave.

The 6th Election District is bounded by and within E. 48th st., 3rd ave., E. 47th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 2nd ave. and E. 47th st. to the corner of 3rd ave. and E. 48th st. and Lexington ave.

The 7th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of Lexington ave. and E. 49th st. to the corner of 3rd ave. and E. 48th st., 3rd ave. and E. 48th st.

The 8th Election District is bounded by and within E. 50th st., 3rd ave., E. 49th st., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 49th st. and 3rd ave. to the corner of E. 48th st. and Lexington ave., and Lexington ave.

The 9th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of 2nd ave. and E. 50th st. to the corner of 1st ave. and E. 49th st., E. 49th st., East River, E. 48th st., 1st ave. and 2nd ave.

The 10th Election District is bounded by and within E. 50th st., 1st ave., E. 51st st., East River, E. 49th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of E. 49th st. and 1st ave. to the corner of E. 50th st. and 2nd ave.

The 11th Election District is bounded by and within E. 51st st., 1st ave., E. 50th st. and 3rd ave.

The 12th Election District is bounded by and within E. 52nd st., 2nd ave., E. 51st st., 3rd ave., E. 50th st. and Lexington ave.

The 13th Election District is bounded by and within E. 52nd st., East River, E. 51st st. and 3rd ave.

The 14th Election District is bounded by and within E. 53rd st., East River, E. 52nd st. and 2nd ave.

The 15th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of E. 56th st. and 3rd ave. to the corner of E. 54th st. and 2nd ave., 2nd ave., E. 52nd st. and 3rd ave.

The 16th Election District is bounded by and within E. 56th st., 3rd ave., E. 53nd st. and Lexington ave.

The 17th Election District is bounded by and within E. 56th st., 1st ave., E. 55th st. and 3rd ave., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 55th st. and 2nd ave. to the corner of E. 55th st. and 3rd ave., and 3rd ave.

The 18th Election District is bounded by and within E. 55th st., East River, E. 53rd st. and 1st ave.

The 19th Election District is bounded by and within E. 58th st., East River, E. 53rd st. and 2nd ave.

The 20th Election District is bounded by and within the entire island of Blackwell's Island.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Seventeenth Assembly District.

The 1st Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 84th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 85th st. and Central Park W., Central Park W., W. 83rd st. and Columbus ave.

The 2nd Election District is bounded by and within W. 86th st., Central Park W., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 85th st. and Central Park W. to the corner of W. 84th st. and Columbus ave., and Columbus ave.

The 3rd Election District is bounded by and within W. 83th st., Central Park W., W. 86th st. and Columbus ave.

The 4th Election District is bounded by and within W. 91st st., Central Park W., W. 89th st. and Columbus ave.

The 5th Election District is bounded by and within W. 92d st., Central Park W., W. 91st st. and Columbus ave.

The 6th Election District is bounded by and within W. 93d st., Central Park W., W. 92nd st. and Columbus ave.

The 7th Election District is bounded by and within W. 95th st., Central Park W., W. 93rd st. and Columbus ave.

The 8th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 95th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 96th st. and Columbus ave., Columbus ave., W. 97th st., Central Park W., and W. 95th st.

The 9th Election District is bounded by and within W. 95th st., Columbus ave., W. 94th st., Broadway, 96rd st. and West End ave.

The 10th Election District is bounded by and within W. 92d st., West End ave., W. 93d st., Broadway, W. 94th st. and Hudson River.

The 11th Election District is bounded by and within W. 94th st., West End ave., W. 92d st. and Hudson River.

The 12th Election District is bounded by and within W. 97th st., Broadway, W. 95th st., West End ave., W. 9th st. and Hudson River.

The 13th Election District is bounded by and within W. 95th st., Columbus ave., W. 96th st. and Broadway.

The 14th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 96th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 95th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and Broadway.

The 15th Election District is bounded by and within W. 97th st., Columbus ave., W. 96th st. and Broadway.

The 16th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of Broadway and W. 97th st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 98th st., W. 98th st., Columbus ave. and W. 97th st.

The 18th Election District is bounded by and within W. 100th st., Broadway, W. 99th st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 98th st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of W. 99th st. and Broadway, Broadway, W. 98th st. and West End ave.

The 17th Election District is bounded by and within W. 98th st., West End ave., W. 95th st., Broadway and Hudson River.

The 18th Election District is bounded by and within W. 101st st., a diagonal line from the corner of Broadway and W. 101st st., to the corner of W. 100th st. and West End ave., West End ave., W. 96th st. and Hudson River.

The 19th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of West End ave. and W. 100th st. to the corner of Broadway and W. 101st st., W. 101st st., Amsterdam ave., W. 100th st., Columbus ave., W. 96th st., Broadway and W. 100th st.

The 20th Election District is bounded by and within W. 99th st., Columbus ave., W. 98th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 21st Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 99th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 98th st. and Central Park W., Central Park W., W. 97th st. and Columbus ave.

The 22d Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 99th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of Central Park W. and W. 98th st. to the corner of W. 99th st. and Columbus ave.

The 23d Election District is bounded by and within W. 101st st., Central Park W., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 100th st. and Central Park W. to the corner of W. 99th st. and Columbus ave., Columbus ave., W. 100th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 24th Election District is bounded by and within W. 101st st., Amsterdam ave., W. 100th st. and Broadway.

The 25th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 102d st., W. 102d st., Manhattan ave. and W. 101st st.

The 26th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 103d st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 102d st., a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 102nd st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and Amsterdam ave., and Amsterdam ave.

The 27th Election District is bounded by and within 103d st., Manhattan ave., West 102d st., and a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and Columbus ave. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 103d st.

The 28th Election District is bounded by and within W. 103d st., Central Park W., W. 102d st. and Columbus ave.

The 29th Election District is bounded by and within W. 104th st., Central Park W., W. 103d st. and Columbus ave.

The 30th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 104th st. to the corner of W. 105th st. and Columbus ave., Columbus ave., W. 104th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 31st Election District is bounded by and within W. 109th st., Columbus ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 105th st. and Columbus ave. to the corner of W. 104th st. and Amsterdam ave., and Amsterdam ave.

The 32nd Election District is bounded by and within W. 106th st., Manhattan ave., W. 105th st., Central Park W., W. 104th st. and Columbus ave.

The 33rd Election District is bounded by and within W. 107th St., Central Park W., W. 105th st., Manhattan ave., W. 106th st. and Columbus ave.

Eighteenth Assembly District.

The 1st Election District is bounded by and within E. 59th st., 2nd ave., E. 56th st. and 3rd ave.

The 2nd Election District is bounded by and within E. 58th st., 1st ave., E. 57th st. and 2nd ave.

The 3rd Election District is bounded by and within E. 58th st., 1st ave., E. 57th st. and 2nd ave.

The 4th Election District is bounded by and within E. 58th st., East River, E. 56th st. and 1st ave.

The 5th Election District is bounded by and within E. 59th st., East River, E. 58th st. and 2nd ave.

The 6th Election District is bounded by and within E. 65th st., Ave. A, E. 64th st., East River, E. 59th st. and 1st ave.

The 7th Election District is bounded by and within E. 62nd st., 2nd ave., E. 59th st., 3rd ave., E. 60th st. and 2nd ave.

The 8th Election District is bounded by and within E. 62nd st., 2nd ave., E. 60th st. and 3rd ave., E. 61st st. and Lexington ave.

The 9th Election District is bounded by and within E. 63rd st., 1st ave., E. 62nd st. and 3rd ave.

The 10th Election District is bounded by and within E. 65th st., 1st ave., E. 63rd st. and 3rd ave.

The 11th Election District is bounded by and within E. 68th st., 2nd ave., E. 65th st., and 3rd ave.

The 12th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of E. 66th st. and 2nd ave. to the corner of E. 67th st. and 1st ave., 1st ave., E. 65th st. and 2nd ave.

The 13th Election District is bounded by and within E. 69th st., 1st ave., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 67th st. and 1st ave. to the corner of E. 66th st. and 2nd ave., 2nd ave., E. 65th st. and 3rd ave.

The 14th Election District is bounded by and within E. 68th st., Ave. A, E. 69th st., East River, E. 64th st. Ave. A, E. 65th st. and 1st ave.

The 15th Election District is bounded by and within E. 70th st., Ave. A, E. 71st st., East River, E. 69th st. Ave. A, E. 68th st. and 1st ave.

The 16th Election District is bounded by and within E. 70th st., 1st ave., E. 69th st. and 2nd ave.

The 17th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of E. 69th st. and 3rd ave. to the corner of E. 70th st. and 2nd ave., 2nd ave., E. 68th st. and 3rd ave.

The 18th Election District is bounded by and within E. 70th st., 3rd ave., E. 71st st., 2nd ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 2nd ave and E. 70th st. to the corner of 3rd ave. and E. 69th st. and Lexington ave.

The 19th Election District is bounded by and within E. 73rd st., 2nd ave., E. 71st st. and 3rd ave.

The 20th Election District is bounded by and within E. 72nd st. and 2nd ave. to the corner of E. 71st st. and 1st ave., 1st ave., E. 70th st. and 2nd ave.

The 21st Election District is bounded by and within E. 72nd st., East River, E. 71st st., Ave. A, E. 70th st. and 1st ave.

The 22nd Election District is bounded by and within E. 73rd st., East River, E. 72nd st. and 1st ave.

The 23rd Election District is bounded by and within E. 73rd st., 1st ave., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 71st st. and 1st ave. to the corner of E. 72nd st. and 2nd ave., and 2nd ave.

The 24th Election District is bounded by and within E. 74th st., 1st ave., E. 73rd st. and 2nd ave.

Nineteenth Assembly District.

The 1st Election District is bounded by and within W. 100th st., West End ave., W. 102d st., Broadway, W. 101st st. and Hudson River.

The 2d Election District is bounded by and within W. 103d st., Amsterdam ave., W. 101st st., Broadway, W. 102d st. and West End ave.

The 3d Election District is bounded by and within W. 104th st., Broadway, W. 105th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 103d st. and West End ave.

The 4th Election District is bounded by and within W. 106th st., Amsterdam ave., 105th st., Broadway, W. 104th st. and West End ave.

The 5th Election District is bounded by and within W. 107th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 107th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 106th st., W. 106th st. and West End ave.

The 6th Election District is bounded by and within W. 108th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 107th st., West End ave., W. 106th st., and Hudson River.

The 7th Election District is bounded by and within W. 108th st., Central Park West, W. 107th st., Columbus ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 106th st. to the corner of W. 107th st. and Amsterdam ave. and Amsterdam ave.

The 8th Election District is bounded by and within W. 110th st., Central Park West, W. 108th st. and Columbus ave.

The 9th Election District is bounded by and within W. 109th st., Columbus ave., W. 108th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 10th Election District is bounded by and within W. 112th st., Broadway, W. 109th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 108th st. and Hudson River.

The 11th Election District is bounded by and within W. 110th st., Columbus ave., W. 109th st. and Broadway.

The 12th Election District is bounded by and within W. 111th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 110th st. and Broadway.

The 13th Election District is bounded by and within W. 113th st., Broadway, W. 110th st. and Hudson River.

The 14th Election District is bounded by and within W. 112th st., Columbus ave., W. 111th st., Central Park W., W. 110th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 15th Election District is bounded by and within W. 113th st., Columbus ave., W. 112th st., Central Park W., W. 111th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 16th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 117th st. to the corner of W. 113th st. and Morningside drive, Morningside Park, Morningside ave., Manhattan ave., W. 110th st., Morningside drive, W. 113th st. and Amsterdam Av.

The 17th Election District is bounded by and within W. 120th st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 113th st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of W. 114th st. and Broadway, and Broadway.

The 18th Election District is bounded by and within W. 114th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 114th st. and Broadway to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 113th st., W. 113th st. and Hudson River.

The 19th Election District is bounded by and within W. 116th st., Broadway, W. 114th st. and Hudson River.

The 20th Election District is bounded by and within W. 120th st., Broadway, W. 116th st. and Hudson River.

The 21st Election District is bounded by and within a line running from the Hudson River across Riverside Park and between 526 and 528 Riverside drive, through Fairview court, 175 Claremont ave., W. 125th st., Broadway, W. 120th st. and Hudson River.

The 22d Election District is bounded by and within W. 127th st., Broadway, W. 125th st., a line running through Fairview court, 175 Claremont ave. and between 526 and 528 Riverside drive, through Riverside Park and Hudson River.

The 23d Election District is bounded by and within W. 133d st., Old Broadway, W. 130th st., Broadway, W. 129th st. and Hudson River.

The 24th Election District is bounded by and within W. 135th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 131st st. and Old Broadway.

The 25th Election District is bounded by and within W. 135th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 130th st., Convent ave., W. 128th st., Amsterdam ave., Lawrence st., and Old Broadway.

The 26th Election District is bounded by and within W. 128th st., Convent ave., Morningside ave., W. 125th st., Manhattan st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 27th Election District is bounded by and within W. 125th st., Broadway, Lawrence st., Amsterdam ave., W. 126th st. and Broadway.

The 28th Election District is bounded by and within W. 120th st., Manhattan st., W. 125th st. and Broadway.

The 29th Election District is bounded by and within W. 125th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 124th st. and Broadway.

The 30th Election District is bounded by and within W. 124th st., Manhattan st., Morningside ave., W. 123d st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 31st Election District is bounded by and within W. 124th st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 122d st. to the corner of W. 123d st. and Broadway, and Broadway.

The 32d Election District is bounded by and within W. 124th st., Morningside park, Morningside ave., across Morningside Park at W. 120th st., across Morningside drive, a diagonal line from the corner of W. 121st st. and Morningside drive to the corner of W. 123d st. and Amsterdam ave., and Amsterdam ave.

The 33d Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of Broadway and W. 122d st. to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 122d st. and from there over to the corner of Morningside drive and W. 121st st., W. 121st st., Amsterdam ave., W. 120th st. and Broadway.

The 34th Election District is bounded by and within W. 121st st., Morningside drive, across Morningside Park at W. 120th st., across Morningside ave., across Morningside Park at W. 116th st. and Morningside drive to the corner of W. 117th st. and Amsterdam ave., and Amsterdam ave.

The 35th Election District is bounded by and within W. 120th st., Manhattan ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 118th st. to the corner of W. 117th st. and Morningside ave., and Morningside ave.

The 36th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 117th st. and Morningside ave. to the corner of W. 118th st. and Manhattan ave., Manhattan ave., W. 115th st. and Morningside drive.

The 37th Election District is bounded by and within W. 118th st., 8th ave., W. 116th st. and Manhattan ave.

The 38th Election District is bounded by and within W. 116th st., St. Nicholas ave., W. 117th st., 7th ave., W. 116th st. and 8th ave.

The 39th Election District is bounded by and within W. 118th st., 7th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 115th st. and 7th ave. to the corner of W. 114th st. and 8th ave., and 8th ave.

The 40th Election District is bounded by and within W. 115th st., Manhattan ave., W. 116th st., 8th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 113th st. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 114th st., W. 114th st. and Morningside ave.

The 41st Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 114th st. and 8th ave. to the corner of W. 116th st. and 7th ave., 7th ave., a diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 113th st., the corner of 8th ave. and W. 114th st.

The 42d Election District is bounded by and within W. 113th st., Morningside ave., the corner of 8th ave. and W. 114th st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 113th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 7th ave. and W. 113th st. to the corner of W. 116th st. and 8th ave., and 8th ave.

The 43d Election District is bounded by and within W. 114th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 114th st. and Manhattan ave. to the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 113th st., W. 113th st., Manhattan ave., Morningside ave. and Morningside park.

The 44th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 112th st. and 8th ave. to the corner of W. 113th st. and 7th ave., 7th ave. and a diagonal line from the corner of W. 112th st. and 8th ave. to the corner of W. 111th st. and 8th ave., and 8th ave.

The 45th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of Manhattan ave. and W. 112th st. to the corner of 8th ave. and W. 112th st., a diagonal line from the corner of 8th ave. and W. 112th st. to the corner of 7th ave. and W. 111th st., 7th ave., W. 110th st. and Manhattan ave.

The 46th Election District is bounded by and within W. 111th st., 7th ave., W. 110th st. and Manhattan ave.

The 47th Election District is bounded by and within W. 110th st., 5th ave., a line running through Central Park from 5th ave. and 90th st. to Central Park W. and 90th st., and Central Park W. to 8th ave., 8th ave., Transverse Road, W. 97th st. and Central Park W.

Twentieth Assembly District.

The 1st Election District is bounded by and within E. 75th st., 2nd ave., E. 73rd st. and 3rd ave.

The 2nd Election District is bounded by and within W. 75th st., 2nd ave., E. 74th st. and Lexington ave.

The 3rd Election District is bounded by and within E. 76th st., 1st ave., E. 74th st. and 2nd ave.

The 4th Election District is bounded by and within E. 76th st., Ave. A, E. 74th st. and 1st ave.

The 5th Election District is bounded by and within E. 74th st., Ave. A, E. 75th st., East River, E. 73rd st. and 1st ave.

The 6th Election District is bounded by and within E. 76th st., East River, E. 75th st., Ave. A, E. 76th st. and 1st ave.

The 7th Election District is bounded by and within E. 77th st., 1st ave., E. 76th st. and 3rd ave.

The 8th Election District is bounded by and within E. 79th st., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 78th st. and 2nd ave. to the corner of E. 78th st. and 3rd ave., 3rd ave. E. 76th st. and Lexington ave.

The 9th Election District is bounded by and within E. 78th st., 1st ave., E. 77th st. and 3rd ave.

The 10th Election District is bounded by and within E. 78th st., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 78th st. and Ave. A to E. 79th st. and 1st ave., E. 78th st. and E. 79th st., John Jay Park st. E. 77th st. and 1st ave.

The 11th Election District is bounded by and within E. 79th st., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 78th st. and Ave. A to E. 79th st. and East River, E. 79th st. and 1st ave.

The 12th Election District is bounded by and within E. 79th st., a diagonal line from the corner of E. 78th st. and Ave. A to E. 80th st. and East River, E. 80th st. and 1st ave.

The 13th Election District is bounded by and within E. 80th st., Ave. A, E. 79th st. and 1st ave.

The 14th Election District is bounded by and within E. 80th st., Ave. A, E. 79th st. and a diagonal line from the corner of 1st ave. and E. 79th st. to the corner of 2nd ave. and E. 80th st.

The 15th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of 3rd ave. and E. 79th st. to the corner of 2nd ave. and E. 81st st., E. 81st st., 1st ave. and E. 80th st.

The 16th Election District is bounded by and within E. 81st st., Ave. A, E. 80th st. and 1st ave.

The 17th Election District is bounded by and within E. 82nd st., East River, E. 79th st. and Ave. A.

The 18th Election District is bounded by and within E. 81st st. and 1st ave.

The 19th Election District is bounded by and within E. 82nd st., 1st ave., E. 81st st. and 2nd ave.

The 20th Election District is bounded by and within E. 82nd st., 2nd ave., a diagonal line from E. 81st st. and 2nd ave. to the corner of E. 80th st. and 3rd ave., 3rd ave.

The 21st Election District is bounded by and within W. 107th st., Amsterdam ave., 105th st., Broadway, W. 104th st. and West End ave.

The 22d Election District is bounded by and within W. 107th st., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 107th st. to the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 106th st., W. 106th st. and West End ave.

The 23d Election District is bounded by and within W. 108th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 107th st., West End ave., W. 106th st., and Hudson River.

The 24th Election District is bounded by and within W. 108th st., Central Park West, W. 107th st., Columbus ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Columbus ave. and W. 106th st. to the corner of W. 107th st. and Amsterdam ave. and Amsterdam ave.

The 25th Election District is bounded by and within W. 110th st., Central Park West, W. 108th st. and Columbus ave.

The 26th Election District is bounded by and within W. 109th st., Columbus ave., W. 108th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 27th Election District is bounded by and within W. 112th st., Broadway, W. 109th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 108th st. and Hudson River.

The 28th Election District is bounded by and within W. 110th st., Columbus ave., W. 109th st. and Broadway.

The 29th Election District is bounded by and within W. 111th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 110th st. and Broadway.

The 30th Election District is bounded by and within W. 113th st., Broadway, W. 110th st. and Hudson River.

The 31st Election District is bounded by and within W. 112th st., Columbus ave., W. 111th st., Central Park W., W. 110th st. and Amsterdam ave.

The 32d Election District is bounded by and within W. 113th st., Columbus ave., W. 112th st., Central Park W., W. 111th st. and Amsterdam ave.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The 33d Election District is bounded by and within W. 113th st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 113th st. to the corner of Morningside drive and W. 118th st., across Morningside Park, Morningside ave., Manhattan ave., W. 110th st., Morningside drive, W. 113th st. and Amsterdam Av.

The 34th Election District is bounded by and within W. 116th st., Amsterdam ave., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 113th st. and Amsterdam ave. to the corner of W. 114th st. and Broadway, and Broadway.

The 35th Election District is bounded by and within W. 114th st., a diagonal line from the corner of W. 114th st. and Broadway to the corner of Amsterdam ave. and W. 113th st., W. 113th st. and Hudson River.

The 36th Election District is bounded by and within W. 116th st., Broadway, W. 114th st. and Hudson River.

The 37th Election District is bounded by and within W. 120th st., Broadway, W. 116th st. and Hudson River.

The 38th Election District is bounded by and within a diagonal line from the corner of W. 120th st. and Broadway to the corner of W. 116th st. and Broadway, Broadway, W. 114th st. and Hudson River.

The 39th Election District is bounded by and within W. 120th st., a diagonal line running through Fairview court, 175 Claremont ave., between 526 and 528 Riverside drive, through Riverside Park and Hudson River.

The 40th Election District is bounded by and within W. 125th st., Broadway, W. 120th st. and Hudson River.

The 41st Election District is bounded by and within W. 127th st., Broadway, W. 125th st., a line running through Fairview court, 175 Claremont ave., between 526 and 528 Riverside drive, through Riverside Park and Hudson River.

The 42d Election District is bounded by and within W. 129th st., Broadway, W. 127th st., Broadway, W. 125th st. and Hudson River.

The 43d Election District is bounded by and within W. 130th st., Broadway, W. 129th st. and Hudson River.

The 44th Election District is bounded by and within W. 133d st., Old Broadway, W. 130th st., Broadway, W. 129th st. and Hudson River.

The 45th Election District is bounded by and within W. 135th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 131st st. and Old Broadway.

The 46th Election District is bounded by and within W. 135th st., Amsterdam ave., W. 130th st., Convent ave., W. 128th st., Amsterdam ave., Lawrence st., and Old Broadway.

The 47th Election District is bounded by and within W. 128th st., Convent ave., Morningside ave., W. 125th st., Manhattan st. and Amsterdam

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 6.—Sixty-three corporations, with aggregate capitalization of $5,071,000, were chartered today. They include:

Kanawha Realty Co., Inc., realty, bonds, mortgages, stocks, $200,000; W. K. Dupre, Jr., R. Sherman, F. E. Sturgis, 14 Wall St.

Schweizer Importers, Inc., embroideries, silks, satins, laces, dry goods, $150,000; O. Bucher, T. Lansdowne, S. B. Resor, 26 Gramercy Park East.

Beadleston Realty Corp., realty stocks, bonds, $150,000; H. C. P. and H. C. Beadleston, 14 Wall St.

E. F. Hopton, Inc., Johnson City, sugar grape cultivation, molasses, melada, glucose, candy, $200,000; A. A. E. and E. F. Hopton, 129 Main St., Binghamton.

East n Coast Transportation Corp., transportation, trade, commerce, navigation, $100,000; J. Jannotta, D. Wheeler, R. D. Sutton, A. McLanahan, and Merritt, attorneys, 135 B'way.

A. Kreamer, Inc., Mechanicville, articles of tin, copper, other metals, $200,000; H. Ackerman, A. N. and C. J. Kreamer, 1,247 Oak St., Richmond Hill.

Faye & Graves, Inc., auto vehicles, motors, engines, 300 shares, $100 each; 1,000 shares, no par value; carry on business with $100,000; G. M. Burditt, R. Graves, Jr., J. J. Faye, 215 West 88 St.

Seventy-first Street Hotel Co., Inc., hotel, restaurant, wines, liquors, theatres, $100,000; C. J. Campbell, J. F. Conwell, J. W. McGrath, St. Andrew's Hotel, 72 St. and B'way.

Brooklyn Lithographic Co., Inc., Brooklyn, engraving, stationery, publishers, newspapers, $100,000; E. M. Beybl, F. B. Knowlon, W. Meicl, 154 Nassau St.

Soarsdale-Edgemont Corp., realty, agency, brokerage, construction, managerial, $50,000; H. L. Cross, S. D. Brown, E. L. Stevens, 154 Nassau St.

Elmira Foundry Corp., Elmira, foundry, machine shop, 500 shares, $100 each; 3,000 shares, no par value; carry on business with $95,000; H. C. Mandeville, A. P. Morrow, F. Levalley, 218 W. Gray St., Elmira.

Hygrade Corrugated Paper Products Co., Inc., corrugated paper, paper boxes, $30,000; I. Ratner, L. Linker, L. Lewis, 22 W. 115 St.

Freestone Syndicate, Inc., explore, develop, maintain oil properties, $50,000; R. Sherman, W. K. Dupre, R. Bennett, Jr., 14 Wall St.

Middletown Throwing Co., Inc., silks, other fabrics, $50,000; J. W. Crandall, A. Wilson, Jr., I. W. Bonner, 420 Broadway.

J. M. Thomson & Co., Inc., chemical preparations, dyestuffs, soaps, bleaches, laundry, mill, metal trades, $50,000; A. B. Beiser, G. and J. M. Thomson, 2,172 Concourse, Bronx.

Erwins Isle Co., Inc., motion pictures, theatricals, $40,000; L. W. Weber, M. and J. M. Weber, 1,215 Broadway.

Park Knitting Mills, Inc., textiles, sweaters, $37,500; H. Geigerman, J. Zeman, S. Strauss, 440 West 52nd Av.

Saxon Waist Co., Inc., ladies', misses' waists, $25,000; J. Fishman, S. D. Sacks, H. Soloman, 271 Broadway.

Salvin Realty Corp., realty, stocks, bonds, $25,000; T. S. and H. S. Salvin, 1,600 B'way.

Forma & Perry, Inc., silk, other textiles, $30,000; B. H. Perry, R. R. and D. Forma, 528 W. 111 St.

Laz-Mar Hat Co., Inc., ladies' hats, millinery, $15,000; J. Harris, B. F. Steinberg, S. H. Lesser, 324 W. 103 St.

The Lythic Building Co., Inc., construction, engineering, building, $20,000; L. H. Gafney, D. L. Griffen, E. J. Hogerty, 146 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

Fried-Gissing Construction Co., Ltd., contracting, builders, decorators, engineers, $10,000; L. H. Gafney, W. Fried, 272 E. 200 St.

Herle Realty Co., Inc., realty, mortgages, $8,000; J. Herzog, A. and J. Levy, 239 Broome St.

Mills-Delacy Co., Inc., Brooklyn, photo-lithographic screens, plates, $20,000; W. W. Geddes, L. M. Delacy, F. M. Mills, 76 Pierrepont St., Brooklyn.

Cahod Realty Corp., Bronx, realty, construction, managerial, $10,000; H. W. Kiralfy, J. E. Howell, W. S. Cousins, 3,314 Wallace Av.

Vanitie Hat Co., Inc., hats, bonnets, toques, $15,000; A. Hirsch, J. and B. D. Land, 1,582 1 Av.

Elise Waist Co., Inc., ladies' waists, $15,000; E. O'Donnell, N. and L. Ginsberg, 1,567 61 St., Brooklyn.

Herman Kurte, Inc., liquors, cigars, $10,000; H. Kahn, J. Levy, H. Kurte, 158 E. 94 St.

Alexandria Bay-Redwood Transportation Co., Inc., transportation, freight, mails, express, baggage, $15,000; J. F. Kellett, A. C. Cornwall, J. B. Reid, Alexandria Bay.

Fink & Goodkin, Inc., millinery, $16,000; S. Goodkin, W. H. and E. H. Fink, 41 Convent Av.

United Auto Renting Co., Inc., taxicabs, $10,000; A. C. Mandel, H. Shields, A. Levy, 2,102 7th Av.

H. A. Renaud Corporation, drugs, medicines, $10,000; J. W. Suling, H. C. Kayser, E. Mehlig, 115 Broadway.

Studer Court South Corporation, realty, agency, brokerage, construction, managerial, $10,000; H. D. Canady, S. Arnsten, A. B. Kinz, East St. Louis, Ill.

Dippmann, Koch & Abrams, Inc., trimmed and untrimmed $10,000; E. E. Dippmann, H. Abrams, M. Koch, 3 West 34th St.

Janson Construction Corporation, Garden City, realty, construction, $10,000; O. Chichester, O. T. Roberts, H. W. Janson, 320 5th Av.

G. and L. Undergarment Co., Inc., ladies' wearing apparel $10,000; T. J. Richmond, J. Lashinsky, S. Gabal, 62 West 118th St.

The Roe & Hugo Chemical Co., Inc., chemists, druggists, $10,000; M. and A. Rosenstein, T. Weirauch, 465 3d Av., Long Island City.

The Broadway Phonograph Shop, Inc., phonographs, mechanical musical instruments, $40,000; M. R. Morrison, L. E. Greenberg, L. Grossbaum, 1,018 East 163d St., Bronx.

J. J. Kilcoyne Co., Inc., butter, produce, $5,000; T. A. and J. J. Kilcoyne, 154 Reade St.

Rothholz, Inc., of New York City, examine, shrink, sponge woolens, fabrics, $5,000; H. Weiss, F. S. and W. A. Rothholz, 816 Garson Av., Rochester.

J. M. Schwartz & Co., Inc., hat frames, millinery, $5,000; D. and N. Goldstein, J. M. Schwartz, 167 80th St.

Charles Erdrich, Inc., tailoring, $5,000; C. Erdrich, C. Koechlein, J. A. Bravy, 254A Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.

Jaeger & Bachmann Co., Inc., chemicals, laniline, laundry supplies, $5,000; A. Rosen, S. A. Bachman, M. L. Jaeger, 116 W. 126 St.

A. B. Woythaler, Inc., auto accessories, $5,000; S. Osofsky, E. E. Kleiner, A. B. Woythaler, 110 W. 34 St.

Haiti Standard Oil Co., Inc., petroleum, oil, timber, agriculture, coal, iron, begin business with $500; T. H. Watson, Jr., H. E. Rau, J. A. Wilson, 66 Broadway.

Ferncliff Building Corp., contractors, builders, $5,000; J. M. Kornfeld, A. Alfane, N. D'Alessandro, 319 E. 116 St.

Morris-Tarrab Realty Co., Inc., acquire lands erect buildings, $5,000; M. N. Tarrab, J. Dannenberg, G. A. Ferris, 2 Rector St.

College Point Engineering Co., Inc., Queens, engineering machinery, heating, ventilating, $5,000; C. F. Farrell, R. H. and R. H. Brown, Jr., 4 Prospect St., Flushing.

Eagle Flour Co., Inc., novelties, merchandise, commodities, hay, grain cereals, breadstuffs, $5,000; J. A. Peppard, S. Burgdorf, N. Davis, 439 Manhattan Av.

Syrian Publishing Co., Inc., publishing, $5,000; G. E. Bardwill, A. J. Hamrah, J. E. Balesh, 365 Henry St., Brooklyn.

Authorizations: Talking Machine Publishing Co., Inc., Hoboken, N. J., advertising, publishing magazines and books, $50,000. Representative, Earl E. Whitehorne, 120 Broadway, New York.

J. H. Hamlen & Son, Inc., Portland, Me., lumber, cooperage, merchandise, $450,000; representative, C. P. Shilstone, 11 Broadway, New York.

Union Bag and Paper Corp., Jersey City, N. J., $10,000,000; representative, E. B. Murray, 233 Broadway, New York.

Capital increased: George N. Wakelee, Inc., Queens, $10,000 to $20,000; Reigel & Roos Co., Manhattan, $4,500 to $100,000; Schoder & Lombard Stamp and Die Co., Inc., Manhattan, $15,000 to $35,000; Sackett Coal Co., Inc., Manhattan, $30,000 to $75,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Central Hat Works, Inc., Manhattan; the James W. Elliott Corp., Manhattan; Canfield Gas Engine Co., Inc., Binghamton; Cohen & Israel, Inc., Manhattan; Berner Drug Co., Inc., Manhattan; F. J. Ashfield & Sons, Inc., Brooklyn; Cherry Valley Gas Co., Cherry Valley; Union Bag and Paper Co., Chicago, Ill.; Onyx Button Works, Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 6.—Charters filed: Solophone Company, Jersey City, manufacture and deal in Solophones, phonographs, records, &c., $200,000; C. H. Jarvis, H. A. Black, P. L. Niesser, Jersey City.

Metal Products and Machine Company, Newark, to design, manufacture, and repair electric and other machinery and vehicles, $100,000; Leonard L. Terhune, East Orange; Carey S. Thomas, Millburn; Robert S. Terhune, Newark.

Expert Auto Repair Company, Newark, deal in motor trucks, automobiles, &c., $10,000; M. J. Dwyer, Henry Setlow, H. A. Argenbright, Newark.

Osbourn & Co., Inc., Camden, architects and contractors, $100,000; H. M. Blake, L. L. Craig, H. L. Vogel, Philadelphia.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Nov. 6.—Charters filed: National Sulphur Company, mine and extract sulphur and other products, $1,500,000; Herbert E. Latter, Norman P. Coffin, Clement M. Egner, local Wilmington (Del.) incorporators.

Real Estate Mortgage Bond Company, deal in real estate, act as fiscal agent, &c., $1,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, Harry W. Davis, local Wilmington (Del.) incorporators.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold five bags wormy and mouldy chestnuts. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 13, 1916, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated October 25, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL,
U. S. Attorney.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, NOV. 6.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, 398, s w corner of 185th St, 18x50; John Foley to Mary Connolly, 554 West 184th St, all liens, Nov. 4; attorney, Frederick L. Anderson, 128 Broadway.....$1

BROADWAY, 925, w s, 44.1 ft n of 21st St, 52x21.4x Irregular; Walter E. Livingston, individually and as trustee, deed of trust, et al., to estate of Bradish Johnson, Islip, L. I., b. and s., Oct. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$51,000

FRONT ST, 162, n s, 19.8x79.8; Charles Runyon to James M. Montgomery, 142 East 18th St, Nov. 2; address, C. Runyon, 2 Rector St.....$1

LEXINGTON AV, 1,803 to 1,809, n e corner of 112th St, 100.11x41.8, foreclosure Nov. 6; Isidor Wasservogel, referee, to Belle G. Barnheimer and United States Trust Co., 45 Wall St, trustees, Nov. 6; attorne.. Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St.....$55,000

NORTHERN AV, n w corner of 179th St, 100x125; A. Hampton Gilson, Linden, N. J., to Minnit Realty Co., 30 Broad St, Nov. 27, 1915; attorney, Bernard Naumburg, 30 Broad St.....$1

WEST ST, e s, between Charles and Perry Sts, and at s e corner of an alley through to Washington St, 62.9x80.10x60.11x64; George D. Bartholomew to Gouverneur Mortgage Co., 149 Broadway, mtg $18,000, Oct. 31; attorney, Hy. T. Randall, 149 B'way..$1

SAME PROPERTY; Gouverneur Mortgage Co. to McEvoy & Koester Construction Co., 1,902 Marmion Av, mtg $18,000, b. and s., Nov. 2; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

97TH AV, e s, 79.1 ft s of 10th St, 123x26.4x irregular; William Lustgarten & Co., Inc., to the Oak Point Corporation, 23 Pine St, mtg $150,000, Nov. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

14TH ST, n s, 475 ft w of 8th Av, 75x125; Maze Realty Co. to Nathan Construction Co., 2,030 Broadway, mtg $168,000, Oct. 30; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.$100

36TH ST, 206 to 216 West, s s, 95 ft w of 7th Av, 100x88.9; The Land Brokerage Co. to New York Telephone Co., 15 Dey St., Nov. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

36TH ST, 220 West, s s, 563 ft e of 8th Av, 21x98.9; Annie S. Delphinia and J. McEntyre to New York Telephone Co., 15 Dey St; attorneys, Cannon & Co., 135 Broadway: more than.....$5,000

36TH ST, 222 West, s s, 542 ft e of 8th Av, 21x98.9; William H. McWilliam, Poughkeepsie, to New York Telephone Co., 15 Dey St, Nov. 4; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

36TH ST, 218 West, s s, 585 ft e of 8th Av, 21x98.9; Walter M. Parker to New York Telephone Co., 15 Dey St, May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

36TH ST, 114 West, s s, 225 ft w of 6th Av, 25x100.5; United States Trust Co. to Mary Flynn, 4 Rockaway Av, Garden City, L. I., Oct. 26; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway.....$100

118TH ST, 440 East, n s, 88 ft w of Pleasant Av, 19.9x100.10; Thomas J. Diamond to Salvator and Leonard Castell and another, 34 Hamilton St, each ½ part, mtg $4,500, Oct. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$8,000

118TH ST, 216 East, s s, 212.11 ft e of 3d Av, 37.1x100.5; Mortimer T. Harris to Josephine S. Brand, 601 West 162d St, mtg $32,500, all liens; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

118TH ST, n s, 160 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.11; Katie Greff to Michael Josephson and Herman Stanton, 272 Stanton St, mtg $14,500, Nov. 4; attorney, A. Waxenbaum, 124 Stanton St.....$100

131ST, 66 East, s s, 142.6 ft w of Park Av, 17.6x84.11; David Weill et al., heirs, &c., of Rachel Weill to Celia Hyman, 446 Broadway, mtg $3,000, Nov. 1; attorney, Nathan H. Stone, 346 Broadway.....$100

134TH ST, 121 West, n s, 325 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; Michael Mater to Sadie Solomon, 3 West 101st St, ½ part, mtg $15,500, July 20; attorney, B. M. Blumenthal, 256 Broadway.....$1

Bronx.

INWOOD AV, w s, 345 ft s of 170th St, 177.7 to Cromwell Av x30.5 to centre line Cromwell's Creek x n e x—x w —x n 101.2 x w 76.11x n 122.8x102.8x345; Simon M. Oesserman to Thornton Bros. Co., 1,318 Findlay Av, Oct. 31; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

LESTER ST, n s, 100 ft e of Barker Av, 25x105; D. Eli Lahm to Charles L. Ulman, 3,521 White Plains Av, mtg $2,000, July 29; attorneys, Knox, S. & D., 233 Broadway...$1

LOT 354, map of Van Nest Park; Henry Brinkmann to Luige Andreoth and another, 3,941 Barker Av, mtg $3,500, Nov. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOT 228, map of McGraw estate; Robert V. Henson to Frederick Lipp, 6,409 New Utrecht Av, Brooklyn, mtg $5,200, Nov. 6; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av.....$1

LOTS 77 to 80 and 96 to 99, map of St. Joseph Orphan Asylum; George Kingsmann to Van Land Co., Inc., 1,126 Walker Av, Oct. 14; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 29 and 30, amended map Adee Park; George Hill to Simon Blanck, 762 South Oak Drive, Oct. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

MARION AV, s e s, at n e s of 184th St, runs n 100 ft, s e 25x n w 100x s w 25x n w to beginning; John M. Purcell to Katharine C. Purcell, — West 51st St, Sept. 13; attorney, William F. Kegg, Secretary of the Interior.—Motion for leave to file bill of complaint granted, and process ordered to issue returnable on first Monday of March next.

718—United States, plaintiff, v. A. Kelly et al.—Motion to advance for hearing with case 84, as one case, granted, and both cases assigned for Dec. 4 next.

433—The John Church Co., petitioner, v. Hilliard Hotel Co. et al.—Motion to advance granted and cause assigned for argument Jan. 8 next.

547—Rome Railway & Light Co., appellant, v. Floyd County, Georgia, et al.—Ordered placed on summary docket.

631—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., plaintiff, v. J. Branson.—Ordered placed on summary docket.

565—The Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co., plaintiff, v. B. L. Thompson as administrator, &c.—Ordered placed on summary docket.

492—Oregon & California Railroad Co. et al. v. the United States.—Motion for writ of certiorari to bring up the case in its entirety, and that the transcript of record in Case 679, October term, 1914, be taken as a return to the writ, granted. Motion to advance granted, and case assigned for Feb. 26 next.

603—H. F. Marshall, petitioner, v. S. W. Backus, Commissioner of Immigration, &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit granted.

721—T. Ewing, Commissioner of Patents, petitioner, v. United States ex. rel. The Fowler Car Company.—Petition for a writ of certiorari to Court of Appeals of District of Columbia granted.

742—L. A. Westerman Company, petitioner, v. the Dispatch Printing Company.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Sixth Circuit granted.

743—E. F. Luckenbach et al., petitioners, v. W. J. McCahan Sugar Refining Co. et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Court of Appeals for Second Circuit granted.

575—Yee Suey, petitioner, v. F. W. Berkshire, Supervising Inspector of Immigration, &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Fifth Circuit denied.

533—B. Frankfurt, petitioner, v. the United States.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Fifth Circuit denied.

538—W. R. Staats Co. et al., petitioners, v. Security Trust and Savings Bank, as trustee, &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit denied.

631—Commercial Security Co. et al., petitioners, v. S. N. Dunning, trustee, &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Second Circuit denied.

677—N. A. Hughes et al., petitioners, v. United States.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Fifth Circuit denied.

749—Westinghouse Elec and Manufacturing Co., petitioner, v. Wagner Elec Mfg. Co.—Petition for a writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit denied.

No. —, Original—Republic of Cuba, plaintiff, v. the State of North Carolina.—Motion for leave to file declaration and for issuance of summons submitted for plaintiff.

740—H. M. Wills, petitioner, v. S. Maddox and A. T. Brice, as substituted trustees under last will and testament of H. McCeney, deceased, &c., et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Court of Appeals of District of Columbia submitted for petitioner and for respondent.

729—E. G. Steele et al., petitioners, v. Highland Park Mfg. Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Fourth Circuit submitted for petitioners and for respondent.

473—C. P. Bobb, plaintiff, v. A. C. F. Meyer.—Dismissed, with costs, on motion of counsel for plaintiff.

80—A. J. McDonald, as executor, et al., plaintiffs, v. J. T. McDonald et al.—Dismissed, with costs, pursuant to 10th rule.

81—Vandalia Railroad Co., plaintiff, v. the Public Service Commission of Indiana, &c.—Submitted.

66—Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co., plaintiff, v. Ohio Valley Tie Company.—Argument continued for defendant and concluded for plaintiff.

68—D. O'Neil, plaintiff, v. the Northern Colorado Irrigation Co. et al.—Argued.

70—C. M. Dean, appellant, v. R. E. Davis, Jr., trustee, &c., et al.—Argument commenced for appellant.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 7: Nos. 70, 71, 75, (and 76,) 77, 79, 82, 83, 85, 86, and 87.

Ashland Emery Co. in New Hands.

Wollman & Wollman, counsel for the Reorganization Committee of the Ashland Emery and Corundum Company, announced yesterday that a new corporation, the Jackson Mills Emery Company, Inc., had been organized by the committee, and that it had taken over the assets of the Ashland company.

VOTE EARLY!

The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning and remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Voters can find their voting places through the Election Notices printed elsewhere in THE TIMES this morning.

Simira Masela to George Hill, 62 Beechwood Road, Summit, N. J., Nov. 4, 2 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,600

NETHERLAND AV, e s, 205.1 ft s of 230th St, 50x100; Charles R. Demarest to Yonkers Building and Loan Assn., Yonkers, N. Y., Nov. 1, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 B'way..$8,500

ST. ANN'S AV, w s, 25 ft n of 157th St, 25x100; William F. Fitzgerald to Mary E. Martell, 116 East 85th St, prior mtg $1,000, Nov. 6, due as per bond; attorney, T. L. A. Britt, 271 Broadway.....$2,000

WEBSTER AV, n w corner of 188th St, 175x110.2x183.7x97.7; No. 2,833 Creston Av. Co., Inc., to Hartley Haigh, 527 Lenox Av, prior mtg $15,000, Nov. 6, due Oct. 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$13,400

150TH ST, 280-2, s s, 50x100; Louise E. Apelles et al. to Bertha Conger, Arlington, N. J., prior mtg $26,000, Sept. 1, 1915, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Frost, D. & W., Albany, N. Y.....$2,000

151ST ST, 294 East, s s, 25x118.5; William F. Fitzgerald to Mary E. Martell, 116 East 85th St, prior mtg $3,500, Nov. 4, due as per bond; attorney, T. L. A. Britt, 271 Broadway.....$1,000

238TH ST, 120 East, s s, 25x100; Emilie Kaestner and another to Lucretia C. Brittan, 340 Lewis Av, Brooklyn, Nov. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Henry L. Brant, 35 Park Row.....$350

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 3,600 to 3,613; Morris Welf against Rembrandt Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$6,114.50

BROOME ST, 182 and 184, and Clinton St, 135 and 137; Maxrose Realties, Inc., against Jacob Rosenthal, owner and contractor, renewal.....$450

CHRYSTIE ST, 126; Joseph Shannon against Jogert Realty Co. and Christie Realty Co., owners and contractors; Joseph Gertner, contractor.....$200

MOTT ST, 94 to 98; Gagen & Butler, Inc., against Estate of J. W. Hamburg, Exec.; Thomas J. Brady, Jr., Construction Co., contractor.....$80

32D ST, 44 to 50 East; Metropolitan Electric Manufacturing Co. against Haco Building Co., Inc., owner; Joseph L. Martin and Manhattan Engineering Co., contractor.....$400

38TH ST, 24 East; Mayer Schnee against estate of Mary R. Sheldon, owner; Frederick Pollak, contractor.....$225

55TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 21.10x100.5; Teranova Bros. against Roman Catholic Church of St. John the Evangelist, owner; Germanis Engineering and Construction Co., Inc., contractor.....$155

55TH ST, 105 to 111 West; James P. Hinch against 105 West 55th Street Corporation, Inc., owner; Mulry Contracting Co., contractor.....$381

57TH ST, 156 and 158 East; Rufus Darrow's Son, Inc., against Edw. C. Burns and Ess Elf Realty Co., owners; Thomas J. Brady and Thomas J. Brady, Jr., contractors.$300

58TH ST, 363 West; William Levine & Co. against Clara R. Gerken et al., trustees, owners; John F. MacElhiney, contractor.$80

63D ST, 107 West; Henry Schiffer Co., Inc., against Wire Wheel Service Co., owner and contractor.....$34

69TH ST, 245 West; Ideal Tile Co., Inc., against 243 West 69th Street Corporation, owner and contractor.....$175

113TH ST, 339 and 341 East; Vincenzo Gagliano against Pasquale Viscardi, owner and contractor.....$70

122D ST, 13 and 15 East; Frank E. Wise & Son, Inc., against New York Edison Co., owner; Jefferson Concrete Co., Inc., subcontractor; Murphy Construction Co., contractor.....$406

138TH ST, 603 and 605 West; Abe Lifson against Argyle Co., Inc., owner and contractor; Medina & Cox, contractor.....$157

WEST ST, 270 and 272; Theodore C. Wood against Bromer Realty Co., Inc., owner; Katz & Leibowitz, Inc., contractor..$91

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, w s, 25.5 ft s of 179th St, 90x107; Sargent & Co. against Trojan Building Corp., owner and contractor.....$655

PROSPECT AV, 2,411 to 2,415; John W. Mason against Nole Building Co., Inc., owner; John Ciprione and John Barba, contractors.....$107

VALENTINE AV, 2,301 and 2,303; Charles H. Scammell Co., Inc., against Louis F. and Emma D. Mohr and John Doe, owners; Haas & Fried, Inc., contractors.....$150

222D ST, s s, 245 Christian Meurer against Margaret, and Lyda Ryan, owners and contractors.....$50

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

LIBERTY ST., 60 and 62; Calvin Tomkins against Stutz & Liberty Street Corporation et al, by bond, Sept. 18, 1916.....$1,488

SAME PROPERTY; William Nutley against Guaranty Trust Co. et al, Sept. 12, 1916, by bond.....$983

3D ST, 22 and 24 West; Sun Fireproof Sash and Door Co., Inc., against Florence St. John et al, Oct. 5, 1916, by bond.....$310

Bronx.

VALENTINE AV, 2,463 to 2,467; George H. Crosier against H. M. Construction Co. et al, Oct. 21, 1916.....$20

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Frederick P. King, George W. Bristol, and George R. Coughlan, all of New York City, were admitted to practice.

No. —, original—State of Minnesota, complainant, v. F. K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior.—Motion for leave to file bill of complaint granted, and process ordered to issue returnable on first Monday of March next.

718—United States, plaintiff, v. A. Kelly et al.—Motion to advance for hearing with case 84, as one case, granted, and both cases assigned for Dec. 4 next.

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729—E. G. Steele et al., petitioners, v. Highland Park Mfg. Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Circuit Court of Appeals for Fourth Circuit submitted for petitioners and for respondent.

473—C. P. Bobb, plaintiff, v. A. C. F. Meyer.—Dismissed, with costs, on motion of counsel for plaintiff.

80—A. J. McDonald, as executor, et al., plaintiffs, v. J. T. McDonald et al.—Dismissed, with costs, pursuant to 10th rule.

81—Vandalia Railroad Co., plaintiff, v. the Public Service Commission of Indiana, &c.—Submitted.

66—Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co., plaintiff, v. Ohio Valley Tie Company.—Argument continued for defendant and concluded for plaintiff.

68—D. O'Neil, plaintiff, v. the Northern Colorado Irrigation Co. et al.—Argued.

70—C. M. Dean, appellant, v. R. E. Davis, Jr., trustee, &c., et al.—Argument commenced for appellant.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 7: Nos. 70, 71, 75, (and 76,) 77, 79, 82, 83, 85, 86, and 87.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Southern District of New York.
At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 21 bags of wormy and mouldy chestnuts. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 13, 1916, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted
Dated October 25, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kroonland, at Liverpool, Nov. 5.
SS Broomza, at Rotterdam, Nov. 4.
SS Minas Geraes, at Rio Janeiro, Nov. 4.
SS New York, at Liverpool, Nov. 5.
SS Edrymedon, at Yokohama, Nov. 5.
SS San Guglielmo, at Genoa, Oct. 25.
SS Dante Alighieri, at Naples, Oct. 22.

Sailed.

SS Touraine, from Bordeaux, Nov. 5.
SS Hallig Olaf, from Christiansand, Nov. 4.
SS Francisco, from Hull, Nov. 4.
SS Maasdyk, from St. Thomas, Nov. 4.
SS Snetrippen, from Shields, Nov. 4.
SS Gagovala, from Greenock, Nov. 4.
SS Missourian, from Genoa, Oct. 28.
SS Tede, from Gibraltar, Nov. 2.
SS Arizonan, from Gibraltar, Nov. 4.
SS Verona, from Gibraltar, Nov. 4.
SS Rio de Janeiro, from Rio Janeiro, Nov. 5.

Passed.

SS Atlantic, Cape Town for New York, passed St. Helena, Nov. 4.
SS Giovanni G., New York via Norfolk for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

By Marconi Wireless.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, N. Y., NOV. 6.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, 123 miles S. at noon 5th.
SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, 119 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, 134 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Comet, Tampico to New York, 92 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Norte, Galveston to New York, 55 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Florida, Port Arthur to New York, 280 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS El Dia, Galveston to New York, 68 miles E. of Sand Key at 6 P. M.
SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, 133 miles E. of Galveston at 6 P. M.
SS Alabama, Port Arthur to New York, 185 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Cherokee, Jacksonville to New York, 15 miles S. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Havana, Havana to New York, 670 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Morro Castle, Havana to New York, 280 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Arapahoe, Norfolk to New York, 206 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Rio Grande, Brunswick to New York, 264 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, 450 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, 382 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, 236 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Esperanza, Tampico to New York, 380 miles W. of Havana at 7 P. M.

Transatlantic Mails.

Europe, (except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark.) Africa, West Asia, and East Indies, via Liverpool, (Spain and Portugal must be specially addressed for other countries except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) via Liverpool, at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.,) (sea post)—Baltic.....Nov. 9
Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, and Turkey, via Christiansand and Christiania, at 10 A. M., (supplementary,

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Concourse Building in Bronx in Trade for Nine Lots—Clarence Mackay Leases Residence at 834 Fifth Avenue—Good Brooklyn Market—Big Cortlandt Street Lease.

Interest in the coming election evidently had its effect on the realty market yesterday, as there was a scarcity of deals and general activity.

The Bronx furnished a trade of interest involving the sale of the taxpayer building at 2,396 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 25 by 85, being 125 feet north of 184th Street. It was purchased by B. Halpert from the Harley Building Corporation, which took in exchange a plot of nine lots on the north side of 192d Street, from University Avenue to the old Croton Aqueduct. The street frontage is 228.9 and 107 on University Avenue. It will be improved by the new owners. The Concourse building is leased for five years for a market.

H. A. Douglas & Co. were the brokers, and they have also sold another plot on the Concourse, being on the west side, 50 feet north of 182d Street, fronting 50 feet on the Concourse.

C. H. Mackay Leases 5th Av. Dwelling.

Clarence H. Mackay has leased for the Winter, furnished, 834 Fifth Avenue, a six-story American basement dwelling. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the lease for the Three States Realty Company.

Bijou Waist Co. Subleases to Adams Express Co.

The lease was recorded yesterday by the Bijou Waist Company, which recently leased the building at 121 to 131 West Nineteenth Street, being the rear annex of the Simpson-Crawford store, of the basement and mezzanine floors to the Adams Express Company for six years from Feb. 1, 1917, at $10,000 a year. It also carries an option for five additional years at $12,000.

Tenement Sale.

The Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company sold to an investing client of David Vogel, 228 East 110th Street, a four-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100.11, held at $11,000.

Bronx Sales.

The Crown Operating Company, Incorporated, represented by Morgenstern Brothers, has purchased 2,023 and 2,027 Monterey Avenue, two five-story new-law tenements, each on a plot 50 by 100.

Frederick W. Fielding sold to William J. Gabel 422 East 159th Street, a five-story flat, on lot 25 by 98, 175 feet west of Elton Avenue.

Brooklyn.

The Westwood Realty Company sold for Walter B. Merlin the fine detached brick house, 870 Ocean Avenue, corner of Dorchester Road, Flatbush, to a client for occupancy. The house occupies the plot 107 by 131, and was held at $35,000.

Leonard Morgan Company, Incorporated, sold for Phelps Holding Company, H. A. Treat, President, the three-story store and apartment, 1,290 Sutter Avenue, corner Pine Street, Brooklyn, on lot 20 by 100, to a client for investment.

The McInerney-Klinck Realty Company sold the three-story brick store and apartment building located on the west side of Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn, 120 feet south of Clarendon Road, on a plot with a frontage of 20 feet on Clarendon Road and 100 feet in depth, for J. Phillip Goetz to a client for investment.

Joseph M. May has purchased through W. G. Morrisey, Jr., representing M. J. Rose, the northwest corner of Surf Avenue and West Nineteenth Street, fronting 140 feet on Surf Avenue and running back 284 feet to the New York Coney Island Railroad right of way. The property is improved with a hotel and two cottages.

T. Salzberg sold for M. Miller to J. Kafka a one-family cottage, 1,617 Fiftieth Street, on a plot 40 by 100.

Suburban Home Buyers.

George Howe has sold for A. A. Anderson the latter's home at Larchmont Gardens to Douglas J. Miller. The same broker also sold the home of Dr. E. E. Beeman at Pelham.

$100,000 Cortlandt Street Lease.

Pease & Elliman have leased for a term of ten years, at an aggregate rental approximating $100,000, the entire building at the southeast corner of Cortlandt and Greenwich Streets owned by Brill Brothers.

The lessees are John and Stephen Haffner, who will make extensive alterations and occupy the premises for café purposes.

Commercial Leases.

The Ruland & Whiting Company leased for William H. Whiting & Co., agents, the corner store and basement at 430 Broadway, corner of Howard Street, to the New York Telephone Company for a commercial office; also leased for Louis F. Braun, agent, the store and front part of basement at 713 Madison Avenue to Maurice Sloog, dealer in rare books and engravings, for a term of five years and six months from Nov. 1, 1916.

The United Merchants Realty and Improvement Company has leased the northeast corner of Dey and Church Streets to Celia Schwartz for a restaurant.

Pease & Elliman have leased for the Horn & Hardart Company to Israel Siller of the World Waist Company the store at 604 Broadway.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store adjoining the southeast corner of Broadway and Sixty-eighth Street to the Motor Life Distributing Company.

Leases $28,000 Duplex Apartments.

Alfred Nathan, President of the Nathan Manufacturing Company, has leased a large duplex apartment, comprising the entire ninth floor and part of the tenth floor, containing twenty-four rooms and nine baths, in the new building just completed at 820 Fifth Avenue, at the northeast corner of Sixty-third Street, on the site of the old Progress Club. The apartment has been held at $28,000 a year. Other tenants in this building are August Belmont, Robert Goelet, Alexander S. Cochran, Mrs. S. V. Harkness, C. G. K. Billings, and H. D. Whiton. Douglas L. Elliman & Co. and George C. Blackwell negotiated the lease.

Realty Notes.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for the estate of Warner Van Norden 8 East Sixty-second Street, a five-story dwelling, to Joseph P. Grace.

Arthur C. Sheridan, as auctioneer, sold the plot, 100 by 114, on the west side of Findlay Avenue, just south of Claremont Park, under foreclosure yesterday at the Bronx salesroom. It was struck down to A. D. Spencer on a bid of $6,125, just a trifle over the encumbrances. The purchase was considered a bargain.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Charles A. Berrian.

432 St, 240 to 246 West, s s, 340 ft e of 8th Av, 100.5x20x1x40x1x16.8x100.4x76.8, two four, one five, and one three-story tenements and stores; withdrawn.

By Joseph P. Day.

35th Av, 306, e s, 74 ft n of 25th St, 24.8x100, one and two-story stores; Charles E. Gumb against William S. McCotter et al; Sampson H. Schwarz, attorney; Willam A. Hines, referee; due, $24,248.84; taxes, &c., $886.20; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph & Co.

Park View Pl, 2,475, w s, 412.8 ft s of 190th St, 18x70, two-story and basement brick dwelling; Chris G. Euler et al against Francis A. Fullam et al; Carrington & Pierce, attorneys, 200 Broadway; Abr. I. Solomon, referee; due, $4,367.09; taxes, &c., $60.70; to the plaintiff for $4,000.

By Arthur C. Sheriden.

Findlay Av, e s, 109.10 ft s of 170th St, 106.11x107.6x100.11x44.4, vacant; Sue Van Riper against Mount Clare Improvement Co. et al; Carrington & Pierce, attorneys, 200 Broadway; Richard F. Weeks, referee; due, $5,552.51; taxes, &c., $397.97; to A. B. Spencer for $6,125.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Brook Av, s w corner of 142d St; for a four-story brick and stone police station, 53.8x71.8; City of New York, owner; Cross & Cross, 10 East 47th St, architects; cost, $75,000.

Newman St, e s, 250 ft n of O'Brien Av; for a two-story brick dwelling, 23.6x35; Rosie Pieratto, 305 East 148th St, owner; C. J. Cunningham, 768 Tinton Av, architect; cost, $3,500.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

7th and 8th Avs, 31st and 32d Sts; to a one and four story station; Pennsylvania Railroad Co., on premises, owner; Gibbs & Hill, on premises, architects; cost, $10,000.

54th St, 251 and 253 West; to a four-story factory; J. J. & W. Williams, on premises, owners; H. P. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av, architect; cost, $8,500.

134th St, 132 West; to a five-story tenement; West 134th Street Realty Co., 408 West 42d St, owner; J. C. Cocker, 2,017 5th Av, architect; cost, $20,000.

124th St, 244 to 248 West; to a five-story building; Charles Weisbecker Corporation, Arthur Weisbecker, President, owner; John C. Watson, 271 West 125th St, architect; cost, $17,000.

St. Nicholas Av, 913 to 919; to a public school; City of New York, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, 500 Park Av, architect; cost, $8,000.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

LENOX AV, 56 to 60, first store and cellar south of entrance to building; Salo Cohn to Joseph Rashel, 105 West 113th St, 5 years, from June 1, 1916; address, 58 Lenox Av. $1,800

MOTT ST, 314, store and basement; Mott St, 312, 5 rooms adjoining; the Fifty-first Street Real Estate Corporation to Antonio Spinella, on premises, 5 years, from May 1, 1916; address, Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av. $660

PLEASANT AV, 250, store, basement, and yard; Filomena Curzio to Francesco Cudone, on premises, 5 years, from May 1, 1916; Westchester Brewing Co., Pelham, N. Y. $660

SAME PROPERTY; Frank Cudone to Westchester County Brewing Co., Sparks Av, Pelham, N. Y., Oct. 24, assignment of lease $1

VESEY ST, 41 and 43, store floor; James J. Cullman to Nathan Strauss, Inc., 619 Pacific St, Brooklyn, 1 year, from Oct. 19, 1915, 4 years' renewal at $3,000. 5 p. c. of gross sales

2D AV, 93, parlor floor; Max Mutnick to Felix Wolf, on premises, 5 years from April 1, 1916 $780 and $876

2D AV, 944, corner store; Perlstein & Rosenthal to Samuel Berlin, 944 2d Av, 4 years, from May 1, 1916; attorneys, Shapiro & Bernstein, 299 Broadway $900

7TH AV, s e corner of 49th St, store 19.6x58, and part of basement, 19x19; 727 Seventh Avenue Realty Co. to Boyer-Gordon Drug Co. and C. C. Boyer, 440 Riverside Drive, and another, 5 1-12 years, from Jan. 1, 1917; attorneys, Davis & Bernstein, 299 Broadway $4,500 and $5,000

19TH ST, 121 to 131 West, store, mezzanine, and basement floors; Samuel and Louis Krohnberg, firm Bajon Waist Co., to William M. Barrett, as President Adams Express Co., 272 West 86th St, 6 years, from Feb. 1, 1917; attorney, E. V. Conwell, 61 Broadway $10,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, option of 5 years' renewal, from February, 1923; attorney, same $12,000

57TH ST, 47 East, all; 600 Park Avenue Co. to Byron C. Darling, 222 East 34th St, 10 years, from Oct. 1, 1916; attorneys, Ireland & Konff, 19 Liberty St. $8,500

61ST ST, 51 East, all; Howland Pell to Arthur H. Cutler, 49 and 51 East 61st St, 5 years, from July 1, 1914 $2,500

143D ST, 126 and 128 West, all; Estelle Wohlgemuth to Landesmans Realty Co., 102 West 141st St, 3 years, from Nov. 1, 1916; attorney, Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway. $5,100

LIS PENDENS.

LOT 1, Block 1,981, Section 7; City of New York against Robert J. Prior et al.; foreclosure of tax lien; attorney, L. Hardy.

LOT 72, Block 1,981, Section 7; City of New York against James R. Deering et al., foreclosure of tax lien; attorney, L. Hardy.

167TH ST, n s, 213 ft e of Avenue B, 25x92; Louise M. Cramp against Charles Rader et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, De Forest Bros.

55TH ST, n s, 190 ft e of 3d Av, 20x100.5; German Savings Bank in the City of New York against Clara Kress et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Amend & Amend.

3RD, 62 West; New York Title and Mortgage Co. against Mary A. Deering et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. A. Mulett.

103D ST, 123 East; Lillie Mayer against Josephine Thoesen et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Myers & Sherwin.

Bronx.

LOT 1,137, part of, map of Village of Wakefield; Lillie Wilkens et al. against Mildred I. Gingra, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. J. Crowley.

LOTS 138 and 139, map of Seton Homestead; Herman Lowenstein against Stephen E. Carmina et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. Spellessy.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,326, also 1,322 Southern Boulevard; Edith L. Cannot against Helen McCartney et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cannon & Cannon.

STEPHENS AV, w s, 129.7 ft e of Chisholm St, 25x81.7; Salome Bauer against Thomas H. Roff et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, G. A. Nagle.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

LARCHMONT, N. Y.

Thursday, Nov. 9, at 3 P. M., at PUBLIC AUCTION

Without reserve to highest bidder

A 14-room modern up-to-date, gentleman's home, with 2-car garage, plot 90x125. Corner Bayard Lane and Beach Ave., one block off Boston Post Road.

Sale on premises, rain or shine.

For particulars inquire

Powell, Auct'r, 132 Nassau St., N. Y.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY AT IN ANY AMOUNT 4½%

SECOND MORTGAGE FUNDS, $5,000 UP.

S. A. Israel - R. M. De Leeuw Co.

35 Nassau St. Lowest fees and rates.

MORGENTHAU JR & CO. MORTGAGES 25 PINE STREET

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale by an Estate

TWO PROPERTIES IN COMING NEIGHBORHOODS

45 and 47 West 29th Street, 50 feet front by 98 feet 9 inches in depth, and 137 and 139 East 28th Street, 45 feet front by 98 feet 9 inches in depth.

Apply to the Executors Estate NELLIE M. NOE.

EDWARD M. BURGHARD, Attorney, Room 900, 111 Broadway, New York City.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FLATBUSH. NEW STYLE BUNGALOWS.

8 rooms, bath; steam heat, electric light, instantaneous hot water system; AUTOMOBILE DRIVEWAY; sleeping porch.

EAST 18TH ST., NEAR AVE. N.

Car lines include Brighton Beach "L" to Elm Av., Ocean Av. and Coney Island Av.

PRICE $8,500 Terms to Suit.

GEO. M. CRAIGEN, Builder, on premises.

CRAFTSMAN HOMES WITH GARAGE

in stucco and brick; with and without garage; all improvements. On West 11th St., 2 minutes from Kings Highway Sta., Sea Beach Subway. 23 sold; only 4 left. See these wonderful little homes, or send for full set of photo postals and terms. OTTO SINGER, 262 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

Only 6250

Price	FORECLOSURE BARGAIN	Worth
$4,900		$6,500

Located on 100-ft. boulevard, block from Subway Station; 7 rooms, brick and stone; hardwood trim, parquet floors, electric lights; all improvements; block from 22nd Ave. Station Sea Beach Subway, 6,404 22nd Ave. Seen Election Day.

HOUSE HUNTING?

Send for list of modern brick homes, 6 to 10 rooms, for sale or rent, money terms.

ALCO BUILDING COMPANY, 2176 66th St., Brooklyn.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BRONX BUYERS.

THREE CHOICE BRONX PROPERTIES MUST BE SOLD TO CLOSE ESTATE.

JEROME AV., west side, 100 feet north 183d St.; foot of subway station; 50x100; vacant; free and clear.

WEBSTER AV., Nos. 2073, 3075, 3077, near 205th St.; few feet from proposed "L" station; 3-story and cellar, frame attached, 1-family dwellings on lot, 50x120; 6 rooms and bath; well rented; free and clear.

STEBBINS AV., and 170th St., northeast corner, 100x105; vacant; near subway station; free and clear.

FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS.

HENRY ALBERS, JR.

74 BROADWAY, N. Y. C. Tel. Rector 9086.

REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC AUCTION

LIQUIDATION SALE

Thursday, Nov. 16

AT 12:00 O'CLOCK NOON, AT EXCHANGE SALESROOM, 14 VESEY ST., N. Y. C.

348 West 28th St.

535 to 541 and 547 to 551 West 38th Street

515 & 517 West 39th St.

N. W. Cor. 173d Street & Weeks Avenue

OZONE PARK, L. I.

BOROUGH OF QUEENS.

S. E. Cor. Grafton & Ocean Avs.

SILVER LAKE, WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.

S. E. Cor. Lake Street & Pearl Avenue

75% may remain on mortgage for three years at 5%

WITH EXCEPTION OF 348 WEST 28TH ST. AND 141 AND 143 WEST 27TH ST.

BROWN & FALKINBURG, Attys., 10 Wall St., N. Y. City.

513 to 517 West 40th St.

West Side of Inwood Av., Running Through to Macombs Road

(225 ft. south of Gobel Place.)

233 West 60th St.

N. E. Cor. So. Boulevard and Brown Place

141-143 West 27th St.

East Side Garfield Av.

Running thro' to Underhill Boulevard 250 ft. north of Jefferson Av.

ABSOLUTE EXECUTOR'S SALES

To Close ESTATE OF DANIEL E. SEYBEL, Deceased.

Tuesday, November 21st

AT 12:00 O'CLOCK NOON, AT EXCHANGE SALESROOM, 14 VESEY ST., N. Y. C.

YONKERS, N. Y.

The N. W. Cor. of S. Broadway and Valentine Lane

1,680 Avenue "A"

301 Dyckman St.

S. S. of Nagle Av.

(434.7½ feet East of Hillside Av.)

S. W. Cor. Eagle Av. and 156th St.

706 to 710 Eagle Av.

715, 717 and 721 Eagle Av.

1,334 to 1,336 Webster Av.

South Side of 226th St.

N. W. Cor. of Terrace View Av. and Leyden St.

Port Chester, N. Y. (Whittemore Park)

(Corner of Ridge Street, Hawthorne and Greenburgh Avenue.)

EDWARD S. CLINCH, Esq., Attorney, 41 Park Row, N. Y. C.

WRITE FOR BOOKLETS.

31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer

Phone 744 Cort.

AUCTION SALE TO SETTLE ESTATE.

We Will Offer at Public

Sale the Premises Known as No. 15 North Broadway, White Plains, to Settle the Estate of John Newland, Deceased.

The property consists of a plot fronting on North Broadway, of 73½ feet, and is 205 feet in depth, on which there is an improved frame dwelling, with slate roof, containing fifteen rooms, billiard room and three bath rooms, sleeping porch, steam heat, gas and electric light, parquet floors, oak trim; garage for three cars, with complete chauffeur's quarters.

The property will be sold subject to a mortgage of $15,000 at 5½% held by the Westchester and Bronx Title Company Terms, 10% at the time and place of sale, the balance in cash above the present mortgage in thirty days, at which time the deed will be delivered.

The sale will be held on the premises

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18TH, AT 3:30 P. M.

The location on North Broadway at this point is superb. The grand old trees and the city park make it one of the most attractive locations in White Plains and yet within only a few minutes' walk from the station, stores, churches and schools.

The house will be open for inspection daily.

For further particulars and descriptive booklet apply to the auctioneers.

GRIFFEN, PRINCE & RIPLEY, Inc.,

Depot Plaza. Tel. 2676 2677. White Plains, N. Y.

Kew Gardens

Surrounding Kew Gardens Station.

15 Minutes from Herald Sq.

Via Penn. L. I. Electric Express Service.

A Handsome Residence

11 rooms and 3 baths; first story hollow tile and stucco; second story shingle; roof of Spanish tile; reasonable price; convenient terms. Many other new houses now ready for occupancy from $9,000 to $22,500. We offer also villa plots of exceptional beauty on reasonable terms.

Information on request from JOHN J. BRITTON, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York. Telephone Greeley 5250. Representative at Kew Gardens Office at Kew Gardens Station every day. Convenient trains for inspecting Kew Gardens leave Penn. Station, 32d St. and 4th Ave., via L. I. R. R. WEEK DAYS—8:17, 9:00, 10:00, 10:24, 11:05 A. M.; 12:00 noon, 12:30, 12:52 (1:13 Saturday only), 1:26, 2:08, 3:00, 3:45, 4:07, 4:29, 5:00, 5:12, 5:33 P. M., etc. SUNDAYS—8:25, 9:05, 10:00, 11:16, 11:40 A. M.; 1:08, 1:56, 2:15, 3:05, 4:17, 4:51, 5:25 P. M., etc. Returning at frequent intervals.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens

New house, nine rooms, two baths, stucco. EVERY IMPROVEMENT.

Phone 89 Richmond Hill or 6028 Murray Hill.

A REAL BARGAIN.

Seven-room all-year cottage; ideally located; large plot; no assessments. All improvements, including electric light and steam heat. Less than 30 minutes out. Will make terms to suit you. F. H. RICHMOND, 51 Chambers St., City.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AUCTION SALE

WE WILL OFFER AT PUBLIC AUCTION SALE, TO SETTLE THE ESTATE OF JOHN NEWLAND,

deceased, a private dwelling of 15 rooms, billiard room, sleeping porch and three baths,

Situated on North Broadway, White Plains, N. Y.

This Sale Will Be Held on the Premises on Saturday, November 18th, at 3:30 P. M.

Send for descriptive booklet, terms and full details.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley, Inc., AUCTIONEERS,

18 East 41st St., New York City.

Mount Vernon

Houses and plots for sale and rental. Several bargains, Viz.: new house at Darwood, 5 minutes from New Haven and Westchester & Boston R. R. stations; finely restricted; all improvements; can be bought for $500 cash; carrying charges less than $50. Owner has been offered $87.50 rent. Can be bought on monthly payments. 7 rooms, very artistic, and splendid floor plan. Also new house on Columbus Ave., 9 rooms, 2 baths, electric light and steam heat. Price, $11,500, mortgage $7,000 at 5½%. Stucco exterior; slate roof. Lot 129 feet deep.

COOLEY REALTY CO.,

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y. Phone 3400-01.

FOR SALE OR RENT

At Colonial Heights, 30 minutes from Grand Central on Harlem Division N. Y. Central. All improvements, including sewers and gas. 12-room Fireproof Italian Villa. 9-room Georgian Colonial. 7-room Attractive Stucco.

Photo and Particulars on request.

Tasker-Halstead Realty Co., Tribune Bldg.

SHORE ACRES

ON THE SOUND

At Mamaroneck, Westchester County. Building Plot, 75x150, $1,980; will finance building operation.

MEIGHAN & MAGILL,

50 East 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill—3498.

New House—Georgian Colonial

Rent or sell at Colonial Heights, 30 minutes from Grand Central on Harlem electric division; all improvements, including sewers; high elevation; walking distance of depot; plot 100x100; nine large rooms, tastefully decorated; sleeping porches and open fireplaces; photo and description upon request. H. E. WILSON, St. George Hotel, Brooklyn.

SIWANOY PARK

In this beautiful section of Bronxville, near Siwanoy Golf Club, new houses of 8 rooms and 3 baths; steam heat, gas and electric light; garages; large plots, 135x135. Let us show them to you. COOLEY REALTY COMPANY, MOUNT VERNON, N. Y. 'Phones 3400-01.

—Specialists In— WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

Scarsdale—White Plains.

Furnished and unfurnished rentals—

GRIFFEN-PRINCE & RIPLEY

18 East Forty-First Street, New York City.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$55 Huntington Lots

FULL SIZE FINE CLEARED OR WOODED LOTS IN SECTION OF TOWN NEAR TROLLEY AND MAIN ROAD TO HARBOR AND STATION; SUITABLE FOR HOME, SMALL FARMING OR INVESTMENT. FREE WARRANTY DEED.

Only $5 Down & $2 Monthly.

WILL GIVE FREE TICKETS TO INVESTIGATE. B. SEYMAN, 105 FLATBUSH AVE., BROOKLYN.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN HOME

10 rooms, 2 baths, large open fireplace; comb enclosed porch, gas, elec. and sewerage; large, shaded plot; abundance of shrubbery; wonderful view of Long Island Sound; 30 minutes' walk to restricted sanded bathing beach, clubhouse, pier, and station; only 27 minutes out; greatest bargain of the year; easy terms can be arranged. B. Stephenson, 248 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

OVERLOOKING OCEAN

New semi-bungalow, six rooms and bath; panelled walls, beamed ceilings, water, gas, electricity, hot water heat; large grounds, shrubbery, sidewalks laid; few minutes to bathing beach; 40 minutes from city; owner must have $400 cash at once, small monthly payments. B. Owner, 248 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

$20 MONTHLY BUYS THIS HOME

Six rooms, all latest improvements, elegant bath, large open fireplace, gas, electric lights, steam heat, handsomely decorated, best neighborhood; fine plot laid out in flower garden, shrubs and hedge; 45 minutes from city; will sacrifice for $3,200, with $200 cash; short walk to large bay and bathing beach. Room 434, 47 West 34th St.

Waterford Farm Bargain

Fine 145 acre farm, 1,200 feet frontage Long Island Sound, beach, bluff, views, fertile, mostly cultivated; orchard, double highway frontage; excellent surroundings; $150 acre.

HARVEY B. NEWINS, Woolworth Building, New York.

$17.50 PER MONTH

Buys my artistic bungalow, 5 rooms, bath, all modern improvements; full cellar, heat, running water, gas, electricity; large plot near station; Oyster Bay division; must be sold at once; small first payment; great bargain. Box 177 Times Downtown.

KENSINGTON, GREAT NECK.

A desirable home of Italian Architecture with all modern improvements. Grounds well laid out. Price $16,000; easy payments. For further particulars address Mrs. Charles Wallace, Great Neck Station, L. I. Telephone 65M—Great Neck.

A REAL PROFIT FARM

80 acres, level, fertile productive soil, 40 miles New York, 1½ miles to station, 5 acres woodland, 9-room house, 2 barns, one 40x60; shade trees, fine orchard, $285 per acre; owner will divide. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I., or 47 West 34th Street, New York.

FORCED TO SELL

Modern home, 7 rooms, bath; 30 minutes from city; large plot for poultry and vegetables; $1200 cash needed at once; balance same as rent. Hughes, Box 172 Times Downtown.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IDEAL HOME.

Price, $5,500, Including Garage.

Cash required, $500. Owing to business changes must sell; house has seven large rooms and cozy inglenook, with open fireplace; large closets; sanitary gas kitchen; tiled bathroom; large piazza; located on large plot 30 minutes from New York; good transportation.

Schools, clubs, churches. All the conveniences; sewer, water, gas, electricity.

This is not a speculative built house, but was built by owner by day's work for his own occupancy. Full particulars.

R. K. DYAS, Room 516—47 West 34th Street.

MONTCLAIR MODERN BRICK RESIDENCE, $15,000

Delightfully situated; 10 rooms; 3 tiled baths; tiled kitchen, sleeping porch, sun porch; decorations unusually attractive; every appointment.

J. W. PLANSON 55 HARRISON AVENUE. (Ph. 2624 Mts.)

MONTCLAIR

$7,250 In the Beautiful Park Section. Dutch Colonial Residence, large living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, solarium, 4 bedrooms, bath, sleeping porch; every appointment.

MURDOCH, Op. Lackawanna. (Ph. 873 Mts.)

7-8-9 ROOMS WITH 1 & 2 BATHS

ELEVATOR, HALL SERVICE, ETC.

1744 Broadway, cor 56th St.	$90—$135
571 Park Ave., cor. 63d St. (one remaining)	$150
71 E. 96th St. (Park Ave., N. W. Cor.) (one remaining)	$100
218-20 W. 59th St. (opposite Central Park)	$75
1 West 102nd St., cor. C. P. West	$80
424 Central Park West (102d St.)	$65—$70

J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,

30 East 42nd Street.

JACKSON HEIGHTS APARTMENTS

Equal to the Best in Manhattan **$28 to $45** 4 & 5 Large Rooms & Bath

MAXIMUM OF SUNLIGHT

Four New Buildings Ready for Inspection

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION

Renting Office, Jackson Avenue, corner of 25th Street. Tel. Newtown 1214.

Take Queensboro subway at Grand Central Subway station to Queensboro Bridge Plaza. Take Flushing or College Point car at Plaza to Jackson Avenue and 25th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN—West Side.

Strathmore House

Riverside Drive

At 113th Street

SOUTHEAST CORNER

9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,500

12 Rooms, 3 Baths, $3,500

Large, sunny rooms with best light and air and splendid view of river. Near Subway Station.

DECORATIONS TO SUIT.

Apply to Owner on Premises

Telephone Morningside 488.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN—West Side.

AMHERST,

204 West 110th St.,

Between Broadway and Amsterdam Ave.

8 Rooms and 3 Baths, $2,000

Private house Rooms, large closets. Supt. on premises.

Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

The HILLCREST

Modern Elevator Apts.

8 Large, sunny rooms & 3 baths, Rents $1,500 to $1,800

430 WEST 118TH ST.

A Few Choice

Housekeeping Corner Apartments of 5 & 6 ROOMS & bath; also extra maids' rooms.

Most convenient residential location in the city; close to the best shopping and amusement sections.

Very Reasonable Rents.

THE OREGON

162 W. 54th St., Cor. 7th Av.

New 12-story, fireproof building. Renting agent on premises, or

Slawson & Hobbs, 162 W. 72d St.

4 and 5 Rooms and Bath.

124 West 72d St.

Between B'way & Central Park West.

New, high-class, 12-story fireproof apartment house; convenient to "L" and subway stations.

$1,200 to $1,650.

Physician suite, first floor, front. 2 Rooms & Bath.

Slawson & Hobbs, Agents, 162 West 72d St.

Representative on premises.

900 Riverside Drive

COR. 161ST ST.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $72 to $95

655 West 160th St.

4 Large Rooms $42

Inquire at 900 Riverside Drive. Telephone 4657 Audubon.

THE ORADELL

508 West 112th Street

near Broadway

High Class Elevator Apartments

6 Rooms & Bath, $840-$900

Apply on premises, or

Thomas J. O'Reilly

PARTNERSHIP MANAGEMENT

Broadway, Corner 109th Street.

157 West 57th St.

Opposite Carnegie Hall

3 Rooms and Bath, $1400

Housekeeping Apartments

Apply Supt. on premises or

Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co., 505 5th Av. Phone 6960 Murray Hill.

ROCKLEDGE COURT

3,044 Albany Crescent

Broadway-231st St. Subway Station.

4 Rooms, $28 to $30; 6 Rooms, $42.

Class of Tenants Restricted.

Call at above address only.

THE PLAZA

703 ST. NICHOLAS AVE.,

Corner 150th Street.

7 and 8 rooms, elevator apartment.

High Class Service.

RENT $60.

FOR PHYSICIAN OR DENTIST

First Floor Apartment.

220 West 59th St., opposite Central Park.

8 ROOMS, $75.

J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 30 East 42d St.

Skylight Studios

5 West 16th Street

Bachelor Apartments

$30 to $60

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

On 5th Av., Near 50th St.

Ideal for Bachelor or Couple.

Corner Apartment, 2 large rooms, each 21x15, with bath and foyer, facing on 5th Av.; handsomely and completely furnished, including maid service; two wood burning fireplaces, and high class restaurant; immediate possession. Particulars, R. De Flores, 407, 334 5th Av. 'Phone 6981—Madison Square.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

STOP, LOOK, LISTEN!

80 East 90th St., Park and Madison Aves.

11 ROOMS; CHEAP RENT.

Will Decorate to Suit.

TRAUBE, 1402 Lexington Ave., 92d St.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold five tubs of butter.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on November 20, 1916, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated October 31, 1916.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshall.

H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

15-19 E. 26th St. 10-14 E. 27th St.

Facing Madison Square

FOR RENT

5th, 6th and 7th floors, about 17,000 sq. ft. each, in this new, high-class, fireproof, sprinkled building. First-class tenants only desired. Satisfactory financial rating and references indispensable.

Chas. F. Noyes Co.

Phone 2000 John. 92 William St.

All Light Lofts

38-44 WEST 21ST ST.

12-STORY BUILDING; 67x92.

100% SPRINKLER SYSTEM.

FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS.

LOFT TO LET

With steam power and heat, good light, low rent. 40 Penn St., Brooklyn.

247-253 WEST 19TH STREET.

New subway station, 18th St. and 7th Av., modern lofts, 100% sprinkler system; fine light; rent reasonable.

Apply Superintendent, or Revel Realty & Securities Co., owner, 51 Chambers St. Phone 732 Worth. Or your own broker.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage money, in any amount, at 4½%. S. A. Israel-R. M. De Leeuw Co., 35 Nassau.

Mortgage Loan Wanted.

Wanted a building and permanent loan of $65,000, 5 per cent, 5 years, on business property, value $130,000, centrally located; no brokers. D. L., 2,960 3d Av.

REAL ESTATE.

ALL KINDS of country and city property for sale and rent. Ask for particulars. Our list of property will interest you.

KNICKERBOCKER REALTY CO., 141 West 20th St.

LEWIS B. PRESTON, (INC.) Tel. 7475 Cortlandt. 105 Broadway. SPECIALISTS IN COUNTRY ESTATES. Send for our selected list of desirable places to live.

RULAND & WHITING CO.

REAL ESTATE.

5 BEEKMAN ST. Tel. Cortland 1122

710 MADISON AV. Tel. Plaza 4951.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Business corner, restricted zone; great future built by day's labor for investment paying 15 per cent.; safe permanent investment of rare excellence. 1,705 University Av., (176th.)

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Watch for Sunday's ad. on Easy Housekeeping Homes on Crown St., bet. Bedford and Rogers Avs.; garage space free. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Handsome home of six rooms and bath, water, gas, electric light, heat, and every modern improvement; spacious veranda; nice large plot; near trolley, station, and school; easy terms, and no reasonable offer refused from good party wanting to make this a permanent home. Home, box 141 Times Downtown.

Consult us if you need an unfurnished apartment. If we haven't what you require we will find it for you.

SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

981 Park Ave

Corner 83rd Street.

Modern Fireproof Building.

8 & 9 Rooms

2 Master's Bathrooms.

First Floor Corner Apartment, Suitable Physician—Separate Entrance

Rents $1800-$2400 per annum

Renting Agent on Premises.

2 ROOMS, BATH AND KITCHENETTE, $60.00 to $77.50. Furnished, $20 extra

WOOLSEY

141 East 44th St.

Satisfactory reference absolutely indispensable.

Renting Agent on Premises.

Apartments can be seen evenings.

BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

61-69 EAST 86TH ST.

Upper Park Av. Section.

One 7 & One 8 Rooms—Bath

$50 to $80.

All Modern Improvements & Conveniences.

Superintendent on premises, or

EDWARD WILLMAN. 165 Broadway

High Class Apartments

44 EAST 34TH, AT MADISON AV.

2 unusually large rooms, bath; 1,200, 1,400. Two studios, north light, $720, $900. Magnificent mantels, fireplaces, woodwork, ceilings.

Ames, 26 West 31st, or Premises

BRONX.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The centre of the Northwestern disturbance has crossed the Canada border to Lake Winnipeg, and is apparently moving toward Hudson Bay, while the disturbance that was approaching the North Pacific Coast Sunday night has passed inland and lost in intensity, but it has caused rains in Washington, Oregon, Northern California, Nevada, and Idaho.

The weather is unseasonably warm throughout the Gulf States, the Plains States, the great central valleys, and the lake region, and moderate temperatures continue throughout the Atlantic States.

Indications are that the weather will be fair Tuesday and Wednesday in the States east of the Mississippi River, although it will be overcast in the lake region, with probably rain near Lake Superior.

Temperature will rise Tuesday in the Upper Ohio Valley and lower lake region, and Tuesday and Wednesday in the Atlantic States and New England. Temperature will be lower Wednesday in the lake region and the Lower Ohio Valley.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate, variable, shifting to south, fair; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate, variable, becoming south, fair; South Atlantic Coast, fresh northeast and east, fair.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania.—Fair and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday fair.

Western New York.—Partly overcast and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday unsettled.

Northern New England.—Fair and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday probably fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1915.	1916.		1915.	1916.
8 A. M.	40	44	4 P. M.	46	51
6 A. M.	37	43	6 P. M.	43	50
9 A. M.	42	47	9 P. M.	40	49
12 M.	45	50	11 P. M.	39	48

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 48; for the corresponding date last year it was 43; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 48.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 44; at 8 P. M. it was 48. Maximum temperature 53 degrees at 2:15 P. M., minimum 43 degrees at 6:20 A. M. Humidity 69 per cent. at 8 A. M., 68 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.40 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.47 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
2:10—62 Brook Av.; William Semell	Slight
3:33—2,524 8 Av.; Carl Just	Slight
7:30—95 1 St.; Barney Ersnowsky	None
8:30—1,153 1 Av.; not given	Slight
10:00—142 W. 131 St.; not given	Slight
10:10—1,958 Amsterdam Av.; Charles S. Gasnik; also 1,950 Amsterdam Av., Gramas Sweet Co.	Not given
10:25—197 E. 107 St.; G. M. Gerkin	Slight
P. M.	
2:25—356 E. 153 St.; Hannah Ansnow	Slight
2:50—343 E. 8 St.; Anton Deilman	Slight
3:00—2,094 Willis Av.; Joseph Downey	Slight
4:05—515 E. 3 St.; Music School Corp.	Slight
4:40—118 E. 111 St.; Mary Allen	Slight
6:30—243 W. 155 St.; James Googan	Slight
8:55—1 Nicholas Av.; bet. 137 & 138 Sts., (signboard;) Van Beuren Co.	Slight
9:55—St. Nicholas Av., bet. 137 & 138 Sts., (signboard;) Van Beuren Co.	Slight

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Resignations accepted: M. R. C., 1st Lts. W. A. Jolley and P. A. Potter; N. G., Maj. G. V. Auken, Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., Indiana, and 1st Lt. A. W. Perkins, 2d Inf., Indiana.

Maj. J. A. Dapray, retired, is relieved from duty at St. Johns College and Gonzaga College, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. T. J. Boyd, Jr., C. A. C., is detailed to complete the regular course at Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Va., for the period from Jan. 1, to May 15, 1917, then report to Commandant of the school for duty.

Maj. B. D. Foulois, Aviation Officer, Sig. Corps, from duty in office of Officer in Charge of Aviation Section of Sig. Corps, and from duty with 1st Aero Squadron, Sig. Corps, Columbus, N. M., and will proceed to Ft. Sam Houston for duty as aviation officer in Southern Dept.

Following boards convened for examination of applicants for appointment in Dental Corps are dissolved, effective upon completion of any business that may be now before them: Boards convened by orders of March 13, at West Point, N. Y.; Fort Jay, N. Y.; Columbus Barracks, Ohio; Jefferson Barracks, Missouri; Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.; in orders of Jan. 14, at West Point; in orders of Jan. 8, at Letterman Gen. Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, and in orders of Jan. 15, at West Point.

The board convened for the examination of officers to determine their fitness for transfer to Active List in orders of Oct. 23 to meet at Army Medical School, Washington, D. C., is dissolved, effective upon completion of business now before it.

The board of review convened in orders of June 13, at West Point, is dissolved.

1st Lt. J. P. Truax M. R. C., from Sig. Corps Aviation School, San Diego, Cal., to his home and report by telegraph to the Adjutant Gen. of the army. He is relieved from active duty in M. R. C.

Commanding Officer, Watertown Arsenal, Mass., or his commissioned assistant, will make one visit to each of the following named places prior to Dec. 31, for the purpose of inspecting the field artillery material of organized militia then present for duty: Worcester, Methuen, and Salem, Mass., and Providence, R. I.

Capt. G. T. Bowman, Cav., is detailed for duty as Inspector instructor of N. G. of Alabama. He will proceed to Montgomery, Ala.

Orders of Oct. 31 are amended to relieve Maj. W. G. Caples, Corps of Engrs., from his present duties and station and to assign him to 2d Regiment of Engrs., effective Nov. 30 and to direct him, then to join his regiment.

Capt. G. W. Winterburn, Q. M. C., to Bozeman, Mon., to inspect hay to be received under contract, then to his station.

The depot Q. M., Boston, Mass., or his commissioned asst. will make such visits as may be necessary to Gloucester, Mass., on official business pertaining to inspection of hay contracts, then to his station.

Maj. C. C. Smith, 20th Inf., is detailed for duty as Inspector-instructor of N. G. of Mass. He will proceed to Boston.

Following 1st Lts. of M. R. C., to active duty and will report by telegraph to Commanding General, Southern Dept. for station and duty in that Dept.: C. E. Drake, C. O. Bailey, and G. R. Tabor.

Following 1st Lts. of M. R. C., to active duty and will proceed to Ft. Sam Houston for duty in Southern Dept: M. A. Farlow and J. H. Bell.

1st Lt. E. B. McPherson, M. R. C., to active duty, and will proceed to Ft. Slocum, N. Y., for temporary duty.

Orders of Oct. 21, relating to 1st Lts. H. Erienkotter and H. C. Vanderveer, Sig. Corps, (now 1st Lts. in A.,) revoked.

Orders of Nov. 1 are amended to read: Name of 1st Lt. F. M. Miller, 19th Inf., to Detached List, effective Nov. 2, and name of 1st Lt. H. Watson, Inf., removed, effective Nov. 1. 1st Lt. Watson is assigned to 11th Inf.

Following boards convened for examination of officers of Med. Corps to determine their fitness for promotion are dissolved, effective upon completion of any business now before them: Boards convened by orders of Jan. 5, at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., by orders of July 8, at Letterman Gen. Hospital, San Francisco; by orders of Feb. 12, at Letterman Gen. Hospital; by orders of Feb. 12, at Manila, P. I., at Ancon, Canal Zone, and at Honolulu, Hawaii; by orders of Feb. 21, at Army Medical Museum, Washington, D. C., by orders of May 29, at Walter Reed Gen. Hospital, D. C.; by orders of June 17, at Army Med. School, Washington, D. C.; by orders of June 17, at Army Gen. Hospital, Ft. Bayard, N. M.; by orders of June 19, at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., at Columbus Barracks, Ohio, at Plattsburg Barracks; by orders of June 20, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; by orders of July 1, at Chicago; by orders of July 28, at Army and Navy Gen. Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark.; by orders of Aug. 23, at Chicago, and at Army Med. School, Washington, D. C.; by orders of Aug. 23, at Columbus Barracks, Ohio, and at Governors Island, N. Y., and by orders of June 1, at Governors Island, N. Y.

Leaves: First Lt. I. Kennard, 7th Cav., 20 days' extension; Capt. P. B. Peyton, Inf., 2 months; Brig. Gen. F. H. French, 1 month; 1st Lt. J. P. Truax, 28 days; Col. W. A. Shunk, Cav., 20 days' extension; Capt. E. T. Smith, F. A., 2 months, and Maj. E. W. McCaskey, retired, 5 days.

Navy.

Capt. C. S. Williams, Naval War College, Newport, R. I., to Chief of Staff, Battleship Force, Atlantic Fleet, Dec. 22.

Commanders De Witt Blamer, the Birmingham, to command of the Washington, and C. D. Stearns, from command of the Raleigh to Naval War College, Newport.

Lt. Commander J. F. Green, to Executive officer the Wisconsin.

Lts. I. C. Johnson, Jr., Navy Recruiting Station, Worcester, Mass., to Naval Observatory, Washington, D. C.; B. Bruce, the Jupiter, to the Nevada, and I. H. Mayfield, from command of the C-4 to the Fulton under instruction in submarines.

Junior Grade Lts. A. B. Montgomery, the E-1, to the F-1 when commissioned; F. W. Dillingham, the Parker, to the Louisiana; H. H. Norton, works of Wm. Cramp & Sons, Dec. 30, to the Michigan, and R. O. Baush, the Michigan, Nov. 18, to the Jupiter as Engr. and Executive Officer.

Mrs. W. F. Forrestel, receiving ship at New York, to the Florida.

P. A. Surg. C. H. Dragoo, Naval Hospital, Newport, R. I., to Naval Training Station, Newport, R. I.

Act. Chap. R. C. Short, receiving ship at New York, to the Colorado.

Gunner D. Duffy, from works of N. Y. Shipbuilding Co. to fitting out the Mississippi.

Machinist E. G. True, the New Hampshire, to the Olympia.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Ammen, Henley, Montana, Trippe, and Warrington, at Newport; Annapolis, at San Diego; Arethusa and Jamison, at Boston; Chattanooga, at Annapolis; Connecticut and Proteus, at Hampton Roads; H-2, at Puget Sound; Maryland, at San Francisco Bay; Neptune, at Guantanamo; Paul Jones, Preble, Stewart, and Whipple, at Mare Island; Smith, at Washington Yard; Uncas, at Norfolk Yard, and the Yorktown, at Mulege.

Sailed—Buffalo, Mazatlan for Manzanillo; Culgoa, Guantanamo for Port au Prince; Glacier, Mazatlan for Acapulco; Hancock, Guantanamo for Santo Domingo City; Nanshan, San Francisco for San Diego, and the Rodgers, Boston to sea.

The Salem has been directed to proceed to Boston to be placed out of commission. When the Salem has been placed out of commission, the Tacoma will be placed in commission and assigned to duty with the cruiser force.

The Prairie has been directed to proceed to Philadelphia Yard for material inspection.

The Sacramento has been directed to relieve the Preston on neutrality duty at San Juan, Porto Rico.

The Olympia will leave Charleston for Hampton Roads on Nov. 8, and will sail from Hampton Roads for Santo Domingo on Nov. 12.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, Patrol, at 4 P. M.: Sergt. H. C. B. Gilroy, Traf. Div., Sub-Div. C to 26; J. H. Hembdt, Traf. Div., Sub-Div. C to 62; F. S. Morris and J. Molloy, Traf. Div., Sub-Div D to 151.

From prects indicated to Traf. Div.—Sub-Div. A: 21 (asschmr), 21; H. A. Welch, 29. Sub-Div. B: J. J. McKeever, 16. Sub-Div. C: P. Tubridy, 21; O. M. Goldman, 36; D. W. Barry, 26; J. J. Green, 59. Sub-Div. D: H. Brennan, 154; W. Kempf, 274.

Temporary Assignments: Surg. C. E. Nammack, 3 S. D., in charge 2 S. D., in addition to his own, 4 days, 4 P. M., Nov. 28; A. D. Smith, 15 S. D., in charge 14 S. D., in addition to his own, 20 days, noon, Nov. 12. Patrol. H. H. J. Ahr, 144, to B. B. H. Squad, as motor cycle messenger, 15 days. A. M., Nov. 8; H. C. May, 146, to Bur. of Tel., 15 days, 5 A. M., Nov. 7; W. P. O'Brien, 163, to 2 I. D., clerical duty, 10 days, 8 A. M., Nov. 7.

Leaves of absence, (with full pay,) Surgeon: P. Murray, 14 S. D., 20 days, noon Nov. 12, vacation; W. B. Brouner, 2 S. D., 4 days, 4 P. M. Nov. 28, to be deducted from vacation.

Full pay while on sick report, Patrol.: H. H. Grieme, 5, 12:10 P. M. Nov. 1, during disability; E. A. F. Burnell, 38, 10 A. M. Oct. 29, during disability; W. Lamond, 65, 12:50 P. M. Sept. 11, to noon Sept. 23; J. B. Fisher, 69, 5:45 P. M. Sept. 22, to noon, Sept. 25; J. Shaughnessy, 144, 4:40 P. M. Oct. 11, to 12 P. M. Oct. 19; J. F. Timony, 154, 9:40 P. M. Oct. 12, to noon Oct. 11; W. F. Pfannkuch, 166, 3 P. M. Oct. 5, during disability; J. Carney, 27, 10:30 A. M. Sept. 22, to noon Oct. 19; A. V. Pitt, 233, 10 P. M. Sept. 29, to noon Oct. 7; from 3:25 A. M. Oct. 8, to noon Oct. 11, and 3 P. M. Oct. 15, to noon Oct. 25; J. C. Carty, Traf. Div., Sub-Div. B, 6:30 P. M. Sept. 7, to 12 P. M., Sept. 22.

Restored to duty, Sergt.: J. B. Nestor, 149.

Fire Department.

The following will be directed to report to Fire. 1st Gr. W. H. Breuer at the 7th Reg. Armory, Park Av. and 67th St., or prior thereto at 10 A. M., Thurs.: J. T. Foote, Eng. 18; A. Hotherseal, Eng. 21; R. Bornstein, Eng. 36; C. A. Spangenberg, Eng. 254; J. J. D'Asevedo, Eng. 56; C. W. Roe, Jr., Eng. 69; C. A. Wismer, Jr., Eng. 83; W. Klein, Eng. 172; J. Clancy, Eng. 71; E. J. Donovan, Eng. 76; E. A. Dammeyer, Eng. 92; H. G. Stein, Eng. 94; R. Lipschutz, Eng. 211; F. Ergensinger, Eng. 237; W. F. Hickey, Eng. 240; J. Cassidy, Eng. 250; C. Charous, Eng. 256; H. B. Eschen, Eng. 262; A. G. Klein, Eng. 265; P. J. Metzger, Jr., Eng. 279; T. S. Richards, Eng. 282; E. A. Woolley, (2d Sec.,) Eng. 257; A. T. Cole, Eng. 290; A. J. Schoppmeyer, H. and L. 22; A. A. Unrath, H. and L. 40; T. T. McGrath, H. and L. 45; A. J. Muir, H. and L. 45; W. Holland, H. & L. 76; R. C. Fraser, H. and L. 90; W. Hoffman, H. and L. 112; G. Olsen, H. and L. 124; E. Bernsen, H. and L. 127; N. J. Bruno, H. and L. 125; C. G. Brown, H. and L. 137; H. Brenner, H. and L. 140; C. Reichert, No. H. and L. 144; W. F. Gallagher, H. and L. 146; J. J. O'Keefe, H. and L. 147; J. A. Stack, H. and L. 148; J. T. R. Murray, H. and L. 149.

Reinstated: J. H. Bridges as Captain; D. F. Burke as Captain.

Special leaves: Eng. of Steamer E. M. Slater, Eng. 247, 24 hours, 12, noon, Nov. 1; Fire. Lieut. E. C. Engel, 20, H. and L. 1, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 7; Fire. 1st Gr. W. Busse, Eng. 31, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 9; Fire. 2d Gr. J. J. O'Brien, Eng. 41, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 7; Fire. 2d Gr. J. D. Slevin, H. and L. 9, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 7.

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City.

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The Teachers' Council will hold a meeting in the Board of Education Room at 4:15 P. M. on Friday.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED, from Nov. 15 to May 15, 10 or 11-room apartment; 4 or 5 master bedroms, 3 preferred; light bedrooms essential; east or west side; kindly give full particulars. Loton H. Slawson Co., 171 Madison Av.; phone 3530 Murray Hill.

HAVE DESIRABLE CLIENT LOOKING FOR HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENT, 4 TO 12 ROOMS, 3 MONTHS OR LONGER. SEND FULL PARTICULARS TO FRED'K ZITTLE & SONS, B'WAY & 79TH.

I specialize in first-class furnished apartments. Send full particulars of your apartment immediately; responsible tenants waiting. R De Flores, 334 5th Av., Cambridge Building. Telephone Madison Square 6081.

FURNISHED apartment wanted by young married couple for the Winter months, preferably in suburbs; highest references; describe fully, state terms in reply. F 34 Times.

SUPERIOR TENANTS WANT HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS. SEND PARTICULARS. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

Clients wanting handsomely furnished apartments in choice localities, long, short leases. Clark Realty Co., 30 East 42d. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

CLIENTS waiting for high-class furnished apartments; choice localities. Exclusive Realty Co., 176 West 72. Phone 848 Columbus.

APARTMENTS WANTED, furnished; high-class clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 176 West 72d.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

43D ST., 16 EAST.—Cheerful, comfortable room, with, without bath; gentlemen only; references.

49TH, 165 EAST.—Parlor bedroom; steam heat; private family; no other roomers; gentlemen; references. Heron.

55TH, 73 EAST.—Large light rooms, adjoining bath; telephone; references.

68TH, 223 EAST.—Large, attractive room, with all improvements; doctor's house.

EXCEPTIONALLY large, elegant room; all conveniences; private family; private house. Plaza 3800.

LEXINGTON AV., 580, (51st.)—Elegant back parlor and small room; every possible convenience; select private house; breakfast; references.

West Side.

87TH, 7 WEST.—Large and medium room; clean; telephone; select house; references.

115TH, 349 WEST.—Beautiful large room; adjoining bath; private; references; telephone; desirable.

23D, 258 WEST.—Large room, bath, $7; single, $3.50; steam heat; gentlemen.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; electricity; high-class house; bachelors; references.

58TH, 17 WEST.—Furnished, unfurnished rooms; large, small; music allowed; grand piano; references.

58TH, 120 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; furnished or unfurnished; rent separately; private home.

59TH, (near 7th Av.)—Beautiful, furnished rooms; running water; high-class apartment; breakfast optional; gentlemen only. Columbus 5186.

61ST ST., 10 WEST.—Suite of two handsomely furnished rooms in high-class elevator apartment; separate entrance; all conveniences; "L."

65TH, 126 WEST. — Front room, adjoining bath; South Americans accommodated.

66TH, (Central Park WEST.)—Large room, facing Park; reasonable; Bartlett, Columbus 5062.

69TH ST., 118 WEST.—Large room with dressing room and private bath, southern exposure, steam heat.

70TH, (Broadway.)—Handsome room, lavatory; business man; appointment only, Johnson, 6414 Columbus.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms; Southern exposure; must be seen to appreciate.

71ST, 19 WEST.—Beautiful bachelor home; rooms single or suites; private bath.

72D, WEST, (Near Subway, L.)—Private family; large, outside, steam-heated room, bath connecting; electricity; elevator; $7. Columbus 9063.

72D, 152 WEST.—Residence for girl students; refined surroundings, choicest location; references.

73D, 275 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished, well heated room, with private bath; telephone.

73D, 272 WEST.—Attractive large room on floor with bath; electricity; references. 24 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 7; Fire. 1st Gr. W. Busse, Eng. 31, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 9; Fire. 2d Gr. J. J. O'Brien, Eng. 41, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 7; Fire. 2d Gr. J. D. Slevin, H. and L. 9, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Nov. 7.

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FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

RIVERSIDE, 126, (Apt. 5N.)—Two pleasant rooms to refined business woman; breakfast given if desired; references.

RIVERSIDE 587.—137th subway, single, double rooms, private bath; home cooking. (4D.)

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583.—Nicely furnished room; all conveniences; near subway. Apt. 46.

WEST END AV., 611, (near 89th.)—Elegantly furnished saloon floor, with private bath; every possible convenience; will separate; private residence; nothing like it in the city.

WEST END AV., 487, (83d and 84th Sts.)—Beautiful large room, private bath, no other roomers; breakfast.

WEST END AV., 451.—Comfortable, large, front room, telephone; private family. 1 North.

WEST END AV., 806.—Large, well-furnished room, $7; single, $4; electricity, steam.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 590.—Two rooms, with kitchenette, for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

WILLOUGHBY AV., 157.—Furnished room, in good locality; every convenience.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Business woman wants comfortable home for six months or longer, preferably downtown; heat, light, phone, hot water; privacy necessary; give full details and price. J 41 Times.

Two bright rooms wanted, west side; light housekeeping; refined adults. R 355 Times Downtown.

Young man wishes furnished room near Sixty-ninth Street East. A. R. 780 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

65TH ST.—Second-story suite of two rooms and bath; private American home; near Park Av.; superior table; references. Plaza 6631.

MADISON AV., 213.

Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board; electricity, phone.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Rooms well heated and furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

51ST, 58 WEST.—Large and small rooms with private bath; table board; references.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Rooms with board, private baths; table guests; references.

56TH, 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; table guests; references.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; exceptional table; homelike; references.

70TH, 127 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable, newly decorated room, excellent table, fine service.

71ST, 62 WEST.—PARLOR, DINING, DOUBLE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS, STEAM, ELECTRICITY; ATTRACTIVE SINGLE ROOMS; TABLE BOARDERS.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.

Single or double rooms; very finest Hungarian table.

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71ST, 116 WEST.—Large and small room, with board; table guests.

72D, 318 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Exclusive Pension; suite and large room; private baths; also small room; excellent cuisine.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Handsome front, square, sunny room; other rooms; references exchanged.

76TH, 57 WEST. — Attractive front parlor; water; other rooms; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

76TH, 158 WEST. — Beautifully furnished rooms; with or without bath.

77TH ST., 112 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; references exchanged. 1857 River.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Desirable medium and single rooms with running water; moderate; 718T, 19 WEST.—Beautiful bachelor home; rooms single or suites; private bath.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; best home table; electricity.

79TH, 114-152 WEST. (Wide Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephones; booklet. 2D, 152 WEST.—Residence for girl students; refined surroundings, choicest location; references.

79TH ST., 121 WEST. (THE PUTNAM.) Large front room, with board.

80TH, 106-108-110 WEST.—" A good place to live." All new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; reasonable.

82D, 156 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests, booklet.

83D, 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; excellent table; references.

82D, 55 WEST.—Sunny third room, also hall room; house table; private family.

83D, 3 WEST.—Second floor, other rooms, parlor dining; electricity; newly furnished, decorated.

83D, 17 WEST.—High-class Jewish house; home surroundings; excellent table; table guests.

84TH, 52 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; excellent table; electricity; Jewish family.

85TH, 134 WEST.—Rooms, with private baths; electricity, hot water; home cooking.

88TH, 306 WEST. — Refined Jewish home; can accommodate gentleman or couple. Stayer.

90TH ST., 312 WEST.—Charming house; large, sunny room; private bath; also single room.

91ST, 50 WEST. — Beautiful large, medium rooms; private bath; superior table; electricity.

91ST, 56 WEST.—Sunny rooms, adjoining bath; single rooms; table guests. 727. Riv.

93D, 21 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well heated; L. Park; table boarders.

96TH, 29 WEST.—Refined house; excellent French cuisine; free Spanish classes evenings; references.

96TH, 54 WEST.

Desirable rooms; excellent table; terms moderate.

97TH ST., BROADWAY.—Exceptional opportunity for 2-3 adults seeking real home, congenial surroundings; telephone 9811 River. J 10 Times.

99TH, 220 WEST.

Attractive rooms, with first class board; refined Jewish boarding house; table guests accommodated. Apartment 19.

99TH, 306 WEST.—Real Home in small family of adults, (Christian,) offered business man seeking congenial surroundings, usual comforts. Mrs. Burns, Riverside 9174.

102D, 306 WEST.—Private house, refined home for two refined gentlemen; near Riverside; exceptionally large rooms, telephone; board optional; references given, required.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in modern private residence; service, surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside Drive, near Broadway.)—Modern private residence; with every comfort, offering luxurious economy; three large rooms, with private bath; also suite of two rooms; table of liberal excellence.

117TH AND AMSTERDAM AV.—Hotel Le Porte, opposite Columbia University grounds; two blocks subway express; all outside rooms, with, without bath; southern exposure; full hotel service at very reasonable rates.

118TH, 544 WEST, (Broadway subway.)—Beautiful Riverside nearby, Audubon, bright rooms; excellent meals; home comforts; $3 to $12, one; $15 up two. Audubon 2767.

227TH ST., (Arlington Av.)—Spuyten Duyvil; country, city limits; 24 minutes Grand Central; 9 cents commutation; 231st Subway convenient, Lesley.

Charming Winter Home of Highest Standard. 20 Min. Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.

50 Cozy Rooms, Suites, Exquisitely Furnished. Excellent Chef and Service; Separate Tables. Abundance Sunlight, Sea Air, Quietness. Social Parlors, Smoking Room. Comforts. Weekly, $10-$18 per adult, with meals. THE EVELYN LODGE, ST. GEORGE, S. I. 71 CENTRAL AV. Tel. 879 Tompkinsville.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG COUPLE want permanent, attractive sitting room, bedroom, private bath, board, west side; state rate. Desirable, R 365 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking, year round. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

New Jersey.

Invalids, chronic, nervous cases; home atmosphere; beautiful surroundings;

EVERETT RIOT HAS ONE MORE VICTIM

Another of Citizens' Posse Dies —Jury Blames I. W. W. Invaders.

DETECTIVES ON THE VERONA

Ready to Identify Leaders in Attack —I. W. W. Official Threatens Murder Prosecutions.

EVERETT, Wash., Nov. 6.—An investigation was held today to determine the responsibility for the death of Lieutenant Charles Curtiss, Deputy Sheriff and reserve officer of the National Guard, who was shot and killed yesterday when 150 armed citizens clashed with 250 or more Industrial Workers of the World who were attempting to land here from the steamship Verona. The death today of Jefferson Beard of the citizens' posse brought the fatalities to seven—two of the posse and five Industrial Workers.

Several witnesses were examined by the Coroner, who conducted the inquest. The jury, after short deliberation, found that Curtiss "met death from gunshot wounds inflicted by a riotous mob on the steamer Verona at the city dock."

All but two of the witnesses called testified that the first shots were fired from the Verona.

William H. Bridges, a Deputy Sheriff, testified concerning the conversation that passed between Sheriff McRae and the men on the boat before the shooting began. According to Bridges, the conversation between the Sheriff and the Industrial Workers was as follows:

"Boys, I'd like to speak to the leader of the bunch. Who is your leader?" asked Sheriff McRae.

"We're all leaders," shouted the men on the Verona in chorus.

"I want to tell you," McRae replied, "that you can't land in this town. You must stay on the boat and go back to Seattle. You can't land here."

Then, according to Bridges, the shooting began.

Mayor D. D. Merrill issued a statement today, in which he said that the Industrial Workers, in the course of the last two months, had vilified public officials and indulged in rabid utterances in their speeches in Everett in support of the striking shingle weavers. When these speakers refused to speak such methods, he said, some were arrested and others ordered out of the city.

"They paid no heed to warnings and sent both Sheriff McRae and myself warning letters through the mails," the statement continues. "Eight workmen were set upon and beaten by Industrial Workers. Several street riots followed. The proposition of organization on the part of citizens was then taken up and adopted."

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 6.—Herbert L. Mahler, Secretary-Treasurer of the Seattle headquarters of the Industrial Workers of the World, gave out the following signed statement:

"We are going to charge every one of the Vigilance Committee at Everett with murder and if possible bring a similar charge against every member of the Everett Commercial Club on the ground that they organized a band of manhandlers and instructed them what to do. We have eyewitnesses of Sunday's slash from among the men on shore, as well as those on the boat, by whom we can prove that the first shot was fired by the Vigilance Committee. This fight really is a part of the open-shop campaign waged by the manufacturers associations all along the Pacific Coast.

"HERBERT L. MAHLER."

Local counsel for the Industrial Workers of the World applied today to Judge Dykeman for the release on writs of habeas corpus of Mrs. Lorna Mahler, wife of Secretary Mahler; Mrs. Edith Frenette, and Mrs. Joyce Peters, who were arrested last night upon their return from Everett. The women are held in the city jail without formal charge pending further investigation of their activities.

Judge Dykeman ordered that the Seattle police produce them in court on Wednesday morning and meanwhile see that they are not removed from Seattle. He said that he thought it was advisable to hold them in the interest of their own safety.

Efforts to induce Frank P. Walsh, former Chairman of the Federal Industrial Relations Committee, to take charge of the defense of the Industrial Workers of the World in jail here, are being made by William D. Haywood, General Secretary-Treasurer of the organization, according to a telegram received today by Mahler from Mr. Haywood, who is in Chicago.

The announcement was made today by Prosecuting Attorney O. T. Webb of Snohomish County that charges of murder would be filed against all members of the Industrial Workers of the World who could be identified as actually having participated in the fight.

The presence of two detectives in the employ of a detective agency on the Verona was revealed when the local manager of the agency went to Police Headquarters today and obtained their release. They had been locked up with the other men taken from the boat.

One of the detectives, whose name was entered on the police register as Charles F. Smith, received a slight scalp wound while taking photographs of the men on the boat engaged in shooting at Sheriff McRae's posse. He said he had obtained photographs showing plainly certain members of the Verona's party shooting at the citizens on shore. Both detectives said they could identify the leaders of the expedition.

After the detectives were released they went into conference with O. T. Webb, Prosecuting Attorney of Snohomish County, who had been summoned from Everett.

HOLD DYNAMITE SUSPECTS.

Salt Lake City Police Running Down a Gang.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Nov. 6.—Six men have been arrested here within the last two weeks in running down an organized gang of dynamite suspects. Nitroglycerin fuses, caps, powder, and explosives were found on three of the men under arrest, the police say. Two of the men are suspected of participation in the dynamiting of the sub-stations of an electric power company in Oakland, Cal., a few years ago.

According to the police, fifteen men are under suspicion. It was first thought that these men were on their way to Everett, Wash. The men under arrest give the names of George Graham, Frank Gray, John Ryan, George Wilson, S. Davis, and Frank Martin.

VOTE EARLY!

The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning and remain open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Voters can find their voting places through the Election Notices printed elsewhere in THE TIMES this morning.

FIND NEW WITNESS AGAINST ROFRANO

Chauffeur Expected to Testify That He Took Politician to Murder Conferences.

THOUGHT THE TRIAL CLOSED

Martin W. Littleton Had Announced That He Expected to Rest Case for His Client Tomorrow.

Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Michael A. Rofrano, who has been on trial for four weeks for conspiring to murder Michael Gaimari, announced in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday that he expected to rest the case for the defense tomorrow morning. The announcement brought smiles of relief to the faces of several jurors who had asked that the trial should be expedited.

But a surprise is expected to come from the prosecution in the shape of a witness who will be called to testify that he took Rofrano in an automobile to the Brooklyn home of Joseph Brundini, his co-defendant, where the so-called murder conferences was held. The witnesses thus far produced by Assistant District Attorney Brothers have all been either alleged accomplices in the murder, or gunmen who have been accused by the defendant of being parties to the conspiracy against him. At least three of these gave testimony directly involving Rofrano in the murder, but none of them was able to say that he had an honest record, or came into court without some hope of benefit to himself.

Rofrano denied, when he testified, that he had taken part in any of the conferences at Brundini's home, and the importance of the new witness said to be held in reserve by Mr. Brothers is attributed to the fact that he is in no way suspected of complicity in the murder, and is said to have no reason for telling anything but the truth.

It is known that Mr. Littleton has known for several days that it was possible that such a witness would be produced, and it was said that he was fully prepared for the emergency. Should the "surprise" materialize, therefore, additional witnesses will be produced by the defense and the trial will not end as soon as some of the jurors had hoped.

But four witnesses were heard in the case yesterday. Salvatore Curica, the man who confessed to countless lies, taking up the attention of the Court until late in the afternoon. Curica continued to admit falsehoods as fast as questions were asked, but he refused to depart from the statement made by him at Newark that he did not know Rofrano or anything about the crime.

After Curica left the stand Mr. Littleton prepared for his attack on the District Attorney by reading into the evidence the records of the fifty-third Street Prison showing the many times that Curica and the other gunmen were interviewed by Mr. Brothers and others. He will attempt to convince the jury from these records that Mr. Brothers was too eager to use Curica as a witness for the State, notwithstanding the fact that he was one of the most unblushing liars ever examined in court.

Three character witnesses for the defense were heard yesterday, after which Rofrano was recalled to the stand to testify about some dictation in a street cleaning matter. This dictation, said to have been given by him to a stenographer on Feb. 18, 1915, was important because of its bearing on the defendants movements. Miss Theresa Mace, the stenographer who received the dictation, testified recently in Rofrano's behalf, but became confused on cross-examination when she was shown that the date on one of the letters did not support her recollection of the time when it was written.

Court was then adjourned until tomorrow morning to permit the jurors and and court officials, attendants and others, to vote today. Mr. Littleton will introduce additional character witnesses tomorrow morning.

NEED MORE BOMB EVIDENCE.

Trials of Six for Explosion in Subway Put Off Until Tomorrow.

At the request of Abraham J. Meyer of the District Attorney's staff, Magistrate Breen in the Washington Heights Court yesterday afternoon postponed until tomorrow the cases of the six men arrested in connection with the explosion of a bomb in the subway station at Lenox Avenue and 110th Street on Oct. 25. The bail of $20,000 was continued in each case, and Mr. Meyer said the delay was necessary to obtain new evidence and to bring witnesses now out of town to the city.

Louis Fridiger, counsel for the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, who said he represented only three of the men—George Poliak, Lawrence Kulla, and Benjamin Hamilton—protested against the postponement. The other prisoners—James Merna, Thomas McGuire, and Michael Herlihy—were not represented by counsel, and the plea of Merna that he be allowed to appear as lawyer was not recognized by Magistrate Breen. Prior to the arraignment of the men, the evidence against them was presented to the Grand Jury, and District Attorney Swann announced his determination to push the case rapidly.

HOLIDAY PERIOD EXTENDED.

Government Clerks to Have Saturday Afternoon Off the Year 'Round.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The long agitation to increase the holiday privileges of Government clerks has resulted in the decision to issue an executive order allowing the Saturday afternoon holiday during the entire year. For many years the clerks in the Washington Departments have enjoyed the Saturday afternoon holiday from June 1 to Sept. 15. Recently this privilege has been extended to employes in the Navy Yard and in a few other instances.

This year, soon after the end of the Summer period in which the half holiday was allowed, the agitation was begun for a continuance of the privilege during the entire year. It was urged that Government clerks, as a class, worked under severe strain, that they had to be specially competent for tasks of great responsibility and in conditions of confinement where physical and nervous strength was exhausted; the half holiday would therefore serve to rest and recuperate them and in the end result in greater efficiency and a saving to the Government in the cost of work performed.

Government clerks are provided by law with thirty days' vacation every year, and also are allowed thirty days of sick leave without any withholding of pay. The Saturday half holiday is purely an Executive matter, Congress not having recognized it in appropriation bills. It has been made possible to grant the half holiday by extending the hours of work daily a half hour, so that clerks work until half-past four o'clock in the afternoon, whereas before the half holiday was granted their day ended at four. President Wilson has now approved the idea of the half holiday during the entire year in practically the same way. It is understood that all clerks who will receive the half day will be required to work from half-past eight in the morning until five o'clock in the afternoon.

RED CROSS BOOTH A SUCCESS

Women Clear $5,000, Half of Which Goes to Relieve Suffering.

Of $100,000 made at the Italian Bazaar which closed at the Grand Central Palace Sunday night it was announced yesterday that $5,000 was taken in at the Italian Red Cross booth in charge of Signora Lionelli Perace and Signorina Lina Yon. Half of this will be retained for the Red Cross and the other half goes to the bazaar fund. More than 1,000 names of new members were enrolled, and its organized work will be begun here immediately.

There will be a meeting of the officers and workers of the bazaar at the Italian Club next week, when the final returns will be announced. A number of the Sunday visitors waited until 3 A. M. yesterday at the Red Cross booth to get the returns from the chances there. Mrs. Hugh Connelly of Lakewood, who had taken 400 chances on a trip to California at 50 cents a chance, did not win it, but won a motor cycle on which she took one chance for fun. Raymond Guarini of 25 New Bowery, a banker, won a phonograph, and Signor Oreste Azzoni won the portrait of the Princess Yolande of Italy by Count Casella Tamburini.

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472 FULTON ST., Brooklyn.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Saturday evening, at Waldorf, Belasco Theatre, Reisenweber's, or vicinity, lady's oblong brooch, blue stone in centre, about 15 diamonds surrounding; liberal reward. R 370 Times.

LOST—Oct. 30, platinum and diamond bracelet on black velvet, 57th, 5th Av., to 27th, Riverside bus; liberal reward. Finsilver, 316 West 79th. Schuyler 6084.

LOST—Gold link bracelet, with three diamonds, platinum setting. Friday night, Broadway, 34th to 38th St.; reward. S. P. Davies, 2,940 Broadway.

LOST—Brown fur scarf, Broadway, Saturday, between 90th and 103d; reward. Lillard, 235 West 103d St.

LOST—Nose glasses, without rims, in small black case, Saturday. 948 Flushing.

LOST—Diamond brooch; reward $100; heirloom. P 5 Times.

LOST—Skunk scarf, Friday, Broadway, near 102d; reward. 3,875 Broadway.

LOST—Baum Marten neckpiece; liberal reward. Franz Leinhos, 176 West 94th St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Sealham terrier, 1½ years old; white, long hair; one ear brown, the other white; answers to name "Pen"; name and address of owner on collar; lost from house 107 East 78th St., N. Y., on Sunday evening last. Liberal reward paid on return to owner, W. G. Low, Jr., 107 East 78th St., N. Y.

LOST—Airedale terrier, male, tan color with black saddle, 5 years old, on Nov. 4. Return to owner, 916 St. Nicholas Av. Phone 3307 Audubon; suitable reward.

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